

## Problem statement

Security is a very important aspect of our networks today. Ensuring that the network doesn't get subjected to cyber-attacks from inside or outside is a key responsibility of the security features. One such feature is Cisco Trust Sec where each endpoint in the network is identified as belonging to a group and strict rules are written to define which group can talk to which other. This will enable us to track conversations between all endpoints. Today we represent these rules in a matrix with the columns representing destination groups and rows representing source groups and the intersecting cells holding the rule of engagement between the two. You can assume that a group is represented by a number (range 0 to 65536) As an example, the representation could be in the form of a matrix where the rows and columns represent source and destination groups and the intersecting cells defined the rules. This representation can get very cumbersome and huge and unmanageable when the rules run into 1000s.

Destination ▾	Auditors 9/0009	Contractors 5/0005	Employees 4/0004	Development_Ser... 12/000C
Source ▾			✓ Allow_ICMP	
Auditors 9/0009			✓ Allow_ICMP	
Contractors 5/0005		✓ Block_Malware	✓ Block_ICMP	
Employees 4/0004	✓ Allow_ICMP	✓ Block_ICMP	✓ Block_Malware	
Development_Ser...				

## Requirements

The ask of this problem is to come up with unique, innovative visualization of these rules of engagement which is easy to understand and most importantly efficient in terms of loading on the screen. We invite you to use your imagination and coding skills to come up with a creative and effective solution.

## Input

The team will be required to generate the input for the problem.

The format is defined as follows:

## ACL definition

ip access-list role-based {name of access-list} <<< access-list

    permit/deny { <0-255> An IP protocol number <<< rule

ahp    Authentication Header Protocol

eigrp   Cisco's EIGRP routing protocol

esp    Encapsulation Security Payload

gre    Cisco's GRE tunneling

icmp   Internet Control Message Protocol

igmp   Internet Gateway Message Protocol

ip     Any Internet Protocol

ipinip IP in IP tunneling

nos    KA9Q NOS compatible IP over IP tunneling

ospf   OSPF routing protocol

pcp    Payload Compression Protocol

pim    Protocol Independent Multicast

tcp    Transmission Control Protocol

udp    User Datagram Protocol }

## CTS role based permission definition

cts role-based permissions from {sgt\_num | unknown} to {dgt\_num | unknown} {permit | deny}

## Example file input:

*Ip access-list role-based Allow\_ICMP*

*10 permit icmp*

*Ip access-list role-based Block\_ICMP*

*10 deny icmp*

*Ip access-list role-based Block\_Malware*

*10 deny 45*

*20 deny 93*

*Cts role-based permissions from 9 to 4 Allow\_ICMP*

*Cts role-based permissions from 5 to 5 Block\_Malware*

*Cts role-based permissions from 5 to 4 Block\_ICMP*

*Cts role-based permissions from 4 to 9 Allow\_ICMP*

*Cts role-based permissions from 4 to 5 Block\_ICMP*

*Cts role-based permissions from 4 to 4 Allow\_Malware*

The team should also generate various combinations to test different aspects of visualization.

### Size of Input

- 500 access-lists
- With a min of 1 and max of 20 rules in each
- Combination of port numbers and use every protocol at least 10 times
- 10,000 cts role based permissions

### Output

The ask is to come up with a visualization in any format that the team sees fit and it will be evaluated on the criteria below.

### Evaluation criteria

- Visualization load time
- Intuitiveness of the rendering
- Ease of search and browsing. Search based on group numbers, applications denied and permitted etc.
- Smooth transition to and from summary and detailed views
- Creative and out of the box thinking