



x

“panda”

57.7% confidence

$+ .007 \times$



$\text{sign}(\nabla_x J(\theta, x, y))$

“nematode”

8.2% confidence

$=$



$x +$
 $\epsilon \text{sign}(\nabla_x J(\theta, x, y))$

“gibbon”

99.3 % confidence