Assessment Evaluation

For Multiagent Control of Traffic Signals

Version 1.1

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements of the degree of MSE

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1 Introduction

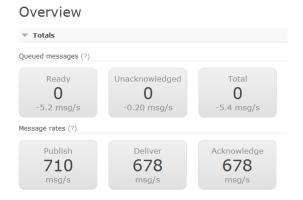
This document presents the results of testing the MACTS system components. 161 minutes were used in the testing activity. This does not include testing time that was specifically part of the development process.

2 References

"Test Plan" available at http://people.cis.ksu.edu/~bnehl/.

3 RabbitMQ

I was able to see that the agents were active by using the RabbitMQ monitoring tool. Included are some screen shots that show message activity, the channels where the activity was occurring and their related exchanges.



Channels

Channel		Details							Message rates			
	Virtual host	User name	Mode (?)	Prefetch	Unacked	Unconfirmed	Status	publish	confirm	deliver / get	ack	
127.0.0.1:59306 -> 127.0.0.1:5672 (1)	macts	metrics		1	1	0	Active	0.00/s		657/s	657/s	
127.0.0.1:59511 -> 127.0.0.1:5672 (1)	macts	liaison		1	0	0	Idle	0.00/s				
127.0.0.1:59512 -> 127.0.0.1:5672 (1)	macts	liaison		0	0	0	Active	674/s				

	_ ,		,
macts	command_response	direct	0.00/s
macts	metrics	fanout	672/s
macts	sensor-RoseKilnLane	fanout	16/s
macts	sensor-SteSaviors	fanout	16/s

With the administration tool I was also able to create and bind my own queues to the exchanges. In this way I could manually review the traffic flowing through the exchange. In addition I could look at individual queues and read or push values into them. This was useful when I wanted to verify agent operation on receipt of commands.

4 MongoDB

I was able to verify that simulation run metrics were persisted to the database by finding the results with the simulation Id that was presented at the end of a simulation run. This was done by using the mongo shell application to find() the document in the macts.metrics collection

5 VERBOSE_LEVEL

In the "interesting" classes I incorporated the use of a helper method for displaying additional debugging and monitoring information. The helper method would accept a string format pattern along with the variables to display and a verbose level at which to display the message. This consolidated an if-then expression into a single more concise line. I would then set the verbose_level constant in the class to the level of detail I wanted to see displayed. The general rule that I followed was the more detailed/lower level the information being displayed would have a higher level.

6 Inspection Result Details

SR1, SR2, SR3 were verified simply by running the system and seeing the desired road network displayed in the SUMO environment.

7 Black box testing

Per section 6 of the Test Plan, black box testing was done by watching the simulation and checking run metrics.

8 White box testing for System Requirement Validation

These test cases refer to Section 10 of the Test Plan.

Scenario	System	Passing Criteria, problems and resolutions
	Requirement Tested	
Do basic simulation run	SR4, SR8, SR9	The communication agent puts simulation state and metric data into RabbitMQ queues.
		I was able to monitor that the correct data was being put into the correct queues.
Do basic simulation	SR5, SR6,	Commands put into RabbitMQ Command Queue are
run	SR7, SR10,	retrieved and submitted to TraCI. The do next simulation
	SR11	step instruction is sent.
		This initially caused a threading issue when a thread on one loop is trying to read sensor data and metric
		information another thread was trying to send the TLS
		command. Resolved by implementing Python threading "events"
Multi-agent run	SR7, SR10,	Communication agent waits for all MAS Nodes to
-	SR11	respond before sending do next simulation step.
		Again, had to make sure that one thread wasn't trying to

	I	
		increment to the next simulation step while another was
		still pulling metrics. Also, implemented additional
		separate RabbitMQ connection.
Multi-agent run	SR12	Review message queues and output to see that agent
		network discovery is occurring.
		Reviewed on screen output and queue contents to verify
		behavior.
Do basic simulation	SR15, SR16	Review output from Communications Agent, Planning
run with Reactive		Agent and Safety Agent.
Agent		
		Monitored full integration test with verbose_level set to 3.
Unit test simulating	SR18, SR19	Doesn't permit unsafe TLS configurations. Reason
calls with unsafe		returned to requester via RabbitMQ.
conditions		
		Full unit tests on SignalState class to verify behavior and
		to verify that the correct failure reasons are returned.
Do basic simulation	SR18, SR20	Safe commands are submitted to command queue.
run		
		In the process of testing a known good traffic light
		program, the agent refused to change phases. I
		determined that this was because the safety agent was
		configured to not permit the transition from yellow to
		green. The system code was altered to permit this
		transition.
Do basic simulation	SR21, SR22,	Review output log for simulation step and aggregate
run	SR23	metrics. Check MongoDB for aggregated metrics.
		After a simulation run used the displayed Simulation ID
		to locate the stored metrics in the DB. Noticed not all
		data fields were filled in. Tracked it down to the use of
		hard coded constant that was different than the expected
		key. Changed to use a global constant declaration.

9 Simulation Results

Per section 6 of the Test Plan: I established baseline metrics for comparison by running 5 simulation runs of the default timing based configuration for a simulated hour of time. I used the average of the results as a basis for comparison.

9.1 Post Simulation Run Analysis

At the end of every simulation run I would retrieve the aggregated metrics from the MongoDB. Then I would divide the totals by 3600 seconds to get the average per simulation second values. For the Noise and MeanSpeed I also had to divide out the number of road network segments (43). The mean speed also required the multiplication by 3.6 to get the average km/h value.

```
"CO": 4609808.32152559 /3600=1280.50231153 ,
   "PMx" : 31626.892771381 /3600=8.785247992 ,
   "CO2" : 473461046.8794881/3600=131516.9574665 ,
   "NOx" : 788364.0258641898 /3600=218.9900071845 ,
   "Fuel" : 188761.543257277 /3600=52.433762016 ,
   "HC" : 204108.23595548145 /3600=56.69673220986 ,
   "NetworkConfiguration" : [
           "JSS ReactiveAgent",
           "MetricsAgent",
           "JRKL ReactiveAgent"
   ],
   "Noise": 3914785.769310845/3600 = 1087.440491475
1087.440491475 / 43 = 25.289313755
   "Halting": 287129 /3600=79.7581,
   "SimulationId" : "20120424|012250",
   "MeanSpeed": 882959.4183915803 / (3600*43) = 5.7038722118 *
3.6 = 20.5339399625
```

9.2 Simulation Run Results

The scenarios are for low (10%), medium (50%) and full traffic loads (100%). Fixed indicates that the simulation was running the default fixed traffic light signal plan—the base line behavior for comparison. SS Solo and RKL Solo indicate that the agents for St Saviors Junction and Rose Kiln Lane junctions were run independently. That is, the opposite junction was running the fixed program. "Both" indicates that both the SS and RKL agents were actively managing their junctions. I initially had a slightly different algorithm for the SS and RKL agents. With the disappointing performance of the RKL agent, I did another set of simulation runs with it reconfigured to the same algorithm as the SS agent.

These numbers are the	average (per	second) for a	1 hour sin	nulation					
Run Type	CO mg	CO2 mg	PMx mg	NOx mg	Fuel ml	HC	Noise dbA	Halting cars	Mean Speed km/h
Fixed - FULL	1,087.70	115,593.40	8.08	195.81	46.09	47.26	25.26	57.38	20.80
Reactive - SS Solo	1,158.38	122,184.23	8.31	204.96	48.71	51.12	25.88	64.25	20.34
Reactive - RKL Solo	1,250.77	128,457.21	8.75	215.18	51.21	54.79	25.13	72.85	20.74
Reactive - Both	1,280.50	131,516.96	8.79	218.99	52.43	56.70	25.29	79.76	20.53
Reactive - Same A	1,255.91	129,790.39	8.80	217.13	51.75	55.28	25.49	72.66	20.59
Fixed - Medium	536.83	64,761.16	4.82	112.70	25.82	23.16	20.66	19.04	22.30
Reactive - SS Solo	442.42	58,014.50	4.48	102.60	23.13	18.95	20.26	8.37	22.85
Reactive - RKL Solo	549.38	66,734.74	4.85	115.15	26.61	24.23	21.05	20.59	22.37
Reactive - Both	438.94	57,937.51	4.46	102.37	23.10	18.89	20.11	8.19	22.93
Reactive - Same A	443.81	58,276.51	4.47	102.78	23.23	19.16	20.01	9.13	22.87
Fixed - Low	82.22	11,356.62	0.87	20.00	4.53	3.64	8.82	1.44	24.73
Reactive - SS Solo	81.91	11,294.60	0.87	20.00	4.50	3.57	8.56	1.17	24.87
Reactive - RKL Solo	78.51	11,196.12	0.85	19.72	4.46	3.51	8.36	1.00	24.96
Reactive - Both	78.36	11,111.72	0.85	19.63	4.43	3.47	8.31	0.97	24.98
Reactive - Same A	77.91	11,082.03	0.85	19.54	4.42	3.47	8.25	1.01	25.00

I was disappointed to not see an improvement over the standard system generated program for the full or heavy load scenario. I was very happy to see that there was improvement for medium and low network load scenarios.

10 Summary

The combination of doing module level testing that was feature or system requirement oriented along the way with systems integration testing was a good practice. It kept the defect rate down and productivity up.

11 Addendum – 2012.04.25

Post presentation I was packaging source code for distribution and found a defect in the Rose Kiln Lane Agent. I determined that it wasn't using the proper safety agent. I fixed the code and re-ran simulations for full, medium and low network loads. The Results are still mostly the same for low and medium loads. The interesting thing is that for the full network load 4 out of the 9 metrics are the same or marginally better than the baseline. However, the other 5 metrics are worse. This is better than the original runs where all the metrics were worse.

Run Type	CO mg	CO2 mg	PMx mg	NOx mg	Fuel ml	HC	Noise dbA	Halting cars	Mean Speed km/h
Fixed - FULL	1,087.70	115,593.40	8.08	195.81	46.09	47.26	25.26	57.38	20.80
Corrected RKL Both	1,100.64	115,597.42	8.06	195.41	46.09	47.80	25.76	56.39	20.57
Reactive - SS Solo	1,158.38	122,184.23	8.31	204.96	48.71	51.12	25.88	64.25	20.34
Reactive RKL Solo	1,250.77	128,457.21	8.75	215.18	51.21	54.79	25.13	72.85	20.74
Reactive Both	1,280.50	131,516.96	8.79	218.99	52.43	56.70	25.29	79.76	20.53
Reactive Same A	1,255.91	129,790.39	8.80	217.13	51.75	55.28	25.49	72.66	20.59
Fixed - Medium	536.83	64,761.16	4.82	112.70	25.82	23.16	20.66	19.04	22.30
Corrected RKL Both	445.24	58,249.91	4.51	103.09	23.22	19.02	20.87	8.28	
Reactive - SS Solo	442.42	58,014.50		102.60	23.13	18.95	20.26		22.85
Reactive RKL Solo	549.38	66,734,74		115.15	26.61	24.23	21.05		
Reactive Both	438.94	57,937,51	4.46	102.37	23.10	18.89	20.11	8.19	22.93
Reactive Same A	443.81	58,276.51	4.47	102.78	23.23	19.16	20.01	9.13	22.87
Fixed - Low	82.22	11,356.62	0.87	20.00	4.53	3.64	8.82	1.44	24.73
Corrected RKL Both	80.47	11,189.83		19.91	4.46	3.48	8.45	0.79	25.02
Reactive - SS Solo	81.91	11,294.60	0.87	20.00	4.50	3.57	8.56	1.17	24.87
Reactive RKL Solo	78.51	11,196.12	0.85	19.72	4.46	3.51	8.36	1.00	24.96
Reactive Both	78.36	11,111.72	0.85	19.63	4.43	3.47	8.31	0.97	24.98
Reactive Same A	77.91	11,082.03	0.85	19.5 4	4.42	3.47	8.25	1.01	25.00