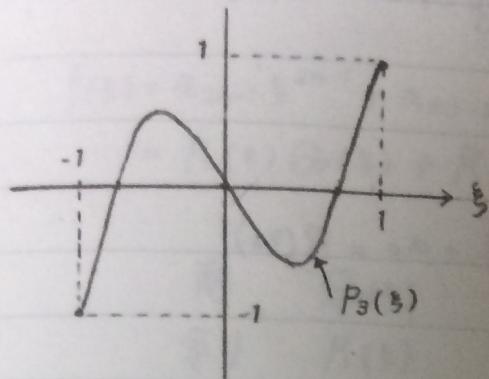


3点積分公式の導出



3次のLegendre関数

$$P_3(\xi) = \frac{1}{2}(5\xi^3 - 3\xi)$$

$$f(\xi) = a_5 \xi^5 + a_4 \xi^4 + a_3 \xi^3 + a_2 \xi^2 + a_1 \xi + a_0$$

$$= \left(\frac{5}{2} \xi^3 - \frac{3}{2} \xi \right) \left(\frac{2}{5} a_5 \xi^2 + \frac{2}{5} a_4 \xi + \frac{2}{5} a_3 + \frac{6}{25} a_5 \right) + \left(a_2 + \frac{3}{5} a_4 \right) \xi^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\frac{2}{5} a_5 \xi^2 + \frac{2}{5} a_4 \xi + \frac{2}{5} (a_3 + \frac{3}{5} a_5)}{\frac{5}{2} \xi^3 - \frac{3}{2} \xi} + \left(a_1 + \frac{3}{5} a_3 + \frac{7}{25} a_5 \right) \xi + a_0 \\ & \frac{a_5 \xi^5}{a_5 \xi^5} - \frac{\frac{3}{5} a_5 \xi^3}{\frac{3}{5} a_5 \xi^3} \\ & \frac{a_4 \xi^4 + (a_3 + \frac{3}{5} a_5) \xi^3 + a_2 \xi^2 + a_1 \xi + a_0}{a_4 \xi^4 - \frac{3}{5} a_4 \xi^2} \\ & \frac{(a_3 + \frac{3}{5} a_5) \xi^3 + (a_2 + \frac{3}{5} a_4) \xi^2 + a_1 \xi + a_0}{(a_3 + \frac{3}{5} a_5) \xi^3 - \frac{3}{5} (a_3 + \frac{3}{5} a_5) \xi} \\ & \frac{(a_2 + \frac{3}{5} a_4) \xi^2 + (a_1 + \frac{3}{5} a_3 + \frac{7}{25} a_5) \xi + a_0}{(a_2 + \frac{3}{5} a_4) \xi^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi &= \int_{-1}^1 \left(\frac{5}{2} \xi^3 - \frac{3}{2} \xi \right) \left(\frac{2}{5} a_5 \xi^2 + \frac{2}{5} a_4 \xi + \frac{2}{5} a_3 + \frac{6}{25} a_5 \right) d\xi \\ &+ \int_{-1}^1 \left[\left(a_2 + \frac{3}{5} a_4 \right) \xi^2 + \left(a_1 + \frac{3}{5} a_3 + \frac{7}{25} a_5 \right) \xi + a_0 \right] d\xi \\ &= R(\xi) \end{aligned}$$

$P_3(\xi)$ の零点

$$P_3(\xi) = 0 \text{ より}$$

$$\xi_1 = -\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}, \quad \xi_2 = 0, \quad \xi_3 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(\xi_1) = \left(\alpha_2 + \frac{3}{5} \alpha_4 \right) \frac{3}{5} - \left(\alpha_1 + \frac{3}{5} \alpha_3 + \frac{9}{25} \alpha_5 \right) \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} + \alpha_0 = R(\xi_1) \\ f(\xi_2) = \alpha_0 = R(\xi_2) \\ f(\xi_3) = \left(\alpha_2 + \frac{3}{5} \alpha_4 \right) \frac{3}{5} + \left(\alpha_1 + \frac{3}{5} \alpha_3 + \frac{9}{25} \alpha_5 \right) \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} + \alpha_0 = R(\xi_3) \end{array} \right.$$

Lagrange 補間

$$\tilde{R}(\xi) = \frac{(\xi - \xi_2)(\xi - \xi_3)}{(\xi_1 - \xi_2)(\xi_1 - \xi_3)} R(\xi_1) + \frac{(\xi - \xi_1)(\xi - \xi_3)}{(\xi_2 - \xi_1)(\xi_2 - \xi_3)} R(\xi_2) \\ + \frac{(\xi - \xi_1)(\xi - \xi_2)}{(\xi_3 - \xi_1)(\xi_3 - \xi_2)} R(\xi_3)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 R(\xi) d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{R}(\xi) d\xi = \sum_{i=1}^3 w_i R(\xi_i) = \sum_{i=1}^3 w_i f(\xi_i)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} w_1 = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{\xi(\xi - \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})}{(\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})(2\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})} d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{5}{6} \xi \left(\xi - \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \right) d\xi = \frac{5}{6} \left[\frac{\xi^3}{3} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \frac{\xi^2}{2} \right]_{-1}^1 = \frac{5}{9} \\ w_2 = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{(\xi + \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})(\xi - \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})}{(\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})(-\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})} d\xi = - \int_{-1}^1 \frac{5}{3} \left(\xi^2 - \frac{3}{5} \right) d\xi = - \frac{5}{3} \left[\frac{\xi^3}{3} - \frac{3}{5} \xi \right]_{-1}^1 = \frac{8}{9} \\ w_3 = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{(\xi + \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})\xi}{(2\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})(\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})} d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{5}{6} \xi \left(\xi + \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \right) d\xi = \frac{6}{5} \left[\frac{\xi^3}{3} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \frac{\xi^2}{2} \right]_{-1}^1 = \frac{5}{9} \end{array} \right.$$

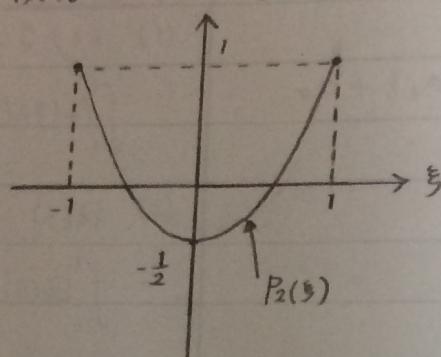
$$\sum_{i=1}^3 w_i f(\xi_i) = \frac{2}{3} \left(\alpha_2 + \frac{3}{5} \alpha_4 \right) + 2 \alpha_0 = \frac{2}{5} \alpha_4 + \frac{2}{3} \alpha_2 + 2 \alpha_0$$

厳密解

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \frac{2}{5} \alpha_4 + \frac{2}{3} \alpha_2 + 2 \alpha_0$$

5次式の $f(\xi)$ まで厳密解は等しい

2点積分公式の導出



2次のLegendre 関数

$$P_2(\xi) = \frac{1}{2}(3\xi^2 - 1)$$

$$f(\xi) = a_3 \xi^3 + a_2 \xi^2 + a_1 \xi + a_0$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2} \xi^2 - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} a_3 \xi + \frac{2}{3} a_2 \right) + \left(a_1 + \frac{1}{3} a_3 \right) \xi + \left(a_0 + \frac{1}{3} a_2 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\frac{2}{3} a_3 \xi + \frac{2}{3} a_2}{\frac{3}{2} \xi^2 - \frac{1}{2}} \\ & \frac{a_3 \xi^3 - \frac{1}{3} a_3 \xi}{a_2 \xi^2 + \left(a_1 + \frac{1}{3} a_3 \right) \xi + a_0} \\ & \frac{a_2 \xi^2 - \frac{1}{3} a_2}{\left(a_1 + \frac{1}{3} a_3 \right) \xi + \left(a_0 + \frac{1}{3} a_2 \right)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi &= \underbrace{\int_{-1}^1 \left(\frac{3}{2} \xi^2 - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} a_3 \xi + \frac{2}{3} a_2 \right) d\xi}_{=0} \\ &+ \underbrace{\int_{-1}^1 \left[\left(a_1 + \frac{1}{3} a_3 \right) \xi + \left(a_0 + \frac{1}{3} a_2 \right) \right] d\xi}_{=R(\xi)} \end{aligned}$$

 $P_2(\xi)$ の零点

$$P_2(\xi_0) = 0$$

$$\xi_1 = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}, \quad \xi_2 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\begin{cases} f(\xi_1) = -\left(a_1 + \frac{1}{3}a_3\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(a_0 + \frac{1}{3}a_2\right) \\ f(\xi_2) = \left(a_1 + \frac{1}{3}a_3\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(a_0 + \frac{1}{3}a_2\right) \end{cases}$$

Lagrange 補間

$$\tilde{R}(\xi) = \frac{(\xi - \xi_2)}{(\xi_1 - \xi_2)} R(\xi_1) + \frac{(\xi - \xi_1)}{(\xi_2 - \xi_1)} R(\xi_2)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 R(\xi) d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{R}(\xi) d\xi = \sum_{i=1}^2 w_i R(\xi_i) = \underline{\sum_{i=1}^2 w_i f(\xi_i)}$$

$$\begin{cases} w_1 = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{(\xi - \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}})}{(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}})} d\xi = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left[\frac{\xi^2}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\xi \right]_{-1}^1 = 1 \\ w_2 = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{(\xi + \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}})}{(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}})} d\xi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left[\frac{\xi^2}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\xi \right]_{-1}^1 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^2 w_i f(\xi_i) = 2 \left(a_0 + \frac{1}{3}a_2 \right) = \underline{\frac{2}{3}a_2 + 2a_0}$$

厳密解

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \underline{\frac{2}{3}a_2 + 2a_0}$$

3次式の $f(\xi)$ まで厳密解は等しい

2次元への拡張

$$\begin{aligned}
 I &= \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi, \zeta) d\xi d\zeta \\
 &\equiv \int_{-1}^1 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} w_n f(\xi_n, \zeta) \right) d\zeta \\
 &\equiv \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} w_j \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} w_n f(\xi_n, \zeta_j) \right) = \underline{\underline{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} w_n w_j f(\xi_n, \zeta_j)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

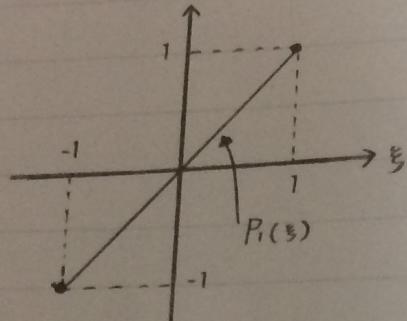
3次元への拡張

$$\begin{aligned}
 I &= \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi, \zeta, \varsigma) d\xi d\zeta d\varsigma \\
 &\equiv \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} w_n f(\xi_n, \zeta, \varsigma) \right) d\zeta d\varsigma \\
 &\equiv \int_{-1}^1 \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} w_j \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} w_n f(\xi_n, \zeta_j, \varsigma) \right) \right\} d\varsigma \\
 &\equiv \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} w_k \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} w_j \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} w_n f(\xi_n, \zeta_j, \varsigma_k) \right) \right\} = \underline{\underline{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} w_n w_j w_k f(\xi_n, \zeta_j, \varsigma_k)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

まとめ

n	ξ_n	w_n
2	1	$-\sqrt{1/3}$
	2	$\sqrt{1/3}$
3	1	$-\sqrt{3/5}$
	2	0
	3	$\sqrt{3/5}$

1点積分公式の導出



1次のLegendre関数

$$P_1(\xi) = \xi$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(\xi) &= a_1 \xi + a_0 \\ &= \xi a_1 + a_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \underbrace{\int_{-1}^1 \xi a_1 d\xi}_{=0} + \underbrace{\int_{-1}^1 a_0 d\xi}_{= R(\xi)}$$

P₁(ξ)の零点

$$P_1(\xi_1) = 0$$

$$\xi_1 = 0$$

$$f(\xi_1) = a_0 = R(\xi_1)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \int_{-1}^1 a_0 d\xi = \underbrace{2a_0}_{\text{red}} = 2R(\xi_1) = \underline{\underline{2f(\xi_1)}}$$

厳密解

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi = \underbrace{2a_0}_{\text{red}}$$

1次式の $f(\xi)$ のみ厳密解は等しい