```
// There will be code, here's how large the font will be.
fn main() {
    println!("Hello, world!");
}
```

Me

Hugo of all trades

- Originally from Sweden, called Edinburgh home for almost 10 years
- Rust since 2017, professionally at Lookback since 2021

"What color is your function?" by Bob Nystrom

- function blue() {}
- async function red() {}

```
async function red() {
   const blueResult = blue();
   return await otherRed(blueResult);
}
```

```
function blue() {
    // Missing `await`
    const redResult = red();
    return otherBlue(redResult);
}
```

```
async function noLongerBlue() {
   const redResult = await red();
   return otherBlue(redResult);
}
```

We can call blue functions from red functions.

We cannot call red functions from blue functions.

Must convert blue to a red function to call red. Red functions spread like wildfire.

Enough Javascript, let's talk Rust

"Let futures be futures" by withoutboats

- fn blue() {}
- async fn red() {}
- fn green() {}

| Caller 饢 / Callee → | Blue | Red | Greer |
|---------------------|------|-----|-------|
| Green | No | No | Yes |
| Blue | Yes | No | Yes |
| Red | No | Yes | Yes |

I lied

- async fn red() {}
- async fn teal() {} async fn orange() {}
- async fn purple() {}

- async fn read(stream: &tokio::net::TcpStream) {}
- async fn read(stream: &glommio::net::TcpStream) {}
- async fn read(stream: &async_net::TcpStream) {}
- async fn read(stream: &tokio_uring::net::TcpStream) {}

Sans-I

Sans-IO - What is it?

- Originally from the Python world.
- Make all functions green.
- Leverage inversion of control.
- Not just for IO.
- ping(8)

```
struct Ping {
    // Attributes omitted
}
impl Ping {
    fn handle_input(&mut self, input: Input) -> Output {
        todo!()
    }
}
```

```
enum Input<'b> {
       Data((&'b [u8], Instant)),
 6 }
 8 enum Output {
      Send(Vec<u8>),
15 }
  enum Event {
       Result {
           seq num: u16,
           rtt: Option<Duration>,
```

```
1 fn main() -> Result<()> {
      let addr: SocketAddrV4 = "8.8.8.8:0".parse()?;
      let sock addr = SockAddr::from(addr);
      let mut ping = Ping::new(*addr.ip(), Duration::from millis(1000));
      let mut buf: [MaybeUninit<u8>; 1500] = [MaybeUninit::uninit(); 1500];
      let mut timeout until = Instant::now();
      let mut last recv: Option<Input<' >>;
      loop {
          let timeout = (timeout until - Instant::now()).max(Duration::from millis(1));
          socket.set read timeout(Some(timeout))?;
          last recv = read from socket(&socket, &mut buf)?;
          timeout until = handle input(&mut last recv, &mut ping, &socket, addr, &sock addr)?;
```

```
socket: &Socket,
  buf: &'b mut [MaybeUninit<u8>; 1500],
-> Result<Option<Input<'b>>> {
  match socket.recv from(buf) {
      Ok((len, )) => {
          let read = unsafe { slice assume init ref(&buf[..len]) };
          Ok(Some(Input::Datagram(read, Instant::now())))
      Err(e) => {
          if e.kind() == std::io::ErrorKind::WouldBlock {
              Ok(Some(Input::Time(Instant::now())))
              return Err(e.into());
```

```
last recv: &mut Option<Input<' >>,
 ping: &mut Ping,
  socket: &Socket,
  addr: SocketAddrV4,
  sock addr: &SockAddr,
-> Result<Instant> {
          .take()
          .unwrap or else(|| Input::Time(Instant::now()));
      let output = ping.handle input(input)?;
      match output {
          ping::Output::Event(event) => {
              handle event(event, addr);
          ping::Output::Send(vec) => {
              socket.send to(&vec, sock addr)?;
          ping::Output::Timeout(instant) => {
              break Ok(instant);
```

```
1 fn main() -> Result<()> {
      let addr: SocketAddrV4 = "8.8.8.8:0".parse()?;
      let sock addr = SockAddr::from(addr);
      let mut ping = Ping::new(*addr.ip(), Duration::from millis(1000));
      let mut buf: [MaybeUninit<u8>; 1500] = [MaybeUninit::uninit(); 1500];
      let mut timeout until = Instant::now();
      let mut last recv: Option<Input<' >>;
      loop {
          let timeout = (timeout until - Instant::now()).max(Duration::from millis(1));
          socket.set read timeout(Some(timeout))?;
          last recv = read from socket(&socket, &mut buf)?;
          timeout until = handle input(&mut last recv, &mut ping, &socket, addr, &sock addr)?;
```

```
1 fn main() -> Result<()> {
     let addr: SocketAddrV4 = "8.8.8.8:0".parse()?;
     let sock addr = SockAddr::from(addr);
     let mut ping = Ping::new(*addr.ip(),
 Duration::from millis(1000));
     let mut buf: [MaybeUninit<u8>; 1500] =
  [MaybeUninit::uninit(); 1500];
     let mut timeout until = Instant::now();
     let mut last recv: Option<Input<' >>;
     loop {
         let timeout = (timeout until -
 Instant::now()).max(Duration::from millis(1));
         socket.set read timeout(Some(timeout))?;
         last recv = read from socket(&socket, &mut
 buf)?;
         timeout until = handle input(&mut
 last recv, &mut ping, &socket, addr, &sock addr)?;
```

```
1 #[tokio::main]
 async fn main() -> Result<()> {
     let addr: SocketAddrV4 = "8.8.8.8:0".parse()?;
     let mut socket = Socket::new icmp v4(addr)?;
     let mut ping = Ping::new(*addr.ip(),
 Duration::from millis(1000));
     let mut buf = [0u8; 1500];
     let mut timeout until = Instant::now();
     let mut last recv: Option<Input<' >>;
     loop {
         let timeout = (timeout until -
 Instant::now()).max(Duration::from millis(1));
         last recv = Some(read from socket(&mut
 socket, &mut buf, timeout).await?);
         timeout until = handle input(&mut
 last recv, &mut ping, &mut socket, addr).await?;
```

Sans-IO - Testing

```
1 #[test]
2 fn test_starts_by_returning_echo() {
3    let (mut ping, now) = setup();
4    let input = Input::Time(now);
5    let output = ping.handle_input(input).unwrap();
6    assert!(matches!(output, Output::Send(_)));
7    let data = output.unwrap_send();
8    validate_echo_request(&data);
9 }
```

```
let (mut ping, now) = setup();
let output = ping.handle input(input).unwrap();
assert!(matches!(output, Output::Send()));
let reply = make echo reply(0x1337, 0);
let input = Input::Datagram(&reply, now + ms(23));
    .expect("should handle the response");
let event = output.unwrap event();
let (seq num, rtt) = event.unwrap result();
assert eq!(seq num, ₀);
assert eq!(rtt, Some(ms(23)));
```

Sans-IO - Testing

```
fn test handle response timeout() {
    let (mut ping, now) = setup();
    let output = ping.handle input(input).unwrap();
    assert!(matches!(output, Output::Send()));
    let output = ping.handle input(input).unwrap();
    assert!(
       matches!(output, Output::Timeout( )),
        "No response or timeout after 999ms"
    let input = Input::Time(now + ms(1000));
    let output = ping.handle input(input).unwrap();
    assert!(
       matches!(output, Output::Send()),
        "Should send another ping first"
    let input = Input::Time(now + ms(1000));
    let output = ping.handle input(input).unwrap();
    let event = output.unwrap event();
```

Sans-IO - Inversion of allocation

```
1 #[derive(Debug)]
 pub enum Output<'b> {
     Send(&'b [u8]),
     Timeout(Instant),
     fn buffer(&mut self, size: usize) -> &mut [u8];
     &'s mut self,
     context: &'b mut impl Context,
   -> Result<Output<'b>, Error> {
```

I need you to make sans-IO crates

Cool stuff

sans-io crates

- quinn- QUIC/HTTP3 implementation https://github.com/quinn-rs/quinn
- str0m WebRTC implementation https://github.com/algesten/str0m/
- librice ICE implementation https://github.com/ystreet/librice
- rc-zip ZIP file handling https://github.com/bearcove/rc-zip

Related interesting stuff

- Coroutines To build sans-IO state machines.
- Abusing Futures To build sans-IO state machines with async/await.
- Effects Powerful abstractions for being generic over sync/async among other things.
- Keyword generics initiative Upcoming proposal to allow being generic of sync/async in Rust.