

1 Basics

Snake is a relatively simple system which adds elements of its key to the plaintext, with the addition being modulo some fixed base. Let the key be denoted by f , for instance, with base = 3, we might have $f = 021022012102$. Then $f[0] = 0, f[1] = 2, f[2] = 1, \dots$

To compute a symbol, we do the following: Let p be the current plaintext value. Let x be the current position (reading head) of the key (the initial value of x is exactly the round number.) Let c be the next cipher text symbol. Then $c = p + f[x]$ and $x = x + p$. Note that $p + f[x]$ must be performed mod b , where b is the fixed base of the key. Note also that $x + p$ must be performed mod n , where n is the length of the key.

Changing the value of x is equivalent to a circular shift of the key.

The system assumes a round for each symbol in the key, and x is set to the number of the round. This is to get the most mileage out of the key that we can (at least without doing anything complicated).

2 Motivation

This system is more of a toy or a sculpture than a serious tool. Nevertheless, the variable length key makes for a huge keyspace. The easiest way to use it is probably to use base-27, so that one has the alphabet and an all purpose punctuation symbol (I tend to use an underscore.)