# WebSphere Product Center Scripting Reference (wpc\_5320-if2\_03)

#### **Table of Contents**

- Scripting Operations
  - basic
  - bidi
  - o currency
  - date
  - o db
  - o error
  - excel
  - libxml
  - o math
  - o number
  - operations
  - operations\_admin
  - operations\_assert
  - operations\_attr\_group
  - operations\_catalog
  - operations\_category
  - operations\_col\_area
  - operations\_ctgaccprv
  - operations\_ctgview
  - operations\_distribution
  - operations\_docstore
  - --------
  - operations\_entry
  - operations\_export
  - operations\_import
  - operations\_import
  - operations\_item
  - operations\_jms
  - operations\_lkp
  - operations\_locale
  - operations\_mq
  - operations\_mutablespec
  - operations\_perf
  - operations\_queuemgr
  - operations\_report
  - operations\_scheduler
  - operations\_search
  - operations\_soap
  - operations\_spec
  - o operations\_specmap
  - operations\_userdefinedlog
  - operations\_webservices
  - operations\_wfl
  - operations\_wflstep
  - o operations widget
  - operations\_worklist
  - other
  - o page\_layout
  - o re
  - o reader
  - o reflect
  - scripting
  - security

- o set
- string
- system
- o timezone
- writer
- o zip
- zip\_archive

## **Scripting Operations Reference**

## basic

#### add

• void Array::add(elements)

To add elements to an Array

#### break-continue

break|continue|

To break/continue from a loop

#### for

for(init-statement; cond; each-statement) { t-statements }
 Equivalent to doing init-statement; while(cond) {t-statements; each-statement;}

## getStringValueForClassMember

String getStringValueForClassMember(String className, String memberName)
 This operation uses java reflection mechanisms to return the value of the specified static member for the named class as a string. className needs to be the fully qualified name of the class, e.g. java.lang.String

#### if-else

if(Boolean cond) { t-statements } [else { f-statements }]
 If cond is true t-statements are executed, otherwise f-statements are executed

## remove

void Array::remove(int i)

To remove the element at the specified position

## return

o return e

Used in functions: returns e to the caller

#### runQuery

 void runQuery(String qryString) run query in qryString against default db

#### while

while(Boolean cond) { t-statements }

As long as cond is true, t-statements are executed

#### bidi

#### bidiTransform

 public String bidiTransform(String srcStr, String direction, String typeOfText, String orientation, String swap, String numShapes, String textShapes)
 If direction is "IMPORT", using the BiDi attributes specified in the parameters to create a BiDiText and then tranform it to BiDiText with default attributes. If direction is

"EXPORT", create a BiDiText using default attribute then tranform it to BiDiText with attributes specified in the parameters. typeOfText can be: "IMPLICIT", "VISUAL". orientation can be: "LTR", "RTL", "CONTEXTUAL\_LTR", "CONTEXTUAL\_RTL". swap can be: "YES", "NO". numShapes can be: "NOMINAL", "NATIONAL", "CONTEXTUAL", "ANY". textShapes can be: "NOMINAL", "SHAPED", "INITIAL", "MIDDLE", "FINAL", "ISOLATED". default value is: typeOfText:"IMPLICIT" orientation:"LTR" swap:"YES" numShapes:NOMINAL textShapes:NOMINAL

## currency

## getAllCurrencies

String[] getAllCurrencies()

This operation return all currency codes that wpc support.

#### getCompanyCurrencies

String[] getCompanyCurrencies()

This operation return currencies code selected in company attribute.

## getCurrencyDescByCode

String getCurrencyDescByCode(String code)

This operation return currency description from currency code

#### getCurrencySymbolByCode

String getCurrencySymbolByCode(String code)

This operation return currency symbol from currency code, such as input "USD", currency symbol return will be "\$".

#### setCompanyCurrencies

void setCompanyCurrencies(String listOfCodes[])

This operation set the list of codes to the company datebase.

## date

#### addDate

Date Date::addDate(String field, Integer value)

Add the integer value given to the field specified. Allowed field values are: YEAR MONTH DATE HOUR MINUTE

#### **formatDate**

String Date::formatDate(String newFormat[,Locale locale])

Use to format a date as a human readable format. The newFormat string is a pattern whose format is identical to the format used by Java. Locale is optional, default is the UI locale.

#### getDateField

Integer Date::getDateField(String field)

Get the value of the field specified. Allowed field values are: YEAR MONTH DATE HOUR\_OF\_DAY MINUTE SECOND

#### getDateInputFormat

String getDateInputFormat()

Returns the date input format set in my setting

#### getDateOutputFormat

String getDateOutputFormat()

Returns the date output format set in my setting

#### getDateTimeInUserTimeZone

Date getDateTimeInUserTimeZone()

Returns the number of seconds since January 1, 1970, 00:00:00 GMT represented by this Date object

#### getTime

Integer Date::getTime()

Returns the number of seconds since January 1, 1970, 00:00:00 GMT represented by this Date object

#### **isDateAfter**

Boolean Date::isDateAfter(Date otherDate)
 Returns true if and only if this date is after otherDate

#### **isDateBefore**

Boolean Date::isDateBefore(Date otherDate)

Returns true, if and only if this date is before otherDate

#### new\$Date

new Date(String sFormat, String sDate[,Locale locale)

Builds a Date object from a String given a date format, if the locale is supplied that locale will be used to apply the given format, else default\_locale from common.properties will be used

#### parseDate

Date parseDate(String value, String format[,Locale locale])

Use to parse a String value to a Date object. The format string is a pattern whose format is identical to the format used by Java. Locale is optional, the default value is the UI locale.

## reformatDate

 String reformatDate (String formattedDateString, String currentDateFormat, Locale currentLocale [, String newDateFormat, Locale newLocale])

Takes a date string formatted according to the pattern indicated by currentDateFormat and returns a new string formatted according to the newDateFormat provided. If currentDateFormat is null the default format for the locale is used. If currentLocale or newLocale is null the locale in the user setting is used. If newDateFormat is null the standard default pattern "EEE MMM dd HH:mm:ss zzz yyyy" is used.

#### setDateField

Date Date::setDateField(String field, Integer value)

Return a Date equal to the input Date, except that the specified field is set to the given value. Allowed field values are: YEAR MONTH DATE HOUR\_OF\_DAY MINUTE SECOND

## setDateInputFormat

void setDateInputFormat(String format)

Set the Date input format

## setDateOutputFormat

void setDateOutputFormat(String format)

Set the Date output format

#### today

Date today ()

Returns the current date and time

#### db

#### commit

void Connection::commit()

Commit a transaction using the DB connection

#### executeBatchUpdate

void Connection::executeBatchUpdate(String sql, Object[][] batchValues)
 Executes a prepared statement for a batch update using the connection object. The

Object[][] is a HashMap of HashMaps, each indexed by integer, whose value is the replacement for a '?' in the prepared statement for a given batch.

#### executeQuery

ResultSet Connection::executeQuery(String sql)

Execute the query using the Connection object. Returns the ResultSet.

## executeUpdate

int Connection::executeUpdate(String sql)

Execute the query using the Connection object. Returns the number of rows inserted, updated, or deleted.

#### getColumn

Object ResultSet::getColumn(String colName)

Get the entry for the current result at column colName. Returns an object of type Integer, String, or Date (depending on the data type of the column).

#### getColumnAt

Object ResultSet::getColumnAt(Number colNumber)

Get the entry for the current result at column position. Returns an object of type Integer, String, or Date (depending on the data type of the column).

#### getWPCDBConnection

Connection DBContext::getWPCDBConnection()

Get a non-auto commit connection using the DB context

#### getWPCDBContext

DBContext getWPCDBContext()

Get the database context object

#### IoadJar

Boolean loadJar(String jarName)

loadJar dynamically adds the jar file of name jarName to the SystemClassLoader. This allows subsequent script operations (such as createJavaMethod) to use those class files within the jar file. The jarName is specified as the fully qualified file name of the jar on the server. The operation returns false if the file cannot be accessed. The operation returns true if the dynamic load was successful. If two loadJar calls are issued with the same fully qualified jarName and the first was successful, then the second call will return true and will not add the jar file again.

#### next

boolean ResultSet::next()

Move the ResultSet iterator to the next result. Returns false if it has iterated past the last result.

## openJDBCConnection

Connection openJDBCConnection(String driverName, String database, String userid, String password)

Get an (autoCommit on) SQL connection using JDBC Drivers

#### releaseJDBCConnection

void releaseJDBCConnection(Connection conn)

Rollback and release an SQL connection retrieved using JDBC

#### releaseWPCDBConnection

void DBContext::releaseWPCDBConnection(Connection conn)

Rollback and release a connection retrieved using the DB context

#### rollback

void Connection::rollback()

Rollback a transaction using the DB connection

#### error

#### catchError

catchError(String errMsg) { statements }

Analogous to a try-catch in Java, all statements are executed and errMsg is set to null in the absence of errors

#### logDebug

void logDebug (String message)

Logs the debug message with the debug log that is available from the schedule profile details screens. Use with caution because the debug log is maintained in memory.

#### **logError**

void logError(String itemId, String message)

Logs the error message with the corresponding item id to the location specified in the context

## **logWarning**

void logWarning(String itemId, String message)

Logs the warning message with the corresponding item id to the location specified in the context

#### throwError

void throwError (String rejectionCause)

Use to throw a Java-like exception. This operation is usually used in conjunction with the catchError operation

#### excel

#### createExcelCell

IExcelCell ExcelRow::createExcelCell(index)

Returns am ExcelCell at the requested index within the ExcelRow.

## createExcelCellStyle

ExcelCellStyle ExcelBook::createExcelCellStyle()

Returns a cell style associated with this ExcelBook. A style constains characteristics of a cell over and above the value such as the font and the fillPattern. A style is applied to a cell using ExcelCell::setExcelStyle.

#### createExcelSheet

ExcelSheet ExcelBook::createExcelSheet([String sSheetName])

Creates a sheet from the workbook. If a sheet name is supplied then the sheet is created with this name.

#### createFont

#### ExcelCellFont ExcelBook::createFont()

Returns a ExcelCellFont associated with this ExcelBook, the ExcelFont set methods should be used to setup the font as required. This font can then be used as the input parameter to ExcelCellStyle::setFont(font). The ExcelCellStyle can then be seton an cell using ExcelCell::setExcelStyle(cellStyle).

#### createRow

IExcelRow ExcelSheet::createRow(index)

Returns am ExcelRow at the requested index.

## getCellObj

ExcelCell ExcelRow::getCellObj(Integer columnIndex)

Returns the Excel Obj at the given column index for further investigation.

#### getDateCellValue

Date ExcelCell::getDateCellValue()

Returns the value of this date cell as a date. Use this function only if it is pre determined using String ExcelCell::getExcelCellType() (unless known otherwise) that the cell is a date type.

#### getDateFromDoubleValue

Date getDateFromDoubleValue(Double dateAsDoubleValue)

Creates a Date Object from a given Double value.

## getExcelCell

String ExcelSheet::getExcelCell(Integer iRow, Integer iCol)

Returns the value of the cell at given row and column indexes as a String value.

#### getExcelCellEncoding

String ExcelCell::getExcelCellEncoding()

Returns the encoding of the cell. Possible values can be COMPRESSED\_UNICODE, UTF-16, UNKNOWN.

#### getExcelCellType

String ExcelCell::getExcelCellType()

Returns the type of this cell. Values can be NUMERIC, STRING, DATE, BLANK, UNKNOWN.

#### getExcelRow

ExcelRow ExcelSheet::getExcelRow(Integer iRow)

Returns the row at the specified index. Note: Rows are zero based.

## getExcelSheet

 ExcelSheet ExcelBook::getExcelSheet(Integer iSheetNumber/String sSheetName)

Returns a sheet from the workbook based on the arguments passed. If iSheetNumber is passed, then the sheet having the index specified by this argument is returned. If sSheetName is passed, then the sheet is retrieved by the name.

#### getExcelSheets

HashMap ExcelBook::getExcelSheets()

Returns a hashmap of excel sheets within the workbook. The hashmap is indexed by the sheet name.

#### getFirstCellNum

Integer ExcelRow::getFirstCellNum()

Returns the index of the first physical cell in this row. Note that columns are zero based.

#### getFirstRowNum

Integer ExcelSheet::getFirstRowNum()
 Returns the index of the first physical row

#### getLastCellNum

Integer ExcelRow::getLastCellNum()
 Returns the index of the last physical cell in this row.

#### getLastRowNum

Integer ExcelSheet::getLastRowNum()
 Returns the index of the last physical row

#### getNbColumns

Integer ExcelSheet::getNbColumns()
 Returns the number of physical columns in this sheet

## getNbRows

Integer ExcelSheet::getNbRows()
 Returns the number of physical rows in this sheet

#### getNumericCellValue

Double ExcelCell::getNumericCellValue()

Returns the value of this numeric cell as a double value. Use this function only if it is pre determined using String ExcelCell::getExcelCellType() (unless known otherwise) that the cell is a numeric type.

#### getStringCellValue

String ExcelCell::getStringCellValue()

Returns the value of this text cell as a String. Use this function only if it is pre determined using String ExcelCell::getExcelCellType() (unless known otherwise) that the cell is a string type.

## new\$ExcelBook

new ExcelBook([Doc docToRead])

This creates a new ExcelBook. ExcelBooks can be used in 2 ways, to read an existing ExcelBook or to create a new ExcelBook. It is not supported to update an existing ExcelBook. All the other Excel objects can be obtained either directly from this ExcelBook or indirectly from the objects obtained from this ExcelBook (apart from the ExcelParser object which has its own constructor). When the script op is used within an import job, then an existing ExcelBook is read from the docstore (the default import document or the one that is specified in the docToRead parameter). When an existing ExcelBook is read, it should not be updated, as any changes will not be written back to the docstore. To create an ExcelBook which will be updated, this script operation should be called outside of an import job, without the docToRead parameter; this creates an ExcelBook in memory which can then saved to the docstore using the ExcelBook::saveToDocStore script operation.

## new\$ExcelParser

new ExcelParser(ExcelSheet sheet)

Returns an excel parser to parse the given spreadsheet.

## saveToDocStore

 void ExcelBook::saveToDocStore([[String docStorePath],Boolean overwriteFlag]])

This saved an updated ExcelBook to the documentation store. If used in an export script with no operands, then the excel file will be written into the standard export directory with name CATALOG.XLS. If run with no operands outside of an export, then this script operation will fail with an exception. When a docStorePath argument

is supplied, then this is absolute path including the file name where the excel book will be written in the doc store. When the overWriteFlag is set to true, then any existing excel book at the supplied path will be overwritten, If the overWriteFlag is set to false and excelbook existing in the docstore path, an exception will be thrown. If the overwriteFlag is not supplied, then it will default to false. It is recommended that you do not specify a docstore path in export scripts, as subsequent runs of the export will attempt to write to the same file in the doc store (which will only succeed if the overwrite flag is set to true)

## setAlignment

void ExcelCellStyle::setAlignment(String alignment)

Set the cell style alignment to that supplied. The valid alignments are ALIGN\_GENERAL, ALIGN\_LEFT, ALIGN\_CENTER, ALIGN\_RIGHT, ALIGN\_FILL, ALIGN\_JUSTIFY, ALIGN\_CENTER\_SELECTION.

## setBoldWeight

void ExcelCellFont::setBoldWeight(String weight)

Set the cell font bold weight. Valid Strings are BOLDWEIGHT\_NORMAL and BOLDWEIGHT\_BOLD.

#### setBorderBottom

void ExcelCellStyle::setBorderBottom(String border)

Set the Bottom Border to the supplied border. The valid borders are BORDER\_NONE, BORDER\_THIN, BORDER\_MEDIUM, BORDER\_DASHED, BORDER\_HAIR, BORDER\_THICK, BORDER\_DOUBLE, BORDER\_DOTTED, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASHED, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_SLANTED\_DASH\_DOT.

#### setBorderLeft

void ExcelCellStyle::setBorderLeft(String border)

Set the left Border to the supplied border. The valid borders are BORDER\_NONE, BORDER\_THIN, BORDER\_MEDIUM, BORDER\_DASHED, BORDER\_HAIR, BORDER\_THICK, BORDER\_DOUBLE, BORDER\_DOTTED, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASHED, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_SLANTED\_DASH\_DOT.

#### setBorderRight

void ExcelCellStyle::setBorderRight(String border)

Set the Right Border to the supplied border. The valid borders are BORDER\_NONE, BORDER\_THIN, BORDER\_MEDIUM, BORDER\_DASHED, BORDER\_HAIR, BORDER\_THICK, BORDER\_DOUBLE, BORDER\_DOTTED, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASHED, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_SLANTED\_DASH\_DOT.

#### setBorderTop

void ExcelCellStyle::setBorderTop(String border)

Set the Top Border to the supplied border. The valid borders are BORDER\_NONE, BORDER\_THIN, BORDER\_MEDIUM, BORDER\_DASHED, BORDER\_HAIR, BORDER\_THICK, BORDER\_DOUBLE, BORDER\_DOTTED, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASHED, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT, BORDER\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_MEDIUM\_DASH\_DOT\_DOT, BORDER\_SLANTED\_DASH\_DOT.

#### setBottomBorderColor

void ExcelCellStyle::setBottomBorderColor(String color)

Set the cell style Bottom border color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN, OLIVE\_GREEN, DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL,DARK\_BLUE,

INDIGO,GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED,ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW,GREEN, TEAL, BLUE,BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT,RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE,LIME, SEA\_GREEN,AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE,VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT,PINK, GOLD, YELLOW,BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE,SKY\_BLUE, PLUM,GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE,TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW,LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE,PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER,WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE,LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON,ORCHID, CORAL,ROYAL\_BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

## setCellType

void ExcelCell::setCellType(String type)

Set the cell type. Valid values are BLANK, NUMERIC, STRING. Be aware that the NUMERIC type will change to a DATE type of cell if the value of the cell is a Date.

#### setColor

void ExcelCellFont::setColor(String color)

Set the cell fonts color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN, OLIVE\_GREEN, DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL, DARK\_BLUE, INDIGO, GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED, ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW, GREEN, TEAL, BLUE, BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT, RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE, LIME, SEA\_GREEN, AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE, VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT, PINK, GOLD, YELLOW, BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE, SKY\_BLUE, PLUM, GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE, TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW, LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE, PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER, WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE, LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON, ORCHID, CORAL, ROYAL\_BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

#### setDataFormat

void ExcelCellStyle::setDataFormat(String format)

Set the cell style Data Format to that supplied. The valid formats are General, 0, 0.00, #, ##0, #, ##0.00, (\$#, ##0\_);(\$#, ##0), (\$#, ##0\_);[Red](\$#, ##0), (\$#, ##0.00);(\$#, ##0.00), (\$#, ##0.00\_);[Red](\$#, ##0.00), 0%, 0.00%, 0.00E+00, #?/?, #??/??, m/d/yy, d-mmm-yy, d-mmm, mmm-yy, h:mm AM/PM, h:mm:ss AM/PM, h:mm, h:mm:ss, m/d/yy h:mm.

#### setDateCellValue

void ExcelCell::setDateCellValue(Date date)

Set a Date as the cell value

#### setExcelStyle

void ExcelCell::setExcelStyle(String cellStyle)
 Set the cell style for this cell

#### setFillBackgroundColor

void ExcelCellStyle::setFillBackgroundColor(String color)

Set the cell style fill Background color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN, OLIVE\_GREEN, DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL, DARK\_BLUE, INDIGO, GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED, ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW, GREEN, TEAL, BLUE, BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT, RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE, LIME, SEA\_GREEN, AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE, VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT, PINK, GOLD, YELLOW, BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE, SKY\_BLUE, PLUM, GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE, TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW, LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE, PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER, WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE, LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON, ORCHID, CORAL, ROYAL\_BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

#### setFillForegroundColor

void ExcelCellStyle::setFillForegroundColor(String color)

Set the cell style fill foreground color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN, OLIVE\_GREEN, DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL, DARK\_BLUE,

INDIGO,GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED,ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW,GREEN, TEAL, BLUE,BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT,RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE,LIME, SEA\_GREEN,AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE,VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT,PINK, GOLD, YELLOW,BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE,SKY\_BLUE, PLUM,GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE,TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW,LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE,PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER,WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE,LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON,ORCHID, CORAL,ROYAL\_BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

#### setFillPattern

void ExcelCellStyle::setFillPattern(String pattern)

Set the cell style fill pattern to that supplied. The valid patterns are NO\_FILL, SOLID\_FOREGROUND, FINE\_DOTS, ALT\_BARS, SPARSE\_DOTS, THICK\_HORZ\_BANDS, THICK\_VERT\_BANDS, THICK\_BACKWARD\_DIAG, THICK\_FORWARD\_DIAG, BIG\_SPOTS, BRICKS, THIN\_HORZ\_BANDS, THIN\_VERT\_BANDS, THIN\_BACKWARD\_DIAG, THIN\_FORWARD\_DIAG, SQUARES, DIAMONDS.

#### setFont

void ExcelCellStyle::setFont(ExcelCellFont font)
 Set the cell style font to that supplied.

#### setFontHeight

void ExcelCellFont::setFontHeight(Integer height)
 Set the cell font height.

#### setFontName

void ExcelCellFont::setFontName(String fontName)

Set the font name in the ExcelCellFont. The font name is accepted if it is a non-null String. The fonts names that are valid are those that are installed on the windows system that the spreadsheet is opened on.

#### setIndention

void ExcelCellStyle::setIndention(indent)

Set the cell indent. The indent amount is the number of intented characters.

#### setItalic

void ExcelCellFont::setItalic(Boolean flag)

Set the cell font to italic by passing true in, or non-italic by passing false in.

#### setLeftBorderColor

void ExcelCellStyle::setLeftBorderColor(String color)

Set the cell style left border color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN, OLIVE\_GREEN, DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL, DARK\_BLUE, INDIGO, GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED, ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW, GREEN, TEAL, BLUE, BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT, RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE, LIME, SEA\_GREEN, AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE, VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT, PINK, GOLD, YELLOW, BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE, SKY\_BLUE, PLUM, GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE, TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW, LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE, PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER, WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE, LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON, ORCHID, CORAL, ROYAL\_BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

#### setNumericCellValue

void ExcelCell::setNumericCellValue(Double number)
 Set a number as the cell value

#### setRightBorderColor

void ExcelCellStyle::setRightBorderColor(String color)

Set the cell style Right border color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN,

OLIVE\_GREEN,DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL,DARK\_BLUE, INDIGO,GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED,ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW,GREEN, TEAL, BLUE,BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT,RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE,LIME, SEA\_GREEN,AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE,VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT,PINK, GOLD, YELLOW,BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE,SKY\_BLUE, PLUM,GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE,TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW,LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE,PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER,WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE,LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON,ORCHID, CORAL,ROYAL\_BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

#### setStrikeout

void ExcelCellFont::setStrikeout(Boolean flag)

Set the cell style text to strikeout by passing true in, or non-strikeout by passing false in.

## setStringCellValue

void ExcelCell::setStringCellValue(String string)

Set a String as the cell value

#### setTopBorderColor

void ExcelCellStyle::setTopBorderColor(String color)

Set the cell style Top border color to that supplied. The valid colors are BROWN, OLIVE\_GREEN, DARK\_GREEN, DARK\_TEAL, DARK\_BLUE, INDIGO, GREY\_80\_PERCENT, DARK\_RED, ORANGE, DARK\_YELLOW, GREEN, TEAL, BLUE, BLUE\_GREY, GREY\_50\_PERCENT, RED, LIGHT\_ORANGE, LIME, SEA\_GREEN, AQUA, LIGHT\_BLUE, VIOLET, GREY\_40\_PERCENT, PINK, GOLD, YELLOW, BRIGHT\_GREEN, TURQUOISE, SKY\_BLUE, PLUM, GREY\_25\_PERCENT, ROSE, TAN, LIGHT\_YELLOW, LIGHT\_GREEN, LIGHT\_TURQUOISE, PALE\_BLUE, LAVENDER, WHITE, CORNFLOWER\_BLUE, LEMON\_CHIFFON, MAROON, ORCHID, CORAL, ROYAL BLUE, LIGHT\_CORNFLOWER\_BLUE.

#### setUnderline

void ExcelCellFont::setUnderline(String underline)

Set the cell font underline. Valid Strings are U\_NONE, U\_SINGLE, U\_DOUBLE, U\_SINGLE ACCOUNTING and U\_DOUBLE ACCOUNTING.

## setVerticalAlignment

void ExcelCellStyle::setVerticalAlignment(String valignment)

Set the cell style vertical alignment to that supplied. The valid vertical alignments are VERTICAL\_TOP, VERTICAL\_CENTER, VERTICAL\_BOTTOM, VERTICAL\_JUSTIFY.

## setWrapText

void ExcelCellStyle::setWrapText(Boolean flag)

Set the cell style text to wrapping by passing true in , or non-wrapping by passing false in.

## libxml

#### getXMLNode

XmlNode XMLNode::getXmlNode(String nodePath)
 Returns the xmlnode selected by sPath relative to this node

#### getXMLNodeName

String XMLNode::getXMLNodeName()

Returns the name of the current XMLNode.

#### getXMLNodePath

String XMLNode::getXMLNodePath()

Returns the path of the current XMLNode. This path is not an XPath - it is the concatenation of all the names of the parent XMLNode's path, /, and the name of this XMLNode

## getXMLNodes

XmlNode[] XMLNode::getXmlNodes(String sPath)

Returns the xmlnodes selected by sPath relative to this node

#### getXMLNodeValue

String XMLNode::getXMLNodeValue(String nodePath [, Boolean bRequired])
 Returns the value of the current XMLNode. Default value of bRequired is false. It is set to throw AustinException

## getXMLNodeValues

String[] XMLNode::getXMLNodeValues(String nodePath [, Boolean bRequired])
 Returns the values of the XMLNode given by path. Default value of bRequired is false. It is set to throw AustinException

#### new\$XmIDocument

new XmlDocument(Doc doc/String str)

Creates an XmlDocument from a docstore Doc instance or an xml string literal. If the string starts with "file://" then the xml document will be loaded from the file system according to the specified path.

#### setXMLNodeValue

void XMLNode::setXMLNodeValue(String sPath, String value)

Sets the value of the xmlNode given by sPath. Creates the node if it doesn't exists.

#### setXMLNodeValues

void XMLNode::setXMLNodeValue(String sPath, String[] values)

Sets the value of the xmlNode given by sPath. Creates the node if it doesn't exists.

#### validateXML

String validateXML(String docPath)

Validates an XmlDocument from a docstore Doc instance. Returns "Success" if its a valid XML Document. Returns "Document not found" if the XML Document not found in DocStore. Returns "Document is empty" if the XML Document is empty. Returns "Fatal Parsing Error" concatenated with the error description for a non-XML Document. Returns "Error" for any other error.

## xmlDocToString

String XMLNode::xmlDocToString()

Returns the serialized xml document which this node is part of

## math

## max

Number max(Number a, Number b)

Return the max

## min

Number min(Number a, Number b)

Return the min

#### rand

Integer rand(Integer max)

Returns a random integer that is between 0 and max

#### reformatDouble

 String reformatDouble (Double origDouble, Integer minDigitsBeforeDecPoint, Integer maxDigitsAfterDecPoint)

Returns a new String representing the number, reformatted to fit the criteria specified by minDigitsBeforeDecPoint and maxDigitsAfterDecPoint

#### toDouble

Double toDouble(String str)
 Parses str as a Double

#### toInteger

Integer toInteger(String str)

Parses str as an Integer

## number

#### formatNumber

String Number::formatNumber(String numberFormat, Locale loc)
 Use to format an Number to a human readable format according to the locale specified in the parameter.If locale is null, it will use the locale of user setting. If numberFormat is null, it will use the default format of the locale.

## formatNumberByLocPrecision

String formatNumberByLocPrecision(Double number, Locale loc, Integer precision)

This operation returns a string format along with defined precision and locale

#### formatNumberByPrecision

String formatNumberByPrecision(Double number,Integer precision)
 This operation returns a string format along with defined precision

#### parseDouble

Double parseDouble(String str, Locale loc)
 Pass string to double value based on locale

#### parseNumber

Number parseNumber(String str, String numberFormat, Locale locale)
 Use to parse a String to Number by numberFormat and locale. If locale is null, it will use the locale of user setting. If numberFormat is null, it will use the default format of the locale. The numberFormat string is a pattern whose format is identical to the number format used by Java

## operations

#### addLdapAttribute

void LdapEntry::addLdapAttribute(LdapAttribute attribute)
 Adds an LdapAttribute Object to this LdapEntry.

#### addLdapEntry

void LdapEntrySet::addLdapEntry(LdapEntry entry)
 Create a new Ldap Entry Set

#### addLdapObjectclass

void LdapEntry::addLdapObjectclass(LdapOperation objectClass)
 Adds an LdapObjectclass Object to this LdapEntry.

#### createLDIFFile

createLDIFFile(String docstore\_filename, LdapEntrySet entrySet)

A static method that creates an LDIF formatted file based upon an input Ldap entry set. The filename is a docstore reference

#### getLdapAttributes

LdapAttributes[] LdapEntry::getLdapAttributes()

Retrieves the LdapAttribute Objects for this LdapEntry.

#### getLdapAttributeType

String LdapAttribute::getLdapAttributeType()

Retrieves the attribute type or name of an LdapAttribute Object

## getLdapAttributeValue

Object LdapAttribute::getLdapAttributeValue()

Retrieves the attribute value of an LdapAttribute Object

#### getLdapDistinguishedName

LdapAttribute LdapEntry::getLdapDistinguishedName()

Retrieves the distinguished name for an LdapEntry as an LdapAttribute Objects

#### getLdapEntries

LdapEntry[] LdapEntrySet::getLdapEntries()

Retrieves the LdapEntry Objects.

## getLdapObjectclass

String LdapObjectclass::getLdapObjectclass()

Retrieves the name of a LdapObjectclass Object

## getLdapObjectclasses

LdapObjectclass[] LdapEntry::getLdapObjectclasses()

Retrieves the LdapObjectclass Objects for this LdapEntry.

#### getLdapOperation

String[] LdapEntry::getLdapOperationDetails()

Retrieves the LdapOperation details strings for this LdapEntry.

## isBinary

Boolean LdapAttribute::isBinary()

Indicates if the attribute represents a binary value encoded as a BASE64 string.

#### isExternal

Boolean LdapAttribute::isExternal()

Indicates if the attribute is a reference to an external file. For example and jpeg image

#### new\$LdapAttribute

• new LdapAttribute(String attributeType, Object attributeValue [, Boolean

isBinary, Boolean isExternal)

Create a new Ldap Attribute. Optional parameters: isBinary represents a BASE64 encoded binary representation, default false; isExternal represents an external file reference, default false

## new\$LdapEntry

new LdapEntry()

Create a new Ldap Entry

#### new\$LdapEntrySet

new LdapEntrySet()

## Create a new Ldap Entry Set

#### new\$LdapObjectclass

new LdapObjectclass(String objclass)
 Create a new Ldap objectclass object

## parseLDIFFile

LdapEntrySet parseLDIFFile(String filename)

A static method that reads an LDIF file and instantiates an Ldap entry set based on it. The filename is a system reference

## setLdapDistinguishedName

void LdapEntry::setLdapDistinguishedName(LdapAttribute dn)
 Sets the single distinguished name for an LdapEntry as an LdapAttribute Objects

## setLdapOperation

void LdapEntry::setLdapOperation(LdapOperation operation)
 Adds an LdapOperation object to an LdapEntry.

## operations\_admin

## flushScriptCache

::flushScriptCache()

Flushes the script cache on the local JVM. While this is normally done automatically, this script operation is provided in case there are any techniques that would cause the scripts to update in docstore, without properly updating the cache. This method may also be used to test the caching behavior of scrpts.

#### **logActionableMessage**

 Integer logActionableMessage(String type, String action, String comment, IMessage msg, String state)

Logs a message in the alerts console for a message "msg". the Actionable "type" is primary heading or category under which an actionable is classified. Actionable "action" is known as the actionable topic. The topic is essentially a more specific version of the actionable type, it can be Accept or Reject. Actionable "comment" is information about the actionable. Actionable "state" sets the priority level of this actionable, the level can be set to either "INF" for informational, "ACT" for actionable or "ERR" for any error. It returns a unique ID for the message logged

#### new\$SystemDB

new SystemDB()

Returns an object that represents the status of the current database

#### reportAllTableIndexes

reportChangedIndexes

String SystemDB::reportAllTableIndexes()
 Reports all the tables and their indexes

#### ·

• String SystemDB::reportChangedIndexes()

Reports the list of indexes that have not been updated

## reportExtraIndexes

String SystemDB::reportExtraIndexes()

Reports the list of indexes that are extra in the current database that sould not be there

## reportIndexStatistics

String SystemDB::reportIndexStatistics()

Reports all the indexes and their current statistics and whether or not they need to be rebuilt. Warning: This script op should not be used on a live sytems; using this script operation during normal WPC operations will have a detrimental effect on performance.

## reportMissingIndexes

String SystemDB::reportMissingIndexes()

Reports the list of indexes that are missing in the current database that sould be there

## operations\_assert

#### assertEquals

void ::assertEquals(Object expectedValue, Object actualValue, [String message])

Throws a ScriptAssertException when the two object references do not refer to the same 'simple' value. Therefore, note that a value of 1.0 (of type double) will NOT equal a value of 1 (of type Integer). Note that 'complex' objects e.g. Catalog, Hierarchy etc. are not supported currently.

#### assertFalse

void ::assertFalse(Boolean condition, [String message])
 Throws a ScriptAssertException unless condition is false

#### assertNotNull

void ::assertNotNull(Object obj, [String message])
 Throws a ScriptAssertException unless the value is NOT null

#### assertNull

void ::assertNull(Object obj, [String message])
 Throws a ScriptAssertException unless the value is null

#### assertTrue

void ::assertTrue(Boolean condition, [String message])
 Throws a ScriptAssertException unless condition is true

## operations\_attr\_group

#### addAttributeToAttrGroup

 void AttrGroup::addAttributeToAttrGroup(String attrPath [, boolean throwError])

Adds an attribute to the attribute collection. Irrespective of throwError flag, throws an exception if called on a default generated attribute collection. If throwError is true, throws an exception for invalid attrPath. By default, value of throwError is false

#### addLocalesToAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::addLocalesToAttrGroup(String localesCSVString)
 Adds the locales to the Attribute Collection. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

#### addLocalizedNodeToAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::addLocalizedNodeToAttrGroup(Node node)
 Associates this localized node with this attribute collection. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

#### addSpecToAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::addSpecToAttrGroup(Spec spec, [boolean bDynamic])

Associates all the nodes of the spec with this attribute collection. If the bDynamic flag is set to true then any additional nodes added to the spec, after the spec has been associated to the Attribute Collection, will become part of the Attribute Collection. If the bDynamic flag is set to false then only the nodes that are part of the spec at this time only will be added to the Attribute Collection. By default, value for bDynamic is true. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

#### deleteAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::deleteAttrGroup()

Deletes this attribute collection. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

## getAllAttrGroupsForAttribute

AttrGroup[] getAllAttrGroupsForAttribute(String attrPath)

Returns an array of AttrGroups where the attrPath is included. Return null if attrPath is not included in any Attribut Group.

## getAllAttributePathsFromAttrGroup

String[] AttrGroup::getAllAttributePathsFromAttrGroup()

Returns all the attribute paths associated with this attribute collection

## getAttrGroupByName

AttrGroup getAttrGroupByName(String name)

Returns the attribute collection with the given name. Otherwise it becomes null.

#### getAttrGroupName

String AttrGroup::getAttrGroupName()

Returns the name of this attribute collection

#### getAttrGroupType

String AttrGroup::getAttrGroupType()

Returns the type of this attribute collection. Type can only be GENERAL.

#### getLocalesOfAttrGroup

String AttrGroup::getLocalesOfAttrGroup()

Returns the locales to the Attribute Collection as a single String of comma-separated values.

#### new\$AttrGroup

new AttrGroup(String name, String type, [String desc])

Returns a new attribute collection with the given name, type and description. Type can only be GENERAL.

#### removeAttributeFromAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::removeAttributeFromAttrGroup(String attrPath)

Removes the attribute from the attribute collection. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

#### removeLocalesFromAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::removeLocalesFromAttrGroup(String localesCSVString)

Removes the locales from the Attribute Collection. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

#### removeSpecFromAttrGroup

void AttrGroup::removeSpecFromAttrGroup(Spec spec)

Disassociates all the nodes of the spec from this attribute collection. Throws an exception if called on default generated attribute collection.

## operations\_catalog

## addCtgItemToSelection

(deprecated) see addEntryToSelection

Add the item to the basic selection (does nothing for an advanced selection)

#### addEntryToSelection

void Selection::addEntryToSelection(Entry entry)

Add the entry to the basic selection - the entry can be an item or a hierarchy node (does nothing for advanced selection).

## addSecondaryCategoryTree

void Catalog::addSecondaryCategoryTree(CategoryTree categoryTree)
 Add category tree as a secondary category tree

## associateCategoryCacheToItemSet

void ItemSet::associateCategoryCacheToltemSet(CategoryCache catCache)
 Associates the CategoryCache to the ItemSet so that when items are fetched, the corresponding categories are also fetched in bulk

#### buildTestCatalogData

buildTestCatalogData(Spec fileSpec, String sDocStorePath, Integer nbRows [, Integer firstSku])

Create a document at sDocStorePath for the file specification fileSpec with nbRows of random data, with the primary key starting at firstSku

#### containsByPrimaryKey

 boolean Catalog::containsByPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey) - boolean ItemSet::containsByPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey)

Returns true, if the catalog or item set contains an item with the primary key sPrimaryKey

#### defineLocationSpecificData

 void Catalog::defineLocationSpecificData(CategoryTree ctr, Spec spc, AttrGroup[] inhAttrGrps)

Sets up location specific data for a catalog. CTR is the category tree that contains the locations. SPC is the spec of the locations. INHATTRBRPS is an array of attribute groups containing the inheritable attributes.

## deleteCatalog

(deleteCatalog(Catalog ctg)

Delete the catalog ctg. WARNING: Transactional disruption will occur: This script operation will roll back any existing transaction, and will leave the database connection in auto-commit. This script operation should be used carefully; for example, it should not be called in a catchError block.

## deleteSelection

boolean Selection::deleteSelection()

Delete the selection. Return true if the deletion occured, false if selection was in use.

#### disableContainerProcessingOptions

void Container::disableContainerProcessingOptions(String[] options)
 Disable the specified processing options - possible values: PRE\_SCRIPT,
 POST\_SCRIPT, POST\_SAVE\_SCRIPT, ENTRY\_BUILD\_SCRIPT, VALUE\_RULES,
 VALIDATION\_RULES, DEFAULT\_VALUES, DEFAULT\_VALUE\_RULES,
 SEQUENCES, TYPE\_VALIDATION, MERGE\_WITH\_OLD\_VERSION,
 MIN\_MAX\_OCCURANCE, MIN\_MAX\_LENGTH, POSSIBLE\_VALUES,
 PATTERN\_VALIDATION, COL\_AREA\_LOCKS\_VALIDATION,
 LOCK\_CATEGORIES\_FOR\_ITEM\_SAVE, LOCKING, UNIQUE\_VALIDATION, ALL

#### exportCatalog

void Catalog::exportCatalog(Spec mktplaceSpec, SpecMap specMap)
 Use to syndicate a catalog using mktplaceSpec and specMap

#### forEachCtgltem

forEachCtgltem([String sCatalogName, ], Item item) { statements }
 Executes the statements for each item in the catalog called sCatalogName

#### forEachItemSetElement

forEachItemSetElement(ItemSet is, Object oltem) { statements }
 Executes the statements for each (oltem) map in the ItemSet

#### getAttributeGroupsToProcess

AttrGroup[] Container::getAttributeGroupsToProcess()

Return the list of attribute collections if any have been specified to restrict processing an retrieval from the database. If a null is returned, it means that retrieval and processing is not being restricted and all attributes are being processed

## getCatalogAccessControlGroupName

String Catalog::getCatalogAccessControlGroupName()
 Returns the Access Control Group for this catalog.

#### getCatalogAttribute

String[] Catalog::getCatalogAttribute(String sAttribName)
 Returns a list of values for the attribute sAttribName

## getCatalogAttributes

HashMap Catalog::getCatalogAttributes()

Returns a HashMap mapping attributes to their respective values. The attributes returned are "SCRIPT\_NAME", "PRE\_SCRIPT\_NAME", "POST\_SAVE\_SCRIPT\_NAME", "ENTRY\_BUILD\_SCRIPT", "DISPLAY\_ATTRIBUTE", "USER\_DEFINED\_CORE\_ATTRIBUTE\_GROUP" and "SCRIPT\_RESTRICT\_LOCALES".

#### getCatalogCategoryTrees

HashMap Catalog::getCatalogCategoryTrees()
 Return an array with category trees of this catalog

## getCatalogId

Integer Catalog::getCatalogId()
 Returns the ID of this catalog.

## getCatalogItemCountInVersion

Integer Catalog::getCatalogItemCountInVersion(Version version)
 Returns the number of items in the specified version of this catalog

## getCatalogNamesList

String[] getCatalogNamesList([String filterByPrivilege])

Return the list of names of available catalogs filtered by catalog privileges LIST (list catalog), VIEW\_ITEMS (view items in catalog), MODIFY\_ITEMS (modify items in catalog). By default the catalog names for the catalogs with LIST privilege access are returned.

#### getCatalogsByAttributeValue

Catalog[] getCatalogsByAttributeValue(String attribute\_name, String value)
 Returns all catalogs that have the provided value for the attribute

#### getCatalogSpec

#### Spec Catalog::getCatalogSpec([Boolean bGetImmutableSpec])

Returns the spec this catalog. If the optional boolean bGetImmutableSpec is set to true, an immutable spec is retrieved (you can not modify the spec, but it is faster to retrieve). By default you get a mutable spec.

## getCatalogVersion

Version Catalog::getCatalogVersion()
 Returns the version of this catalog.

#### getCatalogVersionSummary

Versions[] Catalog::getCatalogVersionSummary()
 Return an array with versions of this catalog - most recent first

#### getCategorizedItemCountInVersion

 Integer Catalog::getCategorizedItemCountInVersion(Version version, CategoryTree ctgtree)

Returns the number of items categorized in the specified category tree for the specified version of this catalog

## getCheckedOutEntryColAreasByPrimaryKey

 String[] Container::getCheckedOutEntryColAreasByPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey)

Return a list of collaboration area names in which the entry for the given primary key is checked out. Returns empty list if entry is not checked out.

#### getContainerId

Integer Container::getContainerId()

Returns the ID of this container.

#### getContainerLocalesForRole

String Container::getContainerLocalesForRole(Role role)
 Gets the locales that are allowed for this container specifically for the particular role.

#### getContainerType

String Container::getContainerType()

Returns the type of the container. Types can be one of the following: CATALOG, CATEGORY\_TREE

#### getCtgByName

Catalog getCtgByName([String name])

Returns the catalog object with the corresponding name. If no name is provided, return the default catalog (if defined).

## getCtgCategorySpecs

HashMap Catalog::getCtgCategorySpecs()
 Returns the category specs for this catalog

#### getCtgltemByAttributeValue

ItemSet Catalog::getCtgItemByAttributeValue(String sNodePath, String sValue)
 Returns ItemSet of items from the catalog that have the provided value for the attribute. Use "" or null value for searching EMPTY values. An exception is throw if the attribute does not exist or it is not indexed.

#### getCtgItemByPrimaryKey

Item Catalog::getCtgItemByPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey)

Method deprecated. Use Container::getEntryByPrimaryKey. Returns the item from the catalog with the given primary key - this method cannot be used to retrieve newly created items that have not been saved yet.

#### getCtgltemIdByPrimaryKey

Integer Catalog::getCtgItemIdByPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey)
 Returns an item id by primary key

## getCtgName

String Catalog::getCtgName()
 Returns the name of this catalog

#### getCtgSpec

Spec Catalog::getCtgSpec([Boolean bGetImmutableSpec])

Returns the spec this catalog. If the optional boolean bGetImmutableSpec is set to true, an immutable spec is retrieved (you can not modify the spec, but it is faster to retrieve). By default you get a mutable spec.

#### getDefaultCatalogName

(deprecated) String getDefaultCatalogName()

See getCtgByName(). Returns the name of the catalog being used for an aggregation/syndication.

## getDestinationCatalog

Catalog getDestinationCatalog()

Returns the destination catalog for catalog to catalog exports.

## getDynamicSelectionQueryString

String DynamicSelection::getDynamicSelectionQueryString()
 Returns the query string for this dynamic selection

## getEntrySetForPrimaryKeys

EntrySet Container::getEntrySetForPrimaryKeys(Array pkeys, Boolean bOptimize)

Returns an EntrySet of the entries in this container for the given primary keys - set bOptimize to true if you don't plan on changing the entries, the entry set is then optimized but these entries don't keep track of changed attributes

#### getEntrySetSize

Integer EntrySet::getEntrySetSize()

Returns the number of entries in an entry set

#### getExportItemsCount

Integer getExportItemsCount()

Returns the number of items being syndicated

#### getExportItemSets

ItemSet[] getExportItemSets()

Returns an array of ItemSets being syndicated

#### getHierarchyNodeSetForSelection

 ${\color{gray} \circ} \ \ \textbf{HierarchyNodeSet Selection::getHierarchyNodeSetForSelection()} \\$ 

Return the hierarchy nodes in that selection as a HierarchyNodeSet

#### getItemBySku

(deprecated) see getCtgltemByPrimaryKey

## getItemPrimaryKeysForCategory

String[] Category::getItemPrimaryKeysForCategory(Catalog ctg [, Boolean ordered])

Returns an array of Strings containing the primary keys of the items in this category. The option Boolean 'ordered' being set to true makes the operation return the ordered children of this category if the catalog is set up to use ordering

#### getItemSetForCatalog

ItemSet Catalog::getItemSetForCatalog()
 Returns an ItemSet of the items in this catalog

#### getItemSetForCategory

ItemSet Category::getItemSetForCategory(Catalog ctg [, Boolean ordered])
 Returns an ItemSet of the items in this category. The option Boolean 'ordered' being set to true makes the operation return the ordered children of this category if the catalog is set up to use ordering

#### getItemSetForPrimaryKeys

ItemSet Catalog::getItemSetForPrimaryKeys(Array pkeys, Boolean bOptimize)
 Returns an ItemSet of the items in this catalog for the given primary keys - set
 bOptimize to true if you don't plan on changing the items, the item set is then
 optimized but these items don't keep track of changed attributes

#### getItemSetForSelection

ItemSet Selection::getItemSetForSelection()
 Return the items in that selection as a ItemSet

#### getItemSetForUnassigned

 ItemSet Catalog::getItemSetForUnassigned(CategoryTree ctr, boolean readOnly)

Returns an ItemSet of the items in this catalog which are not assigned to any of the categories of given category tree

## getItemSetSize

Integer ItemSet::getItemSetSize()
 Returns the number of items in an item set

#### getItemsInCategory

Item[] Catalog::getItemsInCategory(Category [, Boolean ordered])
 Returns an array of the items in this category. The option Boolean 'ordered' being set to true makes the operation return the ordered children of this category if the catalog is set up to use ordering

## getPrimaryCategoryTree

CategoryTree Catalog::getPrimaryCategoryTree()
 Returns the primary category tree of this catalog

#### getSelectionAccessControlGroupName

String Selection::getSelectionAccessControlGroupName()
 Returns the Access Control Group for this selection.

#### getSelectionByName

Selection getSelectionByName(String sName)
 Return the selection called sName

#### getSelectionCatalog

Catalog Selection::getSelectionCatalog()
 Returns the selection's catalog

#### getSelectionHierarchy

Hierarchy Selection::getSelectionHierarchy()
 Returns the selection's hierarchy.

## getSelectionHierarchyNodeCount

Integer Selection::getSelectionHierarchyNodeCount()

Returns the number of hierarchy nodes in a selection - returns 0 for advanced selections.

#### getSelectionItemCount

Integer Selection::getSelectionItemCount()

Returns the number of items in a selection

#### getSelectionName

String Selection::getSelectionName()

Returns the name of this selection

## getSelectionNamesList

String[] getSelectionNamesList(Catalog catalog)

Return the list of names of available selections for catalog

#### getSequenceByName

Sequence getSequenceByName(String name)

Gets the sequence object with the corresponding name where name is defined by the name of the catalog/category tree + "\_" + "CTG" / "CATTREE" + "\_" + the path of the node the sequence is defined for.

#### getSequenceCurrentValue

String Sequence::getSequenceCurrentValue()

Returns the current value of this sequence. This number is less than or equal to the last preallocated value stored in the DB. Note, because of sequence caching, this number will vary depending on the JVM. If the JVM has not called getNextValue, then this method will return the last allocated value in the JVM. If the sequence row does not exist in the DB, this method will reuturn -1.

#### getSequenceNextValue

String Sequence::getSequenceNextValue()

Returns the next value of this sequence

#### getSourceCatalog

Catalog getSourceCatalog()

Returns the source catalog for catalog to catalog exports.

#### getVersionDate

Date Version::getVersionDate()

Returns the date of this version

### getVersionName

String Version::getVersionName()

Returns the name of this version

#### getVersionType

String Version::getVersionType()

Returns the type of this version

#### hasAccessToPrivilegeForEntry

boolean Entry::hasAccessToPrivilegeForEntry(String priv\_name)

Checks if the entry has access to the given privilege.

#### hasCtgListPermission

Boolean Catalog::hasCtgListPermission()

Returns true if the current user has permission to list this catalog, false otherwise

#### hasCtrListPermission

Boolean CategoryTree::hasCtrListPermission()

Returns true if the current user has permission to list this category tree, false otherwise

#### insertNewVersion

Version Container::insertNewVersion(String sName)
 Add a version called sName on this container.

## **isEntryCheckedOutForPrimaryKey**

Boolean Container::isEntryCheckedOutForPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey)
 Returns true if the entry for the given primary key is checked out into a collaboration area otherwise it returns false.

#### isOrdered

Boolean Catalog::isOrdered()
 Returns the value of catalog's Use Ordering attribute.

#### **linkCatalog**

void Catalog::linkCatalog(Catalog dstCatalog, INode srcAttribute[, INode dstAttribute])

Links catalog to another using source and destination attributes. The dstAttribute is optional

## loadCatalog

void Catalog/CategoryTree::loadCatalog(String docStorePathForFileToLoad, Spec fileSpec, SpecMap specMap, String feedType [itm|icm|ctr])
(Deprecated) This script operation has been deprecated and should not be used, and is scheduled to be removed. Use createImport() and startAggregationByName() instead. Loads data from the specified File Spec and Spec Map, into the catalog or category tree upon which this operation is called. The feedType must be "itm" for item to catalog feeds, "ctr" for category to category tree feeds, and "icm" for item to category mapping feeds. WARNING: Transactional disruption will occur: This script operation will rollback any existing transaction, undoing prior operations, and will leave the database connection in autocommit mode. This script operation should be used with caution - it should not be called in a catchError block for example.

## new\$BasicSelection

new BasicSelection(Catalog catalog, String name)
 Returns an empty basic selection (Selection) on catalog

#### new\$Catalog

 new Catalog(Spec catalogSpec, String name, CategoryTree categoryTree [,Hashmap optionalArgs])

Returns a new catalog with the given spec and name. Pass optional args in the map with these keys "displayAttribute" (path of node), "accessControlGroup" (pass the ACG object), "isLookupTable" (default is false--set to true to create a lookup table and the Default Lookup Table Hierarchy is used as the category tree). If the displayAttribute is not set, the pk attribute is used.

#### new\$DynamicSelection

new DynamicSelection(String selectionName, String queryString)
 Returns a dynamic selection named selectionName and corresponding to the query queryString

#### new\$LookupTable

new LookupTable(Spec spec, String name)
 Returns a new lookuptable with the given spec and name

#### removeLocationSpecificData

void Catalog::removeLocationSpecificData(CategoryTree ctr)

Sets up location specific data for a catalog. CTR is the category tree that contains the locations.

#### resetContainerLocalesForRole

void Container::resetContainerLocalesForRole(Role role)

Deletes the locales that are allowed for this container specifically for the particular role. After this the default list of locales for this role will be applicable.

#### saveCatalog

void Catalog::saveCatalog()

Saves this catalog. This is used to save new attributes that have been set on the catalog.

#### saveSelection

void Selection::saveSelection()

Save the basic or advanced selection to the database

#### setAttributeGroupsToProcess

void Container::setAttributeGroupsToProcess(AttrGroup[] aAttrGroups)
 Only retrieve attributes that belong to one of the attribute collections specified in the list aAttrGroups for the given container

## setCatalogAccessControlGroupName

void Catalog::setCatalogAccessControlGroupName(String acgName)
 Sets the Access Control Group to the given name for this catalog.

#### setContainerAttribute

void Container::setContainerAttribute(String sAttribName, String[] sAttribValues)

Sets the value for the container attribute with sAttribName to the array of values

#### setContainerLocalesForRole

 void Container::setContainerLocalesForRole(Role role, String localesCSVString)

Sets the locales that are allowed for this container for the particular role

#### setContainerProperties

void Container::setContainerProperties(HashMap properties)

The properties specified in the PROPERTIES hashmap are set for the container in question. The hashmap keys can be one of "PRE\_SCRIPT\_NAME", "POST\_SCRIPT\_NAME", "POST\_SAVE\_SCRIPT\_NAME", "ENTRY\_BUILD\_SCRIPT", "DISPLAY\_ATTRIBUTE", "USER\_DEFINED\_CORE\_ATTRIBUTE\_GROUP", "SCRIPT\_RESTRICT\_LOCALES" or "SCRIPT\_NAME"(Deprecated). The values are required to be string names. The value for "SCRIPT\_RESTRICT\_LOCALES" must be "true" or "false". Enforcement of locale restrictions on script operations is based on the value of "SCRIPT\_RESTRICT\_LOCALES". "SCRIPT\_NAME" is now deprecated and "POST\_SCRIPT\_NAME" should be used in its place.

## setDynamicSelectionQueryString

void DynamicSelection::setDynamicSelectionQueryString(String queryString)
 Sets the query string for this dynamic selection

#### setItemSetFetchLinkedItems

void ItemSet::setItemSetFetchLinkedItems(Boolean b)
 Sets the item set to fetch or not fetch master linked items

#### setItemSetFetchSize

void ItemSet::setItemSetFetchSize(Integer i)

Sets the item set fetch size (i.e. the number of items gotten in bulk each time)

#### setOrdered

Boolean Catalog::setOrdered(Boolean bOrder)

Alters the catalog to allow ordering or not. Returns a flag on whether the update is successful or not.

#### setSelectionAccessControlGroupName

void Selection::setSelectionAccessControlGroupName(String acgName)
 Sets the Access Control Group to the given name for this selection.

## setSelectionHierarchy

void Selection::setSelectionHierarchy(Hierarchy hier)
 Sets the selection's hierarchy. Only applicable to basic selections

#### setSelectionName

void Selection::setSelectionName(String name)
 Returns the name of this selection

#### setSequenceValueForMigration

void setSequenceValueForMigration(String sequenceName, String objType, Integer newValue)

This operation is only there for migration of environments. Do not use for any other purpose.

#### sortItemSet

void ItemSet::sortItemSet()
 Sorts the ItemSet for performance

## operations\_category

#### addCategoryTreeMapping

void CategoryTreeMap::addCategoryTreeMapping(Category cat1, Category cat2)

Add a map between the two categories cat1 and cat2

#### addChildCategory

Boolean Category::addChildCategory(Category childCategory)
 Adds childCategory as a child of this category

## addItemSecondarySpecToCategory

void Category::addItemSecondarySpecToCategory(String sSpecName, [Catalog[] ctgs])

Associates a secondary item spec to this Category - if ctgs are passed, only those catalogs are affected by the spec.

#### addSecondarySpecToCategory

void Category::addSecondarySpecToCategory(String sSpecName, [Boolean bAdd])

Associates a secondary spec defining this categories attrs. The optional parameters allows for the Spec to be associated with the category but does not build out the EntryNode structure, useful to improve performance on imports

#### buildCategory

Category CategoryTree::buildCategory(String path, [String delimiter], [String primaryKey])

Returns a new category object when given the complete path of the new category and the delimiter that separates the categories in the path. If the delimiter is not

specified, it defaults to '/' (except if a filespec is used during an import). If the primary key is not specified, then it should either be automatically set via a sequence or value rule, or it should be set after creation. If used in workflows and the category path already exists in the source category tree, the category will be checked out.

#### deleteCategory

Boolean Category::deleteCategory()
 Deletes this category from it's category tree

## deleteCategoryTree

ValidationError[] deleteCategoryTree(CategoryTree ctr)

Delete the category tree ctr. Returns Validation Error array if any validation errors occured. Null if successful. WARNING: Transactional disruption will occur: This script operation will roll back any existing transaction, and will leave the database connection in auto-commit. This script operation should be used carefully; for example, it should not be called in a catchError block.

## forEachCategorySetElement

forEachCategorySetElement(CategorySet categorySet, Object oCategory) { statements }

Executes the statements for each (oCategory) in the categorySet

## getCategoryAttrib

Object Category::getCategoryAttrib(String sAttribPath)
 Returns the value of the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this category

#### getCategoryByPath

 Category CategoryTree::getCategoryByPath (String sNamePath, String sDelim [, boolean bLight, boolean bReadOnly])

Returns the category with a full name path equivalent to sNamePath. sNamePath is expected to be delimited by sDelim. sNamePath should not contain the name of the root category, since we are already restricted to a spcific category tree. If bLight is true, not all data for the category is retrieved. If bReadOnly is true, a read only copy of the category is retrieved - bReadOnly should be used in exports, for example

#### getCategoryByPathNoCfp

 Category CategoryTree::getCategoryByPathNoCfp (String sNamePath, String sDelim [, boolean bLight, boolean bReadOnly])

Returns the category with a full name path equivalent to sNamePath. sNamePath is expected to be delimited by sDelim. sNamePath should not contain the name of the root category, since we are already restricted to a spcific category tree. If bLight is true, not all data for the category is retrieved. If bReadOnly is true, a read only copy of the category is retrieved - bReadOnly should be used in exports, for example

## getCategoryCache

 CategoryCache CategoryTree::getCategoryCache(Integer size, Boolean get\_all\_categories)

Returns a CategoryCache for this CategoryTree. The cache will be empty if get\_all\_categories is false and the size will be the given size, or 100, whichever is the greater. If get\_all\_categories is true then the cache will contain all the categories for the given category tree and the size arguments will be ignored. The size of the cache in the latter case will be the greater of the number of categories in the tree or 100

## getCategoryChildren

 Category[] Category::getCategoryChildren([Boolean ordered, Catalog catalog, Boolean restrictToSubtreeWithItems])

Returns the categories immediately below this category. The option Boolean 'ordered' being set to true makes the operation return the ordered children of this category if

the catalog (if not specified, the default catalog) is set up to use ordering. The option restrictToSubtreeWithItems being set to true only returns categories that have items in their sub-trees

#### getCategoryChildrenUsingCache

Category[] Category::getCategoryChildrenUsingCache (CategoryCache cat\_cache)

Returns this category's children, possibly making use of the cache provided

#### getCategoryCode

String Category::getCategoryCode()
 Returns the code of this category.

## getCategoryHasChildren

Boolean Category::getCategoryHasChildren()
 Returns true if the category has children.

## getCategoryLevels

Integer[] Category::getCategoryLevels()
 Returns the levels of this category in an array of Integers.

#### getCategoryOrganizations

Organization[] Category::getCategoryOrganizations()
 Return the all organizations this category is mapped to,

#### getCategoryParent

Category Category::getCategoryParent ([CategoryCache cat\_cache])
 Returns this category's parent. If there are multiple parents, only the first one is returned.

#### getCategoryParents

Category[] Category::getCategoryParents ()
 Returns the parent categories of this Category

## getCategoryParentsUsingCache

Category[] Category::getCategoryParentsUsingCache (CategoryCache cat cache)

Returns this category's parents, possibly making use of the cache provided

## getCategorySet

CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySet([Boolean bReadonly])
 Returns a CategorySet for this CategoryTree.

#### getCategorySetByAttributeValue

 CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySetByAttributeValue(String attribPath, Object attribValue, [Boolean bReadOnly])

Returns a CategorySet with all categories in the category tree which have the given AttribPath and AttribValue. Use "" or null AttribValue for searching EMPTY values. An exception is thrown if the attribPath is for non indexed attribute.

## getCategorySetByFullNamePath

CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySetByFullNamePath(String[] fullNamePaths, String delimiter)

Returns an CategorySet of the categories in the category tree from the given full name paths. Do not include the category tree name in the full name paths

#### getCategorySetByItemSecondarySpec

CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySetByItemSecondarySpec(String specName)

Returns an CategorySet that is a subset of the categories of this tree having the specified spec in their item secondary spec list

#### getCategorySetByLevel

CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySetByLevel(Integer level, [Boolean bReadOnly])

Returns an CategorySet of the categories in the category tree at a particular level

#### getCategorySetByPrimaryKey

 CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySetByPrimaryKey(String primaryKey, [Boolean bReadOnly])

Returns a CategorySet with the categories in the category tree which have match the primary key

## getCategorySetByStandAloneSpec

CategorySet CategoryTree::getCategorySetByStandAloneSpec(String specName)

Returns an CategorySet that is a subset of the categories of this tree having the specified spec in their stand alone spec list

## getCategorySetSize

Integer CategorySet::getCategorySetSize()
 Returns the number of categories in a category set

## getCategoryTree

CategoryTree Category::getCategoryTree()

Returns the category tree object this category belongs to. Use getCategoryTreeByName() to get the category tree being used for an aggregation/syndication.

#### getCategoryTreeByName

CategoryTree getCategoryTreeByName([String name])

Returns the category tree object with the corresponding name. If name is not provided, return the category tree being used for the aggregation/syndication.

#### getCategoryTreeMap

CategoryTreeMap getCategoryTreeMap(CategoryTree ctr1, CategoryTree ctr2)
 Returns the category tree map between the two category trees ctr1 and ctr2

## getCategoryTreeName

String CategoryTree::getCategoryTreeName()
 Returns the name of this categoryTree.

## getCategoryTreeNamesList

String[] getCategoryTreeNamesList([String filterByPrivilege])

Return the list of names of available category trees filtered by category tree privileges LIST (list category tree), VIEW\_ITEMS (view items in category tree), MODIFY\_CATEGORY\_ATTRIBUTES (modify category attributes in category tree). By default the category tree names for the category tree with LIST privilege access are returned.

#### getCategoryTreeSpec

Spec CategoryTree::getCategoryTreeSpec()
 Returns the spec of this category tree

#### getCurrentLocation

ICategory getCurrentLocation()

Returns the category that identifies the current location if the script is running the context of a location

## getDefaultCategoryTreeName

(deprecated) String getDefaultCategoryTreeName()

See getCategoryTreeByName(). Returns the name of the category tree being used for an aggregation/syndication. Use getCategoryTreeByName() to get the category tree being used for the aggregation/syndication.

#### getDescendentCategorySetForCategory

CategorySet Category::getDescendentCategorySetForCategory([Boolean bReadonly])

Returns a CategorySet consisting of all the descendents of this category

#### getEntryPosition

Integer Category::getEntryPosition(Catalog ctg, Entry child)

Allows users to get the position of a child Entry within a parent category. This will only work in an ordered catalog. Returns the position (if it works) or null (if it fails).

#### getFullPaths

String[] Category::getFullPaths ([String sDelimiter], [boolean bWithRootName])
Returns the full name paths of this Category, using the sDelimiter as the delimiter if
provided. The full path returned includes the root categories name if bWithRootName
is true.

#### getHierarchyType

String Hierarchy::getHierarchyType()

Returns the type of the hierarchy. Types can be one of the following: CATEGORY\_TREE, ORGANIZATION\_TREE, COLLABORATION\_AREA

#### getItemSecondarySpecsForCategory

Spec[] Category::getItemSecondarySpecsForCategory([Catalog ctg])
 Returns the item secondary specs associated with this category

#### getMappedCategories

Category[] Category::getMappedCategories(CategoryTree ctr)
 Returns the categories in ctr (if any) to which this category is mapped

#### getPathValue

String Category::getPathValue()

Returns the path attribute value of this category. Note, this is not the full path.

#### **getSecondarySpecsForCategory**

Spec[] Category::getSecondarySpecsForCategory()
 Returns the secondary specs defining this categories attrs

#### mapCategoryToOrganizations

void Category::mapCategoryToOrganizations(Category[] categories [, boolean bAdd])

Maps the category to all the organizations provided. If bAdd is true, the old mappings are added to otherwise they are overwritten to be the new set of organizations

#### new\$Category

new Category(CategoryTree ctr, String path, [String delimiter], [String primaryKey]

Returns a new category object when given the complete path of the new category and the delimiter that separates the categories in the path. If the delimiter is not specified, it defaults to '/' (except if a filespec is used during an import). If the primary key is not specified, then it should either be automatically set via a sequence or value rule, or it should be set after creation. If used in workflows and the category path already exists in the source category tree, the category will be checked out.

#### new\$CategoryTree

new CategoryTree(Spec spec, String name [,HashMap optionalArgs]])
 Returns a new category tree with the given primary spec and name. Pass optional args in the map with these keys "useInheritance" (default is false), "displayAttribute" (Node object), "pathAttribute" (Node object), "accessControlGroup" (pass the ACG

(Node object), "pathAttribute" (Node object), "accessControlGroup" (pass the ACG object), "isOrganizationTree" (default is false--set to true to create an organization tree). If the pathAttribute is not set, the primary key will be used. If the displayAttribute is not set, the pathAttribute is used.

#### removeCategoryTreeMapping

void CategoryTreeMap::removeCategoryTreeMapping(Category cat1, Category cat2)

Remove a map between the two categories cat1 and cat2

## removeChildCategory

void Category::removeChildCategory(String categoryName)
 Remove childCategory from this categorie's children. Only allowed if childCategory has at least another parent.

## removeItemSecondarySpecFromCategory

void Category::removeItemSecondarySpecFromCategory(String sSpecName))
 Disassociates a secondary item spec to from this Category.

#### removeSecondarySpecFromCategory

void Category::removeSecondarySpecFromCategory(String sSpecName))
 Disassociates a secondary spec defining this categories attrs.

#### reorderEntry

 Integer Category::reorderEntry(Catalog ctg, Entry child, Integer position [, Boolean blnsertBefore])

Allows users to adjust the ordering of a child Entry within a parent category in catalog ctg. Entry child is moved before (blnsertBefore=true) or after (blnsertBefore=false) the position (zero is the first element) specified. Returns the ordered entry id (if it works) or null (if it fails). This method should not be used in conjunction with a transaction. The Boolean flag is optional and if not specified defaults to true.

#### saveCategoryTree

ValidationError[] CategoryTree::saveCategoryTree ()
 Saves this category tree. DO NOT USE in AGGREGATION if you are in a item-to-category feed or a category tree feed. The category tree you are aggregating to gets saved automatically at the end of an aggregation. However, if you side affect another category tree, then call this operation to capture the changes you made. Returns Validation Error array if any validation errors occured. Null if successful

#### saveCategoryTreeMap

void CategoryTreeMap::saveCategoryTreeMap()
 Save this category tree map

## setCategoryAttrib

void Category::setCategoryAttrib(String sAttribPath, Object sValue)
 Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this category to sValue

#### setCategoryCacheFetchSize

void CategoryCache::setCategoryCacheFetchSize(Integer i)
 Sets the category cache fetch size (i.e. the number of categories gotten in bulk each time). This is only applicable if the category cache is associated with an ItemSet.

## operations\_col\_area

## addEntryIntoColArea

• boolean CollaborationArea::addEntryIntoColArea(Entry entry, String stepPath) Used for importing new items into a collaboration area. This script operation will post a message to add the newly constructed entry to the given stepPath of the collaboration area. Returns a boolean. If the entry exists in the collaboration area or the source catalog, false will be returned. True indicates the message was successfully posted. The import will occur after the current transaction is committed. This operation returns false if the entry is a category.

#### checkOutEntries

 HashMap CollaborationArea::checkOutEntries(EntrySet entrySet, [String stepPath], [boolean waitForStatus)

Checks out the entries in the entrySet into the collaboration area. If stepPath is not specified the entries will be checked-out into the Initial step. If waitForStatus is true, the checkout will take place immediately and the statuses will be returned. Otherwise the checkout will not take place immediately, instead a message will be posted to perform the operation after the current transaction is committed. Returns a HashMap of entry primary key to the status of the checkout (or null if waitforStatus is false). Checkout status could be one of the following: CHECKOUT\_SUCCESSFUL, CHECKOUT\_FAILED, ALREADY\_CHECKED\_OUT, ENTRY\_LOCKED and ATTRIBUTE\_LOCKED. ATTRIBUTE\_LOCKED indicates one or more attributes required for that collaboration area are checked out to another collaboration area. waitForStatus is false by default.

## checkOutEntry

 HashMap CollaborationArea::checkOutEntry(Entry entry, [String stepPath], [boolean waitForStatus)

Checks out the entry into the collaboration area. If stepPath is not specified the entry will be checked-out into the Initial step. If waitForStatus is true, the checkout will take place immediately and the status will be returned. Otherwise the checkout will not take place immediately, instead a message will be posted to perform the operation after the current transaction is committed. Returns a HashMap of entry primary key to the status of the checkout (or null if waitforStatus is false). Checkout status could be one of the following: CHECKOUT\_SUCCESSFUL, CHECKOUT\_FAILED, ALREADY\_CHECKED\_OUT, ENTRY\_LOCKED and ATTRIBUTE\_LOCKED. ATTRIBUTE\_LOCKED indicates one or more attributes required for that collaboration area are checked out to another collaboration area. waitForStatus is false by default.

#### dropEntries

void CollaborationArea::dropEntries(EntrySet entrySet)

Posts a message to drop the entries in the entrySet from the collaboration area and to unlock the attributes which were locked in the source container for those entries. The drop will not take place until after the current transaction has committed.

## dropEntry

void CollaborationArea::dropEntry(Entry entry)

Posts a message to drop the entry from the collaboration area and to unlock the attributes which were locked in the source container for that entry. The drop will not take place until after the current transaction has committed.

#### getColAreaAdminRoles

String[] CollaborationArea::getColAreaAdminRoles()
 Returns the admin role names for the collaboration area.

#### **getColAreaAdminUsers**

String[] CollaborationArea::getColAreaAdminUsers()
 Returns the admin user names for the collaboration area.

#### getColAreaByName

CollaborationArea getColAreaByName(String colAreaName)
 Return a collaboration area object if exists otherwise null.

#### getColAreaContainer

Container CollaborationArea::getColAreaContainer()
 Returns the collaboration area as a container.

#### getColAreaEntryHistory

ColAreaEntryHistory[] getColAreaEntryHistory(String colAreaName, String wflName, String primaryKey)

Return the entire history of the entry in the given collaboration area.

#### getColAreaHistoryByTimePeriod

 ColAreaEntryHistory[] getColAreaHistoryByTimePeriod(String colAreaName, Date beginDate, Date endDate)

Return the entire history given collaboration area for the given time period.

### getColAreaHistoryDate

Date ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryDate()
 Returns the date for the given collaboration area history event.

## getColAreaHistoryEntryKey

String ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryEntryKey()
 Returns the entry key for the given collaboration area history event.

#### getColAreaHistoryEventAttribute

String ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryEventAttribute(String attrName)
 Returns the attribute value for the given collaboration area history event type attribute name. attrName could be one of the following: COMMENT, EXIT\_VALUE, ENTRY\_DIFFERENCES

#### getColAreaHistoryEventType

String ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryEventType()
 Returns the event type for the given collaboration area history event. Event types could be one of the following: CHECKOUT, CHECKIN, BEGINSTEP, ENDSTEP, SAVEENTRY, DROP, TIMEOUT.

## getColAreaHistoryStepPath

String ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryStepPath()
 Returns the step path for the given collaboration area history event.

#### getColAreaHistoryUser

String ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryUser()
 Returns the username for the given collaboration area history event.

#### getColAreaHistoryWorkflow

String ColAreaEntryHistory::getColAreaHistoryWorkflow()
 Returns the workflow name for the given collaboration area history event.

#### getColAreald

int CollaborationArea::getColAreald()
 Returns the internal Id for the Collaboration Area.

#### getColAreaName

String CollaborationArea::getColAreaName()
 Returns the name of the collaboration area.

#### getColAreaNames

String[] getColAreaNames()

Returns all of the Collaboration Area Names for the current Company

#### getColAreaNamesForRole

String[] getColAreaNamesForRole(String role\_name)

Returns a list of collaboration area names that are applicable to a particular role.

#### getColAreaNamesForUser

String[] getColAreaNamesForUser()

Returns a list of collaboration area names that are applicable to the user.

#### getColAreaSrcContainer

Container CollaborationArea::getColAreaSrcContainer()

Returns the source container which this collaboration area is tied to.

## getColAreaStepHistory

ColAreaEntryHistory[] getColAreaStepHistory(String colAreaName, String wflName, String stepPath)

Return the entire history of the step in the given collaboration area.

#### getColAreaWorkflow

Workflow CollaborationArea::getColAreaWorkflow()

Returns the workflow which this collaboration area is tied to.

#### getCountOfEntriesInColArea

int CollaborationArea::getCountOfEntriesInColArea()

Returns the entries currently in ALL the steps of the collaboration area.

#### getCountOfEntriesInColAreaStep

• int CollaborationArea::getCountOfEntriesInColAreaStep(String stepPath)
Returns the entries currently in the given stepPath of the collaboration area.

#### getEntries

EntrySet CollaborationArea::getEntries()

Returns the entry set for the entries currently in the collaboration area.

#### getEntriesInfoXMLInStep

 String CollaborationArea::getEntriesInfoXMLInStep(String stepName,HashMap itemSet, HashMap hmAttrPaths[, int entriesCount,String dateFormat])

Returns xml representation of workflow step entries for the given step name. The dateFormat is used for formating the date values. The attribute information of attributes present in the hmAttrPaths are included in the xml.

#### getEntriesInStep

EntrySet CollaborationArea::getEntriesInStep(String stepPath)

Returns the entry set for the entries currently in the step of the collaboration area. The format of the stepPath is Stepname

#### getEntryInStep

Entry CollaborationArea::getEntryInStep(String stepPath)

Returns one entry that is currently in the step of the collaboration area, if there is at least one. If there is more than one entry currently in the step, then it is undetermined which particular one will be returned by a call to this operation. The format of the stepPath is Stepname

#### getItemsInStepByAttribute

 HashMap CollaborationArea::getItemsInStepByAttribute(String stepName,String searchAttributePath,String searchAttrValue,String

## sSortColumn[,boolean isAscending,int startIndex, int endIndex,String categoryPKList])

Returns a HashMap of items for the current pagination with the key ITEMSET and total no of matched items with the key ITEMCOUNT. By default isAscending is taken as true. startIndex as 0 and endIndex as total number of resultant items. categoryPKList is optional argument having comma separated list of category primary key for example :'1','3','7' . It is used for filtering items

#### getItemsInStepBySelection

 HashMap CollaborationArea::getItemsInStepBySelection(String stepName,String selectionString,String sSortColumn[,boolean isAscending,int startIndex, int endIndex])

Returns a HashMap of items for the current pagination with the key ITEMSET and total no of matched items with the key ITEMCOUNT. By default is Ascending is taken as true. startIndex as 0 and endIndex as total number of resultant items.

#### getItemSubset

ItemSet CollaborationArea::getSubset(IltemSet items, Integer start\_point [, Integer end point])

Returns an IltemSet which is a subset cloned from the supplied IltemSet restrained by start and optional end index positions. A start point of -1 is interpreted as 0. If the end index is omitted, all items are retrieved from the start point.

## getReservedEntriesInStep

EntrySet CollaborationArea::getReservedEntriesInStep(String stepPath)
 Returns the entry set for the reserved entries currently in the step of the collaboration area. The format of the stepPath is Stepname

#### getStepEntryTimeout

• Date CollaborationArea::getStepEntryTimeout(Entry entry, String stepPath)
Expects the given entry to actually be in the given collaboration area's specified stepPath. If the entry's really there, the script op returns the moment in time when it will time out. If any of the assumptions are not met (collaboration area has no such stepPath, entry not in that stepPath, etc.), the operation simply does nothing, i.e. no Exception thrown. The operation doesn't modify the collaboration area's underlying workflow at all. It should be thought of as operating on an entry in a collaboration area, that is expected to be in a particular stepPath at the moment in time when the op is executed.

#### getStepsForEntry

String[] CollaborationArea::getStepsForEntry(Entry entry)
 Potures all the steps that the entry is currently in for the given.

Returns all the steps that the entry is currently in for the given collaboration area. The return values is a string array containing the stepPaths. Entry should be retrieved using Collaboration Area as Container.

## getUsernameForReservedEntryInStep

 String CollaborationArea::getUsernameForReservedEntryInStep(Entry entry, String stepPath)

Returns the username of the user who locked the entry in a wfl step for a given collaboration area, otherwise it returns null.

#### getWflStepsForRole

String[][] CollaborationArea::getWflStepsForRole(String roleName)
 Returns workflow step paths along with the number of entries in it for which the role has access.

#### getWflStepsForUser

String[][] CollaborationArea::getWflStepsForUser()
 Returns workflow step paths along with the number of entries in it for which the user

has access.

### getWflStepsXML

String CollaborationArea::getWflStepsXML([String roleName])

Returns xml representation of workflow steps accessible by the given role name. if role name is not provided the xml representation of workflow steps accessible by the current user is returned.

### getWflStepsXMLByAttrValue

String CollaborationArea::getWflStepsXMLByAttrValue(String attrPath, String attrValue[, String roleName])

Returns xml representation of workflow steps accessible by the given role name. if role name is not provided the xml representation of workflow steps accessible by the current user is returned.

#### **isColAreaLocked**

Boolean CollaborationArea::isColAreaLocked()

Returns true if the collaboration area is locked, otherwise it returns false.

# isEntryReserved

Boolean CollaborationArea::isEntryReserved(IEntry entry)

Returns true if the entry is reserved in a given collaboration area, otherwise it returns false.

### isEntryReservedInStep

 Boolean CollaborationArea::isEntryReservedInStep(IEntry entry, String stepPath)

Returns true if the entry is reserved in a wfl step for a given collaboration area, otherwise it returns false.

# lockColArea

Boolean CollaborationArea::lockColArea()

Locks the Collaboration Area so that no more entries can be checked out into it. Returns true or false depending on whether the lock was successfully applied or not.

#### moveEntriesToColArea

boolean CollaborationArea::moveEntriesToColArea(EntrySet entrySet, String destColAreaName)

Applies to items only. Moves the entrySet of entries in the collaboration area to another collaboration area. destColAreaName specifies the name of the destination collaboration area, into whose Initial step the entries will be checked into. This operation is asynchronous which means a message is posted to complete the move at some time after the current transaction is committed. Returns a boolean depending on whether the message to move the entry was successfully posted. Returns false if any of the entries are categories.

# moveEntriesToNextStep

 HashMap CollaborationArea::moveEntriesToNextStep(EntrySet entrySet, String stepPath, String exitValue)

Posts a message to move the entries in the entrySet from the specified stepPath to the next step for the given exitValue. Returns a map of Entry primary key to String of validation errors. Only valid entries are moved to the next step. The move will not take place until after the current transaction has committed.

# moveEntryToColArea

boolean CollaborationArea::moveEntryToColArea(Entry entry, String destColAreaName)

Applies to items only. Moves the entrySet of entries in the collaboration area to another collaboration area. destColAreaName specifies the name of the destination

collaboration area, into whose Initial step the entries will be checked into. This operation is asynchronous which means a message is posted to complete the move at some time after the current transaction is committed. Returns a boolean depending on whether the message to move the entry was successfully posted. Returns false if the entry was a category.

# moveEntryToNextStep

 HashMap CollaborationArea::moveEntryToNextStep(Entry entry, String stepPath, String exitValue)

Posts a message to move the entry from the specified stepPath to the next step for the given exitValue. Returns a map of Entry primary key to String of validation errors. Only valid entries are moved to the next step. The move will not take place until after the current transaction has committed.

#### new\$CollaborationArea

 new CollaborationArea(String colAreaName, Workflow wfl, Container srcContainer)

Create a new collaboration area with the given name, wfl and srcContainer

### publishEntriesToSrcContainer

• boolean CollaborationArea::publishEntriesToSrcContainer(EntrySet entrySet)
Posts a message to publish the current attribute values for each entry in the entrySet in the collaboration area back to the source catalog or category tree, leaving those entries which are able to be published out to the source container unchanged and undisturbed in the collaboration area. Entries which cannot, for whatever reason, be published out to the source container will be moved to the Fixit step. This is also known as an interim checkin. The publish will occur after the current transaction completes. Returns a boolean. True indicates that the entire entrySet was valid and a publish message was successfully posted.

### releaseEntryInStep

Boolean CollaborationArea::releaseEntryInStep(Entry entry, String stepPath)
 Returns true if the entry was unlocked in a wfl step for a given collaboration area, otherwise it returns false. Operation runs synchronously.

#### reserveEntryInStep

 Boolean CollaborationArea::reserveEntryInStep(IEntry entry, String stepPath, [String username])

Returns true if the entry was reserved in a wfl step for a given collaboration area, otherwise it returns false. Operation runs synchronously.

#### runStepJob

 void CollaborationArea::runStepJob(EntrySet entrySet, String stepPath, String jobName, String jobType, Date date [, String username]) entrySet is an arbitrary EntrySet whose elements are expected to be in the workflow step specified by stepPath. jobName is the name of an existing job. jobType is either "IMPORT" or "EXPORT". date specifies the time of a one-time run. The optional username specifies the User in whose name the job will be run. Default is the User who created the job. When the job finishes, if it completes ok, the "JOB SUCCESSFUL" exit value will be set on the elements of entrySet and an EndStep event posted. If it completes with error, the "JOB FAILED" exit value will be set on elements of entrySet and a EndStep event posted. No harm done if the elements of entrySet are not in stepPath (but are still in the Collaboration Area): the EndStepEvent posted when the job finishes presumably will be meaningless and harmless. If one or more of the elements of entrySet are no longer in the Collaboration Area: they will be excluded from the entrySet of the posted EndStepEvent. If no elements of entrySet are still in the CollaborationArea, no EndStepEvent will be posted.

#### saveColArea

void CollaborationArea::saveColArea()

Saves the collaboration area.

### setColAreaAccessControlGroup

void CollaborationArea::setColAreaAccessControlGroup(String acgName)
 Sets the Access Control Group to the given name for this collaboration area.

#### setColAreaAdminRoles

void CollaborationArea::setColAreaAdminRoles(String[] roles)
 Sets the admin roles for the collaboration area.

#### setColAreaAdminUsers

void CollaborationArea::setColAreaAdminUsers(String[] users)
 Sets the admin users for the collaboration area.

# setStepEntryTimeout

void CollaborationArea::setStepEntryTimeout(Entry entry, String stepPath, Date date)

Expects the entry to actually be in the given collaboration area's specified stepPath. Provided the entry is found to actually be in the step, its timeout is set to be the moment in time specified by the date argument. If any of the assumptions are not met (collaboration area has no such stepPath, entry are not in that stepPath, etc.), the operation simply does nothing, i.e. no Exception thrown. The operation doesn't modify the collaboration area's underlying workflow at all. It should be thought of as operating on an entry in a collaboration area, that is expected to be in a particular stepPath at the moment in time when the op is executed.

#### unlockColArea

Boolean CollaborationArea::unlockColArea()

Unlocks the Collaboration Area so that entries can be checked out into it again. Returns true or false depending on whether the unlock was successful or not.

# operations\_ctgaccprv

# getCtgAccessPrvByRole

CtgAccessPrv Container::getCtgAccessPrvByRole(String sRoleName)
 Returns the catalog access privilege for the catalog and role. Returns catalog access privilege with full access if none was found.

#### getCtgAccessPrvPermission

 String CtgAccessPrv::getCtgAccessPrvPermission(String attributeCollectionName)

Returns the permission [E-editable|V-viewable] for the given attribute collection in the current catalog access prv.

#### new\$CtgAccessPrv

new CtgAccessPrv(Container container, String roleName)
 Builds a new ctg access privilege object

# saveCtgAccessPrv

Boolean CtgAccessPrv::saveCtgAccessPrv()
 Saves the current catalog access prv to the database

#### setAccessPrv

Boolean CtgAccessPrv::setAccessPrv(String attrGroupName, String permission)

Returns an access privilege object with the new permissions set for the attrGroupName. Permission is [V|E|null], and in case the permission is NULL the path

is removed from the access Privilege. Returns TRUE if successful, FALSE if not

### setCtgAccessPrv

CtgAccessPrv CtgAccessPrv::setCtgAccessPrv(String[] attrGroups, String[] permissions)

Returns a catalog access privilege object with the permissions set according to the attribute collections. Permissions are [V|E]

# operations\_ctgview

# addCtgTab

void CtgView::addCtgTab(CtgTab tab)

Add container tab object to the catalog view. The tab is added to the end of the list of tabs already defined for the container ctg view.

# deleteCtgView

void deleteCtgView(CtgView ctgView)

Delete the catalog view ctgView.

### getCtgTabAttrGroupsList

String[] CtgTab::getCtgTabAttrGroupsList()

Returns a list of ordered attribute collections for the catalog view tab.

# getCtgTabByName

CtgTab CtgView::getCtgTabByName(String name)

Returns the tab with the given name, or null if there is no such tab.

# getCtgTabName

String CtgTab::getCtgTabName()

Returns the name of the tab.

#### getCtgTabRow

CtgTabRow[] CtgTab::getCtgTabRow()

get the set of rows in the current container tab object

# getCtgTabs

CtgTab[] CtgView::getCtgTabs()

Returns an ordered array of container tab objects for the particular container view

# getCtgViewAttrGroupsList

String[] CtgView::getCtgViewAttrGroupsList()

Returns list of ordered attribute collections for the catalog view.

#### getCtgViewAttribsList

String[] CtgView::getCtgViewAttribsList()

Returns list of ordered attribute paths for the catalog view.

#### getCtgViewByName

CtgView Container::getCtgViewByName([String viewName, String viewType])

Returns the view with the corresponding name. If no name is specified, returns the default view. Use '[System Default]' to refer to the default view. The viewType can be 'ITEM\_LIST', 'ITEM\_POPUP', 'ITEM\_LOCATION, 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT' or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. By default ITEM\_EDIT/CATEGORY\_EDIT is used. If the view is not found, it returns null.

#### getCtgViewPermission

String CtgView::getCtgViewPermission(String attrGroupName)

Returns the permission [E-editable|V-viewable] for the attribute collection name in the

current view.

#### getCtgViewType

String CtgView::getCtgViewType()

Returns the type of the view in question as a string. The values can be 'ITEM\_LIST', 'ITEM\_POPUP', 'ITEM\_LOCATION, 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT', 'HIERARCHY\_RICH\_SEARCH', 'ITEM\_RICH\_SEARCH'

#### getCurrentCtgViewName

String getCurrentCtgViewName()

Returns name of current catalog view (only in Data Entry scripts). Returns an empty string outside of the Data Entry scripts.

### getDefaultCtgViewName

String Catalog::getDefaultCtgViewName()

Returns name of default catalog view.

### getDefaultCtrViewName

String CategoryTree::getDefaultCtrViewName()

Returns name of default category tree view.

### getListOfCtgViewNames

String[] Catalog::getListOfViewNames()

Returns an array of view names available for this catalog. An entry with '[System Default]' is always included as the first entry.

# getNewCtgTab

CtgTab CtgView::getNewCtgTab(String name, AttrGroup[] rows)

Builds a new container tab object with the given name and returns it. The tab needs to be added to the catalog view in order to save it

#### getTabRowPath

String CtgTabRow::getTabRowPath()

Returns the attribute path for this tab row

#### insertCtgTabAt

void CtgView::insertCtgTabAt(CtgTab tab, Integer index)

Insert container tab object to the catalog view at the index position(zero base). If index is invalid, tab is added to the end of the list

#### new\$CtgTabRow

CtgTabRow CtgTabRow(String path)

Builds a new container tab row object for the node specified by the path.

#### new\$CtgView

new CtgView(Container container, String name)

Builds a new Ctg View

# removeCtgTabAt

void CtgView::removeCtgTabAt(Integer index)

Remove container tab object to the catalog view at the index position(zero base).

# saveCtgTabs

void CtgView::saveCtgTabs()

save the container tab objects that were new/modified in the container view

# saveCtgView

Boolean CtgView::saveCtgView()

Saves the current ctgview to the database

### setCtgTabRow

void CtgTab::setCtgTabRow(AttrGroup[] rows)
 Sets the current container tab object to the new set of rows

# setCtgView

 CtgView CtgView::setCtgView(String viewType, String[] attrGroupNames, String[] permissions)

Sets the container view object with the given name/catalog and returns it. The viewType can be 'ITEM\_LIST', 'ITEM\_POPUP', 'ITEM\_LOCATION, 'BULK\_EDIT' or 'ITEM\_EDIT'. By default ITEM\_EDIT is used. Permissions are [V|E]

### setDefaultCtgView

void Catalog::setDefaultCtgView(CtgView ctgView)
 Sets the ctgview as the default catalog view.

#### setDefaultCtrView

void CategoryTree::setDefaultCtrView(CtgView ctrView)
 Sets the ctrview as the default category tree view.

# operations\_distribution

#### createDataSource

String createDataSource(String name, String type, [HashMap extraAttribs])
 Creates a Data Source of the type ("PULL\_FTP", "PULL\_FTP", "PUSH\_WWW", "DOC\_STORE") with given name. Will not create if a source with same name already exists. extraAttribs can be used to set other attributes of the datasource like "SERVER\_ADDRESS", "SERVER\_PORT", "USERNAME", "PASSWORD", "FILENAME", "DIRECTORY", "DOC\_STORE\_PATH"

### getDistributionByName

Distribution getDistributionByName(String name)
 Gets the distribution with the specified name if one exists, otherwise returns null

# getFtp

HashMap/Boolean getFtp(String hostname, String port, String userid, String password, String path, String filename, String sDocStorePath, Boolean deleteRemoteFile, [Boolean detailedTransferStatus, Boolean loggingEnabled])
Use to get a file via FTP. The seventh parameter set where Trigo will store the retrieved file. The eighth and the ninth parameters together are optional. The eight parameter gets the FTP Operation Status and the ninth parameter ensures that the FTP operations are logged. Returns the result as true/false if the eighth and the ninth are not specified otherwise a HashMap is returned. If a true/false is returned, it indicates if the ftp was a success/failure. If the size of the retrieved file is not the same as the size of the remote file the status is set to false. If a HashMap is returned, the first paramater is the true/false which indicates success/failure, the second paramater is the message string of the FTP Operation Status and the third parameter is the FTP Operation error code

#### getFullHTTPResponse

 HashMap getFullHTTPResponse(String url, HashMap hmRequestProperites, HashMap hmParameters, String sRequestMethod, [String sEncoding, Doc doc, String sContentType, boolean bGetResponseReader, boolean bPostUserInfo, String sDocStorePath])

Returns a HashMap (with RESPONSE\_READER and RESPONSE\_HEADER\_FIELDS) for the response for posting hmParameters or a doc of sContentType against the server at url, Use hmRequestProperties to send specific header information. An optional parameter bGetReader could be used to

specify if the function needs to also return the response reader (default is true). An optional parameter bPostUserInfo could be used to specify if the function would need to post the invoking user information (default is false). The response is optionally stored into a document at sDocStorePath in the docstore.

# getHTTPResponse

 BufferedReader getHTTPResponse(String url, HashMap hmRequestProperites, HashMap hmParameters, String sRequestMethod [,String sEncoding])
 Returns a reader for the response for posting hmParameters against the server at url, Use hmRequestProperties to send specific header information

#### new\$Distribution

new Distribution(String name, String type, [HashMap extraAttribs])
 Creates a distribution with the provided name. The type can be: "FTP", "EMAIL", "POST", "ARIBA\_CATALOG\_UPLOAD", "INCOMING\_FTP", "CUSTOM". extraAttribs should contain the parameters required for the different types which include "email", "hostname", "userid", "password", "path", "from", "to", "sub", "localpath"

### saveMultipartRequestData

 Doc[] saveMultipartRequestData(String saveDir, [String charset])
 Saves the documents sent through multipart post in the docstore at location: /archives/uploaded/multipart/saveDir/. If a charset is given, that is used. Otherwise, the default charset value as specified in common.properties is used.

#### sendEmail

void sendEmail(String emailTos, String emailSubject, String emailBody, [Doc emailAttachment | Doc[] emailAttachments])

Use to send an asynchronous email. The tos parameter is a list of email addresses seperated with the semicolon character (;). The 4th parameter could be an Doc or an array of Doc

# sendFtp

 void sendFtp(String hostname, String port, String userid, String password, String path, Doc doc | Doc[] docs)

Use to send a file via FTP. The 6th parameter could be an Doc or an array of Doc.

### sendHTMLEmail

 void sendHTMLEmail(String emailTos, String emailSubject, String emailBody, [Doc emailAttachment | Doc[] emailAttachments])

Same as sendEmail operation, however will allow HTML anchor tags in the message body. Use to send an asynchronous email. The tos parameter is a list of email addresses seperated with the semicolon character (;). The 4th parameter could be an IDoc or an array of IDoc

#### sendHttp

void sendHttp(String url, [Doc doc, [String contentType]])
 Use to do GET or POST to a URL.

#### sendHttpString

void sendHttpString(String url, String content, String contentType)
 Use to do GET or POST to a URL.

#### sendMultipartPost

 HashMap sendMultipartPost(String url, HashMap hmRequestProperites, HashMap hmParameters, String sRequestMethod, HashMap hmDocs)
 Sends one or more documents of any content type and/or a set of hmParameters using multipart post against the server at url, Use hmRequestProperties to send specific header information. The hmDocs is the list of pairs ['document path', 'document content type'] for the documents of a particular content type (eg: text/plain,

image/gif etc.). Also returns a HashMap (with RESPONSE\_READER and RESPONSE\_HEADER\_FIELDS) for the response.

#### setHttpServletResponseHeader

 void setHttpServletResponseHeader(HashMap hmNameValuePairs)
 Sets the name, value pairs specified in the hashMap into the header for the current HttpServletResponse

#### setHttpServletResponseStatus

void setHttpServletResponseStatus(String statusCode)

Sets the status (takes one of the values from the set #[#'SC\_ACCEPTED', 'SC\_OK', 'SC\_CONTINUE', 'SC\_PARTIAL\_CONTENT', 'SC\_CREATED', 'SC\_SWITCHING\_PROTOCOLS', 'SC\_NO\_CONTENT'#]#) for the current HttpServletResponse

# operations\_docstore

# copyDoc

Doc Doc::copyDoc(sPath)

Copy this document to the specified sPath in the docstore. If the path ends with a '/' it is assumed that the doc needs to be copied to the specified directory with its current name

#### deleteDoc

void Doc::deleteDoc()

Delete this document from the docstore

#### forEachDocument

forEachDocument([Doc[] docs\_list, ], Doc doc) { statements }

Executes the statements for each document (used in distribution scripts). If the optional docs\_list parameter is provided, however, the statements are executed for each element of docs\_list

# getDocAttribute

String Doc::getDocAttribute(String sAttributeName)
 Return the attribute sAttributeName from this document

### getDocAttributes

HashMap Doc::getDocAttributes()
 Return the attributes of this document

# getDocByPath

Doc getDocByPath(String sPath)
 Return the document with path sPath

#### getDocContentAsString

String Doc::getDocContentAsString()

Return the content of this document as a string. WARNING - this means that the entire content of the document, however big, will be returned in a string so the uer needs to make sure that any call of this operation is not going to be used in a situation where the content of the document is too big (too big being defined by the amount of memory available to the process this operation is running in).

#### getDocLastModifiedTimeStamp

Date Doc::getDocLastModifiedTimeStamp()
 Returns the date/time this document was last modified

#### getDocLength

# Integer Doc::getDocLength([Boolean bBytes])

Returns the length of the document in kilo bytes. If bBytes is true, value is returned in bytes instead of Kb. Important when smaller files are concerned

# getDocListByPaths

Doc[] getDocListByPaths(String[] sPaths)

Return the document at each path specified in sPaths

#### getDocPath

String Doc::getDocPath()

Return this document path

### getDocStoreDirectoriesInDirectory

String[] getDocStoreDirectoriesInDirectory(String sPath)

Return the list of paths of directories under the directory sPath

#### getDocStoreFilesInDirectory

String[] getDocStoreFilesInDirectory(String sPath)

Return the list of paths of documents under the directory sPath

### getDocStoreSubtreeList

String[] getDocStoreSubtreeList(String sPath)

Return the list of documents under sPath

# getHrefForDocPath

String getHrefForDocPath(String sDocPath)

Return a absolute path for the document with path sDocPath. This can be used in an HTML reference to provide a link to the document.

#### moveDoc

Doc Doc::moveDoc(sPath)

Move this document to the specified sPath in the docstore. If the path ends with a '/' it is assumed that the doc needs to be moved to the specified directory with the same doc name as the source

#### setDocAttribute

• void Doc::setDocAttribute(String sAttributeName, String sAttributeValue)

Set the attribute sAttributeName to sAttributeValue for this document

# operations\_entry

#### deleteEntryNode

void EntryNode::deleteEntryNode()

Remove this entrynode from the Entry. This operation will only work on Mutli-Occurance attributes, an error will be thrown if used on a non-mulit-occurance entryNode.

#### displayEntryAttrib

String Entry::displayEntryAttrib(String sAttribPath)

Returns the html string for displaying entry attribute specified by attribute path

#### **forEachEntrySetElement**

forEachEntrySetElement(EntrySet entrySet, Object oEntry) { statements }
 Executes the statements for each (oEntry) in the entrySet

#### getAddedAttributePathsNewEntry

String[] EntryChangedData::getAddedAttributePathsNewEntry([Category location])

Returns the paths of all attributes in LOCATION that (1) are not present in the old entry and (2) are present in the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created. If LOCATION is not specified or is null, then the comparison is done for global attributes.

# getCheckedOutEntryColAreas

String[] Entry::getCheckedOutEntryColAreas()

Return a list of collaboration area names in which the entry is checked out. Returns empty list if entry is not checked out.

### getCtgltemLocationAttribsForKeys

 String Item::getCtgItemLocationAttribsForKeys(Category location, Object[] aAttribPath [, String sDelimiter])

Gets the attributes for an item based upon the passed location category and a Object[] (declared: var aAttribs = [];) of attribute keys (paths). The resultant values are loaded into the value pair of the mapping. If the value for one key is unset, it defaults to a blank string. If the key does not correspond with an attribute, a null is entered instead.

# getDeletedAttributePathsOldEntry

String[] EntryChangedData::getDeletedAttributePathsOldEntry([Category location])

Returns the paths of all attributes in LOCATION that (1) are not present in the new entry and (2) are present in the old entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created. If LOCATION is not specified or is null, then the comparison is done for global attributes.

# getDestinationEntrySetForRelatedEntries

EntrySet Entry::getDestinationEntrySetForRelatedEntries(Container filterContainer)

Returns EntrySet with all entries this entry is related to filtering by container if filterContainer is provided.

#### getDisplayValue

String Entry::getDisplayValue(Locale locale)

Returns the display value for the entry. If no display value is available then the primary key value is returned.

#### getEntry

Entry EntryNode::getEntry()

Returns the Entry behind the EntryNode.

#### getEntryAttrib

Object Entry::getEntryAttrib(String sAttribPath)

Returns the value of the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this entry

#### getEntryAttribs

(deprecated)HashMap Entry::getEntryAttribs()

Returns an HashMap mapping the paths (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of attributes to their respective values

# getEntryAttribsList

String[] Entry::getEntryAttribsList()

Returns an array of String containing the paths (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of all the attributes of this entry

#### getEntryAttribValues

Object[] Entry::getEntryAttribValues(String sAttribPath)

Returns the values of the multi-value attribute given by sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this entry

### getEntryByPrimaryKey

Object Container::getEntryByPrimaryKey(String primaryKey)
 Gets the entry given the primary key.

### getEntryChangedData

EntryChangedData::getEntryChangedData(Entry oldEntry, Entry newEntry)
 Return an EntryChangedData object encapsulating the changes in data and locations between two entries at a point in time at which the EntryChangedData object is created, such that the returned object is a static object. Note, this script operation is very CPU intensive on large items (many locations and many attributes). Please see script operation getEntryChangedDataSinceLastSave.

# getEntryChangedDataSinceLastSave

EntryChangedData Entry::getEntryChangedDataSinceLastSave()
 Return an EntryChangedData object encapsulating the changes in data and locations between this entry and the value since the last save (including save as draft). Note, this script operation should be much faster than 'getEntryChangedData(oldEntry, newEntry).

# getEntryContainer

Object Entry::getEntryContainer()

Gets the holding container for this Entry. Could be a catalog or category tree. Use isEntryAnItem to determine which one.

### getEntryld

Integer Entry::getEntryId()
 Returns this entry's id

# getEntryNode

EntryNode EntryNode::getEntryNode(String sPath)

Return the entryNode with path sPath relative to EntryNode. If the path is not already built a NULL will be returned. Use the Entry::setEntryAttrib script operation to create a path that might not exist.

#### getEntryNodeChildren

EntryNode[] EntryNode::getEntryNodeChildren()
 Return the children of this EntryNode

#### getEntryNodeExactPath

String EntryNode::getEntryNodeExactPath()

Returns the exact path of this entry node - the following is always true: rootNode.getEntryNode(entryNode.getEntryNodeExactPath()) == entryNode

# getEntryNodeInheritedValue

Object EntryNode::getEntryNodeInheritedValue()
 If this EntryNode inherits its value, return the value. Otherwise, return null.

#### getEntryNodeParent

EntryNode EntryNode::getEntryNodeParent()

Return the parent of this EntryNode. If it is the root node, NULL is returned.

# getEntryNodePath

String EntryNode::getEntryNodePath()
 Returns the Spec Node path of this entry node, NOT the relative path of this attr.

#### getEntryNodes

# EntryNode[] EntryNode::getEntryNodes(String sPath) Return the entry nodes matching the path sPath

#### getEntryNodeType

String EntryNode::getEntryNodeType()
 return "V" = value, "G" = Grouping or top level of spec directory, "M" = Multi-directory (contains multiple occurrances of values or groupings))

### getEntryNodeValue

Object EntryNode::getEntryNodeValue()
 Return the value of this EntryNode

### getEntryRelatedItemInfo

String[] Entry::getEntryRelatedItemInfo(int iItemId)
 (Deprecated, see String[] Entry::getEntryRelationshipAttrib(String sEntryAttrib))
 Returns an array of length 2 containing: [0]=Related Item's Catalog's Name,

[1]=Related Item's Primary Key, for the related item represented by the given internal unique item id, at the browsing version of the catalog of the given entry

# getEntryRelationshipAttrib

• String[] Entry::getEntryRelationshipAttrib(String sAttribPath)

Given a relationship attribute path, returns an array of length 2 containing: [0]=Related Item's Catalog's Name, [1]=Related Item's Primary Key, for the related item. Exception will be thrown if attribute sAttribPath doesn't exist or it's not of relationship type

# getEntrySaveResult

String Entry::getEntrySaveResult()

Returns the result of the last save called on this entry. Returns one of the following strings {ADDED,DELETED,MODIFIED,UNKNOWN}

#### getEntryStatus

String Entry::getEntryStatus()
 Returns the status of the entry

# getEntryXMLRepresentation

 String Entry::getEntryXMLRepresentation(Spec spec, boolean includePrimaryKeyValue[, boolean addNameSpace, String dateFormat, Locale[] aLocales, AttrGroup[] aAttrGroups])

Returns the XML representation of this entry specific to the given spec which can be consumed by WPC-WPS integration WPS portion's XML parser. The optional parameter; addNameSpace allows the user to specify that the XML returned is in a format that can immediately be read in using the

setEntryAttributesFromXMLRepresentation function. The default of false for this parameter allows user to prepend and append to the XML as required. The date format is the pattern by which dates should be converted. A Simple Date Format is normally used. If aLocales is specified, restrict to those locales. If AttrGroup[] is specified only return attribute belonging to one of the AttrGroup

# getFlatEntryNodes

EntryNode[] Entry::getFlatEntryNodes([Boolean skipEmptyGrouping])
 Returns an array of flat EntryNodes of this entry.

#### getFlatEntryNodesOf

EntryNode[] getFlatEntryNodesOf(EntryNode en)
 Returns an array of all the entrynodes under this entrynode in depth first order

#### getFlatPrimaryEntryNodes

EntryNode[] Entry::getFlatPrimaryEntryNodes([Boolean skipEmptyGrouping])

Returns an array of flat primary EntryNodes of this entry

#### getFlatSecondaryEntryNodes

EntryNode[] Entry::getFlatSecondaryEntryNodes([Boolean skipEmptyGrouping])

Returns an array of flat secondary EntryNodes of this entry

#### getItemLocationAttrib

Object Item::getItemLocationAttrib(Category location, String sAttribPath)
 Gets a location attribute for an item. Note -- if you specify an occurence (grouping or value) that does not exist, then an exception is thrown.

### getItemUsingEntryRelationshipAttrib

Item Entry::getItemUsingEntryRelationshipAttrib(String sAttribPath)
 return the related item object for given relationship attribute path. Exception will be thrown if attribute sAttribPath doesn't exist or it's not of relationship type

### getLocation

Category Object::getLocation()

If the caller object is the entry node, return the location (category) or null if a global entry node; if the caller object is a SearchResultSet, return the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a Location (Category).

# getLocationPathForInheritedValue

String EntryNode::getLocationPathForInheritedValue(String delimiter)
 Returns the path for the location from which this EntryNode inherits, or null if it does not inherit its value. The given delimiter is used.

# getLocationsAddedAvailability

CategorySet EntryChangedData::getLocationsAddedAvailability(CategoryTree locationHierarchy)

Returns all locations in LOCATIONHIERARCHY that are available in the new entry but not the old entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created.

#### getLocationsChangedToHaveData

CategorySet

EntryChangedData::getLocationsChangedToHaveData(CategoryTree locationHierarchy)

Returns all locations in LOCATIONHIERARCHY that (1) are available in both the old entry and the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created, and (2) contain no data in the old entry but do contain data in the new entry. Note, Override is considered as having data, and Inherit is considered as not having data.

#### getLocationsChangedToHaveNoData

CategorySet

EntryChangedData::getLocationsChangedToHaveNoData(CategoryTree locationHierarchy)

Returns all locations in LOCATIONHIERARCHY that (1) are available in both the old entry and the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created, and (2) contain no data in the new entry but do contain data in the old entry. Note, Override is considered as having data, and Inherit is considered as not having data.

#### getLocationsHavingChangedData

CategorySet

EntryChangedData::getLocationsHavingChangedData(CategoryTree locationHierarchy)

Returns all locations in LOCATIONHIERARCHY that (1) are available in both the old entry and the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created, and

(2) have at least one attribute path for which the old and new entries contain different values. Note that this operation will return a superset of all locations returned by the getLocationsChangedToHaveData and getLocationsChangedToHaveNoData script operations.

# getLocationsRemovedAvailability

CategorySet

EntryChangedData::getLocationsRemovedAvailability(CategoryTree locationHierarchy)

Returns all locations in LOCATIONHIERARCHY that are available in the old entry but not the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created.

# getModifiedAttributePathsNewEntry

String[] EntryChangedData::getModifiedAttributePathsNewEntry([Category location])

Returns the paths of all attributes in LOCATION that (1) are present in both the old entry and the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created, and (2) contain different data in the old and new entries. It is possible for an attribute to have different attribute paths across the old entry and the new entry, for example because a multioccurrence sibling has been deleted. In this case, we return the attribute path for the new entry. If LOCATION is not specified or is null, then the comparison is done for global attributes.

# getModifiedAttributePathsOldEntry

String[] EntryChangedData::getModifiedAttributePathsOldEntry([Category location])

Returns the paths of all attributes in LOCATION that (1) are present in both the old entry and the new entry from which this EntryChangedData object was created, and (2) contain different data in the old and new entries. It is possible for the same attribute to have different attribute paths across the old entry and the new entry, for example because a multioccurrence sibling has been deleted. In this case, we return the attribute path for the old entry. If LOCATION is not specified or is null, then the comparison is done for global attributes.

#### getNodeFromEntryNode

Node EntryNode::getNodeFromEntryNode()
 Returns the Node object for this entry node.

#### getOriginalEntry

Entry Entry::getOriginalEntry()

Returns the original picture of the entry as stored in the database. If the entry is new or deleted, this operation returns null.

### getPipeDelimitedCSVRepresentation

String Entry::getPipeDelimitedCSVRepresentation()

Returns a CSV representation of this entry with fields that are name value pairs separated by the pipe character. All attribute values have the exact path of the attribute with occurrence numbers as the name. All category paths have CATEGORY or PATH as the name for items and categories respectively.

# getPossibleEntryNodeValues

String[] EntryNode::getPossibleEntryNodeValues()

Returns the possible values of string enumeration, number enumeration, timezone or lookuptable entrynode. For other type of entrynodes an empty array would be returned.

### getPrimaryKey

String Entry::getPrimaryKey()

Returns the primary key value of this entry.

#### getRootEntryNode

EntryNode Entry::getRootEntryNode()

Return the root entry node for this entry

# getSourceEntrySetForRelatedEntries

EntrySet Entry::getSourceEntrySetForRelatedEntries(Container filterContainer)
 Returns EntrySet with all entries that have an attribute related to this entry filtering by container if filterContainer is provided.

### getXMLRepresentation

String Entry::getXMLRepresentation()

Returns an XML representation of this entry with the structure Nodes/Node/Name, Nodes/Node/Value, Paths/Path.

#### hasInheritedValue

Boolean EntryNode::hasInheritedValue()

Returns TRUE if this entry node WOULD inherit some non-null value if set to do so.

### hasNonInheritedValue

Boolean EntryNode::hasNonInheritedValue()

Returns TRUE if there is a non-null non-inherited value. The presence or absence of inherited values makes no difference.

### isEntryAnItem

Boolean Entry::isEntryAnltem()

Returns TRUE if this entry is an Item, FALSE if it is a Category.

# **isEntryCheckedOut**

Boolean Entry::isEntryCheckedOut()

Returns true if the entry is checked out into a collaboration area otherwise it returns false.

#### isInheriting

Boolean Item::isInheriting(Category location, String sAttribPath)

Return true if the item inherits at a location for sAttribPath. The attribute will contain an unset value and will support inheritance. Note, no check is made that there is a value to inherit.

#### populateAllNonPersisted

Boolean Entry::populateAllNonPersisted()

Execute non-persisted script for all entrynodes in the entry. Return true if the script was completed succesfully, false otherwise

# populateNonPersistedForEntryNode

Boolean EntryNode::populateNonPersistedForEntryNode()

Execute non-persisted script for this entrynode. Return true if the script was completed succesfully, false otherwise

# previewEntryAttrib

String Entry::previewEntryAttrib(String sAttribPath)

Returns the preview string for displaying entry attribute specified by attribute path. Returns "" if sAttribPath refers to a non existing attribute or to a non-existing multi-occurrence instance

#### setEntryAttrib

void Entry::setEntryAttrib(String sAttribPath, Object sValue)

Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this entry to sValue. Perform optional checks before update if bDoChecks is true.

#### setEntryAttribValues

void Entry::setEntryAttribValues(String sAttribPath, Object[] sValues)
 Sets the values of the multi-value attribute given sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this entry.

# setEntryNode

EntryNode EntryNode::setEntryNode(String sPath)

Return the entryNode with path sPath relative to EntryNode. If the path is not already built a NULL will be returned. Use the Entry::setEntryAttrib script operation to create a path that might not exist. Deprecated.

# setEntryNodeRelationshipValue

 Integer EntryNode::setEntryNodeRelationshipValue(Catalog relatedItemCtg, String sRelatedItemPrimaryKey)

Set the value of this EntryNode of type RELATIONSHIP to the related item represented by the given catalog and primary key. Return 1 if the value was set, 0 if nothing changed, and -1 if the item with the PK was not found.

# setEntryNodeRelationshipValueUsingItem

Integer EntryNode::setEntryNodeRelationshipValueUsingItem(Item relatedItem)
 Set the value of this EntryNode of type RELATIONSHIP to the related item given.
 Return 1 if the value was set, 0 if nothing changed, and -1 if the item with the PK was not found.

### setEntryNodeValue

Integer EntryNode::setEntryNodeValue(Object value)
 Set the value of this EntryNode and return 1 if the value was set, 0 if nothing changed, and -1 if there was a type conversion error.

## setEntryRelationshipAttrib

 void Entry::setEntryRelationshipAttrib(String sAttribPath, Catalog relatedItemCtg, String sRelatedItemPrimaryKey)

Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_path) of type RELATIONSHIP of this entry to the related item represented by the given catalog and primary key

#### setEntryRelationshipAttribUsingItem

 void Entry::setEntryRelationshipAttribUsingItem(String sAttribPath, Item relatedItem)

Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_path) of type RELATIONSHIP of this entry to the related item given

#### setEntryStatus

void Entry::setEntryStatus(String status)
 Sets the status of the entry

#### setInheriting

void Item::setInheriting(Category location, String sAttribPath, [Boolean flag])
 By default or if flag is true, then set an item location's attribute to an unset value or a grouping to inheriting, which means that the attribute will inherit at this location. If flag is false, then the attribute will not inherit, meaning that the attribute holds a null override.

#### setPrimaryKey

void Entry::setPrimaryKey(String value)
 Sets the primary key value of this entry.

#### throwValidationError

void EntryNode::throwValidationError(String errorType[, String errorString])
 Sets up a validation error that shows up in validation errors in the gui and the list of

errors returned when an entry is saved in a script. ERRORTYPE should be one of "UNIQUENESS", "VALIDATION\_RULE", "PATTERN", "MIN\_OCCURENCE", "LENGTH".

# operations\_export

# addAllObjectsToExport

void EnvObjectList::addAllObjectsToExport([String sObjectType, [String sActionMode]])

Notifies that all the entities of specific object type be exported. sObjectType is optional. sActionMode is used to specify the action mode in which the object has to be exported. It is optional. In case it is not specified, the value set using setActionModeForExport() is used. If no action mode has been set, CREATE OR UPDATE is used. List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "ACG", "ALERT", "ATTRIBUTE\_COLS", "CATALOG", "CATALOG\_CONTENT", "CATALOG\_VIEW", "COLLABORATION\_AREA", "COLLABORATION\_AREA\_CONTENT", "COMPANY\_ATTRIBUTES". "CONTAINER\_ACCESSPRV", "DATASOURCE", "DESTINATION\_SPEC", "DISTRIBUTION", "DISTRIBUTION GROUP", "DOC STORE", "EXPORTS", "FEEDS", "FILE\_SPEC", "HIERARCHY", "HIERARCHY\_CONTENT", "HIERARCHY\_MAPS", "HIERARCHY\_VIEW", "JOBS", "LOOKUP\_TABLE", "LOOKUP TABLE CONTENT", "LOOKUP TABLE SPEC", "MAPS". "MY\_SETTINGS", "PRIMARY\_SPEC", "QUEUE", "REPORTS", "ROLES", "ROLE\_LOCALE\_ACCESS" "SELECTION", "SCRIPT\_INPUT\_SPEC", "SECONDARY\_SPEC", "SPEC", "SUB\_SPEC", "UDL", "UDL\_CONTENT", "USERS", "WEBSERVICE", "WORKFLOW" List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "CREATE OR UPDATE", "CREATE", "UPDATE", "DELETE"

#### addObjectByNameToExport

void EnvObjectList::addObjectByNameToExport(String sEntityName[, String sObjectType, [String sActionMode]])

Sets the entity to be exported by specifying the entity name as an argument. sObjectType is optional. sActionMode is used to specify the action mode in which the object has to be exported. It is optional. In case it is not specified, the value set using setActionModeForExport() is used. If no action mode has been set, CREATE\_OR\_UPDATE is used. In case of Catalog and Hierarchy Content export, this operation is used to specify the attribute collection associated with the object. In case of DocStore partial export, this operation is used to specify the DocStore path. List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "ACG", "ALERT" "ATTRIBUTE\_COLS", "CATALOG", "CATALOG\_CONTENT", "CATALOG\_VIEW", "COLLABORATION\_AREA", "COLLABORATION\_AREA\_CONTENT", "COMPANY\_ATTRIBUTES", "CONTAINER\_ACCESSPRV", "DATASOURCE", "DESTINATION SPEC", "DISTRIBUTION", "DISTRIBUTION GROUP", "DOC\_STORE", "EXPORTS", "FEEDS", "FILE\_SPEC", "HIERARCHY", "HIERARCHY\_CONTENT", "HIERARCHY\_MAPS", "HIERARCHY\_VIEW", "ITEM\_CATEGORY\_MAPS", "JOBS", "LOOKUP\_TABLE", "LOOKUP\_TABLE\_CONTENT", "LOOKUP\_TABLE\_SPEC", "MAPS", "MY SETTINGS", "PRIMARY SPEC", "QUEUE", "REPORTS", "ROLES", "ROLE\_LOCALE\_ACCESS" "SELECTION", "SCRIPT\_INPUT\_SPEC", "SECONDARY\_SPEC", "SPEC", "SUB\_SPEC", "UDL", "UDL\_CONTENT", "USERS", "WEBSERVICE", "WORKFLOW" List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "CREATE\_OR\_UPDATE", "CREATE", "UPDATE", "DELETE"

#### exportEnv

String exportEnv(EnvObjectList envObjList, String sDocFilePath)
 Exports the WebSphere Product Center objects specified in envObjList at the specified DocStore path. sDocFilePath is the filepath of the zip file that will be exported into the document store - returns the log as a string.

#### getCatalogNameToExport

String EnvObjectList::getCatalogNameToExport()
 Returns the last value set with setCatalogByNameToExport

# getHierarchyNameToExport

String EnvObjectList::getHierarchyNameToExport()
 Returns the last value set with setHierarchyByNameToExport

#### getTypesToExport

String[] EnvObjectList::getTypesToExport()
 Returns all the object types, set with setTypeToExport, for exporting

### getTypeToExport

String EnvObjectList::getTypeToExport()
 Returns the last object type set with setTypeToExport

#### new\$EnvObjectList

new EnvObjectList()

Returns a container for the WebSphere Product Center objects to be exported. This class is used to add and retrieve the objects to be exported.

#### setActionModeToExport

void EnvObjectList::setActionModeToExport(String sActionMode)
 Sets the default action mode for objects to be exported. The value specified in this method can be overridden by specifying the action mode in addAllObjectsToExport() or addObjectByNameToExport(). List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "CREATE\_OR\_UPDATE", "CREATE", "UPDATE", "DELETE"

### setCatalogByNameToExport

void EnvObjectList::setCatalogByNameToExport(String sCatalog)
 Sets the Catalog whose contents are to be exported

#### setHierarchyByNameToExport

void EnvObjectList::setHierarchyByNameToExport(String sHierarchy)
 Sets the Hierarchy whose contents are to be exported

#### setHierarchyMapToExport

 void EnvObjectList::setHierarchyMapToExport(String sourceHierarchy, String destHierarchy [,String sActionMode])

Sets the source and destination Hierarchies whose mappings need to be exported. sActionMode is used to specify the action mode in which the object has to be exported. It is optional. In case it is not specified, the value set using setActionModeForExport() is used. If no action mode has been set, CREATE\_OR\_UPDATE is used. List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "CREATE\_OR\_UPDATE", "CREATE", "UPDATE", "DELETE"

#### setItemCategoryMapToExport

 void EnvObjectList::setItemCategoryMapToExport(String sCatalog, String sHierarchy [,String sActionMode)

Sets the Catalog and Hierarchy whose Item-Category mappings need to be exported

#### setTypeToExport

void EnvObjectList::setTypeToExport(String sObjectType)

Sets the object type to be exported. List of acceptable values for sObjectType are: "ACG", "ALERT", "ATTRIBUTE\_COLS", "CATALOG", "CATALOG\_CONTENT", "CATALOG\_VIEW", "COLLABORATION\_AREA", "COLLABORATION\_AREA\_CONTENT", "COMPANY\_ATTRIBUTES", "CONTAINER\_ACCESSPRV", "DATASOURCE", "DESTINATION\_SPEC", "DISTRIBUTION", "DISTRIBUTION\_GROUP", "DOC\_STORE", "EXPORTS",

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"FEEDS", "FILE_SPEC", "HIERARCHY", "HIERARCHY_CONTENT", "HIERARCHY_MAPS", "HIERARCHY_VIEW", "ITEM_CATEGORY_MAPS", "JOBS", "LOOKUP_TABLE", "LOOKUP_TABLE_CONTENT", "LOOKUP_TABLE_SPEC", "MAPS", "MY_SETTINGS", "PRIMARY_SPEC", "QUEUE", "REPORTS", "ROLES", "ROLE_LOCALE_ACCESS" "SELECTION", "SCRIPT_INPUT_SPEC", "SECONDARY_SPEC", "SPEC", "SUB_SPEC", "UDL", "UDL_CONTENT", "USERS", "WEBSERVICE", "WORKFLOW"
```

# operations\_import

# createExport

 String createExport(String marketSpecName, String catalogName, String specMapName, String exportScriptName, String syndicationName, [HashMap optionalArgs])

Creates the Export with given params. An optional parameter "charsetName", which may be set in the "optionalArgs" parameter, describes the file encoding of the export. Otherwise, the Cp1252 is chosen as the default file encoding. Returns Done if successful, Error if not. Here is a complete list of the optional arguments which may be set in the "optionalArgs" parameter: String approverUserName, String charsetName, String distributionName, String distributionGroupName, String selectionName, String synType, String diffType,String sParamsDocPath. The distributionName and distributionGroupName can be a list of distribution names delimited by the string returned by getStringValueForClassMember("com.ibm.ccd.common.util.Const", "CATEGORY PATH DELIMITER")

### createImport

 String createImport(String sImportName, String sImportType, String sSourceName, String sFileSpecName, String sCatalogName, String sSpecMapName, String sCategoryTreeName, String sScriptName, String sACGName, [HashMap optionalArgs])

Creates the Feed with given params. An optional argument "sCharsetName", which may be defined in the optionalArgs HashMap, describes the file encoding of the feed. Otherwise, Cp1252 is chosen as the default file encoding. Also, optional parameters to describe if the current container is a collaboration area, and the step path of the workflow step in to which the feed is to be done, could be specified. Returns Done if successful, Error if not. The complete list of optional arguments, which may be set in the optionalArgs parameter, is as follows: String sCharsetName, Boolean blsCollaborationArea, String sWflStepPath, String sParamsDocPath, String sImportSemantic, and String sApproverUserName.

#### disableBatchProcessingForItems

void disableBatchProcessingForItems()

Sets up the import to not process items in bulk. This used to be achieved in earlier releases by setting up an import on a catalog different than the one the user wanted to import into.

#### loadImport

String loadImport(String sImportName, String sPath)
 Loads file from the given DocStore path into the given Import. Returns Done if successful, Error if not.

# startAggregationByName

void startAggregationByName(String sName, String sDocPath)
 Run the feed called sName on the file sDocPath

# startExportByName

Boolean startExportByName(String sName)

Run the export called sName. Returns TRUE if success.

# operations\_import

### importEnv

String importEnv(String sDocFilePath, [bFromFileSystem])

Imports the content of the archive in the docstore at sDocFilePath into this company. Returns the log as a String. WARNING: Transactional disruption will occur: This script operation will disrupt the current transaction - resulting in possible commit or rollback of prior data. The transactional state on completion is not guaranteed. This script operation should not be used inside a useTransaction or catchError block. This operation is very disruptive to a WPC company and should not be used on a live system.

# operations\_item

# buildCtgltem

(deprecated) see new\$CtgItem

#### cloneltem

Item Item::cloneItem()

Create and return a clone of this item.

# deleteCtgltem

void deleteCtgltem(Item itm)

Delete the catalog item itm

### displayCtgltemAttrib

String Item::displayCtgItemAttrib(String sAttribPath)

Returns the html string for displaying item attribute specified by attribute path

#### getAvailableLocations

CategorySet Item::getAvailableLocations(Object locationOrCategoryTree)
 Returns CategorySet of available locations.

# getCatalog

Catalog Item::getCatalog() | Catalog SearchResultSet::getCatalog([int columnIndex])

Return the catalog object this item belongs to, or return the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a Catalog.

#### getCtgltemAllCategories

Category[] Item::getCtgItemCategories()

(Deprecated) See getCtgItemCategories. Return the all categories this item is mapped to,

#### getCtgltemAtOldVersion

Item Item::getCtgItemAtOldVersion()

Returns the old version of the item in the differences syndication.

### getCtgltemAttrib

Object Item::getCtgItemAttrib(String sAttribPath)

Returns the value of the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item

#### getCtgItemAttribByPk

Object Catalog::getCtgltemAttribByPk(String pk, String sAttribPath)

Returns the value of the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item

### getCtgItemAttribNamesList

String[] Item::getCtgltemAttribNamesList([Boolean bAllAttributes])
 Returns an array of String containing the attribute name of all the attributes of this item (optional parameter allows option exclude categorySpecificAttribute - true by default)

# getCtgItemAttribsForKeys

String Item::getCtgItemAttribsForKeys (Object[] aAttribs [, String sDelimiter])
 Gets the attributes for an item based upon the passed Object[] (declared: var aAttribs = [];) of attribute keys (paths). The resultant values are loaded into the value pair of the aAttribs mapping. By specifying the delimiter parameter, in addition to populating aAttribs mapping the operation returns a CSV string representation of the retrieved values separated by the delimiter character.

# getCtgItemAttribsList

String[] Item::getCtgItemAttribsList()

Returns an array of String containing the paths (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of all the attributes of this item

### getCtgItemAttributeNewValue

(deprecated) use Item::getCtgItemAttrib()

# getCtgltemAttributeOldValue

(deprecated) use Item::getCtgItemAtOldVersion()

### getCtgItemCategories

Category[] Item::getCtgItemCategories([String catTreeName] [, CategoryCache catCache])

Return the categories this item is mapped to. If catTreeName is given, returns the categories within that ctr only (use the default category tree if no category tree is passed). Also, can use an optional CategoryCache passed in catCache

# getCtgltemCategoryPaths

 String[] Item::getCtgItemCategoryPaths(String sPathDelimiter, [Boolean bWithRoot], [CategoryTree ctr])

Returns an array of delimited strings of the category paths this item belongs to. If ctr is given, returns the paths of the categories within that ctr only.

# getCtgltemCategoryPathsForPrimaryKey

 String[] Catalog::getCtgltemCategoryPathsForPrimaryKey(String sPrimaryKey, String sPathDelimiter, [Boolean bWithRoot], [CategoryTree ctr])
 Returns an array of delimited strings of the category paths for the item with

sPrimaryKey in Catalog. If ctr is given, returns the paths of the categories within that ctr only

#### getCtgltemCatSpecificAttribsList

String[] Item::getCtgItemCatSpecificAttribsList()

Returns an array of String containing the paths (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of all the category specific attributes of this item

#### getCtgltemDiffStatus

String Item::getCtgItemDiffStatus()

For content difference syndications, returns this item"s difference status (A, M, D, U)

### getCtgltemId

Integer Item::getCtgItemId()

#### Returns this item's Id

### getCtgltemMappedAttrib

String Item::getCtgItemMappedAttrib(String sAttribMappedPath)
 Returns the value of the attribute mapped to/from sAttribMappedPath (mapped\_spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item

### getCtgltemMappedAttribs

HashMap Item::getCtgItemMappedAttribs()

Returns a HashMap with the mapped attributes values indexed by their path (mapped\_spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item

### getCtgltemMappedAttribsList

String[] Item::getCtgItemMappedAttribsList()

Returns an array of String containing the paths (mapped spec name/attribute name) of all the m

(mapped\_spec\_name/attribute\_name) of all the mapped attributes of this item

# getCtgItemOrganizations

Organization[] Item::getCtgItemOrganizations()

Return the all organizations this item is mapped to,

### getCtgItemOrganizations

Organization[] Item::getCtgItemOrganizations()

Return the all organizations this item is mapped to,

# getCtgltemPrimaryKey

String Item::getCtgItemPrimaryKey()

Returns this item's primary key value

### getErrorsForLocation

[ValidationError] LocationErrors::getErrorsForLocation ()

[Returns the validation errors for the current location errors. There will be at least one validation error.

#### getExitValue

String Entry::getExitValue()

Returns the exit value, if set, of an entry in a workflow step. Assumed to be called from an IN(), OUT(), or TIMEOUT() step script function.

#### getGlobalErrors

ValidationError[] EntryValidationErrors::getGlobalErrors ()

Returns the validation errors for the global attributes. Will return an empty array if no such errors exists.

#### getItemRootEntryNodeForLocation

• EntryNode Item::getItemRootEntryNodeForLocation(Category location)

Returns the root EntryNode for this item at the given location.

# get Item Root Entry Nodes Having Location Data

EntryNode[] Item::getItemRootEntryNodesHavingLocationData()
 Returns a list of EntryNodes, each is a root entryNode per location that has data defined.

# getItemStatus

String Item::getItemStatus()

Return UNKNOWN, ADDED, MODIFIED, DELETED

# getItemXMLRepresentation

String Item::getItemXMLRepresentation(Spec spec, boolean

### includePrimaryKeyValue[, String dateFormat])

Returns the XML representation of this item which is specific to the given spec. This representation can be consumed by the XML parser in the WPS portion of the WPC and WPS integration

### getLinkedItemForNode

Item Item::getLinkedItemForNode(String node\_path)
 Returns the linked item associated with the specified node.

#### getLinkedItems

Hashmap[] Item::getLinkedItems()

Returns a list containing a Hashmap for each item linked to this item's primary key. Keys in the HashMap include "item\_key", "item\_id", "catalog\_id", and "catalog\_name".

### getLocationErrors

LocationErrors[] EntryValidationErrors::getLocationErrors ()
 Returns the locations errors for locations having validation errors. Will return an empty array if no such errors exists.

### getLocationForErrors

ICategory LocationErrors::getLocationForErrors ()
 Returns the category associted with the current location errors.

# getLocationsHavingData

CategorySet Item::getLocationsHavingData(Object locationOrCategoryTree)
 Returns the category set of locations for which this entry has location specific attributes defined under the specified location or category tree..

### getOriginalItem

Item Item::getOriginalItem()

Returns the original picture of the item before modification. Deprecated. Please use Entry::getOriginalEntry

# getValidationErrorEntryNode

EntryNode ValidationError::getValidationErrorEntryNode()
 Return the EntryNode associated with this ValidationError

#### getValidationErrorMsg

String ValidationError::getValidationErrorMsg()
 Return the error message associated with this ValidationError

#### getValidationErrorType

String ValidationError::getValidationErrorType()
 Return the type associated with this ValidationError

#### initializeKeyValueMapping

Object[] initializeKeyValueMapping(Object[] aKeyset)
 Create a linked hash map.

#### isCtgltemMappedToCategories

Boolean Item::isCtgltemMappedToCategories([CategoryTree ctr])
 Returns true if the item is mapped to categories. If the optional argument ctr is given, returns true if the item is mapped to a category in ctr.

#### isItemAvailableInLocation

Boolean Item::isItemAvailableInLocation(Category location)
 Returns true if item is mapped to the given location in the specified category tree.

#### **locationHasData**

Boolean Item::locationHasData(Category location)
 Returns true if the location has data.

#### makeItemAvailableInLocation

void Item::makeItemAvailableInLocation(Category location, [Boolean bRecursive])

Makes this item available in a given location. Available means that an item can have location data for the given location. If bRecursive is true than make item available in all descendent locations.

#### makeItemAvailableInLocations

void Item::makeItemAvailableInLocations(Category[] locations, [Boolean bRecursive])

Makes this item available in the given locations. Available means that an item can have location data for the given location. If bRecursive is true than make item available in all descendent locations.

#### makeItemUnavailableInLocation

void Item::makeItemUnavailableInLocation(Category location, [Boolean bRecursive])

Makes this item unavailable in a given location. If bRecursive is true than make item unavailable in all descendent locations.

#### makeItemUnavailableInLocations

 void Item::makeItemUnavailableInLocations(Category[] locations, [Boolean bRecursive])

Makes this item unavailable in the given locations. If bRecursive is true then make item unavailable in all descendent locations.

#### mapCtgltemToCategory

 void Item::mapCtgItemToCategory(Category category, [Boolean addToPicture], [Boolean validateCategory])

Map this item to this category. If optional boolean addToPicture is false, the secondary specs will not be associated and cannot be set; useful for performance. If optional boolean validateCategory is true and the category's hierarchy does not have the VALIDATION\_RULES option disabled, the mapping will only occur if the category passes validation. Validation is false by default.

# mapCtgltemToOrganizations

void Item::mapCtgItemToOrganizations(Category[] organizations [, boolean bAdd])

Maps the item to all the organizations provided. If bAdd is true, the old mappings are added to otherwise they are overwritten to be the new set of organizations. Deprecated--Call moveCtgItemToCategories

#### moveCtgltemToCategories

void Item::moveCtgItemToCategories(Category[] categories), [, boolean bAdd])
 Move item from existing categories to new set of categories, if bAdd is true, then category mappings will be added.

#### new\$Ctgltem

new Ctgltem(String sCtgName/Catalog ctg], [Boolean bRunEntryBuildScript], [Boolean bBuildNonPersisted], [Boolean bBuildEmptyEntryPicture])
Returns a new item object. The argument can be a catalog name or a catalog object. The argument being a catalog object allows the propagation of attribute collections to process settings etc. to new items being built with this operation. If no catalog name/object is provided, then the default catalog from the current script context is used. bRunEntryBuildScript or bBuildNonPersisted should be set to false to disable

the default behavior of this script operation to run the entry build script or build the

non-persisted attributes respectively for this new item.

#### removeCtgltemFromCategory

void Item::removeCtgItemFromCategory(Category category)
 Remove mapping from this item to this category, if the mapping exists.

#### saveCtgltem

EntryValidationErrors Item::saveCtgItem()

Saves the item and returns the EntryValidationErrors object. Use operations EntryValidationErrors::getGlobalErrors() and

EntryValidationErrors::getLocationErrors() to get the validation errors that may have prevented the save. WARNING: Transactional disruption will occur: When used in an import script, this script operation will commit any existing transaction, and will open a new transaction if a transaction did exist. This script operation should be used carefully; for example, it should not be called in a catchError block.

### setCtgltemAttrib

boolean Item::setCtgItemAttrib(String sAttribPath, Object sValue)
 Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item to sValue.
 Returns true if it was set succesfully. Returns false if operation failed to set, or if old and new values are same

### setCtgltemMappedAttrib

 void Item::setCtgItemMappedAttrib(String sAttribPath, Object oValue)
 Sets the attribute mapped to/from sAttribMappedPath (mapped\_spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item to sValue

# setCtgltemMappedAttribs

void Item::setCtgItemMappedAttribs(HashMap hmPathValue, [SpecMap specmap])

Set the attributes of this item: hmPathValue should contain (path\_y, value\_x)'s; the item attribute path\_x receives value\_x if path\_y is mapped to path\_x in specmap - if no spec map is specified, the specmap of the import is being used.

#### setCtgltemPrimaryKey

void Item::setCtgItemPrimaryKey(String pk)
 Sets this item's primary key value

#### setCtgltemRelationshipAttrib

 void Item::setCtgltemRelationshipAttrib(String sAttribPath, Catalog relatedItemCtg, String sRelatedItemPrimaryKey)

Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_path) of type RELATIONSHIP of this item to the related item represented by the given catalog and primary key

#### setCtgltemRelationshipAttribUsingItem

 void Item::setCtgItemRelationshipAttribUsingItem(String sAttribPath, Item relatedItem)

Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_path) of type RELATIONSHIP of this item to the related item given

# setExitValue

Entry::setExitValue(String exitValue)

Set the exit value of an entry in a workflow step. Assumed to be called from an IN(), OUT(), or TIMEOUT() step script function.

# setIgnoreCategorySpecificAttributes

void Item::setIgnoreCategorySpecificAttributes(Boolean bIgnore)
 Set whether or not category specific attributes should be processed for the item

#### setItemAttributesFromXMLRepresentation

void Item::setItemAttributesFromXMLRepresentation(String xmlStr [,String dateFormat)

Updates this item based upon an XML representation which is created by the XML parser in the WPS portion of the WPC and WPS integration

#### setItemLocationAttrib

void Item::setItemLocationAttrib(Category location, String sAttribPath, Object sValue)

Sets the attribute sAttribPath (spec\_name/attribute\_name) of this item for the given location to sValue.

# validateMappedAttribs

HashMap validateMappedAttribs(HashMap hmPathValue, [SpecMap specmap])
 Validate a set of attribute values indexed by their mapped path against the destination spec

# operations\_jms

### jmsCreateTextMsg

JMSMessage QueueSession::jmsCreateTextMsg(String msgText)
 Creates a new JMS TextMessage using QueueSession information with the text provided.

# jmsDisconnect

void QueueSession::jmsDisconnect(QueueConnection qcon)
 Disconnects from the given queue manager.

#### **imsGetConnectionFactory**

QueueConnectionFactory Context::jmsGetConnectionFactory(String jmsFactory)

Creates and returns a jms connection factory with the specified context.

#### imsGetContext

Context jmsGetContext(String url, String jndiFactory)
 Creates a JMS context.

#### jmsGetMessageCorrelationID

String JMSMessage::jmsGetMessageCorrelationID()
 Returns a string containing Correlation Id for the JMS message.

#### **imsGetMessageID**

String JMSMessage::jmsGetMessageID()
 Returns a string containing the JMS message id.

### jmsGetMessageProperties

HashMap JMSMessage::jmsGetMessageProperties()
 Returns a hashmap from string property names to string values for those priorities.

#### jmsGetMQConnectionFactory

 QueueConnectionFactory jmsGetMQConnectionFactory(String mqQueueManager, String mqHostname, String mqChannel, Integer mqPort)
 Creates and returns a jms connection factory for communicating with MQ queues.
 Note that you do not need a Context to get an MQ connection factory whereas you need a Context for connecting to other JMS queues.

#### **jmsGetQueue**

javax.jms.Queue QueueSession::jmsGetQueue(String name)

(DEPRECATED: use jmsGetQueueByName() instead). Returns a javax.jms.Queue object from the given QueueSession. NAME identifies the desired queue in a vendor-specific format.

# jmsGetQueueByName

javax.jms.Queue jmsGetQueueByName(Context ctx, String name)
 Returns a javax.jms.Queue object from the given JNDI Name and Context.

### **jmsGetQueueConnection**

QueueConnection QueueConnectionFactory::jmsGetQueueConnection([String username], [String password])

Returns a JMS queue connection from the given connection factory. Uses the username and password supplied, or if no username or password is supplied, uses the defaults in common.properties if they exist, otherwise attempts to connect as the user running WebSphere Product Center.

### jmsGetQueueSession

QueueSession QueueConnection::jmsGetQueueSession()
 Returns a JMS queue session from the given connection factory.

### **imsGetTextFromMsq**

String JMSMessage::jmsGetTextFromMsg()
 Returns a string containing the entire content of a JMS message, including headers.

### **jmsReceiveMsg**

 JMSMessage QueueSession::jmsReceiveMsg(String queueName, Integer timeout[, String messageSelector, JMSMessage messageToReceiveReplyFor, Context ctx])

(METHOD DEPRECATED. Use jmsReceiveMsgFromQueue() instead). Receives a JMS Message. Times out after TIMEOUT milliseconds. If INBOUNDQUEUE is not null, looks on that queue. If ctx is provided, INBOUNDQUEUE is assumed to be a JNDI name: otherise INBOUNDQUEUE is assumed to be a queue name in vendor-specific format. If INBOUNDQUEUE is null, and

MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR is not null, looks on the queue defined in the "Reply-To" field of MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR. If INBOUNDQUEUE is null and MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR is null, throws an AustinException. We now know which queue will be used. If MESSAGESELECTOR and

MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR are both null, selects the first message from that queue. Otherwise selects the first message from the queue (if any) fulfilling all of the conditions defined by MESSAGESELECTOR and

MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR. If MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR is not null, rejects any message not having a correlation ID equal to

MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR's message ID. If MESSAGESELECTOR is not null, rejects any message not fulfilling the condition defined in messageSelector. If no appropriate message is found, returns null.

#### jmsReceiveMsgFromQueue

 JMSMessage QueueSession::jmsReceiveMsgFromQueue(javax.jms.Queue queue, Integer timeout[, String messageSelector, JMSMessage messageToReceiveReplyFor])

Receives a JMS Message. Times out after TIMEOUT milliseconds. If INBOUNDQUEUE is not null, looks on that queue. If INBOUNDQUEUE is null, and MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR is not null, looks on the queue defined in the "Reply-To" field of MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR. If INBOUNDQUEUE is null and MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR is null, throws an AustinException. We now know which queue will be used. If MESSAGESELECTOR and

MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR are both null, selects the first message from that queue. Otherwise selects the first message from the queue (if any) fulfilling all of the conditions defined by MESSAGESELECTOR and

MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR. If MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR is not

null, rejects any message not having a correlation ID equal to MESSAGETORECEIVEREPLYFOR's message ID. If MESSAGESELECTOR is not null, rejects any message not fulfilling the condition defined in messageSelector. If no appropriate message is found, returns null.

### jmsSendMsg

 JMSMessage QueueSession::jmsSendMsg(JMSMessage msg, String queueName[, HashMap properties, JMSMessage messageToReplyTo, Context ctx])

(METHOD DEPRECATED. Use jmsSendMsgToQueue() instead). Sends message MSG and returns MSG or null. The message is sent to the queue specified by OUTBOUNDQUEUE, unless OUTBOUNDQUEUE is null. If ctx is provided, OUTBOUNDQUEUE is assumed to be a JNDI name. If ctx is not provided, OUTBOUNDQUEUE is assumed to be a queue name in vendor-specific format. If OUTBOUNDQUEUE is null, MSG is sent to the reply-to queue of MESSAGETOREPLYTO, if MESSAGETOREPLYTO is provided. If OUTBOUNDQUEUE is null and MESSAGETOREPLYTO is not provided, throws an AustinException. If MESSAGETOREPLYTO is provided, the message id is read from it. PROPERTIES is a map from string keys to string values. There is one special (non-JMS) key: "TRIGO\_INCOMING\_REPLY\_QUEUE".

"TRIGO\_INCOMING\_REPLY\_QUEUE" indicates the queue name to which an external application should send replies to this message. If ctx is provided, the value of "TRIGO\_INCOMING\_REPLY\_QUEUE" is assumed to be a JNDI name: otherwise it is assumed to be a queue name in vendor-specific format.

### jmsSendMsgToQueue

 JMSMessage QueueSession::jmsSendMsgToQueue(JMSMessage msg, javax.jms.Queue outboundQueue [, HashMap properties, JMSMessage messageToReplyTo,])

Sends message MSG and returns MSG or null. The message is sent to the queue specified by OUTBOUNDQUEUE, unless OUTBOUNDQUEUE is null. If OUTBOUNDQUEUE is null, MSG is sent to the reply-to queue of MESSAGETOREPLYTO, if MESSAGETOREPLYTO is provided. If OUTBOUNDQUEUE is null and MESSAGETOREPLYTO is not provided, throws an AustinException. If MESSAGETOREPLYTO is provided, the message id is read from it. PROPERTIES is a map of string keys to string values with a single key value that is acted on. This special (non-JMS) key is "TRIGO\_INCOMING\_REPLY\_QUEUE" whose value is the javax.jms.Queue object to which an external application should send the replies to this message.

#### jmsSetMessageText

void JMSMessage::jmsSetMessageText(String msgText)
 Sets the provided text for the JMS TextMessage. Only JMS TextMessage type is supported.

# operations\_lkp

#### addRow

 Boolean LookupTable::addRow(String sKey, String sValue), Boolean LookupTable::addRow(String sKey, String[] asValues)
 Add a new row to this lookup table - with value(s) sValue/asValues for the key sKey. Returns TRUE if and only if the add was successful.

#### addRowByOrder

 Boolean LookupTable::addRowByOrder(String sKey, String sValue), void LookupTable::addRow(String sKey, String[] asValues)
 Add a new row to this lookup table - with value(s) sValue/asValues for the key sKey

#### containsUsingLookupTable

Boolean String::containsUsingLookupTable(LookupTable lkp)

Return true if and only if the string contains at least one of the keys from the lookup

#### deleteLookupTable

deleteLookuptable(LookupTable lkp)

Delete the lookup table lkp. WARNING: Transactional disruption will occur: This script operation will roll back any existing transaction, and will leave the database connection in auto-commit. This script operation should be used carefully; for example, it should not be called in a catchError block.

### getKeysFromValues

String[] LookupTable::getKeysFromValues(String[] values)

Reverse lookup of keys using values from the lookup table. The values can either be Paths in the Spec or the column number of the lookup table starting from 0 and not including the Key column.

# getLkpByName

LookupTable getLkpByName(String name, [Boolean isReadOnly])

Returns the lookup table object with the corresponding name. By default the lookup table is read-only, but can be made mutable by setting the isReadOnly parameter to false.

# getLkpld

Integer LookupTable::getLkpld()

Return the id of this lookup table.

# getLkpKeys

String[] LookupTable::getLkpKeys()

Return the keys of this lookup table

# lookup

String lookup(String sLookupTableName, String sKey [, String sSecKey]),
 String lookup(LookupTable lkp, String sKey [, String sSecKey])

Returns the sSecKey-th value for sKey in the lookup table sLookupTableName or lkp

# **lookupValues**

String[] lookupValues(LookupTable lkp, String sKey)

Returns values for sKey in the lookup table lkp

#### put

 void put(String sLkpTableName, String sStartKey, String sValue), void put(String sLkpTableName, String sStartKey, String[] asValues)

Put a new row in the lookup table sLkpTableName

#### replaceUsingLookupTable

String String::replaceUsingLookupTable(LookupTable lkp)

Return a string in which any substring matching a key in the lookup table is replace by the corresponding value

# operations\_locale

# addToCompanyLocales

void addToCompanyLocales(Locale []companyLocales)

Adds the given locales to the list of locales that are defined for the company.

#### getCompanyLocales

### Locale[] getCompanyLocales()

Returns the locales that are part of the current company

#### getCustomMessage

### String getCustomMessage(String id, [Locale loc])

Given message id (and locale), returns description of the message.

#### getDefaultACGName

### String getDefaultACGName()

Returns the name of default ACG in the current company

# getDefaultAttrCollectionName

### String getDefaultAttrCollectionName(String specName)

Returns the name of default lookup table hierarchy in the current company

# getDefaultCharset

### Locale getDefaultCharset()

Returns default charset of the current company

# getDefaultLktHierarchyName

# String getDefaultLktHierarchyName()

Returns the name of default lookup table hierarchy in the current company

### getDefaultLocale

# Locale getDefaultLocale()

Returns default locale of the current company

### getDefaultOrgHierarchyName

# String getDefaultOrgHierarchyName()

Returns the name of default organization hierarchy in the current company

# getDefaultSpecDispNameAttribute

# String getDefaultSpecDispNameAttribute()

Returns the display name attribute of default spec in the current company

# getDefaultSpecName

# String getDefaultSpecName()

Returns the name of default spec in the current company

# getDefaultSpecNameAttribute

### String getDefaultSpecNameAttribute()

Returns the name attribute of default spec in the current company

#### getDefaultSpecPathAttribute

### String getDefaultSpecPathAttribute()

Returns the path attribute of default spec in the current company

#### getLocaleCode

#### String Locale::getLocaleCode()

Returns the 5 letter code (2 letter language code + underscore + 2 letter country code) for the given locale.

#### getLocaleDisplayName

### String Locale::getLocaleDisplayName()

Returns a description of the locale suitable for display.

#### getLocalizedSpecNames

Spec[] getLocalizedSpecNames()

Returns all the specs that are localized.

#### getSystemMessageByld

String getSystemMessageByld(int id, [Locale loc])
 Given message id (and locale), returns description of the message.

### getSystemMessageByName

String getSystemMessageByName(String msg\_name, [Locale loc])
 Given message name (and locale), returns description of the message.

#### getUserLocale

Locale getUserLocale()

Returns the locale that is selected by the user for browsing content

#### new\$Locale

new Locale(String language\_code, String country\_code)

Returns a locale with the language and country (two letter codes) combination specified. Throws exception if it is not supported.

### removeFromCompanyLocales

void removeFromCompanyLocales(Locale []companyLocales)

Removes the given locales from the list of locales that are defined for the company. This will also remove the given locales from any specs that are localized using them.

### replaceCompanyLocales

void replaceCompanyLocales(Locale []companyLocales)

Sets the given locales for the company. Removes any existing locales. This will also remove any locales removed as a result of this operation, from any specs that are localized using them. For example: Current locales are en\_US and fr\_FR. Calling replaceCompanyLocales({en\_US,de\_DE}) will result in (1) en\_US and de\_DE are removed from company. (2) company locales are set to en\_US and de\_DE (3) any specs localized with fr\_FR will have fr\_FR removed from them.

# operations\_mq

# mqDisconnect

void MQQueueManager::mqDisconnect()

Disconnects from the given queue manager.

# mqGetMessageDiagnostics

String mqGetMessageDiagnostics(MQMessage message)

Returns a string containing diagnostic information about the given message.

#### mqGetMessageId

String MQMessage::mqGetMessageId()

Returns the ID of the given message as a String containing a hexadecimal number.

#### mgGetQueueMgr

 MQQueueManager mqGetQueueMgr(String hostname, String port, String channel, String queueMgrName)

Creates and returns a new MQ queue manager with the given properties.

#### mqGetReceivedMsg

MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqGetReceivedMsg(String queueName, String queueOpenOptions, String messageGetOptions)

Receives a message from queueName. Returns the message, as a MQMessage, or null.

#### mqGetReceivedMsgByMessageID

 MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqGetReceivedMsgByMessageID(String queueName, String messageId, String passedInQueueOpenOptions, String passedInMessageGetOptions)

Finds the message in the given queue with given message ID. The ID is passed in a a String containing a hexadecimal number. Returns null if there is no such message in the given queue.

# mqGetResponseToMsg

 MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqGetResponseToMsg(MQMessage outgoingMessage, String queueOptions, String messageOptions)
 Gets the response to the given message from the given queue.

### mqGetTextFromMsg

String mqGetTextFromMsg(MQMessage mqMessage)
 Returns a string containing the entire content of a MQMessage, including headers.

### mqGetXMLMessageContent

String mqGetXMLMessageContent(String orgXmlMsg)
 Discards any garbage at the beginning of the input string to get a XML document.
 More precisely, behaves as follows: If the input string is of the form A + B, where B is a valid XML document and A is any (possibly empty) string, this operation returns B.

Otherwise, returns null.

# mqSendReply

 MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqSendReply(MQMessage receivedMsg, String msgText, String passedInQueueOpenOptions, String passedInMessagePutOptions)

Sends a reply to the given message, without indicating success or failure.

#### mgSendReplyWithStatus

MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqSendReplyWithStatus(MQMessage receivedMsg, String msgText, String status, String passedInQueueOpenOptions, String passedInMessagePutOptions)
Sends a reply to the given message, setting the feedback field to indicate the given status. Status must be one of the following (in upper or lower case): "SUCCESS", "FAIL", "VALCHANGE", "VALDUPES", "MULTIPLE\_HITS", "FAIL\_RETRIEVE\_BY\_CONTENT", "BO\_DOES\_NOT\_EXIST", "UNABLE\_TO\_LOGIN", "APP\_RESPONSE\_TIMEOUT", "NONE".

# mqSendTextMsg

 MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqSendTextMsg(String msgText, String queueName, String queueOpenOptions, String messagePutOptions)
 Sends a message provided in the String msgText over queueName. Returns the MQMessage

#### mqSendTextMsgWithReply

 MQMessage MQQueueManager::mqSendTextMsgWithReply(String msgText, String queueName, String replyQueueName, String queueOpenOptions, String messagePutOptions)

Sends a message provided in the String msgText over queueName. The reply queue is specified. Returns the MQMessage object.

# operations\_mutablespec

# addSubSpec

Boolean Spec::addSubSpec(Spec subSpec)
 Adds an entire SubSpec using a SubSpec.

#### buildSpec

Spec buildSpec(String specName, String specType, [Spec specFileType])
Returns a new spec object with the given name and type. Valid types are
PRIMARY\_SPEC, SECONDARY\_SPEC, FILE\_SPEC, MKT\_SPEC, SUB\_SPEC,
LKP\_SPEC, SCRIPT\_INPUT\_SPEC. The optional parameter specFileType is
actually mandatory for the spec of type FILE\_SPEC but not applicable to any other
type. specFileType specifies the data file type of the file spec. Valid data file types are
"D", "T", "C", "F", "X", and "G" which stand for DELIMITED, TAB\_DELIMITED, CSV,
FIXEDWIDTH, XML, GENERATED\_DURING\_FEED. If the specFileType field is
omitted when specifying a FILE\_SPEC an AustinException is thrown.

#### buildSpecNode

Node buildSpecNode(Spec spec, String path, Integer order)
 Returns a new node object of a spec with the given path and node order. Please make sure to use a spec that has been obtained using the new Spec() or buildSpec operation

### buildTestSpec

Spec buildTestSpec(String name, String type, Integer fields)
 Returns a new spec object with the specified name, type and number of fields in the spec

#### deleteSpec

void Spec::deleteSpec()
 Delete this spec

#### exportXML

String IMutableSpec::exportXML()
 Exports a WebSphere Product Center Spec to a String representing a XML file.

#### exportXSD

String IMutableSpec::exportXSD()
 Exports a WebSphere Product Center Spec to a String representing the contents of XML Schema Definition.

#### **importXML**

IMutableSpec importXML(String filename)
 Imports a XML file to a WebSphere Product Center Spec.

#### importXSD

 IMutableSpec importXSD(String filename, String specName, String specType, String primaryKeyPath, String maxAncestors, String topLevelNamespace, String topLevelName, String archivedFilename)
 Imports a XML Schema Definition file (.xsd) to a WebSphere Product Center Spec, using the given parameters.

#### new\$Spec

new Spec(String specName, String specType, [String specFileType])
Returns a new spec object with the given name and type. Valid types are
PRIMARY\_SPEC, SECONDARY\_SPEC, FILE\_SPEC, MKT\_SPEC, SUB\_SPEC,
LKP\_SPEC, SCRIPT\_INPUT\_SPEC. The optional parameter specFileType is
actually mandatory for the spec of type FILE\_SPEC but not applicable to any other
type. specFileType specifies the data file type of the file spec. Valid data file types are
"D", "T", "C", "F", "X", and "G" which stand for DELIMITED, TAB\_DELIMITED, CSV,
FIXEDWIDTH, XML, GENERATED\_DURING\_FEED. If the specFileType field is
omitted when specifying a FILE\_SPEC an AustinException is thrown.

#### new\$SpecLookupTableNode

new SpecLookupTableNode(Spec spec, String path, String lookupTableName,

# Integer order)

Returns a new node created in the spec according to the path and order with the specified Look up table attached.

# new\$SpecNode

new SpecNode(Spec spec, String path, Integer order)
 Returns a new node created in the spec according to the path and order.

#### removeNode

Boolean Spec::removeNode(String path)
 Removes a node from a spec.

#### saveSpec

void Spec::saveSpec()
 Save this spec to the database

#### setAttribute

void Node::setAttribute(String sAttributeName, String sValue, [Boolean dontReplace])

Set an attribute of a node or a spec. Please consult the documentation for allowable values of sAttributeName. Common values are MAX\_OCCURRENCE, MIN\_OCCURRENCE, TYPE, DEFAULT\_VALUE. If the optional third parameter "dontReplace" is supplied, and is true, or we are dealing with a node rather than a spec, sValue is added to any existing values for this attribute rather than replacing them.

#### setAttributes

void Node::setAttributes(String sAttributeName, HashMap sValues)
 Set an attribute of a node or a spec to a set of values contained in the sValues
 HashMep. Any existing values are deleted before the new values are added. Please consult the documentation for allowable values of sAttributeName.

#### setNodeName

void IMutableSpec::setNodeName(String path, String newNodeName)
Renames the node in the given spec with the given path to newNodeName. Throws an exception if any of the following conditions is true: (i) there is no node at the given path in the given spec. (ii) there is a node at the given path in the given spec, but it is not a leaf node. (iii) there is a node at the given path in the given spec, but it is a primary key. (iv) there is already a node at the given path with newNodeName. (v) the name is an invalid name.

#### setPrimaryKeyPath

void Spec::setPrimaryKeyPath(String primaryKeyPath)

Sets the primaryKeyPath of this spec to the given path. Throws an AustinException under any of the following conditions: 1. The spec is not a primary spec or lookup spec. 2. The path does not exist in the spec. 3. The path refers to a node included from a SubSpec, and the node does not have minimum occurrence and maximum occurrence both set to 1.

# operations\_perf

#### beginPerf

beginPerf(String name)
 Starts timing current block for perf. logging

#### endPerf

endPerf(String name)

Ends timing current block for perf. logging

### getTimerElapsedTime

Integer Timer::getTimerElapsedTime()
 Return the time elapsed between start and stop.

#### new\$Timer

new Timer()

Create (and start) a timer.

#### startTimer

Timer::startTimer()
 Start the timer.

### stopTimer

Timer::stopTimer()
 Stop the timer.

# operations\_queuemgr

#### createQueue

 IMsgQueue createQueue (String queueName, String queueDesc, MsgQueueProtocolEnum protocol, String syncScriptPath))
 Creates a new queue with the given parameters.

# getMessageFromQueue

Message getMessageFromQueue (String queueName, Integer index)
 Gets the indexth oldest message from the given queue, index starting with 1. For example, getMessageFromQueue("Queue1", 2) would return the 2nd oldest message from the queue with name "Queue1". If there is no such message or queue, returns null.

# getMsgAppResponse

Void Message::getMsgAppResponse()
 Initiates the request for response for a message.

# getMsgAppResponseDoc

Doc Message::getMsgAppResponseDoc()
 Returns the Doc object for the message.

### getMsgAttachments

HashMap Message::getMsgAttachments ()
 Potures a HashMap of attachment pages to attach

Returns a HashMap of attachment names to attachments for the given message..

#### getMsgByMsgld

Message getMsgByMsgld(String msgld)

Returns the message object with the message id msgld null otherwise.

#### getMsgDoc

Doc Message::getMsgDoc()
 Returns the Doc object for the message.

### getMsgld

String Message::getMsgld()

Returns the generated unique id for the message.

# getMsgProtocolResponseDoc

Doc Message::getMsgProtocolResponseDoc()
 Returns the Doc object for the message.

# getMsgQueue

MsgQueue Message::getMsgQueue()

Returns the MsgQueue object for the message.

### getMsgQueueName

String MsgQueue::getMsgQueueName()

Returns the name of this message queue.

### qmgrGetMsgQueueByName

MsgQueue qmgrGetMsgQueueByName(String queueName)

Returns the queue if present in the system.

# sendMsg

Message MsgQueue::sendMsg(Doc doc)

Sends the message. If successful, will return a message object. If it fails it will return null.

### setMsgDoc

void Message::setMsgDoc(IDoc doc)

Sets the Doc object for the message.

# operations\_report

# getReportByName

Report getReportByName(String reportName)

Return a report if one exists with the specified name and null otherwise

### new\$Report

new Report(String reportName, String reportScriptName, Distribution dist)
 Return a new report object

#### renderHorizontalBars

 String renderHorizontalBars(Integer barWidth, Integer barHeight, Integer[] anLengths, String[] asLabels)

Return an HTML table to display horizontal bars - anHeights[i] should have the length of the i-th bar and asLabels[i] the tooltip for the i-th bar

# renderVerticalBars

 String renderVerticalBars(Integer barWidth, Integer barHeight, Integer[] anLengths, String[] asLabels)

Return an HTML table to display vertical bars - anHeights[i] should have the length of the i-th column and asLabels[i] the tooltip for the i-th column

# operations\_scheduler

### queryJobCompletionPercentage

Integer queryJobCompletionPercentage(Integer scheduleID)

Queries the completion percentage of the specified job. Method will return percent complete as Integer if the job is currently running, null otherwise.

# queryJobStatus

String queryJobStatus(Integer scheduleID)

Queries the specified job if it is currently running. Method will return one of "Completed Running", "Running", "System Error", "Error Completing", "Not Started".

#### runJob

## Integer runJob(String jobName, String jobType)

Runs the specified job immediately. Returns the scheduleID for the job. Job type will be one of "CTGTODB", "DBTOMKT", "REPORTEXE", or "CATALOGTOCATALOGEXPORT". \* CTGTODB should be used for imports \* DBTOMKT should be used for exports \* REPORTEXE should be used for reports \* CATALOGTOCATALOGEXPORT should be used for catalog exports

## stopJob

void stopJob(Integer scheduleID)

Stops the specified job if it is currently running.

# operations\_search

### copySearchItemData

void Selection::copySearchItemData(Item searchItem[, Boolean append])
 Copy item search data to search selection where the item was retrieved from a search result set. Use the optional append argument if you want to add data to existing data.

## copySearchItemLocationTreeData

 void Selection::copySearchItemLocationTreeData(Item searchItem, CategoryTree locationTree[, Boolean append])

Copy item search data to search selection where the item was retrieved from a search result set. Data is added for locations for given location tree. Use the optional append argument if you want to add data to existing data.

## deleteSearchTemplate

void SearchTemplate::deleteSearchTemplate()
 Delete this search template

#### execute

SearchResultSet SearchQuery::execute()
 Execute the search query.

## executeInBackground

Schedule SearchQuery::executeInBackground(String selectionName)
 Execute the search query in background and save result as a selection.

# getBoolean

boolean SearchResultSet::getBoolean(int columnIndex)
 Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a boolean.

## getCategory

Category SearchResultSet::getCategory(int columnIndex)
 Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a Category.

# getDate

Date SearchResultSet::getDate(int columnIndex)
 Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a Date.

## getDouble

double SearchResultSet::getDouble(int columnIndex)
 Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a double.

#### getFloat

float SearchResultSet::getFloat(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a float.

## getHierarchy

CategoryTree SearchResultSet::getHierarchy(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a CategoryTree.

#### getInt

int SearchResultSet::getInt(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as an int.

## getItem

Item SearchResultSet::getItem(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as an Item.

#### getLong

long SearchResultSet::getLong(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a long.

# getSearchTemplateByName

SearchTemplate getSearchTemplateByName(String name)

Return the search template with the given name. Otherwise it becomes null.

## getSearchTemplateName

String SearchTemplate::getSearchTemplateName()

Return the name of this search template

## getSpec

Spec SearchResultSet::getSpec(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a Spec.

## getString

String SearchResultSet::getString(int columnIndex)

Get the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object as a String.

#### isDefined

boolean SearchResultSet::isDefined(int columnIndex)

Return true if the value of the designated column in the current row of this SearchResultSet object is defined; otherwise, return false.

#### moveCursor

boolean SearchResultSet::moveCursor(int position)

Change cursor position, where  $0 \le \text{position} < \text{size}()$ . So if size() = 100, you can set the position to 0, 1, ..., 98, 99. The return value is true if the cursor was moved (note that you will have to call next() to fetch the row), or false if the cursor could not be moved due to an incorrect position .

## new\$SearchQuery

new SearchQuery(String queryString)

Create a search query.

#### new\$SearchSelection

new SearchSelection(Catalog catalog, String name)
 Return an empty search selection.

## new\$SearchTemplate

 new SearchTemplate(String name, Array attrGroupNames, Container container, String desc, [String colAreaName, String stepPath])

Return a new search template with the given name, container, and the set of attribute group names. Also, search templates in a collaboration area step can be defined by providing optional parameters colAreaName and stepPath.

#### reset

SearchResultSet::reset()

Reset cursor position to first position. Similar to calling moveCursor(0)

#### setItemLocationData

 void Selection::setItemLocationData(Item item, CategoryTree locationTree, String[] locFullPaths, String delimiter, Boolean rootIncluded[, Boolean append])
 Add item search data to search selection. Data is added for locations for given location tree as an array of full category paths. Use the given delimiter to delimit the path elements and set rootIncluded to true if path includes category tree root name. Use the optional append argument if you want to add to existing data.

# operations\_soap

## invokeSoapServer

Object invokeSoapServer(String sURL, String sMethodName, Object[] aParamValues [,String[] aParamNames[, String userName, String password]]) Invoke a soap server. SURL is the URL of the service. SMETHODNAME is the name of the operation called. APARAMVALUES is an array containing the request parameters. APARAMNAMES is an optional array containing the names of the paramters. USERNAME is a username and company code separated by @, for example user@company to be passed in and used if authentication is required for this web service. PASSWORD is the password for the corresponding user in the company, and is only used if authentication is required for this web service. Returns the return value of the SOAP operation call.

## invokeSoapServerForDocLit

Object invokeSoapServerForDocLit(String sURL, String xmlRequestMsg)
 Invoke a soap server for Document-Literal based web services. SURL is the URL of the service. XMLREQUESTMSG is a string containing the request message in XML format.

# operations\_spec

#### addToSpecLocales

void Spec::addToSpecLocales(Locale []newLocales)
 Adds the given locales to the list of locales that are defined for the spec.

## buildSpecNodeName

String buildSpecNodeName(String name)

Returns the parsed name that was passed in so that it can be used as a spec node name (spec node name only accept letters and characters, others are converted to an underscore \_)

#### getLocaleNode

Node Node::getLocaleNode(Locale locale)

Returns the localized node for the supplied locale.

#### getLocales

Object Spec::getLocales()

returns the locales associated with the spec

## getNodeAttributeValue

String Node::getNodeAttributeValue(String attributeName)

Returns the value of this node's attribute, i.e. MAXLENGTH, MAX\_OCCURRENCE, MIN\_OCCURRENCE, HELP\_URL, TYPE, etc.

# getNodeAttributeValues

HashMap Node::getNodeAttributeValues(String attributeName)

Returns the values of this node's attributes in a Hash Map, i.e. STRING\_ENUMERATION.

## getNodeByPath

Node Spec::getNodeByPath(String path)

Returns the node object for path in this spec.

## getNodeChildren

INode[] Node::getNodeChildren()

Returns the children for the node

#### getNodeDisplayName

String Node::getNodeDisplayName([Locale locale])

Returns the display name of a locale node. Optionally, if the node is the parent of the locale nodes, pass in the locale for a particular locale node display name. If it is not valid for the node to have a display name, will return null.

### getNodeLocale

Locale Node::getNodeLocale()

Returns the locale object for this node if it is a locale specific node.

## getNodeLookupTableName

String Node::getNodeLookupTableName()

Returns the name of the Lookup Table associated with this node, if one exists.

## getNodeName

String Node::getNodeName()

Returns the name of this node.

# getNodePath

String Node::getNodePath()

Returns the path of this node.

#### getNodeSpec

Spec Node::getNodeSpec()

Returns the spec object for this node.

# getPrimaryKeyNode

Node Spec::getPrimaryKeyNode()

Returns the primary-key node of this primary spec. If this is not a primary spec, returns null.

#### getSpecAttribNames

String[] Spec::getSpecAttribNames()

Returns the names of each attribute(node) specified in the spec

#### getSpecAttribPaths

String[] Spec::getSpecAttribPaths()

Returns the paths of each attribute(node) specified in the spec

## getSpecByName

Spec getSpecByName(String name, [Boolean blmmutable])

Returns the spec object with the corresponding name. By default, a mutable spec is returned. If an immutable spec is needed, then an optional boolean parameter blmmutable is specified to be true. Please note that only mutable specs can be modified.

# getSpecMultiOccurAttributePaths

HashMap Spec::getSpecMultiOccurAttributePaths()

Returns the multi occurence attribute paths for this spec.

## getSpecName

String Spec::getSpecName()

Returns the name of this spec

# getSpecNameList

String[] getSpecNameList(HashMap filters)

Returns the names of the Specs that match the given filters. VALID Filters: ("PATTERN", String) ("CONTAINER", Container Object) Will return only specs attached to container ("SPECTYPE", String {"PRIMARY\_SPEC", "SECONDARY\_SPEC", "LOOKUPTABLE\_SPEC", "FILE\_SPEC"} comma separated list) ("LOCALIZED", String {YES, NO}) Will return only localized or only non-localized specs

## getSpecNodes

HashMap Spec::getSpecNodes()

Returns map of node paths to node objects for this spec.

# getSpecPrimaryKeyAttributePath

String Spec::getSpecPrimaryKeyAttributePath()

Returns the primary key attribute path for this spec. Returns null if the path is not valid for this spec.

## getSpecSequenceAttributePaths

HashMap Spec::getSpecSequenceAttributePaths()

Returns the sequence attribute paths for this spec.

### getSpecType

String Spec::getSpecType()

Returns the type of this spec

#### getSpecUniqueAttributePaths

HashMap Spec::getSpecUniqueAttributePaths()

Returns the unique attribute paths for this spec.

#### isLocalized

Boolean Spec::isLocalized()

Returns a boolean to indicate whether or not a spec is localized

#### isNodeEditable

Boolean Node::isNodeEditable()

Returns true if the node is editable. Returns false otherwise

# isNodeGrouping

Boolean Node::isNodeGrouping()

Returns true if the node is a grouping node, false otherwise

#### isNodeIndexed

Boolean Node::isNodeIndexed()
 Returns true if this node is indexed

#### isNodeNonPersisted

Boolean Node::isNodeNonPersisted()
 Returns true if the node is a non-persisted node, false otherwise

## **isNodeSpecRoot**

Boolean Node::isNodeSpecRoot()
 Returns true if the node is a spec root node, false otherwise

## IoadSpecFromXML

void loadSpecFromXML(String specXml)

Creates spec defined in XMLSTRING. This spec can be loaded into different companies, like you would do from the command line

# removeFromSpecLocales

void Spec::removeFromSpecLocales(Locale []newLocales)
 Removes the given locales from the list of locales that are defined for the spec.

## replaceSpecLocales

void Spec::replaceSpecLocales(Locale []newLocales)
 Sets the given locales for the spec. Removes any existing locales.

#### setLocalized

void Spec::setLocalized(Boolean localized)
 Sets the localized property of a spec

#### setNodeEditable

void Node::setNodeEditable(Boolean)
 Sets the node to be editable or non-editable

#### setNodeIndexed

void Node::setNodeIndexed(Boolean)
 Sets the node to be indexed or not

# operations\_specmap

## buildTestSpecMap

 SpecMap buildTestSpecMap(String mapName, String mapType, Object source, Object destination)

Returns a new spec map on the specified map type between the source and the destination - first delete existing map if there is one. The mapType can be FILE\_CAT\_MAP or CAT\_MKT\_MAP or FILE\_CATALOG\_MAP or CATALOG\_MKT\_MAP or CATALOG\_CATALOG\_MAP. If source or destination is catalog, user should pass Catalog object, else pass Spec object.

## getDefaultSpecMapName

(deprecated) String getDefaultSpecMapName()
 See getSpecMapByName. Returns the name of the spec map being used for an aggregation/syndication.

## getSpecMapByName

SpecMap getSpecMapByName([String name])
 Returns the specmap object with the corresponding name

## getSpecMapDstObject

Object SpecMap::getSpecMapDstObject()
 Returns the destination object of this spec map

## getSpecMapSrcObject

Object SpecMap::getSpecMapSrcObject()
 Returns the source object of this specmap

#### map

void SpecMap::map(String sSrcPath, String sDstPath)
 Add a mapping from sSrcPath to sDstPath to this spec map

#### new\$SpecMap

new SpecMap(String mapName, String mapType, Object source, Object destination)

Creates a new spec map of the given type between the source and destination objects. The mapType can be FILE\_CAT\_MAP or CAT\_MKT\_MAP or FILE CATALOG MAP or CATALOG MAP.

## saveSpecMap

void SpecMap::saveSpecMap()
 Save this spec map to the database

# operations userdefinedlog

## dumpUserDefinedLog

 void UserDefinedLog::dumpUserDefinedLog(Writer out, String delim, String outputType, String docTag, HashMap hmNodeTags)

Dump all log entries from the user defined log to the Writer provided in no specific order. out - this is the output writer you want to dump the UDL to delim - the delimiter used for the current UDL entries outputType - one of COPY\_UDE\_OUTPUT, CSV\_OUTPUT, XML\_OUTPUT COPY\_UDE\_OUTPUT: dump each UDL entry exactly how it is currently stored CSV\_OUTPUT: dump each UDL entry as comma seperated values XML\_OUTPUT: dump each UDL entry within XML tags; docTag and hmNodeTags must also be specified docTag - this will comprise the XML tag surrounding the UDL dump hmNodeTags - this is the array of labels for each subtag to surround each delimited value

#### forEachUserDefinedLogEntry

o forEachUserDefinedLogEntry(UserDefinedLog UDL, [Entry e,] String[] logEntries [, Boolean bReturnMultipleLogEntries = true]) { statements } Executes the statements for each group of log entries in the given UserDefinedLog or, if Entry e is defined, each log entry for that specific Entry. If bReturnMultipleLogEntries is false, the array of log entries will contain only the first (oldest) log in chronological order. This is only a valid option if Entry e is not defined. If bReturnMultipleLogEntries is true, all logs are populated in the array in ascending chronological order for a given Entry (oldest first). By default, bReturnMultipleLogEntries is true.

#### getUserDefinedLog

UserDefinedLog Container::getUserDefinedLog(String name)
 Returns the user defined log object having the given name, for this container

#### insertUserDefinedLog

void UserDefinedLog::insertUserDefinedLog()
 Persist the new user defined log object to the database.

#### isUserDefinedLogNew

Boolean UserDefinedLog::isUserDefinedLogNew()

Check if the user defined log has been saved in the database.

#### newUserDefinedLog

 UserDefinedLog Container::newUserDefinedLog(String name, String description, Boolean isRunningLog)

Returns a new user defined log object for this container with the given name and description. Will throw an exception if a log with the same name already exists for the container.

# newUserDefinedLogEntry

 newUserDefinedLogEntry(Date date, Container container, Entry entry, String log [, Entry category])

Returns a new user defined log entry object with for the specified entry which is either an item or category (with date/timestamp and log). If the category is also provided the logs will only be associated to that category.

## saveUserDefinedLog

void UserDefinedLog::saveUserDefinedLog()

Update the persisted user defined log object in the database.

## startBatchProcessingForUserDefinedLog

void UserDefinedLog::startBatchProcessingForUserDefinedLog()

Setup batch processing for the given User Defined Log. This operation is to be used mainly during import/mass update jobs.

# stopBatchProcessingForUserDefinedLog

void UserDefinedLog::stopBatchProcessingForUserDefinedLog()

Stop batch processing for the given User Defined Log. This operation is to be used mainly during import/mass update jobs.

## userDefinedLogAddEntry

 void UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogAddEntry(Entry entry, [String log\_message], [Entry category])

Add an entry to the user defined log. If a message is specified, set that for the UserDefinedLogEntry. If the category is provided then the logs are only restricted for that category.

## userDefinedLogDelete

void UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogDelete()

Remove the user defined log object from the database. This action will also drop all entries to the log.

#### userDefinedLogDeleteEntriesFor

void UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogDeleteEntriesFor(Entry entry [, Entry category])

Delete all log entries for an entry from the user defined log.

#### userDefinedLogDeleteEntry

void UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogDeleteEntry(UserDefinedLogEntry entry)
 Delete a particular entry from the user defined log.

# userDefinedLogEntryGetDate

Date UserDefinedLogEntry::userDefinedLogEntryGetDate()
 Get the date of the user defined log entry.

# userDefinedLogEntryGetTarget

Entry UserDefinedLogEntry::userDefinedLogEntryGetTarget([Boolean

## containerIsCatalog)]

Get the entry object of the user defined log entry. If CONTAINERISCATALOG is true or is left unspecified, the entry must be in a catalog. If CONTAINERISCATALOG is false, the entry must be in a hierarchy.

## userDefinedLogEntryGetValue

String UserDefinedLogEntry::userDefinedLogEntryGetValue()
 Get the value of the user defined log entry.

## userDefinedLogEntrySetDate

void UserDefinedLogEntry::userDefinedLogEntrySetDate(Date date)
 Set the date of the user defined log entry.

# userDefinedLogEntrySetValue

void UserDefinedLogEntry::userDefinedLogEntrySetValue(String log\_message)
 Set the log of the user defined log entry.

# userDefinedLogGetContainer

Container UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogGetContainer()
 Get the container that is logged by the user defined log.

# userDefinedLogGetDescription

String UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogGetDescription()
 Get the description of the user defined log.

# user Defined Log Get Entries For

UserDefinedLogEntry[] UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogGetEntriesFor(Entry entry[, Entry category])

Get all log entries for an entry from the user defined log. The category can be provided in order to get the logs associated for that category only.

#### userDefinedLogGetName

String UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogGetName()
 Get the name of the user defined log.

#### userDefinedLogIsRunningLog

Boolean UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogIsRunningLog()
 Returns whether this user defined log is a running-log.

# userDefinedLogSetDescription

void UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogSetDescription(String desc)
 Set the description of the user defined log. NOTE: You need to call insertUserDefinedLog/saveUserDefinedLog to persist this change.

## userDefinedLogSetName

void UserDefinedLog::userDefinedLogSetName(String name)
 Set the name of the user defined log. NOTE: You need to call insertUserDefinedLog/saveUserDefinedLog to persist this change.

# operations\_webservices

#### createWebService

 WebService createWebService(String name, String implclass, String desc, String wsdlDocPath, String wsddDocPath, String protocol, String style, String implScriptPath, Boolean storeIncoming, Boolean storeOutgoing, Boolean deployed [, Boolean authRequired, Boolean skipRequestValidation, Boolean skipResponseValidation])

Creates a new web service with the given parameters. To save and deploy the web

service(if DEPLOYED is true), call saveWebService(). NAME is the name of the service. IMPLCLASS is the java class for java based web services or "" for script based ones, DESC is the description of the service. WSDLDOCPATH is the doc path at which the WSDL is stored. WSDDDOCPATH is the doc path at which the WSDD is stored. PROTOCOL is the protocol. Currently, "SOAP HTTP" is the only supported protocol. STYLE is the message style. Currently, RPC ENCODED and DOCUMENT LITERAL are supported. IMPLSCRIPTPATH is the doc path of the service implementation script. It is the callers responsibility to ensure that WSDLDOCPATH, WSDDDOCPATH and IMPLSCRIPTPATH do not cause the documents for any other web service to be overwritten. STOREINCOMING determines whether incoming requests are stored. STOREOUTGOING determines whether outgoing request are stored. DEPLOYED determines whether the service will be deployed. AUTH\_REQUIRED determines whether a username, company name, and password are required to invoke this web service. SKIPREQUESTVALIDATION determines whether the inbound SOAP message is validated against WSDL schema. SKIPRESPONSEVALIDATION determines whether the outbound SOAP message is validated against WSDL schema. If a web service with the name of NAME already exists, throws an AustinException.

#### deleteWebService

void WebService::deleteWebService()

Deletes the web service in the DB and undeploys it.

## getDesc

String WebService::getDesc()

Returns the description of this web service

## getImplclass

String WebService::getImpIclass()

Returns the fully qualified name of the implementation class of this web service

#### getImplScriptPath

String WebService::getImplScriptPath()

Returns the docstore path where the implementation script for this web service is stored.

#### getName

String WebService::getName()

Returns the name of this web service

#### getProtocol

String WebService::getProtocol()

Returns the protocol for this web service.

### getStoreIncoming

Boolean WebService::getStoreIncoming()

Returns whether incoming messages for this web service are stored.

## getStoreOutgoing

Boolean WebService::getStoreOutgoing()

Returns whether outgoing messages for this web service are stored.

## getStyle

String WebService::getStyle()

Returns the style for this web service.

## getUrl

String WebService::getUrl()

Returns the URL for this web service

#### getWebServiceByName

WebService getWebServiceByName (String name)

Returns the web service with the given name. If there is no such web service, returns null.

## getWsddDocPath

String WebService::getWsddDocPath()

Returns the docstore path where the WSDD for this web service is stored.

## getWsdIDocPath

String WebService::getWsdIDocPath()

Returns the docstore path where the WSDL for this web service is stored.

#### getWsdIUrl

String WebService::getWsdIUrl()

Returns the WSDL URL for this web service

## **isAuthRequired**

Boolean WebService::isAuthRequired()

Returns whether this web service requires authentication

## isDeployed

Boolean WebService::isDeployed()

Returns whether this web service is deployed.

#### **listTransactions**

void WebService::listTransactions()

List the recorded transactions in order of date (undocumented, for internal use only).

#### saveWebService

void WebService::saveWebService()

Saves the web service in the DB. If deployment setting have changed, they take effect upon saving.

## setAuthRequired

void WebService::setAuthRequired(Boolean authRequired)

Sets whether this WebService requires authentication. The setting will take effect upon saving.

# setDeployed

void WebService::setDeployed(Boolean deployed)

Sets whether this WebService is deployed. The setting will take effect upon saving..

## setDesc

void WebService::setDesc(String desc)

Sets the description of the given WebService.

#### setImplclass

void WebService::setImplclass(String implclass)

Sets the fully qualified name of the implementation class of the given WebService.

#### setImplScriptPath

void WebService::setImplScriptPath(String implScriptPath)

Sets the docstore path of the implementation script for this webservice. The caller must ensure that this does not overwrite the implementation script for any other service.

## setName

void WebService::setName(String name)

Sets the name of the given WebService.

#### setProtocol

void WebService::setProtocol(String protocol)
 Sets the protocol of the given WebService.

## setStoreIncoming

void WebService::setStoreIncoming(Boolean storeIncoming)
 Sets the storeIncoming of the given WebService.

## setStoreOutgoing

void WebService::setStoreOutgoing(Boolean storeOutgoing)
 Sets whether this WebService should store outgoing messages.

### setStyle

void WebService::setStyle(String style)
 Sets the style of the given WebService.

## setWsddDocPath

void WebService::setWsddDocPath(String wsddDocPath)
 Sets the docstore path of the WSDD document. The caller must ensure that this does not overwrite the WSDD for any other service.

#### setWsdIDocPath

void WebService::setWsdIDocPath(String wsdIDocPath)
 Sets the docstore path of the WSDL document. The caller must ensure that this does not overwrite the WSDL for any other service.

# operations\_wfl

# createNestedWflStep

WorkflowStep Workflow::createNestedWflStep(Workflow nestedWfl)
 Adds a nested workflow step to the workflow. Returns the WorkflowStep object.

# createWflStep

WorkflowStep Workflow::createWflStep(String stepType, String stepName)
 Adds a new step to the workflow if the step with the given name does not exists.
 StepType can be one of the following: AND\_APPROVAL, OR\_APPROVAL, MODIFY, DISPATCH, MERGE, GENERAL, AUTOMATED, INTERIM\_CHECKOUT, CONDENSER. Returns the WorkflowStep object.

#### deleteWfl

void Workflow::deleteWfl()

Delete a workflow. It throws an exception if the workflow can not be deleted, for example, if it is used by any collaboration area

## getAllWflNames

String[] getAllWflNames()
 Returns a list of all workflow names.

## getWflAccessControlGroup

String Workflow::getWflAccessControlGroup()
 Returns access control group name of the workflow.

#### getWflByName

Workflow getWflByName(String wflName)
 Returns the workflow if found otherwise null.

## getWflContainerType

String Workflow::getWflContainerType()

Returns the workflow container type. The type could be either 'CATALOG' or 'CATEOGRY\_TREE'

## getWflDesc

String Workflow::getWflDesc()

Returns the workflow name.

## getWflFailureStep

WorkflowStep Workflow::getWflFailureStep()

Returns the failure step of the workflow.

#### getWflInitialStep

WorkflowStep Workflow::getWflInitialStep()

Returns the initial step of the workflow.

## getWflName

String Workflow::getWflName()

Returns the workflow name.

## getWflStepByName

WorkflowStep Workflow::getWflStepByName(String stepName)

Returns the step of the workflow otherwise null.

## getWflStepPaths

String[] Workflow::getWflStepPaths()

Returns the paths for all the steps of the workflow.

### getWflSteps

WorkflowStep[] Workflow::getWflSteps()

Returns the list of all the steps in the workflow.

## getWflSuccessStep

WorkflowStep Workflow::getWflSuccessStep()

Returns the success step of the workflow.

#### new\$Workflow

new Workflow(String wflName, String containerType)

Create a new workflow of the given container type and with the given name. Container type can be one of the following: CATALOG, CATEGORY\_TREE

#### saveWfl

Boolean Workflow::saveWfl()

Saves the workflow. Returns true or false depending on whether the workflow was successfully saved or not.

## setCategoryTreesForRecategorization

void Workflow::setCategoryTreesForRecategorization(String[] categoryTreeNames)

Sets the category trees which will be modified by this workflow. If no category trees are set that would mean that ALL of the category trees associated to the source container will be modified by this workflow.

## setWflAccessControlGroup

void Workflow::setWflAccessControlGroup(String acg)

Sets access control group name of the workflow.

#### setWflDesc

void Workflow::setWflDesc(String wflDesc)
 Sets the workflow description

#### setWflName

void Workflow::setWflName(String wflName)
 Sets the workflow name

# operations\_wflstep

# getEditableAttributeGroups

 String[] WorkflowStep::getEditableAttributeGroups([String subViewType], [String locationHierarchyName])

Gets the editable attribute groups of a workflow step. The result is an array attribute collection names. The optional parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'.

## getLocationHierarchyNames

String[] WorkflowStep::getLocationHierarchyNames([Boolean canModifyAvailability])

Returns the list of location hierarchy names defined in the given workflow step. The optional parameter canModifyAvailability filters the list of location hierarchy names based on the 'modify location hierarchy availability' flag. If not specified, no filtering takes place.

## getModifyLocationHierarchyAvailability

 Boolean WorkflowStep::getModifyLocationHierarchyAvailability(String locationHierarchyName)

Returns the 'modify location hierarchy availability' flag for a given location hierarchy in the given workflow step. The optional parameter location Hierarchy Name is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM LOCATION'.

## getNextWflStepsForExitValue

String[] WorkflowStep::getNextWflStepsForExitValue(String exitValue)
 Returns the names of the next steps for a particular exitValue of a WorkflowStep.

#### getRequiredAttributeGroups

 String[] WorkflowStep::getRequiredAttributeGroups([String subViewType], [String locationHierarchyName])

Gets the required attribute groups of a workflow step. The result is an array attribute collection names. The optional parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'.

## getViewableAttributeGroups

 String[] WorkflowStep::getViewableAttributeGroups([String subViewType], [String locationHierarchyName])

Gets the viewable attribute groups of a workflow step. The result is an array attribute collection names. The optional parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'.

# getWflStepAddEntries

Boolean WorkflowStep::getWflStepAddEntries()
 Returns value of 'allow import into step' flag.

## getWflStepAttributeGroups

String[] WorkflowStep::getWflStepAttributeGroups()

Returns an array of all the attribute group names for the workflow step.

## getWflStepCategorizeEntries

Boolean WorkflowStep::getWflStepCategorizeEntries()

Returns value of 'allow recategorization' flag.

## getWflStepDefaultScriptPath

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepDefaultScriptPath()

Gets the default path of the workflow script for the step: scripts/workflow/<workflow name>/<step name>.

## getWflStepDesc

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepDesc()

Returns the workflow step name.

## getWflStepEntryNotification

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepEntryNotification()

Gets the notification emails which will get sent when the item gets into the step.

## getWflStepExitValues

String[] WorkflowStep::getWflStepExitValues()

Retrieve the exit values of the WorkflowStep.

## getWflStepName

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepName()

Returns the workflow step name.

## getWflStepPerformerRoles

String[] WorkflowStep::getWflStepPerformerRoles()

Returns the list of user roles for the workflow step.

## getWflStepPerformerUsers

String[] WorkflowStep::getWflStepPerformerUsers()

Returns the list of user names for the workflow step.

#### getWflStepReserveToEdit

Boolean WorkflowStep::getWflStepReserveToEdit()

Returns the reserve for edit flag for a workflow step.

#### getWflStepScriptPath

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepScriptPath()

Gets the path of the workflow script for the step. If no script is defined, returns null.

## getWflStepTimeoutDate

Date WorkflowStep::getWflStepTimeoutDate()

Gets the timeout date for the workflow step. If no timeout date was set, a null is returned.

#### getWflStepTimeoutDuration

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepTimeoutDuration()

Gets the timeout duration for the workflow step. Returns an integer in seconds. If no timeout duration was set, 0 is returned.

## getWflStepTimeoutNotification

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepTimeoutNotification()

Gets the notification emails which will get sent when the step times out.

## getWflStepType

String WorkflowStep::getWflStepType()
 Returns the workflow step type.

## getWflStepView

CtgView WorkflowStep::getWflStepView(String subViewType, [String locationHierarchyName])

Returns a ctg view with a give subViewType for the workflow step. The parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'.

## getWflStepViews

CtgView[] WorkflowStep::getWflStepViews()
 Returns an array of all the step views for the workflow step.

## mapWflStepExitValueToNextStep

void WorkflowStep::mapWflStepExitValueToNextStep(String exitValue, String | WorkflowStep | String[] nextStep | WorkflowStep[] nextStep)
 Maps the exit value of the WorkflowStep to the nextStep. The nextStep can either be the stepName or one WorkflowStep or an array of StepNames or an array of WorkflowSteps.

## setEditableAttributeGroups

void WorkflowStep::setEditableAttributeGroups(String subViewType, String[]/AttrGroup[] attrGroups, [String locationHierarchyName])
Sets the editable attrinute groups for the workflow step for a given subViewType. The parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'. WorflowStep cannot be of type "SUCCESS", as it is hardwired that an Entry must validate against its Container Spec in order to leave the Success step.

#### setModifyLocationHierarchyAvailability

 void WorkflowStep::setModifyLocationHierarchyAvailability(String locationHierarchyName, Boolean canModifyAvailability)
 Sets the 'modify location hierarchy availability' flag for a given location hierarchy in the given workflow step.

#### setRequiredAttributeGroups

void WorkflowStep::setRequiredAttributeGroups(String subViewType, String[]/AttrGroup[] attrGroups, [String locationHierarchyName])
Sets the required attrinute groups for the workflow step for a given subViewType. The parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'. WorflowStep cannot be of type "SUCCESS", as it is hardwired that an Entry must validate against its Container Spec in order to leave the Success step.

## setViewableAttributeGroups

void WorkflowStep::setViewableAttributeGroups(String subViewType, String[]/AttrGroup[] attrGroups, [String locationHierarchyName])
Sets the viewable attrinute groups for the workflow step for a given subViewType.
The parameter subViewType can be 'ITEM\_LOCATION', 'BULK\_EDIT', 'ITEM\_EDIT', 'CATEGORY\_EDIT', or 'CATEGORY\_BULK\_EDIT'. The optional parameter locationHierarchyName is required when the subViewType is 'ITEM\_LOCATION'.
WorflowStep cannot be of type "SUCCESS", as it is hardwired that an Entry must validate against its Container Spec in order to leave the Success step.

## setWflStepAddEntries

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepAddEntries(Boolean flag)
 Sets value of 'allow import into step' flag.

## setWflStepCategorizeEntries

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepCategorizeEntries(Boolean flag)
 Sets value of 'allow recategorization' flag.

## setWflStepDesc

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepDesc(String desc)
 Sets the desc for the workflow step.

## setWflStepEntryNotification

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepEntryNotification(String emailAdresses)
 Sets up the notification emails which will get sent when the item gets into the step.
 Email addresses must be seperated by semi-colons.

## setWflStepExitValues

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepExitValues(String[] exitValues)
 Sets the exit values for the workflow step.

# setWflStepPerformerRoles

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepPerformerRoles(String[] roles)
 Sets the user roles for the workflow step.

# setWflStepPerformerUsers

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepPerformerUsers(String[] users)
 Sets the users for the workflow step.

### setWflStepReserveToEdit

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepReserveToEdit(Boolean flag)
 Sets the reserve for edit flag for a workflow step.

## setWflStepScriptPath

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepScriptPath([String scriptPath])
 Sets up the workflow script path for this step. If no argument is passed, the defaut location is used (script/<workflow name>/<step name>). Note that this operation does not check that the script is already loaded (it allows you to load the script later if needed).

## setWflStepTimeoutDate

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepTimeoutDate(Date date)
 Sets up the timeout date for the workflow step.

#### setWflStepTimeoutDuration

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepTimeoutDuration(Integer seconds)
 Sets up the timeout duration for the workflow step. The duration is in seconds.

#### setWflStepTimeoutNotification

void WorkflowStep::setWflStepTimeoutNotification(String emailAdresses)
 Sets up the notification emails which will get sent when the step times out. Email addresses must be seperated by semi-colons.

# operations\_widget

### buildWidget

Widget buildWidget(String sType, String sName)

Creates a widget of type sType and name sName

## getWidgetProperty

Object Widget::getWidgetProperty(String sPropertyName)
 Return the property sPropertyName of this widget

#### invalidate

void invalidate()
 Invalidates this widget

## pullPropertyFromWidget

 pullPropertyFromWidget(String sDestProperty, Object oSrcWidget, String sSrcWidgetProperty

The value of sDestProperty on this widget will always reflect the value of sSrcWidgetProperty on oSrcWidget - oSrcWidget is either a widget or a property of this widget that holds a widget

# pushPropertyToWidget

pullPropertyFromWidget(String sSrcProperty, Object oDestWidget, String sDestWidgetProperty

The value of sDestWidgetProperty on oDestWidget will always reflect the value of sSrcProperty on this widget - oDestWidget is either a widget or a property of this widget that holds a widget

## renderWidget

Widget::renderWidget(Writer out)
 Renders the widget w

## setWidgetProperty

void Widget::setWidgetProperty(String sPropertyName, Object oValue)
 Set the property sPropertyName of this widget to the value oValue

# operations\_worklist

## addWorkEntry

void WorkEntryList::addWorkEntry(int index, WorkEntry workEntry)
 Insert a WorkEntry into the WorkEntryList at the specified index

## getEntryFromWorkEntry

Entry WorkEntry::getEntryFromWorkEntry()
 Get the Entry held by this WorkEntry

## getIndexesOfEntriesHavingState

Map WorkEntryList::getIndexesOfEntriesHavingState(String state)
 Get the current indexes of the worklist entries having a particular state

#### getMarkedEntries

EntrySet WorkEntryList::getMarkedEntries([start, end])
 Return an entry set containing the marked entries in this work entry list - with indexes between start and end -

#### getWorkEntryAt

WorkEntry WorkEntryList::getWorkEntryAt(int i)
 Get the WorkEntry for the specified index in the WorkEntryList

#### getWorkEntryListSize

Integer WorkEntryList::getWorkEntryListSize()
 Gets the size of this work entry list

## getWorkEntryState

String WorkEntry::getWorkEntryState()
 Get the current state of this WorkEntry

## isWorkEntryMarked

Boolean WorkEntry::isWorkEntryMarked()
 Is the current WorkEntry marked

#### isWorkEntryMarkedNew

Boolean WorkEntry::isWorkEntryMarkedNew()
 Is the current WorkEntry marked new

#### markWorkEntryDirty

void WorkEntry::markWorkEntryDirty()
 Mark this WorkEntry as being dirty

## new\$WorkEntry

new WorkEntry(Entry entry, [Boolean markAsNew])
 Creates a workentry for a given entry

## new\$WorkEntryList

new WorkEntryList(ctgOrSelection, [sortingNodeld], [sortingOrder])
 Create a new work entry list from a catalog or a selection

#### removeWorkEntry

void WorkEntryList::removeWorkEntry(int index)
 Removes the WorkEntry at the specified index from the WorkEntryList

#### saveMarkedEntries

WorkEntryList::saveMarkedEntries(workList, [start, end, [colArea, path, comment]])

Save the set of marked entries for this work entry list - with indexes between start and end - - for entries in the step specified by path in the collaboration area colArea with given comment.

#### setWorkEntryMarked

void WorkEntry::setWorkEntryMarked(Boolean mark)
 Marks/unmarks this WorkEntry

## syncWorkEntryAt

void WorkEntryList::syncWorkEntryAt(int i)
 Sync the work entry at the specified index with it's database picture

## other

#### **getAribaAttribute**

String getAribaAttribute(String attribName)

Gets Ariba's constant attribute names. Valid attribute names are PAYLOADID, TIMESTAMP, SHAREDSECRET, AUSTINDUNS

## setBypassApproval

void setBypassApproval(Boolean bypassApproval)
 If an approval workflow is setup, use this to bypass the approval process

#### sleep

void sleep(String)

Sleeps for the given number of milliseconds.

# page\_layout

## getPageLayoutByName

PageLayout getPageLayoutByName(String sPageLayoutName)
 Returns the page layout object with the corresponding name

## new\$PageLayout

new PageLayout(String sPageLayoutName)
 Returns a new page layout with the given name

## savePageLayout

void PageLayout::savePageLayout()
 Saves the current page layout

### re

#### buildRE

new RE(String pattern, Integer matchFlags)

Returns a regular expression corresponding to the given pattern. Match flags are 0=caseSensitive, 1=ignoreCase, 2=matchMultiline (new lines match as ^ and \$, 4=matchSingleLine (treat multiple lines as one line). Flags are additive.

#### match

String[] RE::match(String str)
 Return the contents of the parenthesized subexpressions after a successful match

## new\$RE

new RE(String pattern, Integer matchFlags)

Returns a regular expression corresponding to the given pattern. Optional match flags are 0=caseSensitive, 1=ignoreCase, 2=matchMultiline (new lines match as ^ and \$, 4=matchSingleLine (treat multiple lines as one line). Flags are additive.

#### substitute

String RE::substitute(String substituteIn, String substitution)

Substitutes a string for this regular expression in another string. This method works like the Perl function of the same name. Given a regular expression of "a\*b", a String to substituteln of "aaaabfooaaabgarplyaaabwackyb" and the substitution String "-", the resulting String returned by subst would be "-foo-garply-wacky-". Returns: The string substituteln with zero or more occurrences of the current regular expression replaced with the substitution String (if this regular expression object doesn't match at any position, the original String is returned unchanged).

## reader

#### forEachLine

forEachLine(BufferedReader in, String line) { statements }
 Executes the statements for each line read from in

#### forEachXMLNode

forEachXMLNode([XMLNode rootNode], String xPath [, XMLNode node]) { statements }

Executes the statements for each XML node having the relative path xPath - paths in the block are relative to xPath. If the node variable is passed in as an argument, it is populated with the XMLNode that is being operated on in each iteration of forEachXMLNode. If the rootNode is specified, the path is relative to the path of

rootNode.

## getCurrentLine

String getCurrentLine()

Returns the current line

#### new\$CSVParser

new CSVParser(BufferedReader reader)

Returns a comma separated parser given the buffered reader

#### new\$DelimParser

new DelimParser(BufferedReader reader, String delimiter)

Returns a delimiter parser which parses, based on the given delimiter

#### new\$FixedWidthParser

new FixedWidthParser(BufferedReader reader)

Returns a new fixed width parser given the buffered reader

## new\$Reader

new Reader(String documentPath [, String charsetName])

Returns the buffered reader for the document specified by the path. If the document path starts with "file://", then the reader will read the file system file given by the specified path. You may optionally specify a charset that differs from the one stored with the document in the doc store.

## newCSVParser

CSVParser newCSVParser(BufferedReader input)

Returns a Comma Separated Parser using the given buffered reader input

## newDelimParser

DelimiterParser newDelimParser(BufferedReader input, String delim)

Returns a parser which parses based on the delimiter provided

## newFixedWidthParser

 FixedWidthParser newFixedWidthParser(BufferedReader input, [Integer fieldPos1, Integer fieldPos2, ..., Integer fieldPosN])

Returns a fixed width parser given the buffered reader input. fieldPos are optional parameters which indicate the positions of the fields.

## nextLine

String nextLine (BufferedReader in)

Returns the next line from the reader

## parseXMLNode

String parseXMLNode (String sXMLSubPath)

Deprecated: Returns the value given by the sXMLSubPath XPath in the current XML document

# parseXMLNodeWithNameSpace

String parseXMLNodeWithNameSpace (String sXMLSubPath)

Returns the value given by the sXMLSubPath XPath in the current XML document. When specify the XPath value, the user has the choice to specifying a namespace uri qualified path or using literal path matching specified when using the parseXMLNode script operation

## splitLine

String[] Parser::splitLine()

Returns an array of tokens obtained by breaking the line using this parser (e.g. CSV parser, fixed width parser)

## reflect

#### createJavaArray

Object createJavaArray(String typeName, Integer dim0 [,Integer dim1.....Integer dim9])

Create an array of type typeName. The number of dims specified indicates the number of dimensions that the array will be created with. The value of these numbers indicates the number of elements in that dimension. e.g supplying 1 and 4 as the dims would indicate that a 2 dimensional array will be created; the first dimension containing 1 element, the second containing 4 elements. If an array of primitives is to be created, supply the type as the java primitive keyword such as "int" or "boolean". If the type is a class name, it should be fully qualified and should not be an interface.

#### createJavaConstructor

Constructor createJavaConstructor(String className [,String type0,String type1.....String type9])

Create a java.reflect.Constructor Object by reflection using a className and optional types. If the constuctor you wish to target contains primitive arguments, supply those arguments with type the java primitive keyword such as "int" or "boolean". The className should be fully qualified and should not be an interface.. className should not be a primitive class (i.e. Class literal names such as int.class or int.TYPE are not accepted). In order to pass an array type use [] for one dimentional arrays and multiple []s for multiple dimention arrays. e.g. to target a 2 dimension array of ints pass "int[][]" to target a 1 dimensional array of Strings pass "java.lang.String[]".

#### createJavaMethod

Method createJavaMethod(String className,String methodName [,String type0,String type1,.....String type9])

Create a java.reflect.Method Object by reflection using a className, methodName and optional types. className and methodName should not be null. The className should be fully qualified. The className may be a fully qualified interface name. If the method you wish to target contains primitive arguments, those arguments should be supplied with the java primitive keyword such as "int", "boolean". The className should not be primitive classes (i.e. Class literal names such as int.class or int. TYPE). In order to pass an array type use [] for one dimentional arrays and multiple []s for multiple dimension arrays. e.g. to target a 2 dimension array of ints pass "int[][]" to target a 1 dimensional array of Strings pass "java.lang.String[]".

## javaArrayFromScriptArray

Object javaArrayFromScriptArray(Array scriptArray, String type)

Transforms the provided scriptArray into a java array holding the same elements in the same order. If scriptArray is null, returns null. The user must provide the type (or subtype) of the array's elements. The types can be primitive java data types (int, char, byte, float, boolean, long, double, short) or any valid java class (eg. java.lang.String, java.lang.Integer). Type can also be a multidimentional array of elements(primitive/non primitive) with the brackets intact (eg int[], java.lang.Integer[][]). A fully qualified name is to be provided whenever using a class as type

#### runJavaConstructor

Object runJavaConstructor(Constructor constructor [,Object arg0,Object arg1.....Object arg9])

Run the supplied Constructor (which can be created using a createConstructor call). Run the constructor using the supplied objects as parameters. The supplied constructor should not be null. The supplied parameters should match the number and types associated with the Constructor. If the Constructor parameters contain primitives, then these parameters should not be supplied as null Objects and should be supplied as the appropriate wrapper primitive object (such as instances of

java.lang.Integer).

#### runJavaMethod

Object runJavaMethod(Object obj, Method method [,Object arg0,Object arg1.....Object arg9])

Run the supplied Method (which was created using a previous createJavaMethod call). If the Method is not static, then it is invoked on the supplied object using the supplied parameters. For static methods the supplied obj is ignored. The supplied Method should not be null. For instance methods the supplied object should not be null. The number of supplied parameters should match the number and types associated with the Method. If the Method parameters contain primitives, then these parameters should not be supplied as null Objects and should be supplied as the appropriate wrapper primitive object (such as instances of java.lang.Integer).

## scriptArrayFromJavaArray

Object scriptArrayFromJavaArray(OneDimensionalJavaArray)

Transforms a 1 dimensional java array into a script array holding the same elements in the same order. If OneDimensionalJavaArray is not a 1 dimensional array or is null then null is returned. 1 dimension arrays of primitives can be supplied as the parameter.

# scripting

## setScriptProgress

void ::setScriptProgress(number percent)

Sets the percentage completed value in the context of a running script. This script is applicable in scripts running as part of jobs like import, export, report etc.

## setScriptStatsDeletedCnt

void ::setScriptStatsDeletedCnt(number count)
 Sets the count of items deleted in the context of a running script

# security

#### authenticateWPCUser

 Boolean authenticateWPCUser(String sUserName, String sPassword, String sCmpCode [, Boolean bEncodedPassword)

Provides authentication for a WPC user. Optional parameter bEncodedPassword indicates if the password is being passed already encoded. Default is false.

#### cloneUser

 User cloneUser(String original\_username, String username, String firstname, String lastname, String email, Boolean enabled, String password[, Category organization[, HashMap roles]])

Clones an existing user info into a new user. Password field is required. The optional roles and organization fields, when specified, override the roles and/or organization of the existing user.

## createAccessControlGroup

ACG createAccessControlGroup(String sACGName, [String sACGDesc])
 Creates an access control group object with the specified acg name and an optional acg description.

#### createRole

Role createRole(String sRoleName, [String sRoleDesc])
 Creates a role object with the specified rolename and an optional role description.

#### createUser

 User ::createUser(String username, String firstname, String lastname, String email, Boolean enabled, String password, HashMap roles, Category organization [, Boolean encryptPassword, Boolean enableLdap, String nameAttr, String serverUrl])

Creates an user with the specified parameters. Enabled, Password, Roles, and organization parameters are required. encryptPassword exists for the purpose of migrating environments so that encrypted passwords exported from one environment can be loaded into another environment without encrypting them again and that there is no possibility of knowing what the password was. EnableLdap marks the user as LDAP enabled and allows the provision of extra LDAP parameters, the LDAP name attribute and the LDAP Server URL

## getAccessControlGroupByName

ACG getAccessControlGroupByName(String sACGName)
 Returns a access control group object for the specified acg name

# getAccessControlGroupName

String ACG::getAccessControlGroupName()
 Return the name of the access control group

# getAccessControlGroupPrivsForRole

String[] Role::getAccessControlGroupPrivsForRole(String acgName)
 Gets the access control group privileges for the gvien access control group and the given role. The return parameter is an array of privileges (which are defined in the format: Catalog\_\_list, Selection\_\_list, SelectionMembers\_\_view\_items etc.).

# getAccessControlGroupsForRole

String[] Role::getAccessControlGroupsForRole()
 Gets the access control groups for the given role.

#### getAllUsers

User[] getAllUsers()
 Returns all users

#### getCompanyCode

String getCompanyCode()
 Returns the company code of this company.

## getCompanyName

String getCompanyName()
 Returns the name of this company.

# getCurrentUserName

String getCurrentUserName()
 Returns the name of the current user

## getLdapEntryDn

String User::getLdapEntryDn()

Returns the distinguished name field associated with an LDAP authenticated User.

#### getLdapServerUrl

String User::getLdapServerUrl()

Return the URL of the server providing this users' LDAP authentication.

#### getLocalesForRole

String Role::getLocalesForRole()

Gets the locales that this role has access to for all containers

## getLoginString

String getLoginString(String sUrl, Date dExpirationDate, [String sUserName])
 Returns the url string needed for login automatically to the given url as the current user. If you are an admin, you can generate a login string for another user by passing the username as an extra parameter. Note that the url should not include the server name/port and should start with '/'. If an error occur, a null string is returned.

## getRoleByName

Role getRoleByName(String sRoleName)
 Returns a role object for the specified role

# getRoleDescription

String Role::getRoleDescription()
 Return the description of the role

## getRoleName

String Role::getRoleName()
 Return the name of the role

## getRoles

Role[] getRoles()
 Returns all roles for the current company

## getRolesForCompany

Role[] getRolesForCompany(String sCmpCode)
 Returns all roles of the given company

# getUserAddress

String User::getUserAddress()
 Return the User's Address

#### getUserByUsername

User getUserByUsername(String sUserName, [String sCmpCode])
 Returns the User object for the given User Name and sCmpCode. If sCmpCode is not given, company code is taken from the current context of script execution

## getUserCompanyCode

String User::getUserCompanyCode()
 Return the User's Company Code

#### getUserCompanyName

String User::getUserCompanyName()
 Return the User's Company Name

## getUserEmail

String User::getUserEmail()
 Return the User's Email Address

## getUserEnabled

boolean User::getUserEnabled()
 Returns if the User is enabled or not.

## getUserFax

String User::getUserFax()
 Return the User's Fax Number

### getUserFirstName

String User::getUserFirstName()
 Return the User's First Name

#### getUserLastName

String User::getUserLastName()

Return the User's Last Name

#### getUserLdapEnabled

boolean User::getUserEnabled()

Returns if the User is a LDAP user or not.

#### getUserName

String User::getUserName()

Return the User Name

## getUserOrganizations

Category[] User::getUserOrganizations()

Return the User's Organizations

# getUserPhone

String User::getUserPhone()

Return the User's Phone Number

# getUserRoles

String[] User::getUserRoles()

Return the User's Roles

#### getUsers

User[] getUsers()

Returns all Users for the current company

#### getUsersFromRole

User[] Role::getUsersFromRole()

Returns all users within the Role

## getUserTitle

String User::getUserTitle()

Return the User's Title

#### populateSecurityContext

AustinContext ::populateSecurityContext(User user[, String[] roleNames,

InitialLdapContext IdapContext, ICategory organization])

Returns the context for the given user by assigning the access privileges for the roles passed in roleNames. It has no effect on the current users context. If IdapContext is present then a handle of the context will be set in the returned context. If the user is not already present in WPC a new user will be created in the organization specified otherwise in the default organization of default organization hierarchy.

#### saveUser

ValidationError[] User::saveUser()

Save the User's Profile. Returns null if the save was successful, otherwise returns an array of ValidationErrors.

#### setAccessControlGroupForRole

Boolean Role::setAccessControlGroupForRole(String acgName, String[] privs)

Sets an access control group with the given set of privileges for the role. The parameter privs is an array of privileges (which are picked from the strings in the format: Catalog list, Selection list, SelectionMembers view items etc.). Please note the the page privileges like PAGE\_OBJ\_CTG\_CONSOLE\_\_view, PAGE\_OBJ\_CAT\_CREATE\_\_view are stored only in the "Default" ACG.

## setAccessControlGroupForRoleMigration

 Boolean Role::setAccessControlGroupForRoleMigration(String acgName, String[] privs)

Script operation for migrating the old priv names to the new ones. Its exactly the same as setAccessControlGroupForRole operations except it has a mapping of old priv name to new ones.

## setAllAccessControlGroupForRole

void Role::setAllAccessControlGroupForRole(String acgName, [String[] privExclusions])

Sets access control group acgName with all privileges except for the ones in privExclusions.

## setLdapEntryDn

void User::setLdapEntryDn(String sEntryDN)

Sets the distinguished name field associated with an LDAP authenticated User

# setLdapServerUrl

void User::setLdapServerUrl(String sServerUrl)

Sets the URL of the server providing this users' LDAP authentication.

#### setLocalesForRole

void Role::setLocalesForRole(String localesCSVString)

Sets the locales that this role has access to for all containers

#### setUserAddress

void User::setUserAddress(String str)

Set the User's Address

#### setUserEmail

void User::setUserEmail(String str)

Set the User's Email Address

## setUserFax

void User::setUserFax(String str)

Set the User's Fax Number

#### setUserFirstName

void User::setUserFirstName(String str)

Set the User's First Name

#### setUserLastName

void User::setUserLastName(String str)

Set the User's Last Name

# setUserLdapEnabled

void User::setUserLdapEnabled(boolean)

Sets the user as a LDAP user.

## setUsername

void User::setUsername(String sUsername)

Sets the name of the current user

## setUserPhone

void User::setUserPhone(String str)

Set the User's Phone Number

#### setUserRoles

Boolean User::setUserRoles(Role[] roles)

Sets the roles for a user

#### setUserTitle

void User::setUserTitle(String str)

Set the User's Title

#### validateUser

boolean validateUser(String sUserName, String sPassword, String sCmpCode)
 Confirms if the combination of User name, password and company id represent a valid and enabled WPC user. Returns true if the user could logon to WPC otherwise false.

#### set

#### containsKey

Boolean HashMap::containsKey(Object key)
 Returns true if key exists.

#### containsValue

Boolean HashMap::containsValue(Object val)
 Returns true if value exists.

#### forEachHmElement

forEachHmElement(HashMap hm, Object oKey, Object oValue) { statements }
 Executes the statements for each (oKey, oValue) map in hm

#### intersectValues

HashMap intersectValues(HashMap hm1, HashMap hm2, ...)
 Return the set-intersection of hm1, hm2, ... (only values are considered)

## **keyForValue**

Object HashMap::keyForValue(Object valueToSearch)
 Returns a key mapped to valueToSearch in hm or null

## mergeValues

HashMap mergeValues(HashMap hm1, HashMap hm2, ...)
 Return the set-union of hm1, hm2, ... (only values are considered)

## size

Integer Object::size()

Returns the size of an object of type array, HashMap, or SearchResultSet.

#### sort

Array Array::sort()
 Return the array sorted

# string

## **buildCSV**

String buildCSV (String str1, String str2, ..., String strN)
 Takes a variable number of arguments, and returns a string with the arguments concatenated in csv format

## buildDelim

 String buildDelim (String delimiter, String qualifier, String str1, String str2, ..., String strN)

Takes a variable number of arguments, and returns a string with the arguments

concatenated in delim format, using the qualifier to enclose strings that contain the delimiter.

#### buildFixedWidth

String buildFixedWidth (String str1, Integer len1, String strN, Integer lenN)
 Takes a variable number of arguments, and returns a string with the arguments concatenated in fixed width format.

#### checkDouble

Double checkDouble(String str, Double defaultValue)

If the input string is null or empty, the default value is returned. Otherwise the original value parsed as an Double is returned.

#### checkInt

Integer checkInt(String str, Integer defaultValue)

If the input string is null or empty, the default value is returned. Otherwise the original value parsed as an Integer is returned.

# checkString

String checkString (String str, String defaultValue [, Boolean trim])

If the input string is null or empty, the default value is returned, otherwise the original value is returned. The input string will be trimmed of all leading and trailing spaces, unless a value of false for the optional TRIM parameter.

#### concat

String concat (String str1, String str2, ..., String strN)

Takes a variable number of arguments, and returns a string with the arguments concatenated in the order given

#### contains

Boolean String::contains (String match)

Tests if this string contains an occurrence of the match substring

## decodeUsingCharset

String String::decodeUsingCharset(String charset)

Returns a string by decoding the string using the named charset

## encodeUsingCharset

String String::encodeUsingCharset(String charset)

Encodes the string using the named charset

## endsWith

Boolean String::endsWith (String match)

Tests if this string ends with an occurence of the match substring

#### escapeForCSV

String escapeForCSV(String s)

Escape for CSV

#### escapeForHTML

String escapeForHTML(String s[,boolean isAscii])

Escape for HTML.By default is Ascii is true. When is Ascii is false the characters will be escaped with html entities

## escapeForJS

String escapeForJS(String s)

Escape for JavaScript

#### escapeWithHTMLEntities

## String escapeWithHTMLEntities(String str, Integer beg, Integer end)

Translates all character with HTML character codes less than beg or greater than end to HTML character codes

## getNameFromPath

## String getNameFromPath(String str[, String delimiter])

if str contains / returns the substring of str after the last / char exclusively, otherwise returns the original string

## getParentPath

## String getParentPath(String str)

if str contains / returns the substring of str up to the last / char exclusively, otherwise returns the empty string

# getRidOfRootName

# String getRidOfRootName(String str)

if str contains '/', gets rid of all preceding first '/' inclusive

#### indexOf

# Integer String::indexOf (String match)

Returns the index within this string of the first occurrence of the specified match substring

#### **isLowerCase**

# Boolean String::isLowerCase ()

Checks if all the characters in this string are lower case using the rules of the default locale

## isStringSingleByte

# Boolean isStringSingleByte(String s)

For SHIFT\_JIS encoding, this returns true if the string is made of single byte characters only. False is returned otherwise

## **isUpperCase**

# Boolean String::isUpperCase ()

Checks if all the characters in this string are upper case using the rules of the default locale

#### lastIndexOf

## Integer String::lastIndexOf (String match)

Returns the index within this string of the rightmost occurrence of the specified match substring

## length

# Integer String::length ()

Returns the length of this string

## parseCSV

## String[] String::parseCSV () | String String::parserCSV(Integer field)

Returns an array of each token, as parsed by the CSV parser. If a field number is provided, just the corresponding token substring is returned. A nullpointer exception is thrown if the string to be parsed is null.

#### parseDelim

String[] String::parseDelim (String delimeter) | String String::parseDelim (String delimeter, Integer iField)

Returns an array of each token, as parsed by the Delim parser. If a field number is provided, just the corresponding token substring is returned.

#### parseFixedWidth

String String::parseFixedWidth (Integer beginIndex, Integer endIndex)
 Returns the corresponding token substring between the two indexes

#### removeHTML

String removeHTML (String str)

Returns a new string resulting from removing all html tags from the original string

#### replace

String replace (String str, String match, String replacement)

Returns a new string resulting from replacing all occurrences of the match substring in this string with the replacement substring

## replaceCharsNotInDecRangeWithHex

 String replaceCharsNotInDecRangeWithHex (String str, Integer iStartDecRange, Integer iEndDecRange, String sEncoding, String sQualifier)
 Does the replace where iStartDecRange and iEndDecRange are inclusive

## replaceString

String replaceString (String str, String match, String replacement)
 Returns a new string resulting from replacing all occurrences of the match substring in this string with the replacement substring

## resizeString

 String resizeString (String str, Integer finalLength, Character padChar, Boolean padToTheRight)

Use to increase the size of a string to the finalLength by applying the appropriate padding to the left or right of the string with the given padChar.

#### startsWith

Boolean String::startsWith (String match)

Tests if this string begins with an occurence of the match substring

## stripOutNonASCII

String stripOutNonASCII (String str)

Returns a new string resulting from removing all non-ASCII characters in this string

#### substring

String substring (String str, Integer beginIndex [, Integer endIndex])

Returns a new string that is a substring of this string. The beginIndex is inclusive but endIndex is not.

#### toLowerCase

String toLowerCase (String str)

Converts all of the characters in this string to lower case using the rules of the default locale

## toTitleCase

String toTitleCase (String str)

Converts the first alphabet of all the words in a string to upper case

#### toUpperCase

String toUpperCase (String str)

Converts all of the characters in this string to upper case using the rules of the default locale

### trim

String trim (String str)

Removes white space from both ends of this string

#### unescapeHTMLEntities

String urlEncode(String str)

Translates all character escaped with HTML character codes to corresponding characters

#### urlEncode

String urlEncode(String str)

Translates a string into x-www-form-urlencoded format

# system

## dumpContext

String dumpContext([Logger I])

Return the script context in a string (and dumps it to the logger I if specified)

## dumpSystemLog

String dumpSystemLog(String sName, int nbLines)

Return the last nLines of the system log sName

## getFunctionByName

FunctionObject ScriptObject::getFunctionByName(String sFunctionName)
 Build the function object for the function sFunctionName in this script object

## getLogger

Logger getLogger(String s)

Returns a logger (loggers are in the system log directory with the given name). "s" is a category name defined in log.xml ("com.ibm.ccd.wpc\_user\_scripting." is prepended automatically to "s".. Logger descriptions are stored in corresponding log files as specified in appender-ref in logs.xml for respective category name. If the name is not present in log.xml then by default logger descriptions are stored in default.log file under respective service directory.

## getMemorySummary

String getMemorySummary()

Invokes the garbage collector, sleeps for 5 seconds and then returns a string summarizing memory usage.

## getPageURL

String getPageURL(String pageName, Object[] requiredObject)

Return the URL for the page requested. The required objects are defined by the page itself which is limited to the following choices (Including their requirements): ITEM\_LIST (Catalog, Category, CategoryTree): displays all items in category. ITEM (Catalog, ItemId/PrimaryKey): displays item. SEARCH (Catalog): display rich search for the catalog. COLAREA\_STEP (CollaborationArea, StepPath): displays all items/categories in step. COLAREA\_ENTRY (CollaborationArea, StepPath, Item/Category PrimaryKey): displays item/category in step.

#### **getProductCenterURL**

 Returns the property trigo\_web\_url defined in common.properties (which holds the fully-qualified URL, including port number, of the web site where users should point their browsers to access this instance of Product Center Return the current script execution mode

#### getScriptByPath

ScriptObject getScriptByPath(String sScriptPath)

Build the script object for the script stored at sScriptPath in the DocStore. If the string starts with "file://" then the script will be loaded from the file system according to the

specified path

## getScriptContextValue

Object getScriptContextValue(String sVariableName)
 Return the value of the variable named sVariableName

## getScriptExecutionMode

String getScriptExecutionMode()
 Return the current script execution mode

## getSystemDefaultEncoding

String getSystemDefaultEncoding()
 Return the value of the system's default encoding

#### invoke

Object FunctionObject::invoke(Object arg1, Object arg2, etc)
 Invoke this function object with the arguments arg1, arg2, etc

## **loggerDebug**

void Logger::loggerDebug(String s)
 Write s to this logger

## loggerError

void Logger::loggerError(String s)
 Write s to this logger

#### loggerFatal

void Logger::loggerFatal(String s)
 Write s to this logger

## loggerInfo

void Logger::loggerInfo(String s)
 Write s to this logger

## **loggerWarn**

void Logger::loggerWarn(String s)
 Write s to this logger

#### runScript

void ScriptObject::runScript(HashMap hmContext)
 Run this script

#### setScriptContextValue

 void setScriptContextValue(String sVariableName, Object oVariableValue) Set the value of the variable named sVariableName. This is a way of defining a variable within a script but this must be used with caution. There are already a number of implicit system-defined variables and this script op should not be used to redefine any of these implicit variables. If an implicit variable is redefined the results may be unpredictable. Note that there are a number of implict variables which whose names start with a \$ sign. This script op must not be used to define any variables whose name starts with a \$ sign. Again, the results may be unpredictable if a variable whose name starts with a dollar sign is defined. The following is a list of the implicit variables (not including those whose name starts with a \$ sign): all\_itemset\_fetch\_linked\_item, all\_itemset\_readonly, attribute\_group, bypass approval workflow, catalog, category, category tree, colArea, collaboration\_area, container, destination\_attribute, entry, entrynode, entrySet, err, err\_lines, http\_request, in, inputs, invoking\_user, item, job, lkpTable, location, location tree, locationRootEntryNode, logger, lookup table, message, msg\_attachments, multi\_request, node, organization, organization\_type,

original\_doc\_folder,out, outs, page, page\_layout, queueid, request, res run\_rule\_per\_occurence, save\_event, sequence, soapFaultCode, soapFaultMsg, soapIncomingAttachments, soapMessage, SoapOperationName, soapOutgoingAttachments, soapParams, spec, spec\_map, special\_outs, specmap\_script\_dest\_attrib, step, stepPath, this, top, val, workflow, workIndex, workList, wrn.

#### startTransaction

startTransaction { statements }

Executes the statements in a transaction, rollback takes place if an error occurs. Does not do anything if a transaction is already open

#### useTransaction

useTransaction { statements }

Executes the statements in a transaction, rollback takes place if an error occurs

## timezone

## getTimeZoneDesc

String getTimeZoneDesc(int offsetInMinutes,Locale locale)
 Get the time zone's description with the offset value in minutes.

## getTimeZoneOffsetFromDBValue

Number getTimeZoneOffsetFromDBValue(String dbValue)
 Get time zone from the db value and return the offset from GMT in minutes.

## getUserTimeZoneDesc

String getUserTimeZoneDesc()

Get the user setting time zone's description in native language.

## getUserTimeZoneOffset

Number getUserTimeZoneOffset()

Get user setting time zone's offset from GMT in minutes.

#### parseTimeZoneToDBValue

String parseTimeZoneToDBValue(String srcStr)

Parse the string to time zone then return the db value.

## setUserTimeZone

void setUserTimeZone(int offset)

Change user setting's time zone with the offset value in minutes.

# writer

#### close

void Writer::close([String path])

Close this writer, and stores its content in the doc store location specified by path, or if the string starts with "file://", on the file system according to the specified path

## createOtherOut

Writer createOtherOut(String name, [String charset])

Returns a new writer with the given name and an optional charset value. If the string starts with "file://" then the writer will write into the file system file given by the specified path

#### print

void Writer::print(Object o)

Writes o as a string into this writer

#### println

void Writer::println(Object o)

Writes o as a string and appends a new line to it into this writer

#### printXML

void Writer::printXML(String sTagName, String sValue [, String sAttributes] [, boolean escape])

Writes an XML tag with the text value sValue, the tag name sTagName and the attributes sAttributes. The value of escape if given as true, will print the tag with angle brackets surrounding it, converted to escape characters.

#### save

Doc Writer::save(String documentPath)

Creates an Doc object with the content in the Writer and saves it in the specified documentPath

# setOutputAttribute

void Writer::setOutputAttribute(String sAttributeName, String sAttribueValue)
 Set an attribute of this writer - which becomes an attribute of the document this writer is flushed into, if any

## setOutputName

void Writer::setOutputName(String sName)

Set the name of this writer - which becomes the name of the document this writer is flushed into, if any

#### write

void Writer::write(Object o)

Writes o as a string into this writer

## writeBinaryFile

void writeBinaryFile(String sDestFileName, String sOrigFilePath)

Pipes the docstore file represented by sOrigFilePath into a new Doc of name sDestFileName in the directory of the current transaction instance

## writeDoc

void Writer::writeDoc(Doc doc)

Appends doc as a string into this writer

## writeFile

void Writer::writeFile(String sFilePath)

Pipes the dostore file represented sFilePath into this writer

#### writeFileUsingOut

void Writer::writeFileUsingOut(Writer w)

Pipes w into this writer

#### writeFileUsingReader

void Writer::writeFileUsingReader(Reader r)

Pipes r into this writer

#### writeln

void Writer::writeln(Object o)

Writes o as a string and appends a new line to it into this writer

# zip

#### unzip

Boolean unzip(String srcPath, String dstPath)
 Unzip zip file given by srcPath into directory given by dstPath

#### zip

Boolean zip(String srcPath, String dstPath[,Stiring[] filesList)
 Zips files under directory given by srcPath and creates zip file given by dstPath

# zip\_archive

## addCtgFile

Boolean ZipArchive::addCtgFile(String sFileName [, Boolean bUpperCaseName])

Use to add a supplier ctg file (including images) to a zip archive

# closeZipArchive

void ZipArchive::closeZipArchive([Boolean deleteAfterDistribution])
 Use to close a zip archive and upload to the docstore for future distributions. By default, the archive is deleted after the distribution, unless 'deleteAfterDistribution' is false.

## getCtgFileDiffStatus

Boolean getCtgFileDiffStatus(String sFileName)
 Returns true or false to indicate whether or not the file was modified between the two versions selected for differences syndication

## getCtgFileExists

Boolean getCtgFileExists(String sFileName)
 Returns true or false to indicate whether the physical file really exists

# new\$ZipArchive

new ZipArchive(String sFileName)
 Returns a new zip archive with the given file name