ADL x MLDS 2017 Fall HW2 - Video Captioning

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11/12 更新:新增額外衡量BLEU score的標準

- 根據提出BLEU evaluation 的 paper, 助教們和老師討論後決定新增新的衡量方式, 主要的改變是正確的字的判定方法是從所有的reference sentences中做選擇, 而不是每一句reference都算, 再做平均。而BP中的reference 長度, 是effective reference length, 詳細算法可以參考此論文。
- 因此,新增一個 baseline: BLEU@1(new) >= 0.65
- 兩個baseline 過其中1個,即算通過baseline
- 新的bleu_eval.py: <u>Download</u>
 (新增新的evaluation, 並將reference caption 中的句點刪除, 會比原本算得再高一點點)

11/16 更新: hw2 Usage

1. 助教執行 hw2_seq2seq.sh 會下的command如下: ./hw2_seq2seq.sh \$1 \$2 \$3

\$1: the data directory,

\$2: test data output filename

\$3: peer review output filename

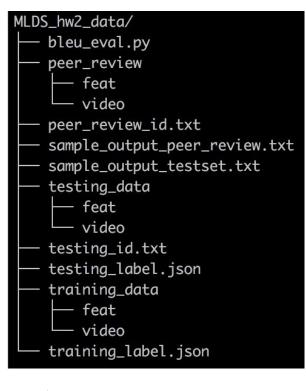
其中\$1的資料夾會和同學下載的資料夾格式相同,

(除了peer_review_id.txt 會更改和 peer_review資料夾 會加入feat以外) 內容會是長這樣子:

因此, 如果要用到裡面的file (ex:testing_id.txt, peer_review_id.txt), 可以利用\$1 來讀取相關資料。

2. 另外, 因為peer_review_id.txt的行數不固定, 同學可以參考底下這種方式讀取檔案。

http://www.jb51.net/article/57241.htm



Introduction

Outline

- Introduction : Video Caption Generation
- Sequence-to-sequence based model : S2VT
- Training Tips
 - Attention
 - Schedule Sampling
 - Beamsearch
- How to reach the baseline?
- Format & Submission Rules
 - Dataset
 - Rules & Format

Introduction

Video Caption Generation

- Input: A short video
- Output: The corresponding caption that depicts the video

- There are several difficulties including:
 - (1) Different attributes of video (object, action)
 - (2) Variable length of I/O
 - (In this task, video features will be provided)

Introduction

Video Caption Generation - Example

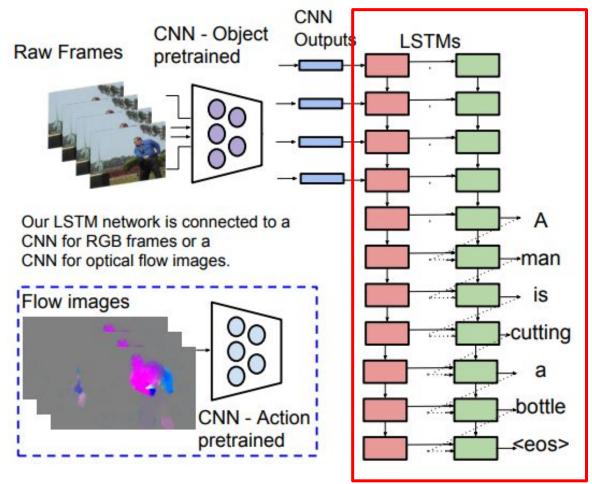


Output

a man is playing a song on the piano

S2VT

Sequence-to-Sequence Based Model: S2VT



Refer to the following paper for detailed info:

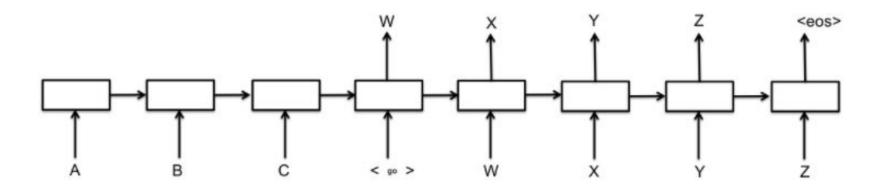
http://www.cs.utexas.edu/users/ml/papers/venugopalan.iccv15.pdf

S2VT

Seq to Seq

Two recurrent neural networks (RNNs)

an *encoder* that processes the input a *decoder* that generates the output

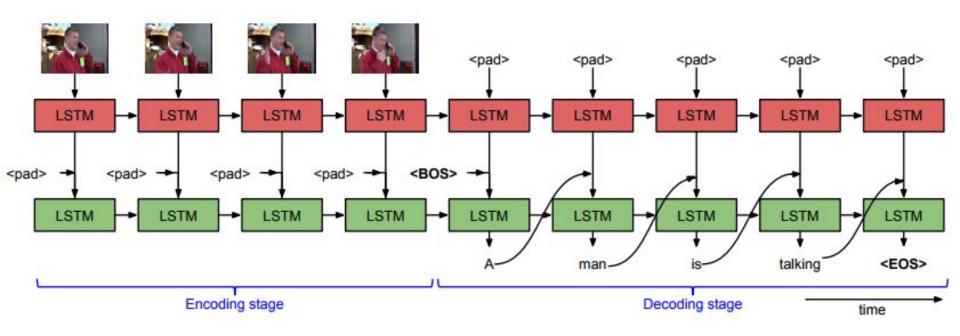


https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/seq2seq

S2VT

Sequence-to-Sequence Based Model: S2VT

- Two layer LSTM structure



S₂VT

- 2 LSTM stacks
 upper one is for encoding bottom one is for decoding.
- Encoding stage

CNN features → LSTM1 → output1

- Decoding stage

output1 \rightarrow LSTM2 \rightarrow word y_t

 Parameter sharing between 2 LSTM stacks can help reduce the complexity

S₂VT

Text Input

- One-hot Vector encoding

```
(1-to-N coding, N is the size of the vocabulary)
```

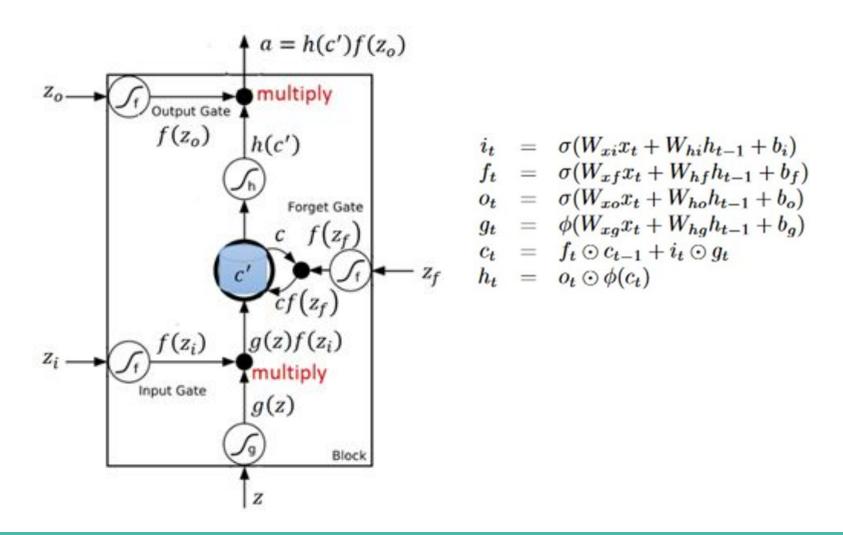
- e.g.

neural =
$$[0, 0, 0, ..., 1, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0]$$

network =
$$[0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 1, ..., 0, 0, 0]$$

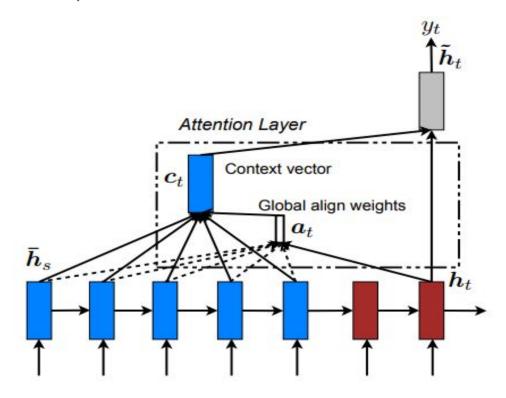
S₂VT

- LSTM unit



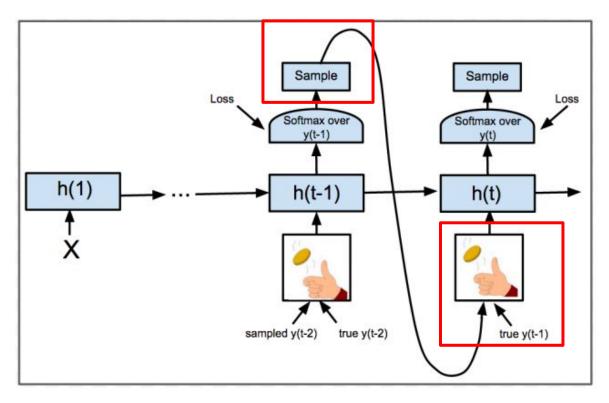
Attention on encoder hidden states :

Allow model to peek at different sections of inputs at each decoding time step



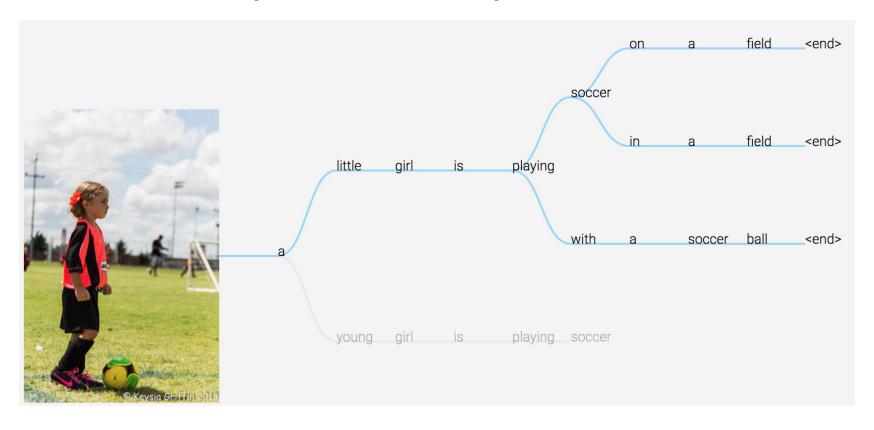
Schedule Sampling :

To solve "exposure bias" problem, When training, we feed (groundtruth) or (last time step's output) as input at odds



https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.03099

Beamsearch: keep a fixed number of paths



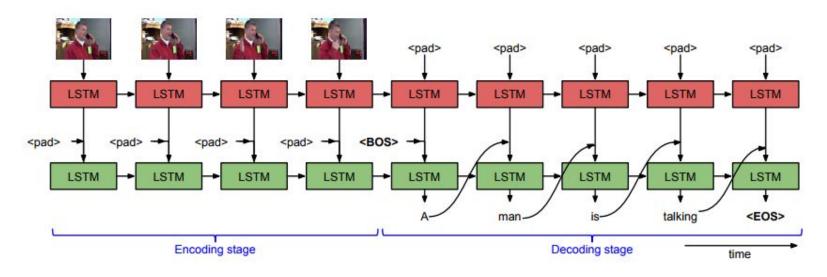
Beamsearch

Demo

http://dbs.cloudcv.org/captioning

Baseline

S2VT model



- Training Epoch = 200 AdamOptimizer
- LSTM dimension = 256
- Learning rate = 0.001
- vocab size = 3000

- Training time = 72 mins, by using 960 TX

Baseline BLEU@1= 0.25 (Captions Avg.)

Baseline

Evaluation - BLEU@1

Precision = correct words / candidate length

$$BP = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } c > r \\ e^{(1-r/c)} & \text{if } c \le r \end{cases}$$

where c = candidate length, r = reference length

Baseline

Evaluation - BLEU@1



Ground Truth: a man is mowing a lawn

Prediction: a man is riding a man on a woman is riding a

motorcycle

BLEU: 1 * 4/13 = 0.308

MSVD Dataset

Data

- MSVD
 - 1450 videos for training
 - 100 videos for testing
- peer review
 - several videos (more than 10)

- Download Link

```
bleu_eval.py
peer_review
   feat
   video
peer_review_id.txt
sample_output_peer_review.txt
sample_output_testset.txt
testing_data
  - feat
   video
testing_id.txt
testing_label.json
training_data
   feat
   video
training_label.json
```

Kaggle

There is NO kaggle competition!

Peer review

- Captions of video are hard to evaluate by machine.
- Students of ADLxMLDS should help review captions produced by other's model.

Special Mission

- To encourage the students to start the homework as early as possible.
- Upload captions of some videos in testing set.
- Please upload your model to your github, and write hw2_special.sh to produce corresponding captions.
 - Usage : hw2_special.sh [the data directory] [output_file]
 - The format of output file should be the same as sample_output_testset.txt, but only consist of five lines.
- Period: 2017/11/6 0:00 2017/11/12 23:59
- <u>Link</u>

- Please write shell script to run your code.
- There should be hw2_seq2seq.sh
- Please follow the script usage below:
 - ./hw2_seq2seq.sh \$1 \$2 \$3
 - \$1: the data directory,
 - \$2: test data output filename
 - \$3: peer review output filename
- Ex: ./hw2_seq2seq.sh myData/ sample_output_testset.txt sample_output_peer_review.txt

- Please implement one seq-to-seq model(or it's variant) to fulfill the task
- Please also implement **attention** to fulfill the task
- Please use python with version >= 3.5
- Extra dataset is allowed to use.
- Allowed packages include :
 - PyTorch v0.2.0
 - Tensorflow r1.3 (Tensor layer forbidden)
 https://tensorlayer.readthedocs.io/en/latest/ (x)
 - Keras 2.0.7 (Tensorflow backend only)
 - MXNet 0.11.0
 - CNTK 2.2
 - Numpy
 - Pandas
 - Python Standard Lib

If you use other packages, please ask for permission first !!!

Grading

Grading Policy

- I. Baseline (4%)
- II. Peer review (4%)
- III. Special mission (2%)
- IV. Review other's results (2%)
- V. Report (6%)
- VI. Notice

Grading Policy -- Baseline(4%)&Peer review(4%)

- Pass the baseline (4%)
 - Average bleu score should >= 0.25
- Peer review (4%): For those passing the baseline, your score will be linearly graded, rounded to the 2nd decimal place.
 - Ex: if 100 people pass the baseline, you will get 3 points if you're at 25th place.
- We will run your code to make sure your performance passes the baseline.

Grading Policy -- Review other's result(2%)

- Get 2% if you review other's result
- Rules will be announced after TAs successfully produce all the students' output.

Grading Policy -- Special Mission (2%)

- Get 2% if you have submitted the form and upload models to your github.

Grading Policy -- Report(6%)

- Do not exceed 4 pages and written in Chinese.
- Model description (2%)
 - Describe your seq2seq model
- Attention mechanism(2%)
 - How do you implement attention mechanism? (1%)
 - Compare and analyze the results of models with and without attention mechanism. (1%)
- How to improve your performance (1%)
 - Write down the method that makes you outstanding
 - Describe the model or technique (0.5%)
 - Why do you use it (0.5%)
- Experimental results and settings (1%)
 - parameter tuning, schedual sampling ... etc
- README: please specify library and the corresponding version in README

Grading Policy -- Bonus(2%)

- TAs will select about 5 persons, according to both **creativity** and **performance** (top 10%, by the score of peer review) for introducing your model during the class
- If you are chosen, you have to present in order to get the bonus.

Grading Policy -- Notice

- Please fill the <u>late submission form</u> first only if you will submit HW late
- Please push your code before you fill the form
- There will be 25% penalty per day for late submission, so you get 0% after four days
- You get 0% if the required script has bug.
 - If the error is due to the format issue, please come to fix the bug at the announced time, or you will get 10% penalty afterwards.

Submission Rules

Submission Rules

- Create hw2 directory under ADLxMLDS2017
- Under hw2, there should be:
 - report.pdf
 - your_seq2seq_model
 - hw2_seq2seq.sh // should run your RNN model
 - model_seq2seq.py and other necessary files
 - *In model_seq2seq.py should include your training codes.
- Please do not upload any dataset to Github (include external dataset)
- If your model are too big for github, upload to a cloud space and write it in your script to download the model
- Your script should be done within 10 mins (include preprocessing) excluding model donwloading

Deadline

Github code & report deadline: **2017/11/19 23:59 (GMT+8)**

FAQ

Q1:使用的lib 限制

- Allowed packages include:

- PyTorch v0.2.0
- Tensorflow r1.3 (Tensor layer forbidden)
 https://tensorlayer.readthedocs.io/en/latest/ (x)
- Keras 2.0.7 (Tensorflow backend only)
- MXNet 0.11.0
- CNTK 2.2
- Numpy
- Pandas
- Python Standard Lib

If you use other packages, please ask for permission first !!!

Q2: 請問助教會跑training的程式嗎?

A:

不會。我們所規定的十分鐘只包含testing。除非我們認為有必要就會請你們來跑training的code。

Q3:有推薦上傳model的平台嗎?

A:

dropbox, google drive都是大家常用的平台。不過推薦大家可以使用gitlab, 操作方法與github類似, 但是可以上傳大容量的檔案。

Q4: peer review 底下的資料夾怎麼是空的?

A:

屆時同學上傳model後,在助教電腦上的資料夾才會有影片及相對應得feature

Q5: test set 的答案怎麼一起給了?

A:

因為沒有Kaggle, 方便大家validation 和測準確率, 因此也給大家testset 的答案。

Q6: attention model助教也會跑嗎?

A:

不會的,這部分請同學自己實驗並寫在report裡,同學只需要交自己最好的model。

Q7: 助教會使用bleu_eval.py 來測是否有過 baseline嗎?

A:

bleu_eval.py僅給同學參考用,在改的時候可能會再做修改,但計算average的方式會一樣的,請同學不要用程式的漏洞......

Q8: peer review 的 video 有幾個呢?

A:

屆時助教在跑model時,會將所有的影片標示在 peer_review_id.txt(助教的data資料夾底下),請同學利用這 個檔案讀所有的video。

Eg: 1.avi

feature 位置: peer_review/feat/1.avi.npy

video 位置: peer_review/video/1.avi

Q9: data 裡的feature是怎麼抽的呢?

A:

pretrain在ILSVRC的VGG19。

80*4096維的feature, 是指每個影片抽80個frame, 每個 frame有4096維feature。

Q10: Average bleu score 是怎麼算的呢?

A:

對於每個影片, 你的答案會對他的所有的字幕都算一次bleu score, 平均後得到關於這支影片的分數。

將所有影片的分數取平均後, 就是你的總bleu score。

詳細演算法請見 bleu_eval.py

FAQ

- 有問題請利用TA hours、信箱或FB 社團,請不要FB私訊助教!!
- If you have other questions,
 - please contact TAs via <u>adlxmlds@gmail.com</u>
 - post your questions on <u>facebook group</u>
 - go to TA office hours
 - 李佳軒 Thu 16:00-17:30 (電二531)
 - 蔡哲平 Wed 10:30-12:00 (電二531) (11/8(三) 助教要期中考, 請假)
 - 林圓方 Fri 9:30-11:00 (博理527)