Literature review on topic «Chaos optical communication»

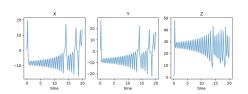
Eskoskin D., Khoruzhii K., Primak E.

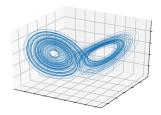
05.03.2021

Definition of dynamic chaos

$\mathrm{Map}^1 f$ is **chaotic**, if

- \blacksquare Periodic points are dense everywhere in \boldsymbol{E} .
- Orbits are mixed (almost): let $U_1, U_2 \subset \mathbf{E}$. $\forall x_0 \in U_1 \ \exists N \in \mathbb{N} : f^N(x_0) \in U_2$.
- f Sensitive to the i. c. $\forall x_0 \in \mathbf{E}, \ \forall U_{\varepsilon}(x_0) \ \exists y_0 \in U_{\varepsilon}, \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \colon |f^n(x_0) - f^n(y_0)| > \beta.$





¹W. Hirsch, S. Smale, Introduction to Chaos.

Sensitivity to initial conditions

Example of sensitivity to initial conditions with map

$$x_{n+1} = rx_n(1-x_n), \quad r \in (0,4]$$

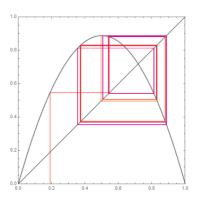


Figure 1: r = 3.55

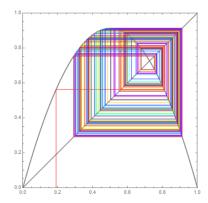


Figure 2: r = 3.65

Initial ideas

Consider² an autonomous n-dimensional dynamical system:

$$\dot{u} = f(u) \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{v} = g(v, w), \\ \dot{w} = h(v, w) \end{cases} \text{ where } \begin{cases} v = (u_1, \dots, u_m) \\ w = (u_{m+1}, \dots, u_n) \end{cases}$$

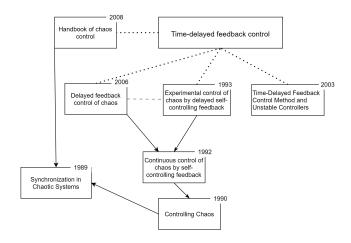
and $g = (f_1(u), \dots, f_m(u)), h = (f_{m+1}(u), \dots, f_n(u)).$ Then, at system $\dot{w}' = h(v, w')$ it's right that

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} (\Delta w = w' - w) = 0, \text{ only if LyapunovExponent}(w) < 0.$$

Also, it could be shown, that with noize in system parametrs $\Delta w(t) \rightarrow \text{const}$ at some additional conditions.

²M. Pecora, L. Carroll, Synchronization in Chaotic Systems, 1990.

Some articles



Greece realization

The use of such encryption on a commercial scale is possible³

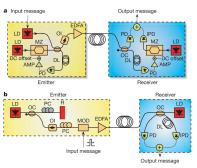


Figure 3: Two schematic set-ups for optical chaos communication

Possible realisatios:

- optoelectronic scheme (a)
- all-optical scheme (b)

³A. Argyris, D. Syvridis, Chaos-based communications at high bit rates using commercial fibre-optic links.

