

modified Dubinin-Radushkevich (MDR) equation that has a proper Henry's law limit and retains the original form of the DR equation at moderate to high pressures

$$n = \beta_1 \left(n_0 \exp \left[- \left(C \ln \frac{P_s}{P} \right)^2 \right] \right) + \beta_2 \left(n_1 \frac{P}{P_s} \right)$$

n_0 and C ($\equiv RT/BE$) are the two fitting parameters.

weighting factors, β_1 and β_2 , must be chosen such that the second term becomes significant only at very low pressures and the first term remains applicable over the rest of the pressure range up to P_s .

Intuitively, β_1 must be equal to zero at low pressures and unity at moderate to high pressures whereas β_2 must behave

exactly in the opposite manner.

$$\beta_1 = 1 - \exp \left(-\alpha \frac{P}{P_s} \right)$$

$$\beta_2 = \exp \left(-\alpha \frac{P}{P_s} \right)$$

α is an additional fitting parameter

$$n = \left[1 - \exp \left(-\alpha \frac{P}{P_s} \right) \right] n_0 \exp \left[- \left(C \ln \frac{P_s}{P} \right)^2 \right] + \exp \left(-\alpha \frac{P}{P_s} \right) n_1 \frac{P}{P_s}$$

saturated vapor pressure (P_s) was calculated by using the reduced Kirchoff equation,

$$P_s = P_c \exp \left[\frac{T_{shp}}{T_c} \left(\frac{\ln P_c}{1 - T_{shp}/T_c} \right) \left(1 - \frac{T_c}{T} \right) \right]$$