

## LISTs in C++

Creating an integer list and printing the size and all elements inside the list

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<list>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    list<int> integer_list;
    integer_list.push_front(1);
    integer_list.push_front(2);
    integer_list.push_back(4);
    integer_list.push_back(3);
    list<int>::iterator itr;
    cout << integer_list.size();
    for (itr = integer_list.begin(); itr != integer_list.end(); itr++)
    {
        cout << *itr;
    }
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

Inserting an element in to the list

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<list>

using namespace std;
int main()
{
    list<int> integer_list;
    integer_list.push_front(1);
    integer_list.push_front(2);
    integer_list.push_back(4);
    integer_list.push_back(3);
    list<int>::iterator itr;
    itr=integer_list.begin();
    integer_list.insert(++itr, 5);
    for (itr = integer_list.begin(); itr != integer_list.end(); itr++)
    {
        cout << *itr;
    }

    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

Inserting in the middle of the list

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<list>
#include<algorithm>
#include<numeric>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    list<int> test;
```

```

test.push_front(1);
test.push_front(2);
test.push_front(3);
list<int>::iterator itr;
itr = test.begin();

for (itr = test.begin(); itr != test.end(); itr++)
{
    if (*itr == 2)
    {
        test.insert(itr, 4);
    }
}

for (itr = test.begin(); itr != test.end(); itr++)
{
    cout << *itr;
}
system("pause");
return 0;
}

```

#### Removing Elements from the list using pop front and pop back

```

#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<list>

using namespace std;
int main()
{
    list<int> integer_list;
    integer_list.push_front(1);
    integer_list.push_front(2);
    integer_list.push_back(4);
    integer_list.push_back(3);
    list<int>::iterator itr;
    //popping one element from the front
    integer_list.pop_front();
    //popping one element from the end
    integer_list.pop_back();
    //printing all elements inside the list

    for (itr = integer_list.begin(); itr != integer_list.end(); itr++)
    {
        cout << *itr;
    }

    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

#### Checking if the list is empty ,reversing the list before printing

```

#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<list>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    list<int> integer_list;

```

```

integer_list.push_front(1);
integer_list.push_front(2);
integer_list.push_back(4);
integer_list.push_back(3);
list<int>::iterator itr;
//checking if the list is empty
if (integer_list.empty())
{
    cout << "The list is empty";
}
else
{
    cout << "The list is not empty";
}
//printing all elements inside the list
//reversing the list
reverse(integer_list.begin(), integer_list.end());
for (itr = integer_list.begin(); itr != integer_list.end(); itr++)
{
    cout << *itr;
}

system("pause");
return 0;
}

```