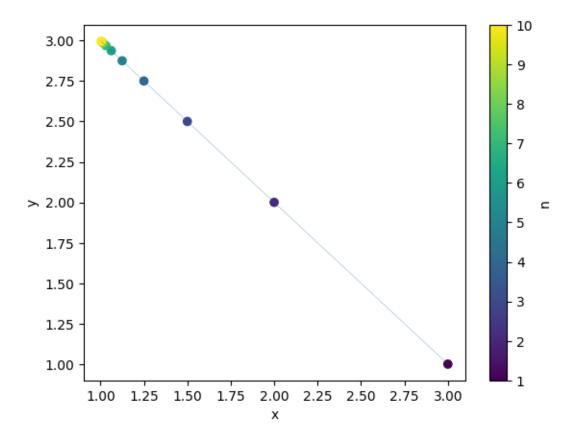
Sequences

June 20, 2025

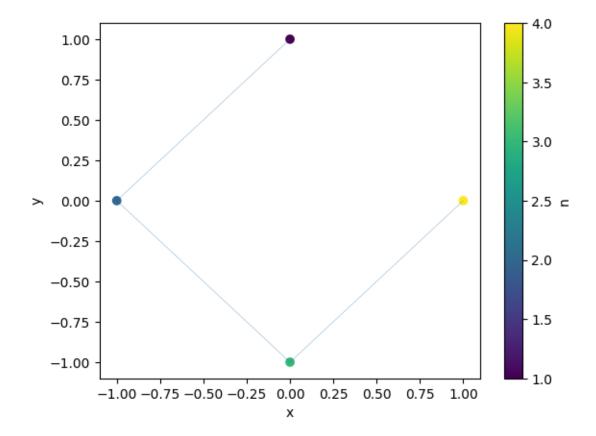


Unit circle jumps (4 points) $x_n = \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right), \; \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right)\right)$

```
[105]: n = np.arange(1, 5)

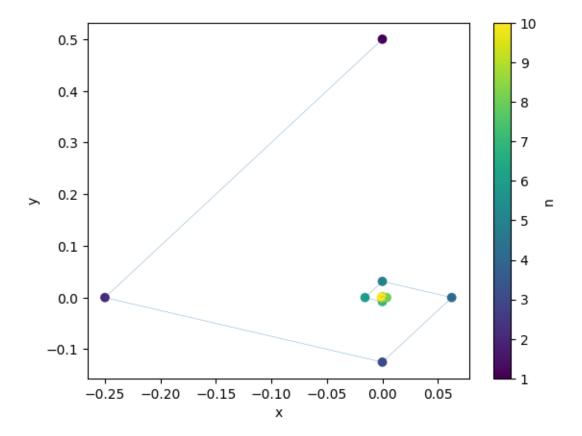
x_n = np.column_stack((np.cos(np.pi/2 * n), np.sin(np.pi/2 * n)))

plot_xn(x_n, n)
```



 $\textbf{Shrinking spiral (4 points)} \qquad x_n = \left(\tfrac{1}{2^n}\cos\left(\tfrac{\pi}{2}n\right),\ \tfrac{1}{2^n}\sin\left(\tfrac{\pi}{2}n\right)\right)$

```
[106]: n = np.arange(1, 11)
    r = 1 / 2**n
    x_n = np.column_stack((r * np.cos(np.pi/2 * n), r * np.sin(np.pi/2 * n)))
    plot_xn(x_n, n)
```

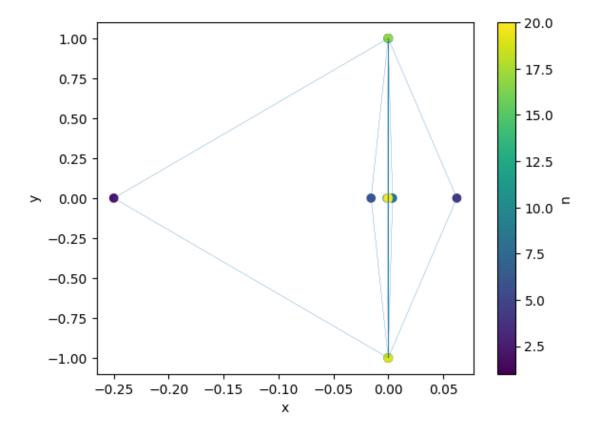


You scaled only cos with r, not sin.

- **x-component** shrinks with $\frac{1}{2^n}$
- y-component stays on unit circle (not shrinking)

So points lie on an **ellipse**, not a spiral or circle.

```
[115]: n = np.arange(1, 21)
r = 1 / 2**n
x_n = np.column_stack((r * np.cos(np.pi/2 * n), np.sin(np.pi/2 * n)))
plot_xn(x_n, n)
```



 ${\bf Linear\ sequence} \qquad x_n=1+n$

```
[108]: n = np.arange(1, 21)
x_n = np.column_stack((1 + n, 0*n))
plot_xn(x_n, n)
```

