



GOLO, THE TINY LANGUAGE THAT GIVES SUPER POWERS

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JDD 2016

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Golo committer

“Another language for the JVM”

- Agenda -

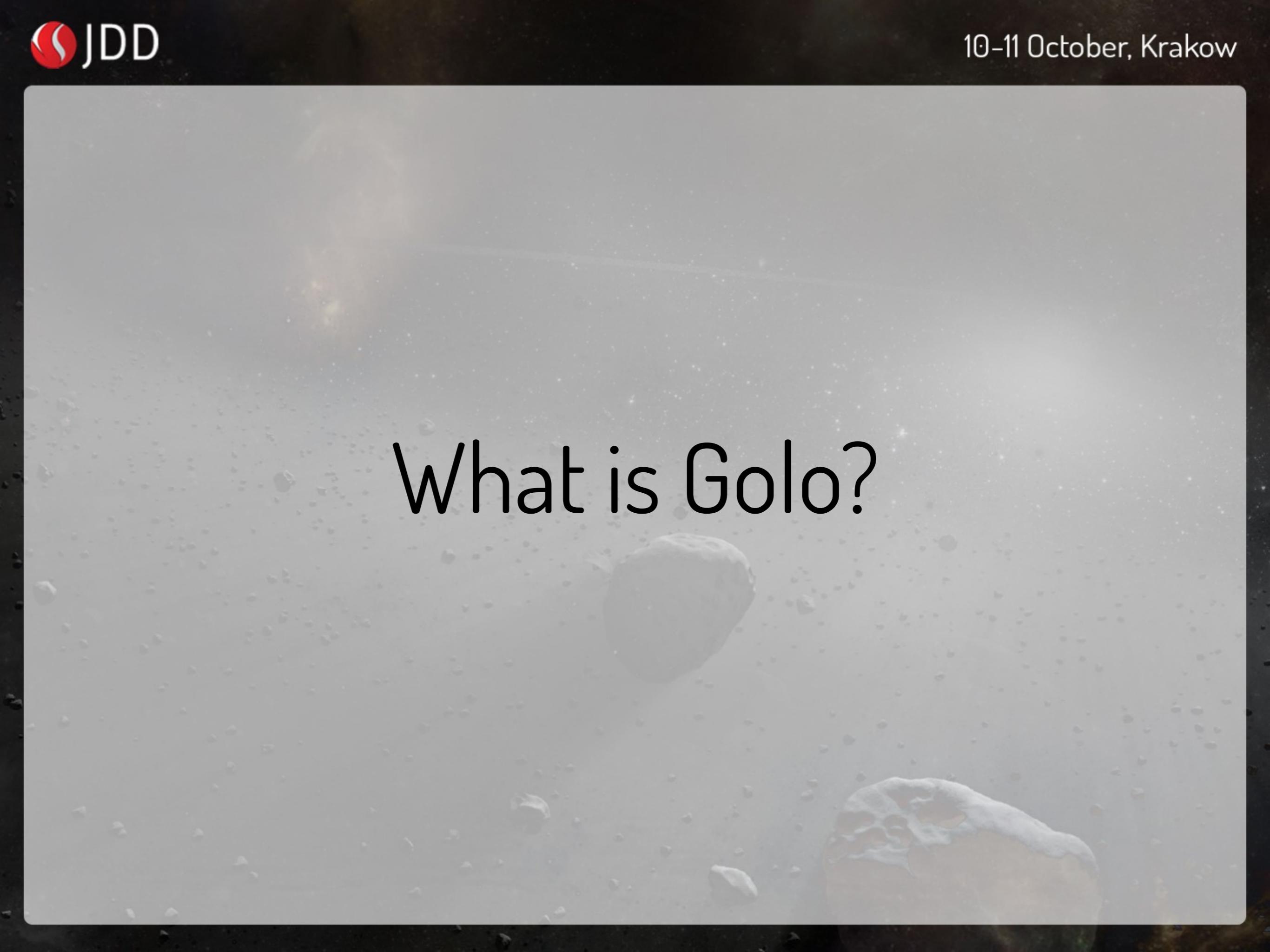
The basis of Golo

Some specific features

How Golo ❤ Java

I use it for my job

How to hack Golo with Java or with Golo



What is Golo?



 @jponge

A research project > Julien Ponge @ CitiLab



A dynamic language for the JVM

Built from the first day with invokedynamic

Light (~700 kb) and fast (in a dynamic context)

IW Simple, JVM-friendly Golo may aid IoT developers X Philippe

www.infoworld.com/article/3124760/java/simple-jvm-friendly-golo-may-aid-iot-developers.html

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Simple, JVM-friendly Golo may aid IoT developers

Credit: Thinkstock

With concurrency and runtime improvements, the JVM language becomes more attractive for IoT development

By Paul Krill | Follow
InfoWorld | Sep 28, 2016

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Developers of the Eclipse Foundation's Golo language [for the JVM](#) are exploring improvements like concurrency models and improved runtime performance to boost the language's [internet of things \(IoT\)](#) development capability.

Golo, a simple, dynamic, weakly typed language favoring explicit over implicit, was born out of experiments by the Dynamid research team at the Center for

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Programming languages

GitHub, Inc. [US] https://github.com/showcases/programming-languages Philippe

 [dart-lang/sdk](#) Dart ★ 831 ⚡ 125
The Dart SDK, including the VM, dart2js, core libraries, and more.

 [amber-smalltalk/amber](#) ★ 720 ⚡ 132
An implementation of the Smalltalk language that runs on top of the JS runtime
<http://amber-lang.net>

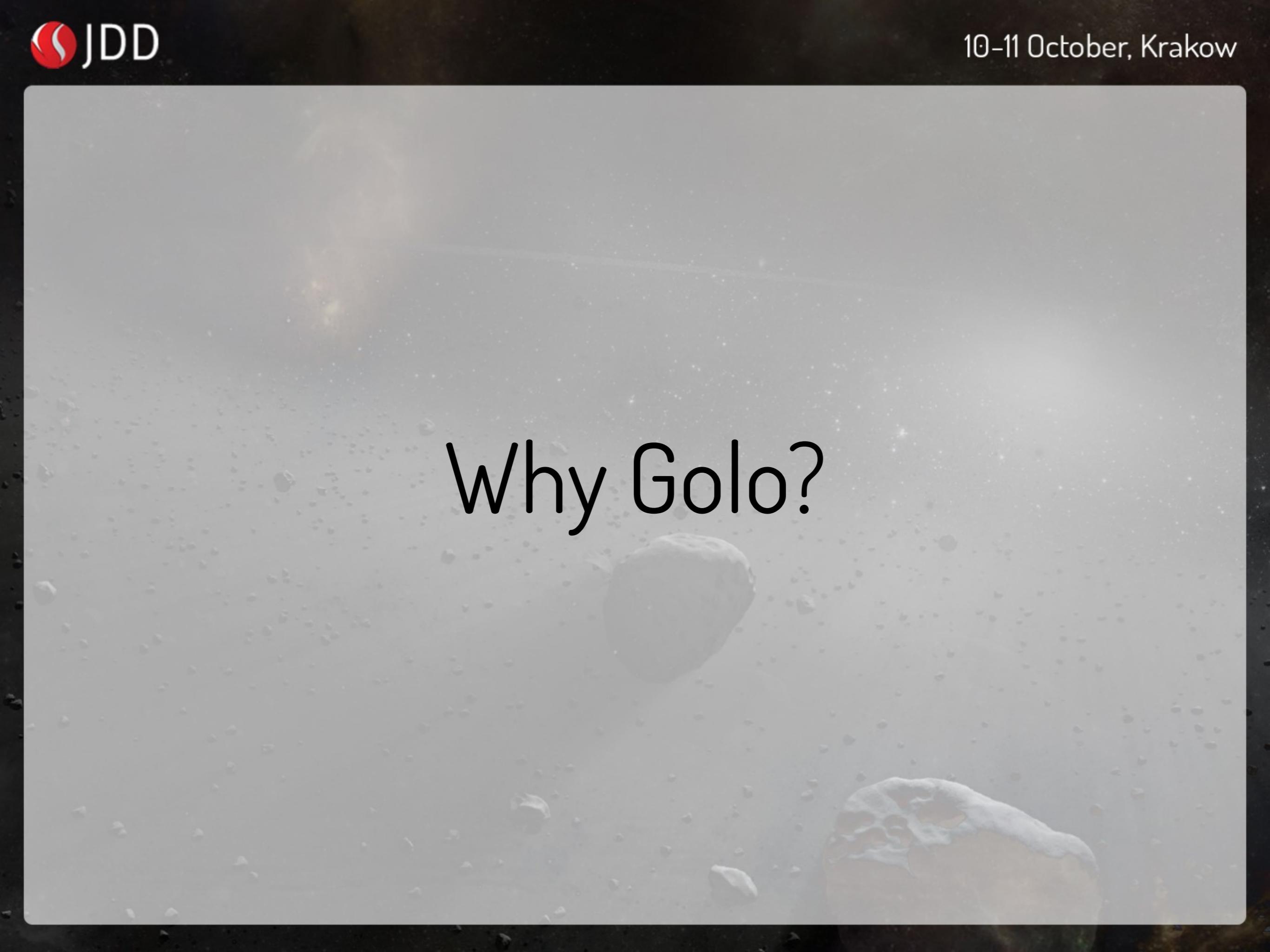
 [factor/factor](#) Factor ★ 500 ⚡ 102
Factor programming language - Github mirror of official GIT repo

 [chapel-lang/chapel](#) Chapel ★ 320 ⚡ 109
a Productive Parallel Programming Language

 [dylan-lang/opendylan](#) Dylan ★ 228 ⚡ 49
Open Dylan compiler and IDE

 [eclipse/golo-lang](#) Java ★ 223 ⚡ 71
Golo - a lightweight dynamic language for the JVM.
Starred by 7 people

 [gosu-lang/gosu-lang](#) Gosu ★ 154 ⚡ 38
The Gosu programming language



Why Golo?

Easy to learn

Easy to use

Easy to hack

Small

a language to learn and try

DSL for children

```
tiger("tigrou 🐯")  
: start(4, 2)  
: move(2): right(): left()  
: stop()  
: say("hello")
```

a language to learn and try

IOT

```
# firmata4j
let myArduino = device(): port("/dev/cu.usbmodem1411")
myArduino: initialize(): onSet(|self| {

    let redLed = self: getLedInstance("red", 13)
    redLed: switchOn()

    self: loop(50, |i| {
        redLed: blink(1000_L)
    })
}): onFail(|err| {
    println("Houston? We've got a problem!")
})
```

Simple

module operations

```
function addition = |a, b| {  
    return a + b  
}
```

```
module operations
```

```
function addition = |a, b| {  
    return a + b  
}
```

```
module operations
```

```
function addition = |a, b| {  
    return a + b  
}
```

```
function multiplication = |a, b| -> a * b
```



```
module operations
function addition = |a, b| {
    return a + b
}
function multiplication =
|a, b| -> a * b
#!/usr/bin/env golosh
module demo
import operations
function main = |args| {
    println(addition(40,2))
    println(multiplication(21,2))
}
```

```
module operations
function addition = |a, b| {
    return a + b
}
function multiplication =
|a, b| -> a * b
#!/usr/bin/env golosh
module demo
import operations
function main = |args| {
    println(addition(40,2))
    println(multiplication(21,2))
}
```

Run Golo scripts

several ways

golo command

compilation (class and jar)

as a shell script

Run it



```
#!/usr/bin/env golosh  
module demo
```

```
import operations
```

```
function main = |args| {
```

```
    println(addition(40,2))
```

```
    println(multiplication(21,2))
```

```
}
```

Run it

```
chmod +x hello.golo
```

```
./hello.golo
```



```
#!/usr/bin/env golosh  
module demo
```

```
import operations
```

```
function main = largsl {  
    println(addition(40,2))  
    println(multiplication(21,2))  
}
```

Run it

```
./  
└── libs  
    └── libA.jar  
    └── libB.jar  
└── commons  
    └── utils.golo  
    └── others.golo  
└── vendors  
    └── otherlib.jar  
└── hello.golo
```



```
#!/usr/bin/env golosh  
module demo
```

```
import operations
```

```
function main = |args| {  
    println(addition(40,2))  
    println(multiplication(21,2))  
}
```

Some features (my favorite features)

Closures

```
#!/usr/bin/env golosh
module demo

function main = |args| {

    let division = |a,b| {
        return a/b
    }

    try {
        println(division(84, 0))
    } catch (err) {
        println("😡: " + err.message())
    }
}
```

Simple and Efficient

Composition rather than Inheritance

Mixed approach (object / functional)

No Class!

but...

```
struct human = {  
    firstName,  
    lastName  
}
```

```
module demo1_structure

struct human = {
  firstName, lastName
}

function main = largsl {
  # no new keyword
  let john = human("John", "Doe")

  # named parameters
  let jane = human(firstName="Jane", lastName="Doe")
}

}
```

```
module demo1_structure
```

```
struct human = {  
    firstName, lastName  
}
```

```
function main = largsl {  
    # no new keyword  
    let john = human("John", "Doe")
```

```
# named parameters  
let jane = human(firstName="Jane", lastName="Doe")
```

```
}
```

```
module demo1_structure
```

```
struct human = {  
    firstName, lastName  
}
```

```
function main = largsl {  
    # no new keyword  
    let john = human("John", "Doe")
```

```
# named parameters
```

```
let jane = human(firstName="Jane", lastName="Doe")
```

```
# colon notation
```

```
let bob = human(): firstName("Bob"): lastName("Morane")
```

```
println("Hello, I'm " + bob: firstName() + " " + bob: lastName())
```

```
}
```

```
module demo1_structure

struct human = {
    firstName, lastName
}

function main = largsl {
    # no new keyword
    let john = human("John", "Doe")

    # named parameters
    let jane = human(firstName="Jane", lastName="Doe")

    # colon notation 
    let bob = human(): firstName("Bob"): lastName("Morane")

    println("Hello, I'm " + bob: firstName() + " " + bob: lastName())
}
```

Augmentations

```
module demo_structure
```

```
struct human = {  
    firstName, lastName  
}
```

```
augment human {  
    # this is a ref to human structure  
    function sayHello = |this| ->  
        "Hello, I'm " + this.firstName() + " " + this.lastName()  
}
```

```
function main = |args| {  
    # colon notation  
    let jane = human()  
        : firstName("Jane")  
        : lastName("Doe")  
  
    println(jane.sayHello())  
}
```

```
module demo_structure

struct human = { firstName, lastName }

augment human {
    function sayHello = |this| ->
        "Hello, I'm " + this: firstName() + " " + this: lastName()
}

function Human = |firstName, lastName| {
    # I'm the human constructor
    return human(firstName, lastName)
}

function main = |args| {
    # colon notation
    let jane = Human("Jane", "Doe")

    println(jane: sayHello())
}
```

← kind of constructor

No Class! Part 2

but...

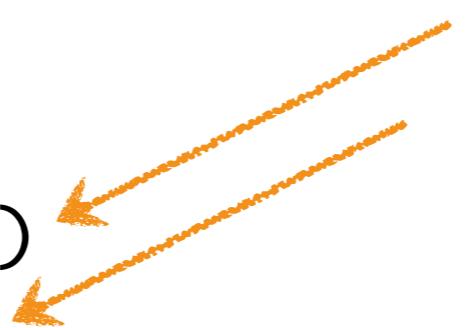
DynamicObjects

```
module demo_dynamicobjects
function main = |args| {

let jane =
    DynamicObject()
    : firstName("Jane")
    : lastName("Doe")
    : define("sayHello", |this| {
        return "Hello, I'm " + this.firstName() +
            " " + this.lastName()
    })

    println(jane.sayHello())
}

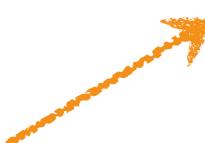
}
```



```
module demo_dynamicobjects
function main = |args| {

let jane =
    DynamicObject()
    : firstName("Jane")
    : lastName("Doe")
    : define("sayHello", |this| {
        return "Hello, I'm " + this.firstName() +
            " " + this.lastName()
    })

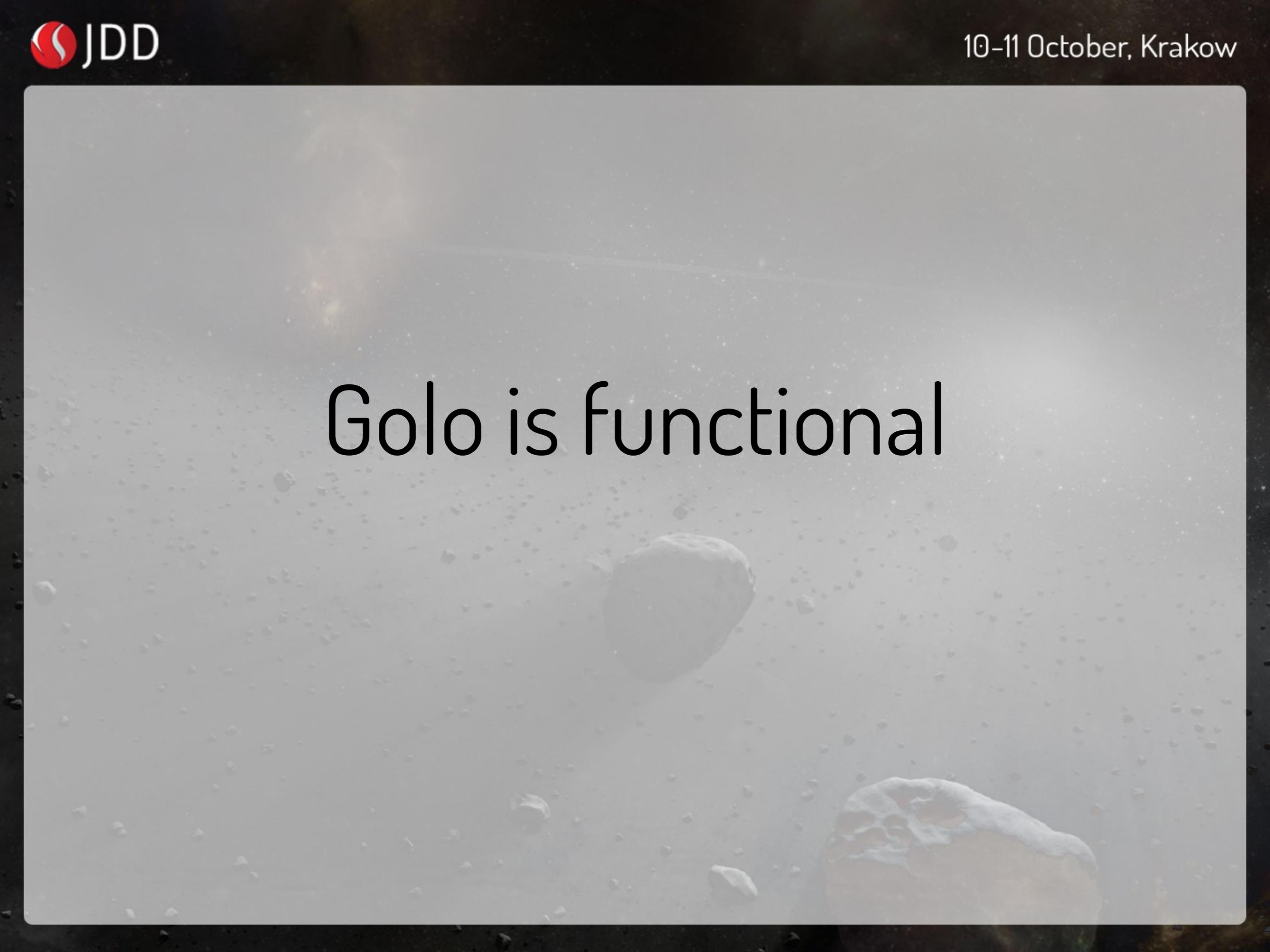
    println(jane.sayHello())
}


```

```
module demo_dynamicobjects
```

```
function Human = |firstName, lastName| {
    # I'm the human constructor
    return
        DynamicObject()
            : firstName(firstName)
            : lastName(lastName)
            : define("sayHello", |this| {
                return "Hello, I'm " + this.firstName() +
                    " " + this.lastName()
            })
}
```

```
function main = |args| {
    let jane = Human("Jane", "Doe")
    println(jane.sayHello())
}
```



Golo is functional

functions are 

function as output & input

```
module demo_func_01

function addition = |a, b| { return a + b }

function main = |args| {
    # function as output
    let add = |a| {
        return |b| {
            return addition(a,b)
        }
    }
}
```

function as output & input

```
module demo_func_01

    function addition = |a, b| { return a + b }

    function main = |args| {
        # function as output
        let add = |a| {
            return |b| {
                return addition(a,b)
            }
        }
        let addOne = add(1)
        println(addOne(41)) # 42

        println(
            list[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]: map(addOne)
            # [2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
        )
    }
}
```

function as input

function as output & input

```
module demo_func_01

function addition = |a, b| { return a + b }

function main = |args| {

    let add = |a| -> |b| -> addition(a,b)

}

}
```

function as output & input

```
module demo_func_01

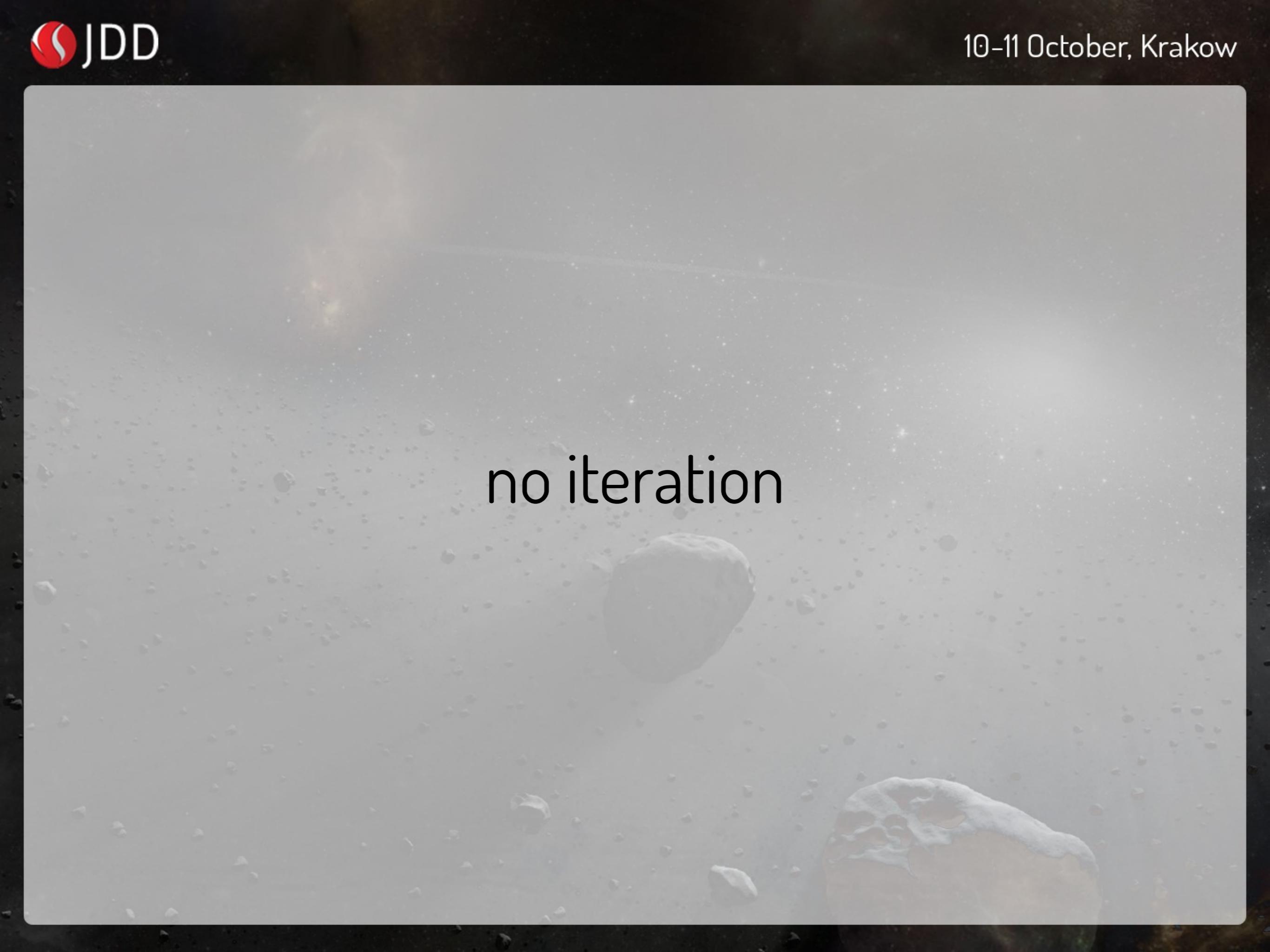
function addition = |a, b| { return a + b }

function main = |args| {

    let add = |a| -> |b| -> addition(a,b)

    let addOne = add(1)

    println(
        list[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
        → : map(addOne) # [2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
        → : map(addOne) # [3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
    )
}
```



no iteration

no iteration

```
let noChips = |food| -> food isn't "🍟"  
# return true if it's not chips
```

```
let noOnion = |food| -> food isn't "🧅"
```

```
noChips("🍞") == true  
noChips("🍟") == false
```

no iteration

```
let noChips = |food| -> food isn't "🍟"
```

```
let noOnion = |food| -> food isn't "泪"
```

```
let cutFood = |food| -> "piece of " + food
```

```
let Food = list[  
    "🍞"  
    , "🌿"  
    , "🍅"  
    , "🥓"  
    , "🍟"  
    , "泪" # 😞 can't find onion emoji  
]
```

no iteration

```
[🍞, 🥬, 🍅, 🥣, 🍟, 😭]
```



```
let myKebabRecipe = Food  
: filter(noChips) → [🍞, 🥬, 🍅, 🥣, 😭]  
: filter(noOnion) → [🍞, 🥬, 🍅, 🥣]  
: map(cutFood)
```



```
[piece of 🍞, piece of 🥬, piece of 🍅, piece of 🥣]
```

no iteration

```
# ⚡ preparing kebab with myKebabRecipe  
let mixFood = |accFood, nextFood| -> accFood + nextFood + " "
```

```
[piece of 🍞, piece of 🥬, piece of 🍅, piece of 🍖]
```



```
let kebab = myKebabRecipe  
  : reduce("🌮 with: ", mixFood)
```



```
🌮 with: piece of 🍞 piece of 🥬 piece of 🍅 piece of 🍖
```

Union Types

Golo is functional

```
module SomeThing
```

```
union SomeThing = {  
    Yum = { value } # good  
    Yuck = { value } # bad  
}  
# you're good or bad, but not good and bad
```

```
module SomeThing
```

```
union SomeThing = {  
    Yum = { value } # good  
    Yuck = { value } # bad  
}  
# you're good or bad, but not good and bad
```

```
union SomeThing.Yum{value=🍌}
```



```
let banana = SomeThing.Yum("🍌")  
let hotPepper = SomeThing.Yuck("🌶")
```



```
union SomeThing.Yuck{value=🌶}
```

```
let banana = SomeThing.Yum("🍌")  
let hotPepper = SomeThing.Yuck("🌶")
```

```
println(banana: value()) → 🍌  
println(hotPepper: value()) → 🌶
```

```
let banana = SomeThing.Yum("🍌")
let hotPepper = SomeThing.Yuck("🌶")
```

```
println(banana: value())
println(hotPepper: value())
```

you can do that:

```
println(banana: isYum())      # true
println(hotPepper: isYuck())  # true
```

```
let onlyBananas = |value| {
    if value is "🍌" { return SomeThing.Yum(value)}
    return SomeThing.Yuck("🌶")
}

if onlyBananas("🍌"): isYum() {
    println("I ❤️ bananas")
} else {
    println("💔")
}
```

and... Augmentations

```
union SomeThing = {  
    Yum = { value }    # good  
    Yuck = { value }   # bad  
}
```

```
augment SomeThing$Yum {  
    function so = |this, ifYum, ifYuck| -> ifYum(this: value())  
}
```

```
augment SomeThing$Yuck {  
    function so = |this, ifYum, ifYuck| -> ifYuck(this: value())  
}
```

```
union SomeThing = {  
    Yum = { value }    # good  
    Yuck = { value }   # bad  
}
```

```
augment SomeThing$Yum {  
    function so = |this, ifYum, ifYuck| -> ifYum(this: value())  
}
```

```
augment SomeThing$Yuck {  
    function so = |this, ifYum, ifYuck| -> ifYuck(this: value())  
}
```

```
let onlyBananas = |value| {
    if value is "🍌" { return SomeThing.Yum(value)}
    return SomeThing.Yuck(value)
}
```

```
onlyBananas("🍋"): so(
    |value| {
        println("I ❤️ " + value)
    },
    |value| {
        println("I 💔 " + value)
    }
)
```

Functional Errors

Golo is functional

Result (and Error)

Golo is functional

```
let.toInt = |value| {
    try {
        return Result(Integer.parseInt(value))
    } catch(e) {
        return Error(e: getMessage())
    }
}
```

```
let.toInt = lvalue! {  
    try {  
        return Result(Integer.parseInt(value))  
    } catch(e) {  
        return Error(e: getMessage())  
    }  
}
```

all is ok →

```
let result = toInt("Fourty-two"): either(  
    lvalue! {  
        println("Succeed!")  
        return value  
    },  
    lerr! {  
        println("Failed!" + err: message())  
        return 42  
    })
```

ouch! →

```
let.toInt = lvalue! {  
    try {  
        return Result(Integer.parseInt(value))  
    } catch(e) {  
        return Error(e: getMessage())  
    }  
}
```

```
let result = toInt("Fourty-two"): either(  
    lvalue! {  
        println("Succeed!")  
        return value  
    },  
    lerr! {  
        println("Failed!" + err: message())  
        return 42  
    })
```

```
println(toInt("Hello") : orElse(42))
```

Trying

```
module ResultError

import gololang.Errors

function main = |args| {

    # get a Result or an Error
    trying|{
        return Integer.parseInt("Quarante-deux")
    })
    : either(
        lvalue {
            println("Succeed!")
        },
        lerr {
            println("Failed!" + err: message())
        }
    }

}
```

Golo ❤ Java

part 1

```
package acme;

import java.lang.String;
import java.lang.System;

public class Toon {

    public String name;
    private String nickName;

    public String getNickName() { return nickName; }
    public void setNickName(String value) { nickName = value; }

    public Toon(String name) { this.name = name; }

    public Toon() { this.name = "John Doe"; }

    public void hi() { System.out.println("Hi, I'm " + this.name); }

    public static Toon getInstance(String name) { return new Toon(name); }

    public void hug(Toon toon) { System.out.println("I ❤️ " + toon.name); }
}
```

```
module toons
```



```
import acme
```

```
function main = largsl {
```

```
}
```

```
module toons

import acme

function main = |args| {
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new
}

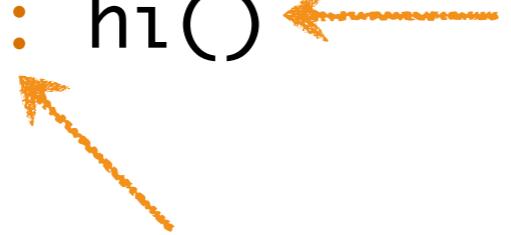
```

```
module toons

import acme

function main = |args| {
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new
    buster: hi() ←
}

```



The code demonstrates a closure pattern. It defines a module named 'toons' that imports 'acme'. Inside the module, a function 'main' is defined to take an argument '|args|'. Inside 'main', a variable 'buster' is declared using 'let' and assigned to a 'Toon' object with the name 'Buster'. Finally, the 'hi()' method is called on 'buster'. Two orange arrows point to the 'hi()' call, highlighting it.

```
module toons

import acme

function main = |args| {
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new
    buster: hi()

    buster: nickname("busty")
    ↗
    ↘
    println(buster: nickname())

}

}
```

```
module toons

import acme

function main = |args| {
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new
    buster: hi()

    buster: nickName("busty")

    println(buster: nickName())

    let elmira = Toon.getInstance("elmira")
    ↑
}

}
```

```
module toons

import acme

function main = |args| {
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new
    buster: hi()

    buster: nickName("busty")

    println(buster: nickName())

    let elmira = Toon.getInstance("elmira")
    println(elmira: name()) ←
    elmira: name("Elmira") ←
    println(elmira: name())
    elmira: hug(buster)
}
```



Augmentations again!

```
module toons2
```

```
import acme
```

```
augment acme.Toon {  
    function hi = |this, message| {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
function main = |args| {  
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new  
    buster: hi("where is babs")  
}
```



```
module toons2

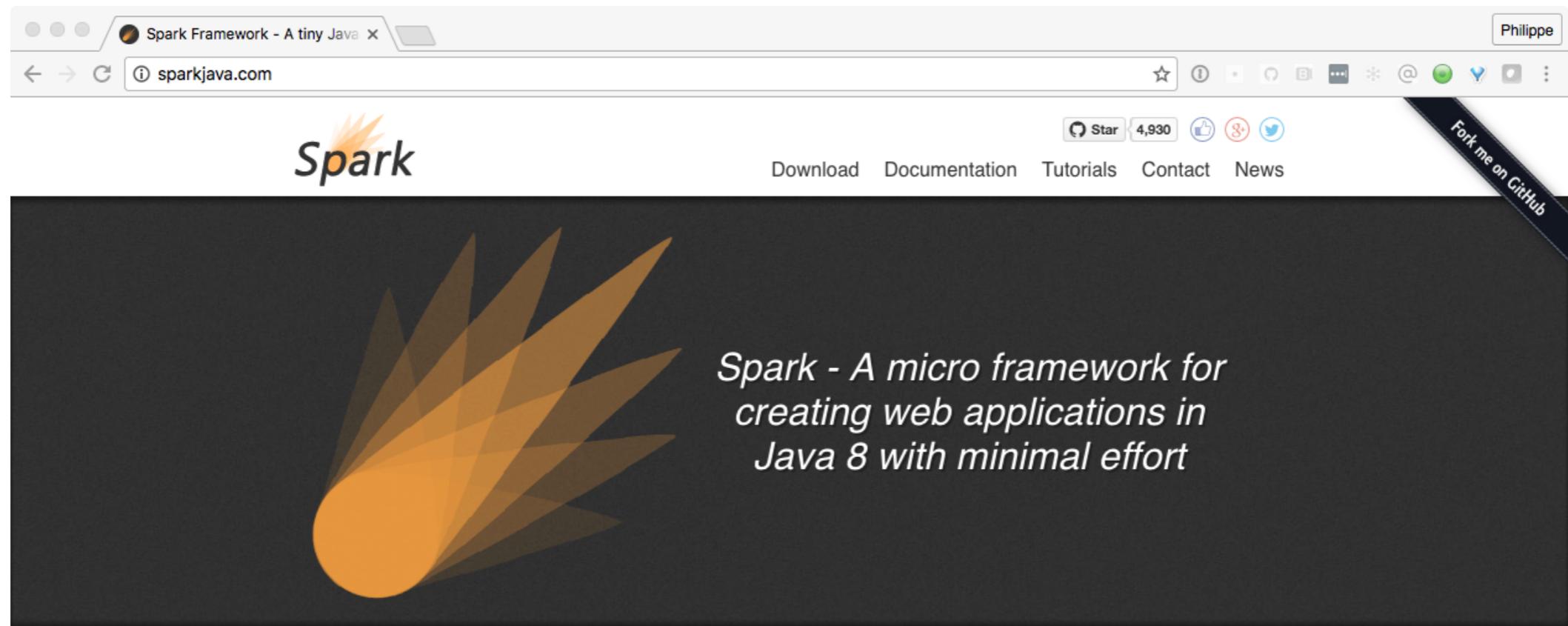
import acme

augment acme.Toon {
    function hi = |this, message| {
        this: hi()
        println("my message: " + message)
    }
}

function main = |args| {
    let buster = Toon("Buster") # no new
    buster: hi("where is babs")
}
```

Golo ❤ Java

part 2



Quick Start

```
import static spark.Spark.*;  
  
public class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        get("/hello", (req, res) -> "Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

Run and View

```
http://localhost:4567/hello
```

Built for Productivity

Spark Framework is a simple and lightweight Java web framework built for rapid development. Spark was originally inspired by the web framework Sinatra, but its intention isn't to compete with Sinatra, or other similar web frameworks in different languages. Spark's intention is to provide a pure Java alternative for developers that

```
import spark.Spark

function main = |args| {

    setPort(8888)
    externalStaticFileLocation("public")

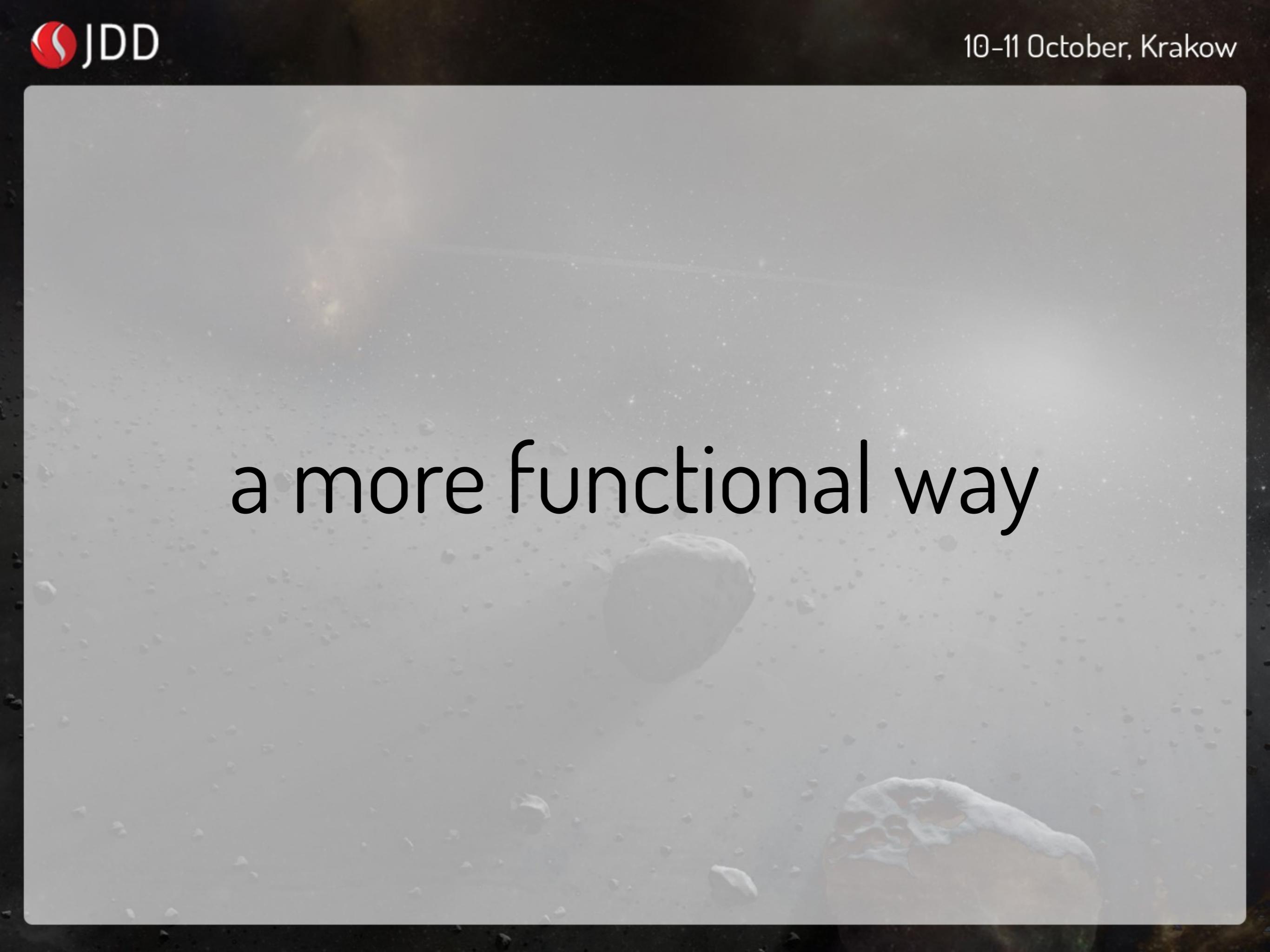
    get("/hi", |request, response| {
        response: type("text/plain")
        return "Hi :earth_africa: at JDD 2016"
    })

    get("/hello", |request, response| {
        response: type("application/json")
        return JSON.stringify(
            DynamicObject(): message("Hello :earth_africa: at JDD 2016")
        )
    })
}
```

```
import spark.Spark

augment spark.Response {
    function jsonPayLoad = |this, content| {
        this: type("application/json")
        return JSON.stringify(content)
    }
    function textPayLoad = |this, content| {
        this: type("text/plain")
        return content
    }
}
```

```
function main = largsl {  
  
setPort(8888)  
externalStaticFileLocation("public")  
  
get("/hi", lrequest, response ->  
    response: textPayLoad("Hi :earth_africa: at JDD 2016")  
)  
  
get("/hello", lrequest, response ->  
    response: jsonPayLoad(  
        DynamicObject(): message("Hello :earth_africa: at JDD 2016")  
)  
)  
}
```



a more functional way

```
get("/hi", |request, response| -> trying{  
    return "Hi :earth_africa: at JDD 2016"  
})  
: either(  
    |message| -> response: textPayLoad(message),  
    |error| -> response: textPayLoad(error: message())  
)  
  
get("/hello", |request, response| -> trying{  
    #let r = 42 / 0  
    return DynamicObject(): message("Hello :earth_africa: at JDD 2016")  
})  
: either(  
    |content| -> response: jsonPayLoad(content),  
    |error| -> response: jsonPayLoad(map[["message", error: message()]])  
)
```

see it in action

I use Golo everyday (almost)

at work

Philippe

GitHub, Inc. [US] | https://github.com/k33g/golockit

jonmagic/spamurai-s... Switch to GitHub:lab Rails 3.2.22.4

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27 commits 1 branch 0 releases 1 contributor MIT

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	k33g committed on GitHub Merge pull request #10 from k33g/wip-web-hooks	Latest commit 4f3a54e on Aug 24
	imports	update
	jars	Gardening and features
	.gitignore	update
	01-ci-server.golo	Gardening and features
	LICENSE	Initial commit
	README.md	Gardening and features
	big-issue.golo	Gardening and features
	branch.golo	Gardening and features
	commits.golo	Gardening and features
	issues.golo	Gardening and features
	labels.golo	Gardening and features
	main.golo	Gardening and features
	milestones.golo	Gardening and features
	pullrequest.golo	Gardening and features
	refs.golo	Gardening and features
	repository.golo	Gardening and features

setup a  demo
& faking a CI server

Hacking Golo

Demo

What else?

quickly

Decorators: kind of annotations

Workers: a little bit like JavaScript workers

Promises: asynchronous code

Observables: with a change event

Dynamic evaluation of code

and a lot of other things...

to conclude



<http://golo-lang.org/>

<https://github.com/eclipse/golo-lang>



[https://github.com/k33g/
golo-jdd-2016/issues](https://github.com/k33g/golo-jdd-2016/issues)

Thank you & Thank you to JDD 😍

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Questions? (speak slowly)