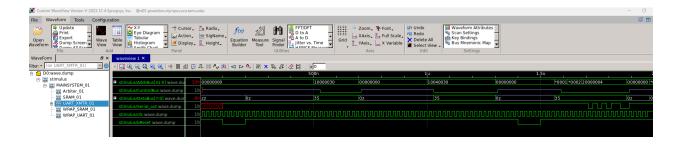
1. Screenshots of the waveform screenshot after functional simulation.



2. Justification of the correctness of the results.

The testbench first writes the value 35 to SRAM address 18'h30. Later, it reads from the same address, and it can be observed that the data value read out is 35. After the SRAM is read, the data value 35 is loaded onto the data bus and subsequently to the UART transmitter. The waveform shows that the Serial\_out signal's output is 0101011001, which, when reversed, is {1, 8'h35, 0}, where 0 and 1 correspond to the start and stop bits, respectively. This confirms that our system is functionally correct for SRAM read, write, and UART read and write.

3. Screenshots of the code you implemented.

## WRAP\_SRAM.v

```
assign ControlBus = IntEnable? 1'b0 : 1'bz;
\sqsubseteq// You need to assign DataBus here using continuous assign statement.
assign DataBus = (IntEnable && (AddressBus[31:28] == 4'b0001) && AddressBus[18]) ? OutData : 1'bz;
  always @ (posedge clk)
Degin
         if(IntEnable==1'b1)
                                           // Bus free
             if(AddressBus[31:28] == 4'b0001) // Address Decoding Matching
             begin
               // Insert your code here
              // ..
              // ..
              Address <= AddressBus[17:0];
              InData <= DataBus;</pre>
              bCE
                      <= AddressBus[19]:
              bWE
                      <= AddressBus[18];
             end
```

## WRAP\_UART.v

```
assign ControlBus = IntEnable ? 1'b0 : 1'bz;
 always @(posedge clk)
begin
                                     // Bus Free
        if(IntEnable)
        begin
            if(AddressBus[31:28] == 4'b0010) // Address Decoding Matching
            begin
             // Insert your code here
             // ...
            InData
                             <= DataBus;
             Load XMT datareg <= AddressBus[0];
             Byte_ready <= AddressBus[1];</pre>
             T_byte
                            <= AddressBus[2];
            end
        end
     else
     begin
                T_byte <= 1'b0;
             Byte_ready <= 1'b0;
             Load XMT datareg <= 1'b0;
             InData <= 8'h00;
     end
 end
```

I also modified tb.v as I was facing issues while generating the wave.dump file.

## Tb.v

```
initial
begin
    $dumpfile ("wave.dump");
    $dumpvars (0, stimulus);

$dumpvars (2, Serial_out);
    $dumpvars (2, clk);
    $dumpvars (2, Breq);
    $dumpvars (2, Bgnt);
    $dumpvars (2, DataBus);
    $dumpvars (2, AddrBus);
    $dumpvars (2, ControlBus);
    $dumpvars (2, bReset);
end
```