Homework 4 Writeup

Instructions

- Describe any interesting decisions you made to write your algorithm.
- Show and discuss the results of your algorithm.
- Feel free to include code snippets, images, and equations.
- Use as many pages as you need, but err on the short side If you feel you only need to write a short amount to meet the brief, th
- Please make this document anonymous.

Files

1. get_tiny_image.m

input : image_path
output : image_feats

2. nearest_neighbor_classify.m

input : train_image_feats, train_labels, test_image_feats
output : predicted_categories

1. and 2. are the first section.

3. bulid_vocabulary.m

input: image_paths, vocab_size

output: vocab

4. get_bags_of_words.m

input : image_paths
output : image_feats

2. and 3.&4. are the second section.

5. svm_classify.m

input: train_image_feats, train_labels, test_image_feats

output : predicted_categories

5. and 3.&4. are the last section.

Code

1. get_tiny_image.m

```
N = size(image_paths,1);
image_feats = zeros(N,256);
for i = 1:N
    resize_im = imresize(imread(image_paths{i}),[16 16]);
image_feats(i,:) = reshape(resize_im, 1,256);
image_feats(i,:) = image_feats(i,:) - mean(
    image_feats(i,:));
image_feats(i,:) = image_feats(i,:)./norm(image_feats(i,:));
end
```

This function resizes the size of the image. Afterwards, the image is corrected by dividing it into norm.

2. nearest_neighbor_classify.m

```
N1 = size(test_image_feats,1);
   D = pdist2(train_image_feats, test_image_feats);
3 | k = 15;
4 | label = unique(train_labels);
   size_l = size(label,1);
6 \mid [\tilde{}, index] = sort(D,1);
   count = zeros(size_l,N1);
8
   for i = 1:N1
       for j = 1:size_l
10
            m = train_labels(index(1:k,i));
11
            count(j,i) = sum(strcmp(label(j),m));
12
       end
13
   end
   [\tilde{\ }, index_l] = max(count,[],1);
   predicted_categories = label(index_l);
   end
```

It is first method to categorize the images. Nearest neighbor classifier.

3. bulid_vocabulary.m

```
N1 = size(image_paths,1);
   feat = [];
3
   for i = 1:N1
4
       I1 = im2single(imread(image_paths{i}));
5
       SURF = detectSURFFeatures(I1);
6
       strongest = SURF.selectStrongest(200);
       [features, v] = extractHOGFeatures(I1, strongest, '
          CellSize', [48 48]);
8
       size_f = size(features, 1);
9
       rand1 = randperm(size_f);
10
       sample = rand1(1:round(size_f/5));
11
       other = features(sample,:);
12
       feat = vertcat(feat, other);
13
   end
14
   [idx,C] = kmeans((feat), vocab_size);
   vocab = C;
```

Catch the feature with the fuction extractHOGFeatures. It makes vocab.mat to find feature at get_bags_of_words.m.

4. get_bags_of_words.m

```
load('vocab.mat')
   size_v = size(vocab, 1);
   N = size(image_paths, 1);
   image_feats = zeros(N, size_v);
   for i=1:N
6
       I1 = im2single(imread(image_paths{i}));
       SURF = detectSURFFeatures(I1);
8
       strongest = SURF.selectStrongest(200);
9
       [features, v] = extractHOGFeatures(I1, strongest, '
          CellSize', [48 48]);
10
       temp = zeros(size_v,1);
11
       index = knnsearch(vocab, features, 'K', 23);
12
       size_i=size(index,1);
13
       for j=1:size_i
14
           for k=1:10
15
                temp(index(j,k)) = temp(index(j,k)) +1;
16
           end
17
       end
18
       hist = temp./norm(temp);
19
       image_feats(i,:) = hist;
20
   end
```

Categorize the images with knn algorithm. I find K value with experiment. (K = 23)

5. svm_classify.m

```
categories = unique(train_labels);
   num_categories = length(categories);
3
4
  scores = [];
  for i=1:num_categories
      match = strcmp(categories{i},train_labels);
6
8
       % fitcl =fitclinear(train_image_feats, match');
9
       fitcl = fitcsvm(train_image_feats, match');
10
       W = fitcl.Beta';
11
       B = fitcl.Bias;
12
       predict = W*test_image_feats'+B;
13
       scores = [scores; predict];
14 end
15
[M,I] = \max(scores);
17
  predicted_categories = categories(I);
18
  end
```

Categorize the images with svm algorithm.

Result

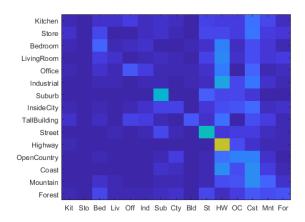


Figure 1: tiny image&nearest neighbor

section 1.
FEATURE = 'tiny image'
CLASSIFIER = 'nearest neighbor'
Accuracy = 0.221

section 2.

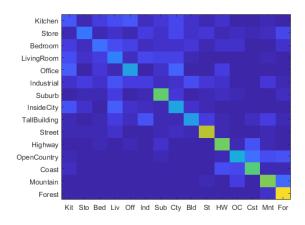


Figure 2: bag of words&nearest neighbor

FEATURE = 'bag of words' CLASSIFIER = 'nearest neighbor' Accuracy = 0.448

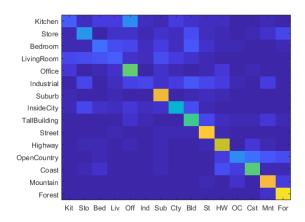


Figure 3: bag of words&support vecter machine

section 3.
FEATURE = 'bag of words'
CLASSIFIER = 'support vector machine'
Accuracy = 0.518