# 디지털 영상처리 연구실 연구보고서

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#### ##이미지 분류

- ->Kaggle data set 이용
- cats-and-dogs-image-classifica...
  - ▼ **test** 
    - cats
    - dogs
  - ▼ train
    - cats
    - dogs

Found 557 images belonging to 2 classes. Found 140 images belonging to 2 classes.

## #일반적인 CNN

mode | 2 = Sequential()

```
modeI2.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3),input_shape=(150,150,3)))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Activation(activation='relu'))
mode12.add(MaxPoo12D(2,2))
mode12.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3)))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Activation(activation='relu'))
mode 12. add (MaxPool2D(2,2))
mode12.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3)))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Activation(activation='relu'))
model2.add(MaxPool2D(2,2))
mode12.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3)))
modeI2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Activation(activation='relu'))
model2.add(MaxPool2D(2,2))
modeI2.add(Flatten())
mode 12. add (Dropout (0.5))
model2.add(Dense(512,activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
```

conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 15, 15, 32)	9248
batch_normalization_3 (Bat chNormalization)	(None, 15, 15, 32)	128
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 1568)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 1568)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 512)	803328
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513

```
model2.compile(optimizer=Adam(),loss='binary_crossentropy',metrics=['acc'])
history=model2.fit(train_generator,
                   steps_per_epoch=50,
                     epochs=20,
                     batch_size=256,
                     validation_data=test_generator,
                     validation_steps=10,
                     verbose=2)
       -- train loss
                                                                          train acc
       -- val_loss
                                                               0.700
                                                                          val_acc
                                                               0.675
 0.9
                                                               0.650
                                                               0.625
 0.8
                                                               0.600
                                                               0.575
 0.7
                                                               0.550
```

0.525

#### #VGG NET 사용

0.0

0.6

```
conv_base=VGG16(weights='imagenet',input_shape=(150,150,3),include_top=False)
```

15.0

17.5

```
model=Sequential()
model.add(conv_base)
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))

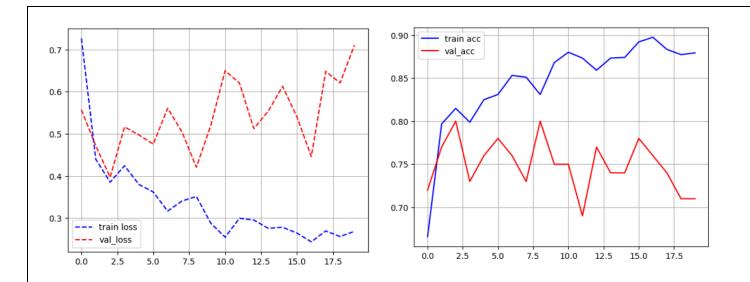
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(),loss='binary_crossentrpoy',metrics=['acc'])
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
vgg16 (Functional)	(None, 4, 4, 512)	14714688
flatten_7 (Flatten)	(None, 8192)	0
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 256)	2097408
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257

10.0

12.5

```
history2=model.fit(train_generator,
	steps_per_epoch=50,
	epochs=20,
	batch_size=256,
	validation_data=test_generator,
	validation_steps=10,
	verbose=2)
```

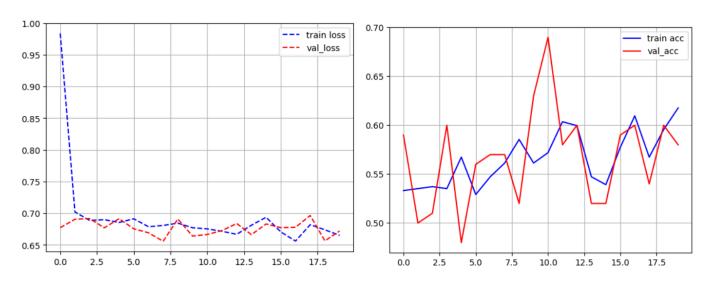


### #ResNet사용

resnet101=ResNet101(weights='imagenet',input\_shape=(150,150,3),include\_top=False)

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
resnet101 (Functional)	(None, 5, 5, 2048)	42658176
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 51200)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 256)	13107456
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257

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### ##image segmentation







Classification

**Object Detection** 

Segmentation

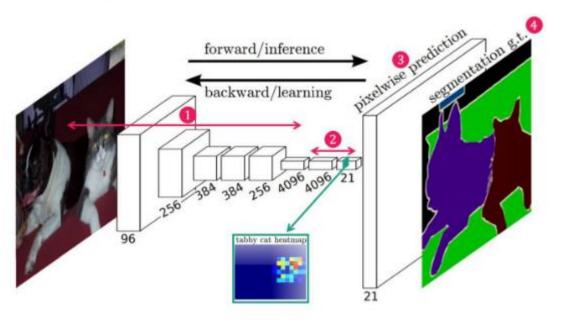


segmented

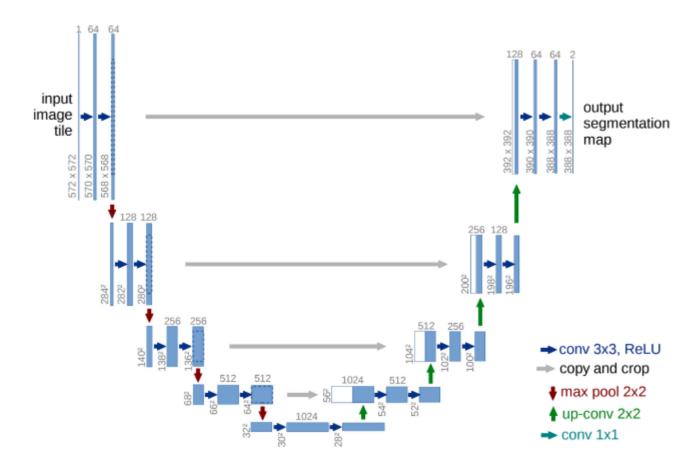
- 1: Person
- 2: Purse
- 3: Plants/Grass 4: Sidewalk
- 5: Building/Structure

Input

Semantic Labels



## #U-Net 기반 image segmentation



# ->Oxford-IIIT Pets 데이터셋 사용



->7000개 정도의 data set

```
def get_model(img_size,num_class):
  inputs =keras.Input(shape=img_size+(3,))
  x=layers.Conv2D(32,3,strides=2,padding='same')(inputs)
  x=layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
  x=layers.Activation('relu')(x)
  previous_block_activation=x
  for filters in [62,128,256]:
    x=layers.Activation('relu')(x)
    x=layers.SeparableConv2D(filters,3,padding='same')(x)
    x=layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
    x=layers.Activation('relu')(x)
    x=layers.SeparableConv2D(filters,3,padding='same')(x)
    x=layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
    x=layers.MaxPooling2D(3,strides=2,padding='same')(x)
    <u>residual=layers.Conv2D(filters,1,strides=2,padding='same')(previous_block_ac</u>tivatiop/
    x=layers.add([x,residual])
    previous_block_activation=x
  for filters in [256,128,64,32]:
    x=layers.Activation('relu')(x)
    x=layers.Conv2DTranspose(filters,3,padding='same')(x)
    x=layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
    x=layers.Activation('relu')(x)
    x=layers.Conv2DTranspose(filters,3,padding='same')(x)
    x=layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
    x=layers.UpSampling2D(2)(x)
    residual=layers.UpSampling2D(2)(previous_block_activation)
    residual=layers.Conv2D(filters,1,padding='same')(residual)
    x=layers.add([x,residual])
    previous_block_activation=x
  outputs = layers. Conv2D (num\_classes, 3, activation = 'softmax', padding = 'same') (x) \\
  model=keras.Model(inputs,outputs)
  return model
model=get_model(img_size,num_classes)
```



