

svc_arcene

November 20, 2019

1 SVC

```
[20]: import pandas as pd
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from timeit import default_timer as timer
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import
    →confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, recall_score, precision_score, f1_score, classification_report
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score

def load_data(dataset):

    f = open(os.path.dirname("__file__") + '%s_train.data' % dataset)
    X = np.fromfile(f, dtype=np.float64, sep=' ')
    f.close()

    f = open(os.path.dirname("__file__") + '%s_train.labels' % dataset)
    y = np.fromfile(f, dtype=np.int32, sep=' ')
    f.close()

    f = open(os.path.dirname("__file__") + '%s_test.data' % dataset)
    test = np.fromfile(f, dtype=np.float64, sep=' ')
    f.close()

    f = open(os.path.dirname("__file__") + '%s_valid.data' % dataset)
    valid_data = np.fromfile(f, dtype=np.float64, sep=' ')
    f.close()

    f = open(os.path.dirname("__file__") + '%s_valid.labels' % dataset)
    valid_labels = np.fromfile(f, dtype=np.float64, sep=' ')
    f.close()
```

```

X = X.reshape(-1, 10000)
valid_data = T.reshape(-1, 10000)
test = test.reshape(-1, 10000)

return X, y, test, valid_data, valid_labels

```

```
X, y, test, valid_data, valid_labels = load_data('arcene')
```

X

```
[20]: array([[ 0.,  71.,  0., ...,  0.,  0., 524.],
             [ 0.,  41., 82., ...,  0., 284., 423.],
             [ 0.,  0.,  1., ...,  0.,  34., 508.],
             ...,
             [ 2., 15., 48., ...,  0.,  0., 453.],
             [ 8.,  0., 38., ...,  0., 189., 403.],
             [ 0.,  0.,  0., ...,  0., 10., 365.]])
```

[13]: y

```
[13]: array([ 1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,
            -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,
            -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1,
             1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
             1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1,  1,
            -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1])
```

[14]: valid_data

```
[14]: array([[ 0.,  0., 156., ...,  0.,  0., 465.],
             [ 0.,  7.,  0., ...,  0.,  34., 199.],
             [ 0., 32.,  0., ...,  0.,  47., 219.],
             ...,
             [93., 32., 137., ...,  0., 276., 312.],
             [119., 12., 198., ...,  0.,  0., 350.],
             [112., 19., 171., ...,  0.,  0., 367.]])
```

[15]: valid_labels

```
[15]: array([-1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1.,  1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,
             1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1., -1.,  1., -1.,  1., -1.,
            -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1.,  1., -1., -1., -1.,  1.,
            -1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1.,
             1., -1., -1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1.,  1., -1.,  1.,  1., -1., -1.,
            -1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1., -1., -1.,
             1.,  1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1., -1.,  1.,  1., -1., -1.,  1.,
            -1.,  1.,  1., -1., -1., -1.,  1.,  1., -1.]])
```

```
[25]: sc=SVC(kernel='poly', degree=2, gamma=8, probability=True)
sc.fit(X, y)
```

```

valid_pred = sc.predict(valid_data)
print("Accuracy score: {0}".format(accuracy_score(valid_labels,valid_pred)))

test_labels = sc.predict(test)

test_labels

```

Accuracy score: 0.84

```

[25]: array([-1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,
           1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,
          -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,
          -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1,
          -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,
          -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,
          -1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,
           1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,
           1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1,
          -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
          -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,
           1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
           1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,
          -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1,
           1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,
          -1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,
           1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,
           1,  1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1,
          -1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,
          -1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1,
          -1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1,  1, -1,
          -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,  1,  1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1,  1,
          -1,  1,  1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1, -1,  1, -1,  1,  1, -1,

```

```

1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1,
-1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
-1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1,
-1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1,
-1, 1, -1])

```

```

[26]: cm = confusion_matrix(valid_labels, valid_pred)
print("Confusion matrix for SVC : \n")
print(cm)

```

Confusion matrix for SVC :

```

[[50  6]
 [10 34]]

```

```

[34]: import sklearn.metrics as metrics
# Predict Probabilities of validation data using SVC model
y_pred_prob = sc.predict_proba(valid_data)

# Split the probability data into TPR, FPR and corresponding thresholds
svc_fpr, svc_tpr, _svc_thresholds = roc_curve(valid_labels, y_pred_prob[:,1])

# Probabilities for Random classifier
r_probs = [0 for _ in range(len(valid_labels))]

# Split the probability data into TPR, FPR and corresponding thresholds
r_fpr, r_tpr, _r = roc_curve(valid_labels, r_probs)

# Printing AUC
r_auc = roc_auc_score(valid_labels, r_probs)
lr_auc = roc_auc_score(valid_labels, y_pred_prob[:,1])
print("Area Under Curve (AUC) for RC : {0}".format(r_auc))
print("Area Under Curve (AUC) for SVC : {0}".format(lr_auc))

```

Area Under Curve (AUC) for RC : 0.5

Area Under Curve (AUC) for SVC : 0.9419642857142856

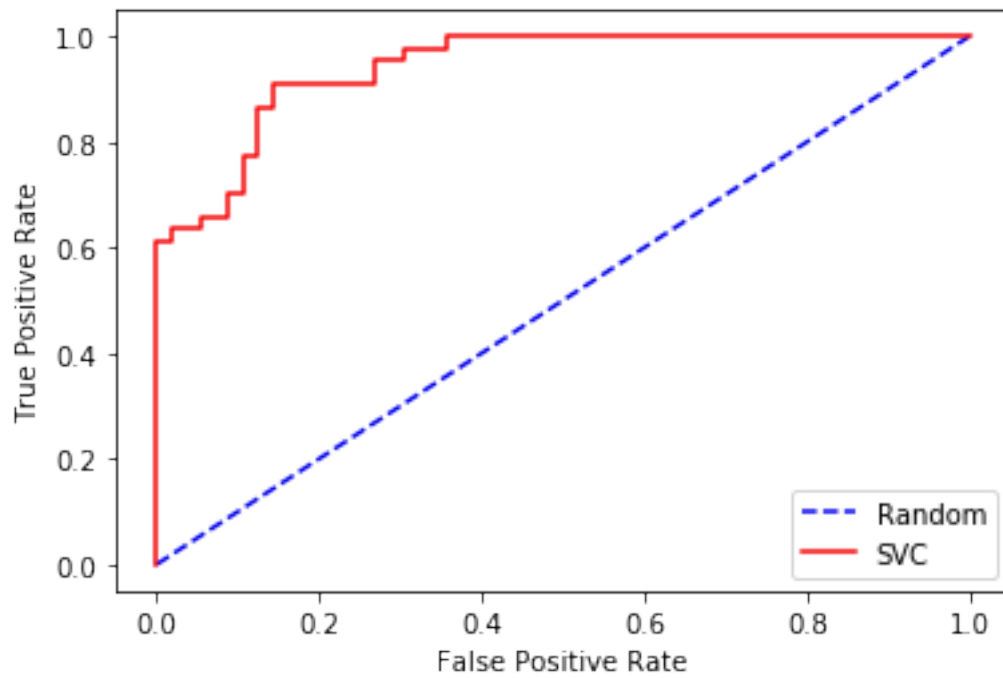
```

[35]: # Plot the ROC
plt.plot(r_fpr, r_tpr, linestyle='--',color='blue', label='Random')
plt.plot(svc_fpr, svc_tpr,color='red', label='SVC')

plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')

plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



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