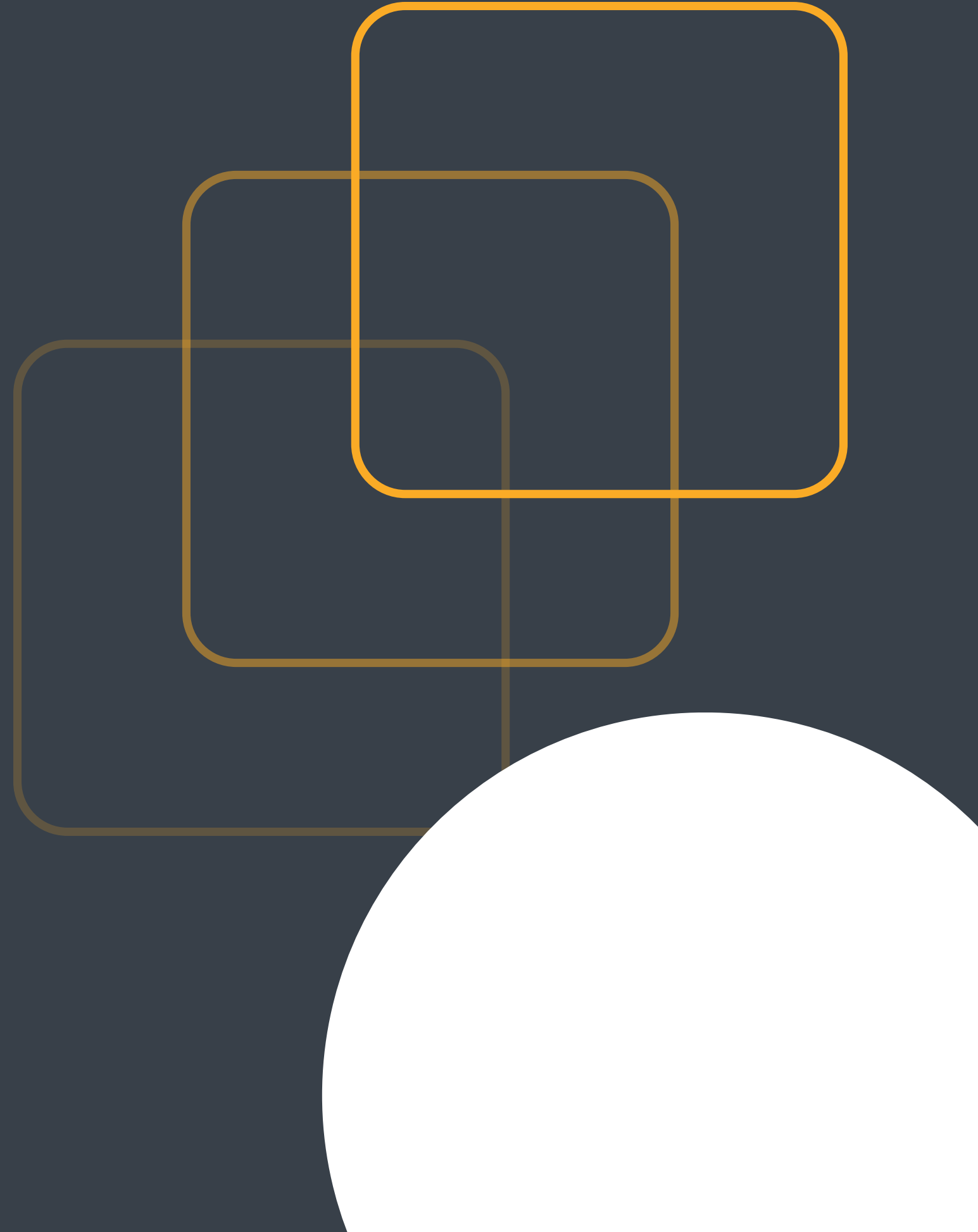


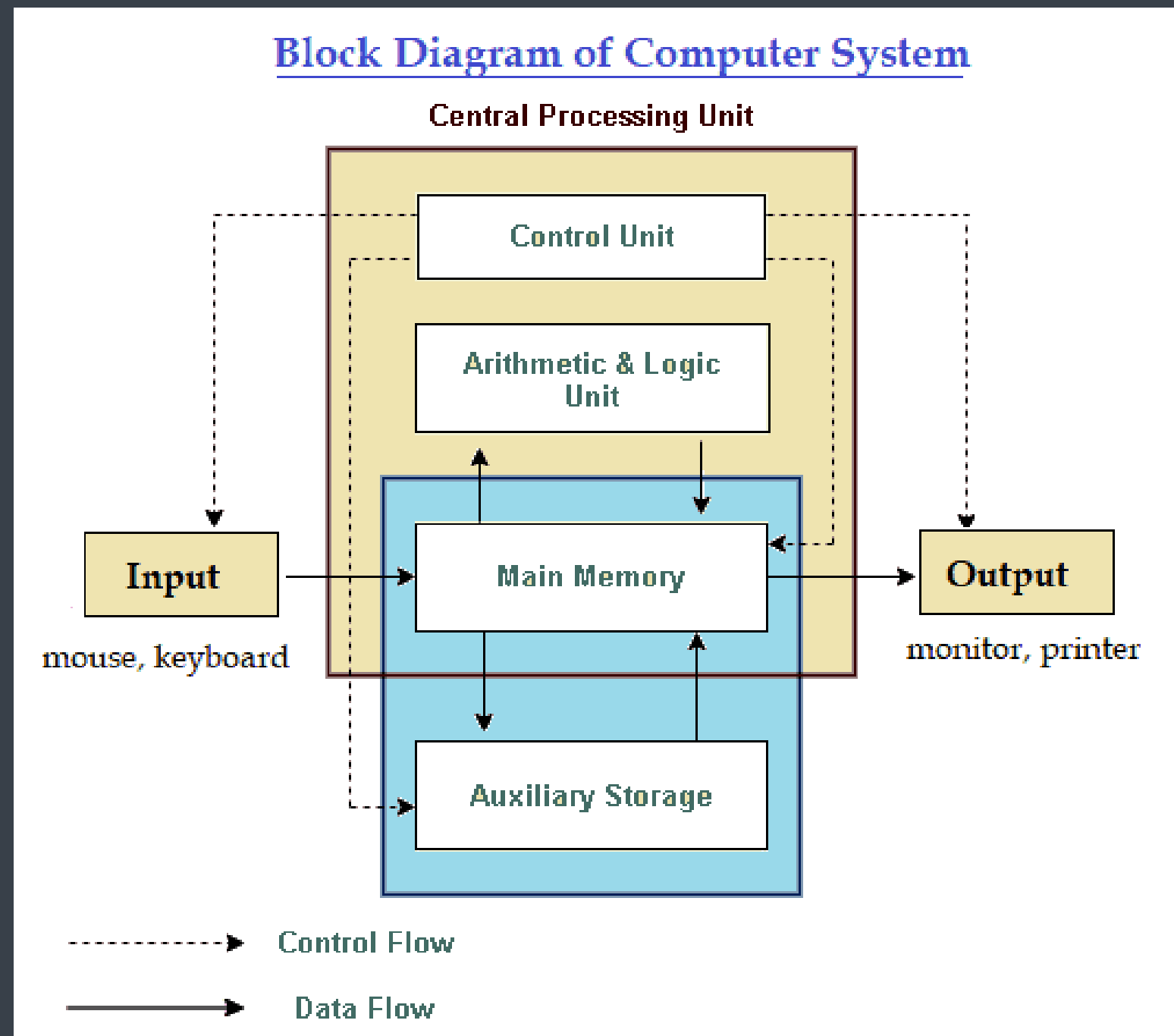
# Knowing the Computer



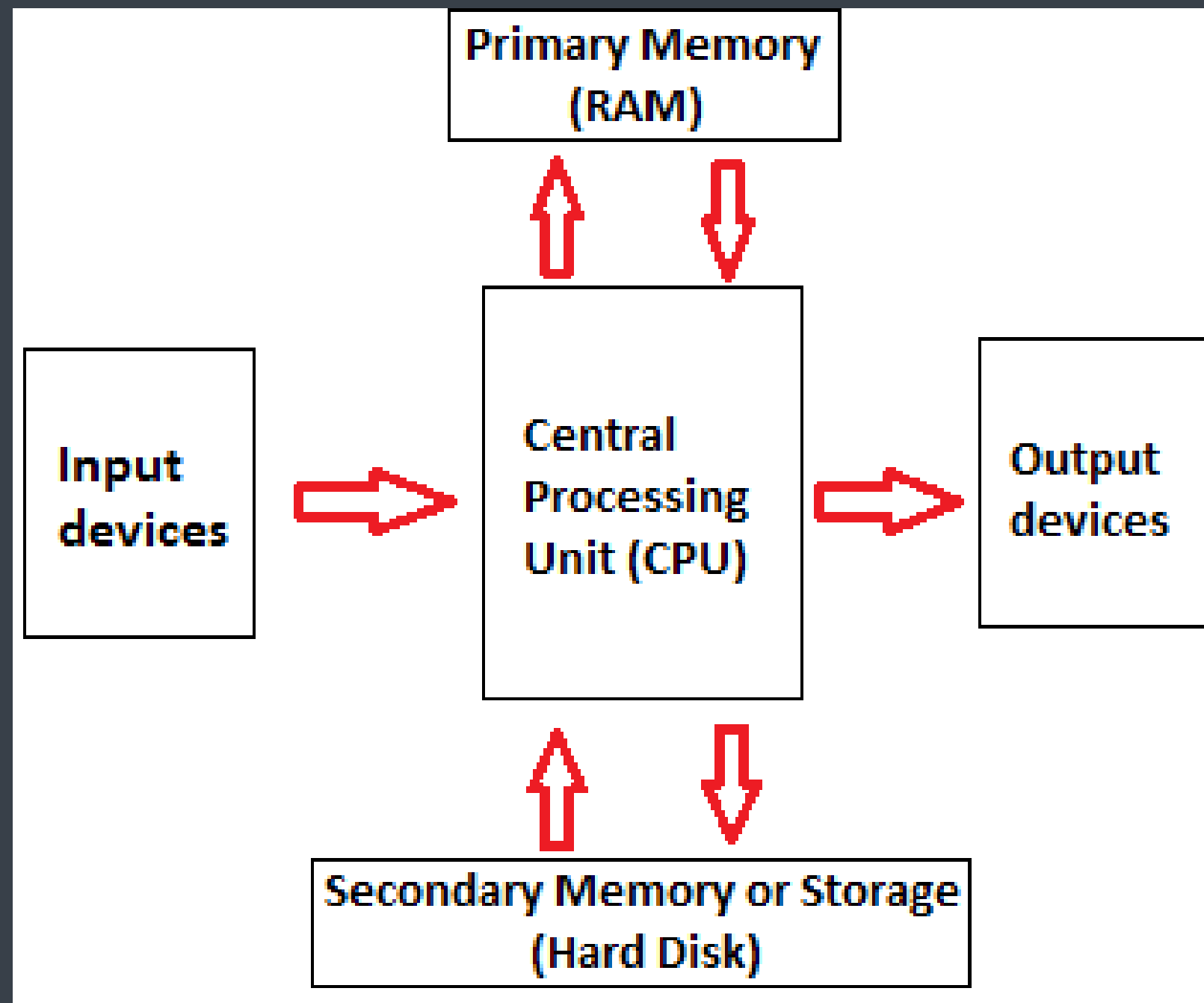
# What you will Learn ?



# Block diagram of computer



# Basic parts of computer



# Memory

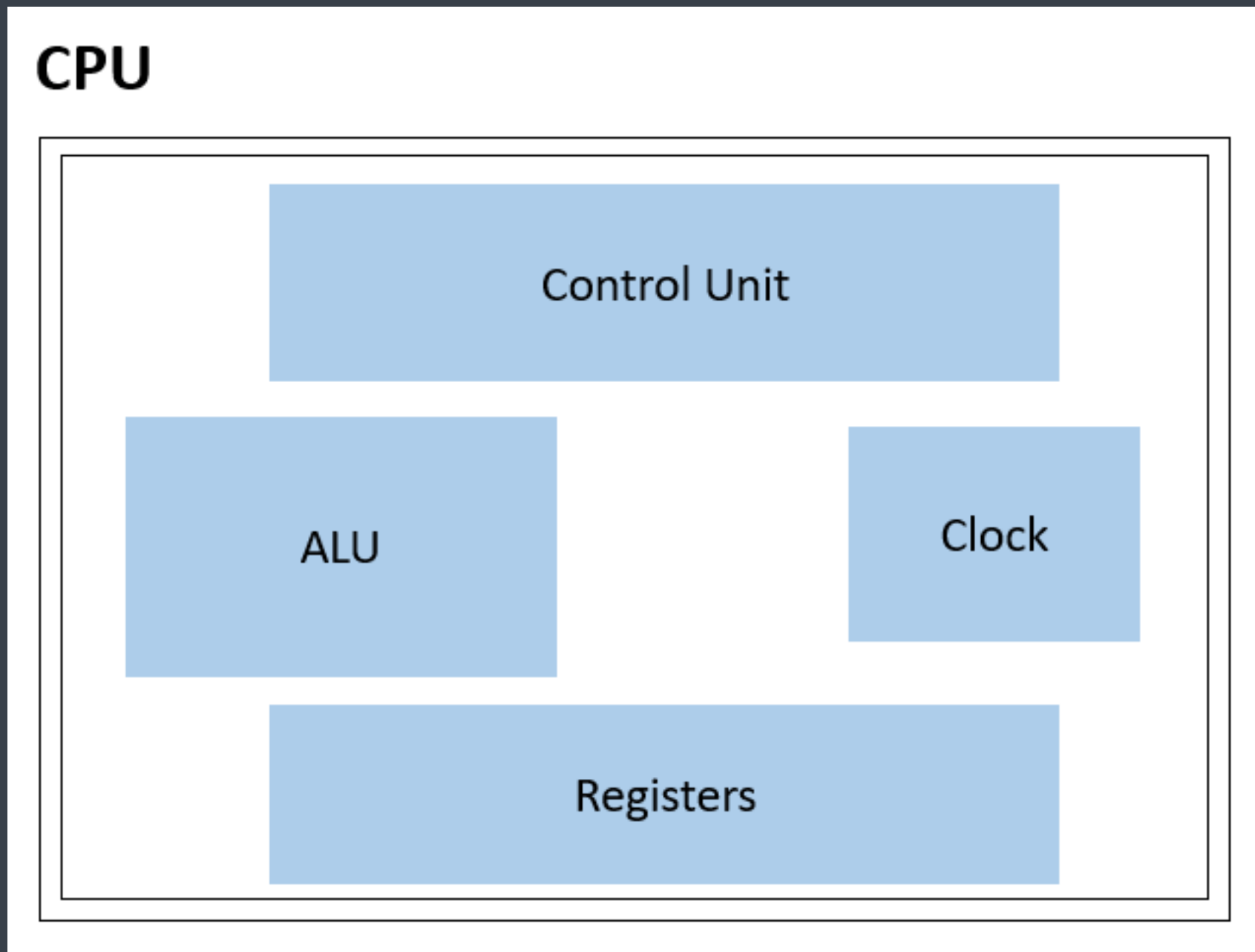
## Primary Memory

The data and instructions that are currently being processed are kept in primary memory.

## Secondary Memory

In contrast to primary memory, secondary memory is non-volatile, which means that its contents are not lost when the computer is turned off.

# CPU




# Input & Output

Input devices are important because they allow users to enter commands and data. Keyboards, mice, scanners, and microphones are numerous examples of input devices

Output devices are hardware components of a computer system that are used to show or send data from the pc to the user or any other device

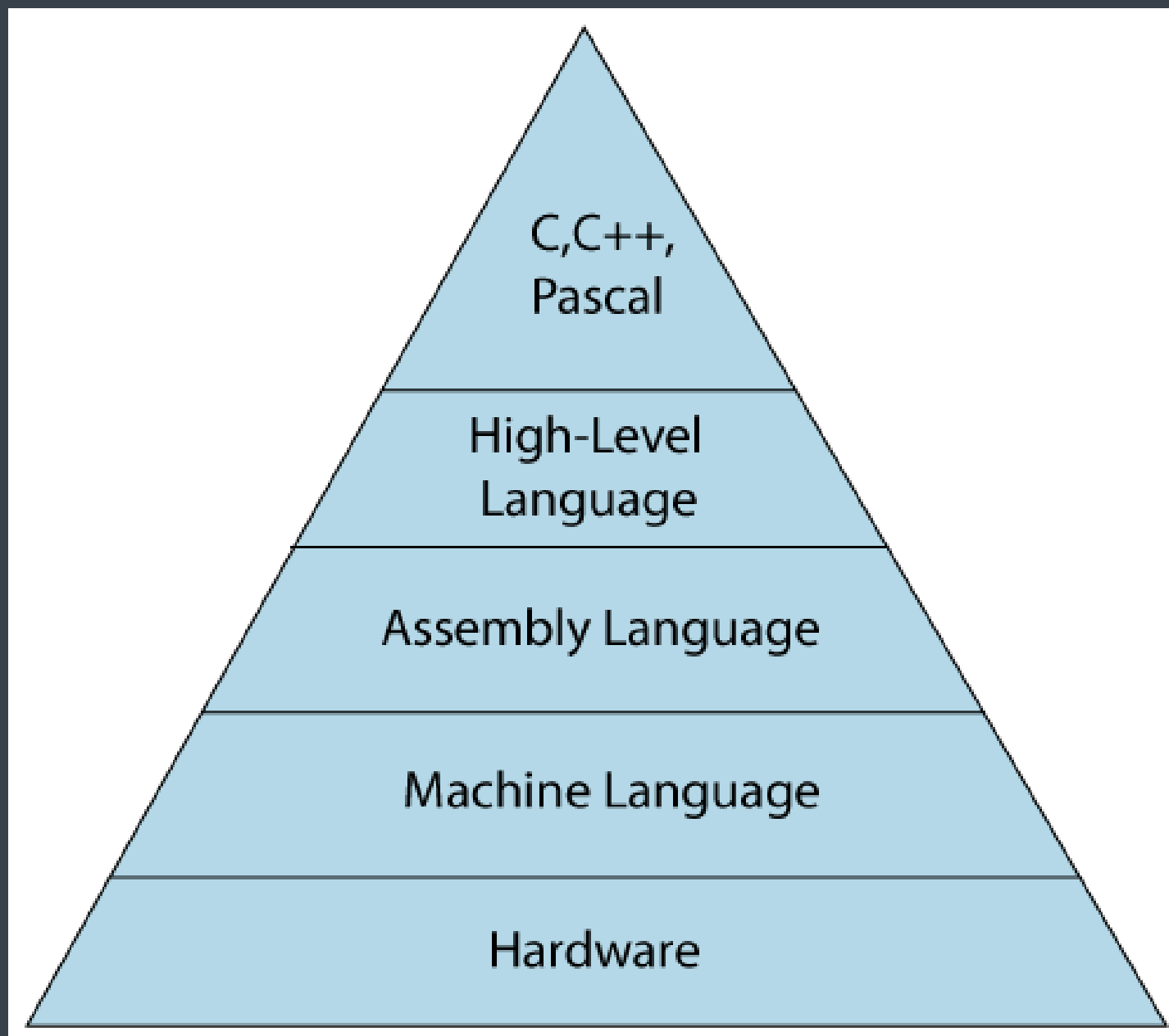
# Principle of Abstraction

**Abstraction is used to hide the internal functionality of the function from the users. The users only interact with the basic implementation of the function, but inner working is hidden**





# Language hierarchy



# Interpreter

A python interpreter is a computer program that converts each high-level program statement into machine code



# What You have Learnt ?

