

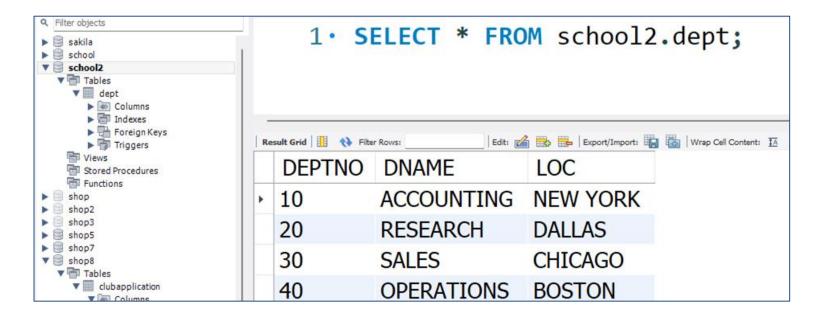
2024년 상반기 K-디지털 트레이닝

# DB DBCP 답안

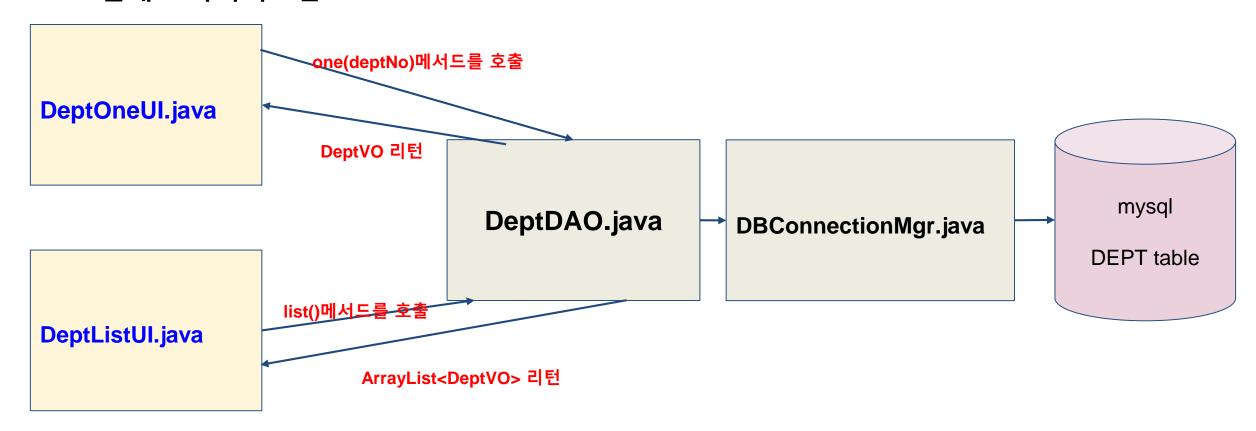
[KB] IT's Your Life



- 1. school2 db의 dept table을 이용하여 JDBC프로그래밍하기 위해 DeptVO.java를 정의하여 사용하시오.
- 프로젝트명: dbcp\_project, 패키지명: com.multi.q1

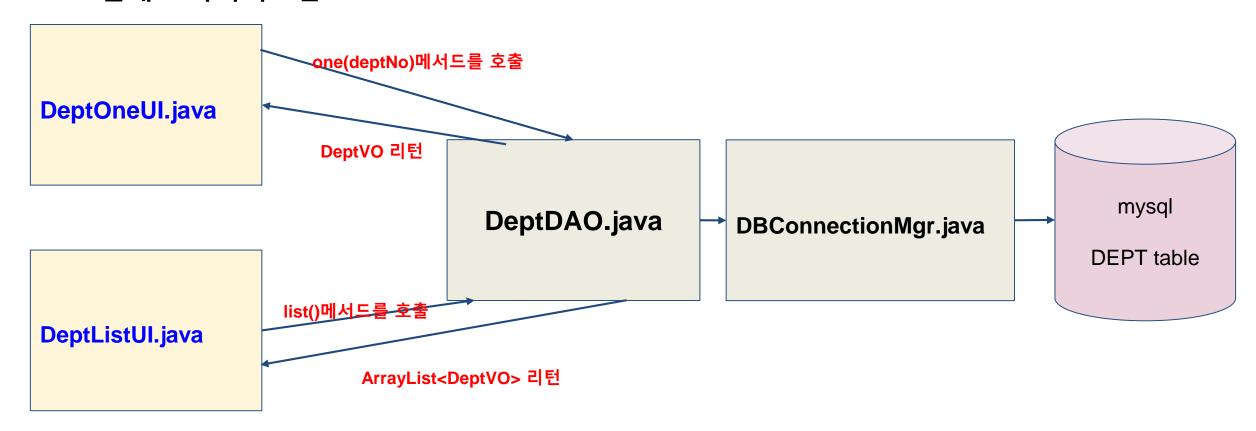


## - 클래스 다이어그램



```
package com.multi.q1;
public class DeptVO {
  int deptNo;
  String deptName;
  String loc;
  public int getDeptNo() {
       return deptNo;
   public void setDeptNo(int deptNo) {
       this.deptNo = deptNo;
   public String getDeptName() {
       return deptName;
   public void setDeptName(String deptName) {
       this.deptName = deptName;
   public String getLoc() {
       return loc;
  public void setLoc(String loc) {
       this.loc = loc;
```

## - 클래스 다이어그램



- DBConnectionMgr.java를 다운로드하세요.(<u>실습파일</u>)
  - DBConnectionMgr.java파일을 열어 다음의 정보를 수정
  - driver, url, user, password

```
25 package bbs;
26
27 import java.sql.*;
28 import java.util.Properties;
29 import java.util.Vector;
       private Vector connections = new Vector(10):
      private String _driver = "com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver",
      _url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3307/bigdata",
      _user = "root",
      password = "1234";
      private boolean _traceOn = false;
      private boolean initialized = false;
      private int _openConnections = 10:
      private static DBConnectionMgr instance = null;
40
      public aBConnectionMgr() [
41
42
43
       public static DBConnectionMgr getInstance() {
         if (instance == null) {
51
52
         return instance:
53
54
55
       /** Returns an unused existing or new connection */
       public synchronized Connection getConnection()
57
           throws Exception (
58 ⊟
         if (!initialized) {
59
           Class c = Class.forName(_driver);
60
           DriverManager.registerDriver((Driver) c.newInstance());
61
           initialized = true;
62
63
         Connection c = null;
64
         ConnectionObject co = null;
65
         boolean badConnection = false;
```

```
package com.multi.q1;
import java.sql.*;
import java.util.Properties;
import java.util.Vector;
public class DBConnectionMgr {
   private Vector connections = new Vector(10); //Connection 10
   private String driver = "com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver",
   url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/school2?useUnicode=true&serverTimezone=Asia/Seoul",
   user = "root",
   _{password} = "1234";
   private boolean traceOn = false;
   private boolean initialized = false;
   private int openConnections = 10;
   private static DBConnectionMgr instance = null;
   public DBConnectionMgr() {
```

#### 2. 파일명: DeptOneUI.java, DeptDAO.java, DeptVO.java

- a. DeptDAO.java내에 public DeptVO one(int deptNo)메서드 구현
  - DeptOneUI로 부터 전달받은 deptNo를 조건으로 하여 dept테이블에서 검색하여 DeptVO 타입으로 반환하는 자바 프로그래밍
  - DBConectionMgr.java를 싱글톤 객체로 이용
- a. DeptOneUI.java내에 main()메서드 구현
  - Scanner를 이용하여 DEPTNO가 10인 조건을 입력하여
  - DeptDAO.java의 one(deptNo)메서드를 호출
  - 검색결과를 DeptVO타입으로 반환받아 반환받은 데이터 출력
- a. DeptVO.java를 사용할 것
- b. 예외처리 할 것

```
deptNo>> 10
검색 결과>> deptNo = 10
검색 결과>> deptName = ACCOUNTING
검색 결과>> Loc = NEW YORK
```

```
package com.multi.q1;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class DeptDAO {
       DBConnectionMgr dbcp = null;
       Connection con = null;
      public DeptDAO(){
           dbcp = new DBConnectionMgr();
```

```
public DeptVO one(String deptNo) {
      DeptVO dept = null;
      try {
          con = dbcp.getConnection();
          String sql = "select * from dept where deptNo = ?";
          PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement(sql); //PreparedStatement
          ps.setInt(1, Integer.parseInt(deptNo));
          //System.out.println("3. SQL문 부품(객체)으로 만들어주기 성공.");
         ResultSet result = ps.executeQuery();
          // System.out.println("4. SQL문 MYSQL로 보내기 성공.");
           if (result.next()) {
               dept = new DeptVO();
               dept.setDeptNo(result.getInt(1));
               dept.setDeptName(result.getString(2));
               dept.setLoc(result.getString(3));
           con.close();
       } catch (Exception e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
       return dept;
     } //one
}//class
```

```
package com.multi.q1;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DeptOneUI {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      try {
          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
           System.out.print("deptNo>> ");
          String deptNo = sc.next();
          //=> DEPTNO : 10
          DeptDAO dao = new DeptDAO();
          DeptVO vo = dao.one(deptNo);
          if (vo != null) {
               System.out.println("검색 결과>> deptNo = " + vo.getDeptNo());
              System.out.println("검색 결과>> deptName = " + vo.getDeptName());
              System.out.println("검색 결과>> Loc = " + vo.getLoc());
           }else {
               System.out.println("검색결과 없음");
          sc.close();
       } catch (Exception e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
       }}} //class
```

#### 3. 파일명: DeptListUI.java, DeptDAO.java

- a. DeptDAO.java내에 public ArrayList<DeptVO> list()메서드 구현
  - dept테이블에서 모든 row 목록을 검색하여 list를 만들어 반환하는 자바 프로그래밍
  - DBConectionMgr.java를 싱글톤 객체로 이용
- a. DeptListUI.java내에 main() 구현
  - DeptDAO.java의 list()메서드를 호출
  - 검색결과를 ArrayList<DeptVO>타입으로 반환받아 반환받은 데<u>이터 출력</u>
- a. DeptVO.java를 사용할 것
- b. 예외처리 할 것

```
package com.multi.q1;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class DeptDAO {
       DBConnectionMgr dbcp = null;
       Connection con = null;
      public DeptDAO(){
           dbcp = new DBConnectionMgr();
```

```
public ArrayList<DeptVO> list() {
      ArrayList<DeptVO> list = new ArrayList<>();
      try {
          con = dbcp.getConnection();
          String sql = "select * from dept";
          PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement(sql); //PreparedStatement
          //System.out.println("3. SQL문 부품(객체)으로 만들어주기 성공.");
          ResultSet result = ps.executeQuery();
          //System.out.println("4. SQL문 MYSQL로 보내기 성공.");
          while (result.next()) {
              DeptVO dept = new DeptVO();
              dept.setDeptNo(result.getInt(1));
              dept.setDeptName(result.getString(2));
              dept.setLoc(result.getString(3));
              list.add(dept);
          con.close();
       } catch (Exception e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
      return list;
  } //list
} //class
```

```
package com.multi.q1;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class DeptListUI {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
          DeptDAO dao = new DeptDAO();
          ArrayList<DeptVO> list = dao.list();
          if (list.size() != 0) {
             for (DeptVO vo : list) {
                 System.out.println("검색 결과>> deptNo = " + vo.getDeptNo());
                 System.out.println("검색 결과>> deptName = " + vo.getDeptName());
                 System.out.println("검색 결과>> Loc = " + vo.getLoc());
                 System.out.println("----");
          }else {
             System.out.println("검색결과 없음");
  } //main
} //class
```

# 수고하셨습니다!



