# Mabelle Planting Rover Agriculture Technology IoT

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### Overview

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  - Functionalities
  - Hardware Components
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  - M2: Planting and Sensing Mechanism NPK Sensor
  - M3: Data-driven decision making
  - M4: IoT Dashboard
- Conclusion and References





# Introduction

- Develop innovative agricultural robot
- Automate planting, fertilizing, watering
- Sensors measure soil moisture, nutrients
- Data transmitted to server
- User-friendly dashboard for monitoring
- Enhance crop cultivation efficiency



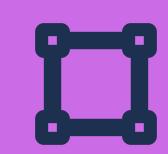




# System Requirements

- 1. Self-leveling base
- 2. Plant seeds using a designed gripper.
- 3. Collect from the soil the needed data.
- 4. Transmit the data needed from the robot to the main server through wireless connection.
- 5. From the data received and relative data from APIs, the robot should make a decision about the amount of water to be supplied and fertilizer using neural networks.

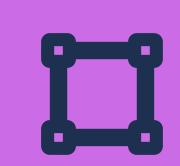




# System Requirements

- 6. The data received, in addition to the results analyzed, will be displayed on a user-friendly dashboard.
- 7. Controlled amounts of water and fertilizer will be supplied to the seeds based on the results found.
- 8. Obstacle avoidance mechanism





# Modern Control Techniques

- Balance control on uneven surfaces:
  - Mechanism, motors, sensors, controller
- Precise, fast planting:
  - Needle-like gripper inserts seed at specific depth
  - Drops seed without soil distortion
- Control water, fertilizer based on received data





# But how does it all *actually* happen?



# Core Functionalities [1]

### Self-Leveling Base

- Fragile components on self-balancing platform
- Linkage system with 3 points of contact
- Three servo motors tilt upper base
- Controller: Fuzzy inference system



# Core Functionalities [2]

#### Planting seeds

- Container, gripper designed on SOLIDWORKS
- Seed pushed into tube using gravity
- Water mixed with 20-20-20 NPK pumps seed
- Gripper tip opens hole in soil for seed



# Core Functionalities [3]

### Collect NPK (Nitrogen-Potassium-Phosphorus) Data

- Gripping mechanism for NPK sensor designed on SOLIDWORKS
- Holds NPK sensor fixed in ground for measurement
- Values logged on Arduino for later action

NPK sensor communication protocol explained later (M2)



# Core Functionalities [4]

#### Sending the Data and Data Display

- Arduino R4 with built-in Wi-Fi sends NPK values via Arduino cloud
- Values fetched from Python for NPK determination
- Combined with temperature, humidity sensor outputs
- Displayed on user-friendly interface with predicted values
- User can upload data, collected for research purposes



# Core Functionalities [5]

#### Data-Driven Decision Making

- Gather the values of the NPK, temperature, humidity
- In addition to rain intensity from an API
- Deep Learning Techniques: Neural Network fine-tuned on our preprocessed data
- Predict the needed values of water and NPK levels that should be added to the soil for an optimal growth



# Core Functionalities

### Our Building Blocks



**Self-Leveling Base** 



**Collecting NPK Data** 



Decision Making (ANN)



Data Sending and Display



Planting Seeds
Mechanism

# Hardware Components



#### Sensors

- MPU 6050
- Soil Sensors (3 in 1 NPK sensor)
- MAX485 TTL to RS-485 Module
- Humidity and Temperature Sensor (DHT11)



#### **Actuators**

- Servo Motors (DS3218, MG996)
- DC Motors
- Pump



#### **Mechanical Components**

- 3D printed balancing mechanism
- Ready-made rover model
- 3D printed Gripper, robotic arm
- Seed, Fertilizer and Water Containers



#### Controllers

- Arduino UNO R4 Wi-Fi
- Arduino UNO R3
- L298n Motor driver



# M1: Balancing Platform

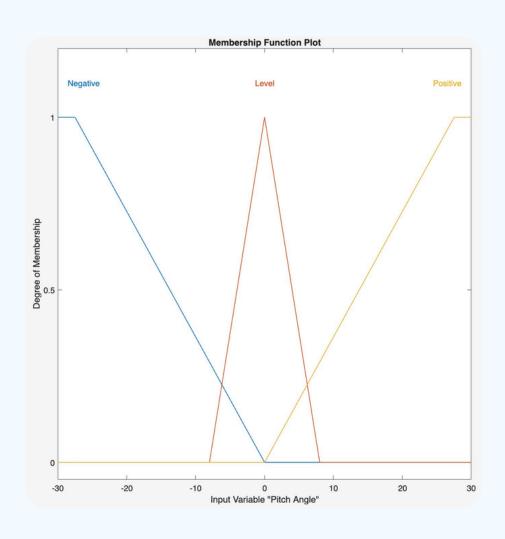
### A Delicate Fuzzy Balance

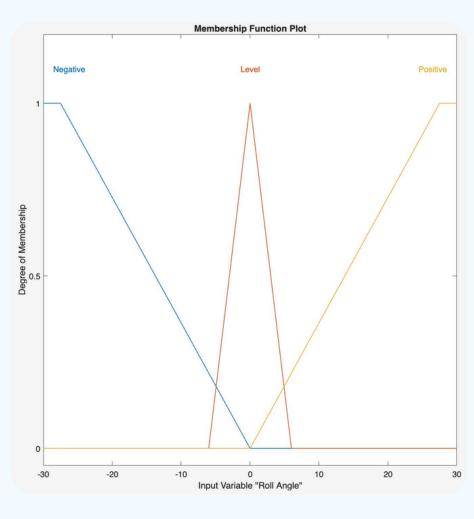
- Robot maintains balance on uneven surfaces to prevent spills
- Mechanism comprises three servo motors with 120-degree displacement
- SolidWorks-designed links connect servos to upper platform
- Mamdani Fuzzy IS uses MPU6050 data (roll and pitch)
- System dictates servo rotation angles to maintain platform level
- MATLAB-designed inference system tested with dummy values
- .fis file imported as C++ Arduino code

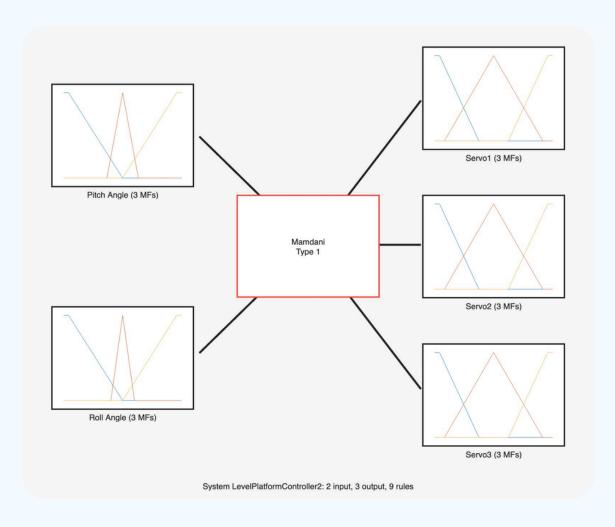


# M1: Balancing Platform

# A Delicate Fuzzy Balance







Input 1 - Pitch

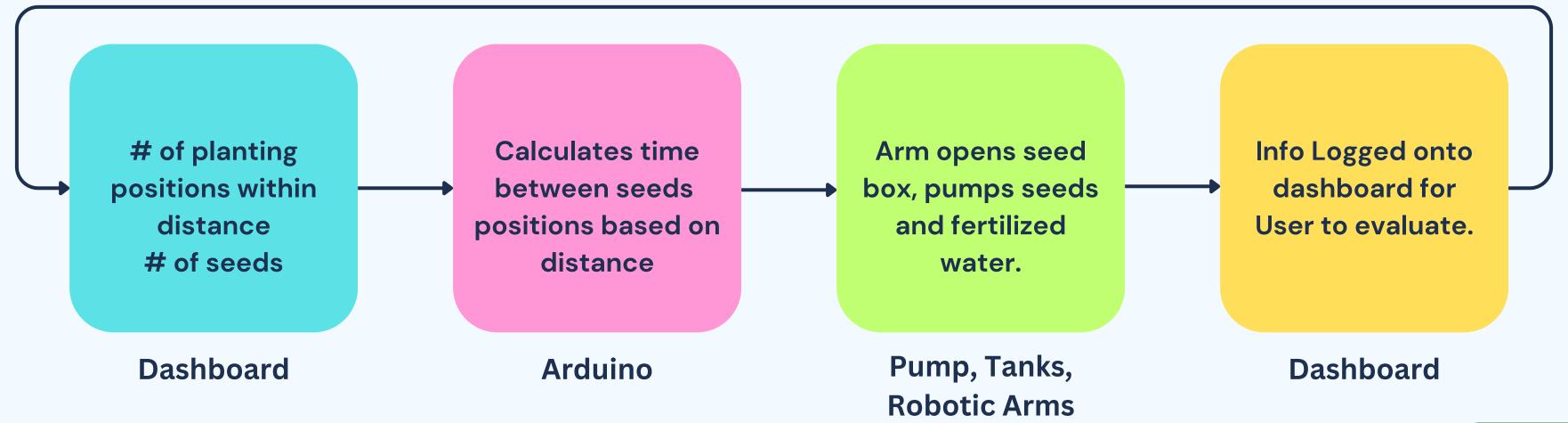
Input 2 - Roll

Overall View + Outputs



# M2: Planting and Sensing Mechanism

### A Full Circle of Efficiency



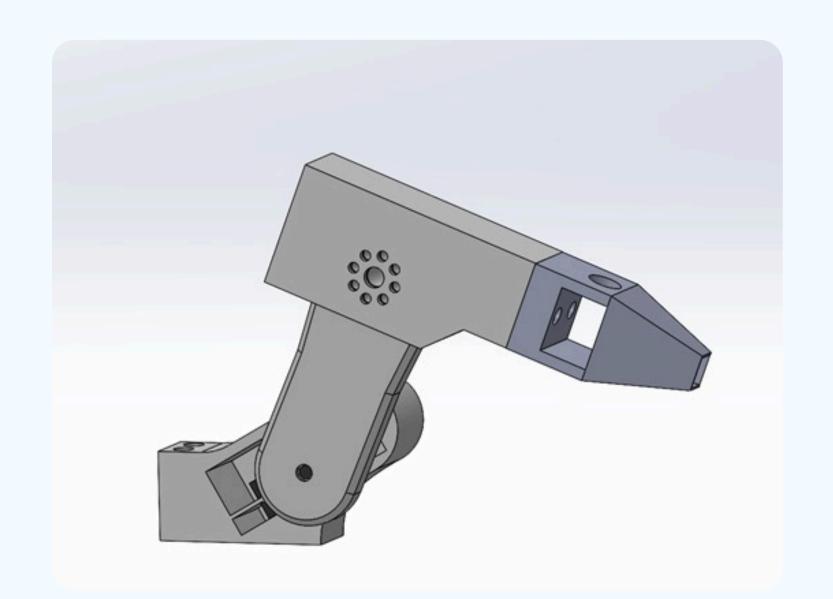
#### **Notes:**

- NPK sensor deployed every 3 seeds for analysis
- Rover returns when seeds planted match requirement
- Fertilizer: 20-20-20 NPK fertilizer used, pump adds as needed..



# M2: Planting and Sensing Mechanism

# A Full Circle of Efficiency



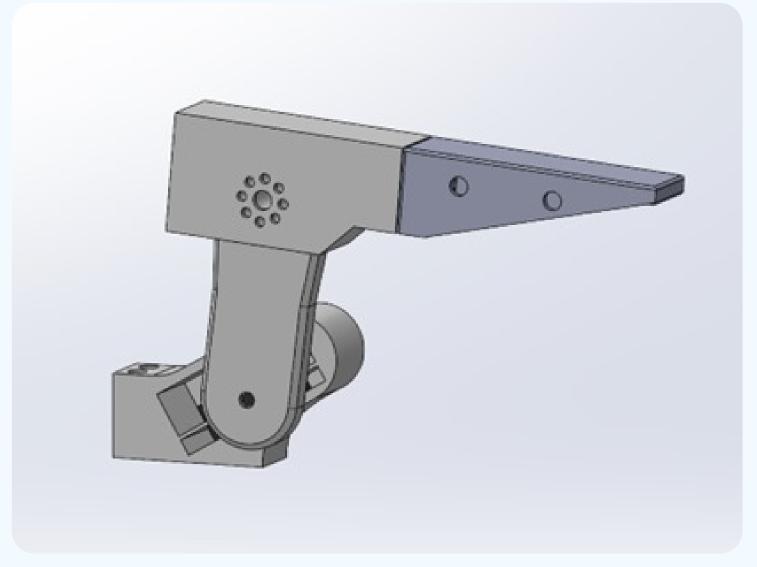


Figure 1: Planting Arm

Figure 2: Sensing Arm



# M3: Data-Driven Decision Making

### A Lot of Neurons Were Involved



#### Synthetic Data Generation

- 600 initial NPK data points (No T, H)
- Generated to replicate real-world conditions
- Augmented, Balanced, Binned (3.55k entries)
- Developed guidelines based on available experiments and discussion with experts



# Building the ANN

- Visualized and Preprocessed
   Synthetic Data (pandas,
   Tensorboard)
- Constructed and trained NN model, monitored Loss and Accuracy
- Model exported to ONNX for quick inference



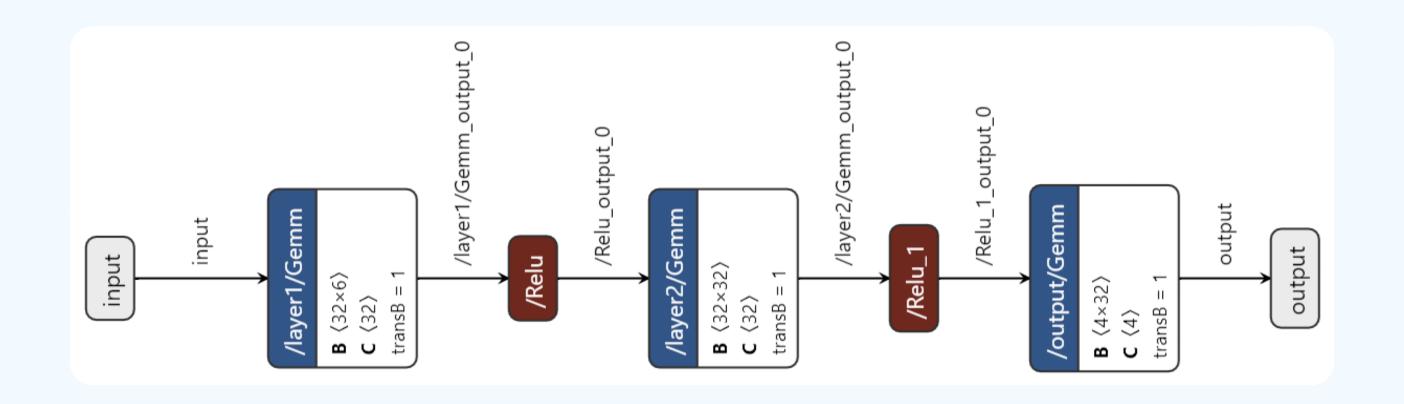
# Wireless Synchronized Communication

- Rover sends NPK, temperature, humidity to server via Arduino Cloud IoT
- Values fetched from cloud, classified, processed by ANN, outputs sent back to cloud and rover



# M3: Data-Driven Decision Making

#### A Lot of Neurons Were Involved



#### Inputs:

- NPK (Sensor, Encoded)
- W, H

#### **Outputs:**

NPKW (To be Added)



### M4: IoT User Dashboard

### Monitoring Success

#### **User Input:**

- Number of planting positions
- Distance to be planted
- Ability to export the historical data
- Turns on Rover remotely

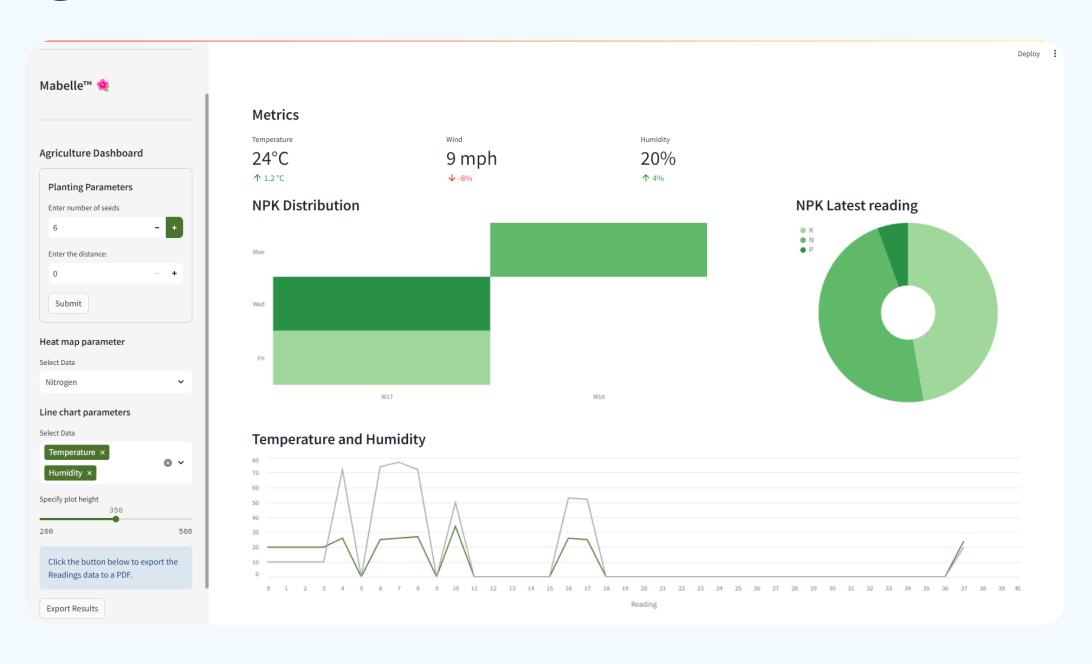
#### Monitoring:

- Current NPK logs
- Temperature and Humidity with respect to time
- Weather Forecast
- Heatmap of each nutrient with respect to the distance



# M4: IoT User Dashboard

# Monitoring Success





# Conclusion



#### **Discovering New fields**

- IoT application and data communication
- Decision making and data generation
- Agriculture perspective and applications



#### **Areas of Improvement**

- More compact design with less wires prone to damage
- Adding the type of seeds as an option in the decision making
- More efficient planting mechanism
- More accurate sensors
- Experimentally proven data





### References

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