

Experiment 3 :

Develop a program to blink 5 LEDS back and forth.

Date :**Aim:**

To develop an Arduino program to blink 5 LEDs sequentially from left to right and then right to left in a continuous loop, creating a back-and-forth (chasing) LED effect.

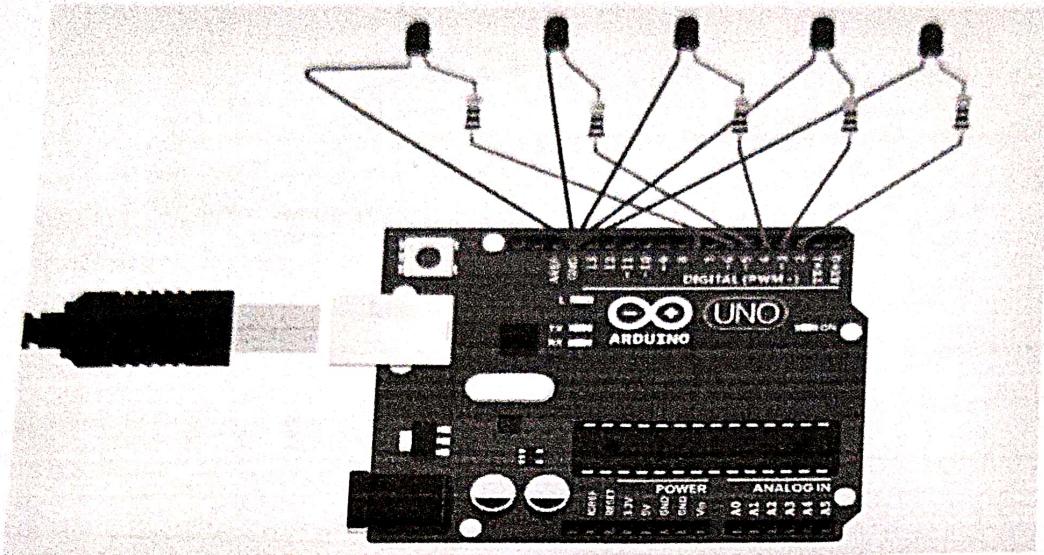
Components Required:

S.No	Components Name	Range/Rating	Quantity
1	Universal Bread Board		1
2	Arduino Uno board		1
3	Led		5
4	220 ohm Resistors		5
5	12V Adaptor		1
6	Power jack		1
7	USB Cable		1
8	Jumper Wires		required

Hardware Procedure:

- LED pin is Connected to Arduino Uno pin of 2.
- Power jack is connected to the Arduino Uno.
- USB connector is connected to Arduino Uno to monitor.
- Connect the 12V power supply to development board.
- Check the output from the development board.

Connection Diagram



Program

```
// Define LED pins
int ledPins[] = {2, 3, 4, 5, 6};

int numLEDs = 5;

void setup() {
    // Set all LED pins as output
    for (int i = 0; i < numLEDs; i++) {
        pinMode(ledPins[i], OUTPUT);
    }
}

void loop() {
```

```

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// Blink from left to right
for (int i = 0; i < numLEDs; i++) {
    digitalWrite(ledPins[i], HIGH);
    delay(100);
    digitalWrite(ledPins[i], LOW);
}

// Blink from right to left
for (int i = numLEDs - 2; i > 0; i--) { // Avoid repeating ends
    digitalWrite(ledPins[i], HIGH);
    delay(100);
    digitalWrite(ledPins[i], LOW);
}
}

```

Working Observation:

- The program lights up each LED from left to right (D2 to D6), turning each on and off with a 100ms delay.
- Then it goes in reverse (D5 to D3), avoiding the ends to create a smooth "back and forth" effect.

RESULT: LED is successfully controlled by Arduino microcontroller Board.
