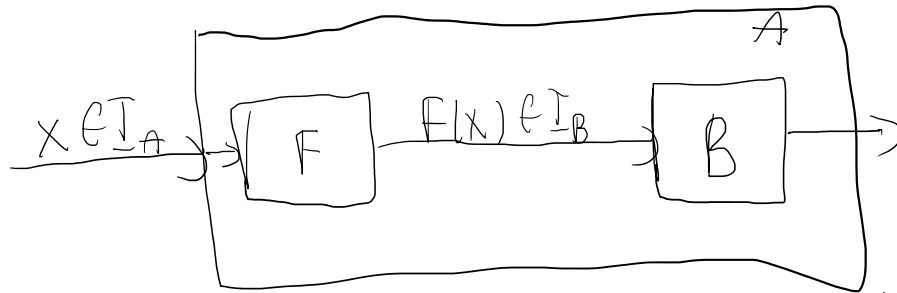


$$A \leq_T B \Leftrightarrow \exists F \text{ a.f. } \forall x \in I_A \Rightarrow F(x) \in I_B$$

$$\text{a.f. } A(x)=1 \Leftrightarrow B(F(x))=1$$



\leq_T relatie de ordine ("A la fel de ușoară sau mai ușoară ca B")

$$A \leq_T B, B \in R \Rightarrow A \in R$$

$$A \leq_T B, A \in RE \Rightarrow B \in R, B \notin RE \text{ sau } NRE$$

$$A \leq_T B, A \in NRE \Rightarrow B \in NRE$$

$$\boxed{HALT \in RE}$$

dacă vreun săi dec. $B \in RE \vee$
 $HALT \leq_T B$

$$A \leq_T B, B \leq_T C \Rightarrow A \leq_T C$$

- $A \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{R}, C \in \mathbb{R}$ (F)
- $C \in \mathbb{R}, A \cup B \in \mathbb{R}$ (A)
- $A \in \mathbb{R}, B \in \mathbb{R}, C \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \mathbb{R}$ (A)
- $B \in \mathbb{R}, \bar{A} \in \mathbb{R} (B \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow A \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow \bar{A} \in \mathbb{R})$ (A)
- $C \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{R}, A \in \mathbb{R}$ (A)
- $B \in \mathbb{R}, B \cap C \in \mathbb{R}$ (A/F) !! adacă $C \in \mathbb{R}$
- $C \in \mathbb{R}, \bar{B} \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \mathbb{R}$ (F)
- $B \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow \bar{C} \in \mathbb{R}$? (A/F) adacă $C \in \mathbb{R}$

$$A \in \mathbb{R}, \exists P_A(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in A \\ 0, & x \notin A \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{\bar{A}}(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \in A \\ 1, & x \notin A \end{cases}$$

$$P_{\bar{A}}(x) = !P_A(x) \Rightarrow \bar{A} \in \mathbb{R}$$

Post correspondence problem

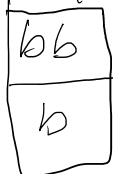
$$W = [w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n]$$

$$X = [x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n]$$

$$\exists k \text{ și } i_1, i_2, \dots, i_k \text{ a.î. } w_{i_1} w_{i_2} \dots w_{i_k} = x_{i_1} x_{i_2} \dots x_{i_k}$$

$$W = [a, bb, a]$$

$$X = [aa, b, bb]$$


 \Rightarrow


aabbabb

 \Rightarrow

aabbabb

1-PCP: 1 singur simbol, $W = [a]$, $X = [aa] \Rightarrow \notin R$ (nu are sol)

alt ex.: $W = [a, bb, ab, abc]$, $X = [bad, bcd, cd, d] \notin R$ (nu are sol)

$$\text{PCP} \in \text{RE} \mid \text{HALT} \leq_T \text{PCP}$$

NPCP: solutiile treb. să înceapă cu 1

$$\text{HALT} \leq_T \text{NPCP} \leq_T \text{PCP}$$

$MPCP \leq_T PCP$

$MPCP(W, X) \xrightarrow{F} PCP(W', X')$

$\exists F \text{ a. i. } MPCP(W, X) = 1 \Leftrightarrow PCP(F(W, X)) = 1$

F:

- la w , adaug $*$ după fiecare simbol ($w = [ab] \Rightarrow w' = [a^* b^*]$)
- la x , adaug $*$ înainte de fiecare simbol ($x = [ab] \Rightarrow x' = [*a^* b^*]$)
- la w , adaug $*$ la început ($w = [ab bc] \Rightarrow w' = [*a^* b^*, b^* c^*]$)
- adaug $\$$ la finalul w ($w = [a] \Rightarrow w' = [*a^*, \$]$)
- adaug $*\$$ la finalul x ($x = [a] \Rightarrow x' = [*a, *\$]$)

Dem.

- \Rightarrow $MPCP(W, X) = 1 \Rightarrow PCP(F(W, X)) = 1$
- are sol. $1, i_1, \dots, i_k \Rightarrow 1, i_1, \dots, i_k$ final sol în PCP
- \Leftarrow $PCP(F(W, X)) = 1 \Rightarrow MPCP(W, X) = 1$
- are sol. $1, i_1, \dots, i_k$ final $\Rightarrow 1, i_1, \dots, i_k$ sol în MPCP

GIC

 N - neterminali T - terminali S - simbol start P - reguli P_i - problema intersecției a două GIC $L(G_1) \cap L(G_2) \neq \emptyset$ $PCP \leq_T P_i \Rightarrow P_i \in RE$ $S \rightarrow A$ $A \rightarrow aB \mid \epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon = \text{nimic}$ $B \rightarrow aAb$ $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow aB \rightarrow a a A b \rightarrow$ $\rightarrow a a a b b \rightarrow a a a a A b \rightarrow$ $\rightarrow a a a a b$

$\overline{\text{VID}}$: P nu se oprește pe niciun input?

VID : P se oprește pe orice input $\text{VID}(P) = 1 \Leftrightarrow \text{VID}(P') = 0$

$PO \leq_T \text{VID}$

$\exists f \text{ a.d. } PO(P, w) = 1 \Leftrightarrow \overline{\text{VID}}(f(P, w)) = 1 \text{ (} \text{VID}(f(P, w)) = 0 \text{)}$

nt. $PO \rightarrow P$

nt. $\text{VID} \rightarrow P$

$P'(x) \{$

return $P(w)$;

$\}$

" \Rightarrow " $PO(P, w) = 1 \Rightarrow P(w) \neq \perp \Rightarrow P'(x) \neq \perp \forall x$

$\Rightarrow \overline{\text{VID}}(P') = 1 \Leftrightarrow \text{VID}(P) = 0$

" \Leftarrow " $\overline{\text{VID}}(P') = 1 \Rightarrow P'(x) \neq \perp \forall x \Rightarrow P(w) \neq \perp$

$\Rightarrow PO(P, w) = 1$

$P_5(p)$: Se aprinde P cu input 5? , $p_5 \in RE \setminus R$

$$PO \leq_T P_5$$

$\exists F, F(p, u) \Rightarrow p'$ a.i. $PO(p, u) = 1 \Leftrightarrow P_5(p') = 1$

$p'(x) \{$
 return $p(u)$;
 $\}$

" \Rightarrow " $PO(p, u) = 1 \Rightarrow p(u) \neq \perp \Rightarrow p'(x) \neq \perp \forall x$
 $\Rightarrow p'(\bar{b}) \neq \perp \Rightarrow P_5(p') = 1$

" \Leftarrow " $P_5(p') = 1 \Rightarrow p'(\bar{b}) \neq \perp \Rightarrow p(u) \neq \perp \Rightarrow PO(p, u) = 1$

$\text{EQP}(P_1, P_2)$: se apăsă P_1 și P_2 pe ac. input-uri?

$$PO \leq_T \text{EQP} \Rightarrow \text{EQP} \in \text{RE} \setminus \text{R}$$

$$\exists f \in \mathcal{C}. f(P, w) \rightarrow P_1, P_2$$

$$P_1(x) = P_2(x) = P(w)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow & PO(P, w) = 1 \Rightarrow P(w) \neq \perp \Rightarrow P_1(x) \text{ și } P_2(x) \neq \perp \forall x \Rightarrow \text{EQP}(P_1, P_2) = 1 \\ \Rightarrow & \text{EQP}(P_1, P_2) = 1 \Rightarrow (P_1(x) \neq \perp \Leftrightarrow P_2(x) \neq \perp) \Rightarrow (P(w) \neq \perp \Leftrightarrow P(w) \neq \perp) \\ \Rightarrow & \text{Găsit!} \end{aligned}$$

$$P_1(x) = P(w)$$

$$P_2(x) = \text{return } 1;$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow & PO(P, w) = 1 \Rightarrow P(w) \neq \perp \Rightarrow P_1(x) \neq \perp \forall x \text{ și } P_2(x) \neq \perp \forall x \Rightarrow \text{EQP}(P_1, P_2) = 1 \\ \Rightarrow & \text{EQP}(P_1, P_2) = 1 \Rightarrow P_1(x) \neq \perp \Rightarrow P(w) \neq \perp \Rightarrow PO(P, w) = 1 \\ & P_2(x) \neq \perp \forall x \end{aligned}$$