

# Secure Code Training

May/June 2023



### **Introductions - StackHawk Team**





#### **Presenter**



**Eric Potter Sr. Solutions Architect** 

#### **Husband, Father, Hacker**

- 20 years experience in information security
- 15+ years penetration testing and security assessments, including classified networks, industrial controls systems, web applications and APIs for USG and Fortune 50 companies
- 2+ years of hands-on cybersecurity teaching experience with UTulsa, CWRU, and UPenn





- Intro to StackHawk & Shift Left
- Secure Coding with OWASP Top 10
  - Hands-on Exercise
- StackHawk DAST Overview
- Q&A

Day 2 - Sneak Peek: Finding/Fixing Auth'd vulns



# Day 1: StackHawk Intro



#### **StackHawk**

- Created in 2019 to revolutionize automated security testing
- First implementation and industry leader of Shift-left DAST
- Only DAST solution that runs in CI/CD
- Only Developer-first, Security-trusted DAST solution
- Industry leader in API security testing:
  - REST
  - GraphQL
  - SOAP
  - gRPC
- Industry leader in DAST speed, depth, and quality\*



### Security Testing for Teams that Deploy Software Everyday

The only DAST API security testing tool that runs in CI/CD, enabling developers to quickly fix security issues before they hit production



### Maya + StackHawk

# maya

**Use Case** 

Operate Efficiently

#### **Industry**

Financial Services

#### Company

Maya

#### Location

**Philippines** 

**HAWKSOME CUSTOMER SUCCESS STORY** 

# Maya partners with StackHawk to automate DAST for web and API security testing

#### **BACKGROUND**

As a heavily security regulated company by the local Filipino government, Maya is invested in the security of their platform and adhering to PCI-DSS compliance policies and procedures.

With their previous DAST solutions, the team ran into operational inefficiencies such as long scan times, high false positives, manual testing, and overall business delays, which also increased the potential for risk of bug/vulnerabilities undetected for periods of time. "Our scan times range from 20–30 minutes with StackHawk, compared to 20 minutes to 2 hours with our previous DAST solutions."



## StackHawk and "Shift Left"



### What/Why Is "Shift Left"?

- Secure Software Development Lifecycle (SSDLC)
  - Classic/Agile SDLC with Security woven into and through every stage
  - Minimizes cost/time/risk of security vulns by finding and fixing during planning and implementation vs post-deploy
- Empowers and requires Engineering/Development to take a leading role in application security
  - 100:1 industry average devs to appsec
  - Developers become force multipliers for security
  - CI/CD automation becomes force multiplier
- Benefits
  - Ship features faster
  - Ship features safer
  - Maintain a predictable roadmap
  - Minimize friction between engineering and security



#### **Modern Agile SSDLC**





### **Major Types of Automated Security Testing**

#### **Static Analysis (SAST)**

Surfaces anti-patterns in your codebase

- Top Shift-left Vendors:
  - Snyk Code
  - GitHub CodeQL
- Pros:
  - Specific language awareness
  - Often in-depth analysis
- Cons:
  - Hard to prioritize vs volume
  - Must support your language/framework
  - No connection between findings and runtime risk

#### **Software Composition Analysis (SCA)**

Identifies vulnerable 3rd-party library dependencies

- Top Shift-left Vendors:
  - Snyk Open Source
  - GitHub Dependabot
- Pros:
  - Provides visibility into supply chain maturity
  - Can sometimes inform about licensing risks
- Cons:
  - Endless findings
  - No local control over fixes
  - No connection between findings and runtime risk

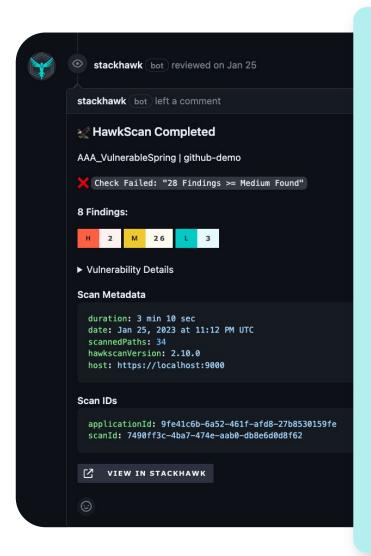
#### **Dynamic Analysis (DAST)**

Exposes exploitable vulnerabilities and security misconfiguration in the runtime, penetration-testing style

- Top Shift-left Vendors:
  - StackHawk
- Pros:
  - Surfaces genuine runtime risk
  - High confidence / low false positives
  - Reproducible findings
- Cons:
  - Poor visibility into source code/root cause
  - Traditionally slow, but StackHawk fixes this



### StackHawk Unique "Shift-Left" Superpowers



- Runs locally on-demand
  - CLI Application
  - Docker Container
  - DevOps speed
  - Results in terminal/IDE
- Runs in CI/CD, on every PR
  - Results in Cl
  - Can break the build
- Configuration-as-Code
  - YAML-based
  - Maintain in git repository
  - Template w/env variables
  - Can be layered
- Findings validation/repro via cURL
- Developer-centric triage

```
ackhawk-auth-json-token.yml
    env: ${APP_ENV:JSON Token}
    excludePaths:
      path: /openapi
       usernamePassword:
         type: JSON
        loginPath: /api/jwt/auth/signin
         usernameField: username
         passwordField: password
         scanUsername: "user"
         scanPassword: "password"
       tokenExtraction:
         type: TOKEN_PATH
       tokenAuthorization:
         type: HEADER
         value: Authorization
         tokenType: Bearer
       testPath:
        path: /api/jwt/items/search/i
```



# **OWASP Top 10**



### Who/What is OWASP?

Why should you care?

OWASP provides free online documentation and training material to assist organizations with their development of secure code.

- Secure Coding Training
- Security Testing Guidance
- Open Source Reference Applications
- Zed Attack Proxy
- Most famously, OWASP maintains the Top 10
   Web Application Security Risks.



"The Open Web Application Security Project® (OWASP) is a nonprofit foundation that works to improve the security of software through community-led open-source software projects, hundreds of local chapters worldwide, tens of thousands of members,

Per OWASP (https://owasp.org/)



### **OWASP Top 10**

#### **Awareness / Training / Common language**

Risks/Root Causes

#### **History / Process**

- First launched in 2003
- Data Call via social media to companies hosting applications
- 2021: ~250K applications w/ exploited vulnerabilities represented
- Hybrid model (Data + Survey)
- Data selects 8 of 10
- Survey selects 2 (emerging trends)
- For 18 of last 20 years, Injection has been #1

#### **Testing Guidance**

- Application Security Verification Standard (ASVS)
- Web Security Testing Guides (WSTGs)
- CheatSheet series

#### Docs:

 $\frac{https://owasp.org/www-project-application-security-verification-standard/}{https://github.com/OWASP/ASVS}$ 

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/index.html

Application Top 10:

https://owasp.org/www-project-top-ten

API Top 10:

https://owasp.org/www-project-api-security

Mobile Top 10:

https://owasp.org/www-project-mobile-top-ten



### **Current Top 10 Risks & Root Causes**

#### **Application Top 10**

(2021)

- A01: Broken Access Control
- A02: Cryptographic Failures
- **A03**: Injection
- **A04**: Insecure Design
- A05: Security Misconfiguration
- A06: Vulnerable and Outdated Components
- **A07**: Identification and Authentication
- A08: Software and Data Integrity Failures
- A09: Security Logging and Monitoring Failures
- **A10**: Server-Side Request Forgery

#### **API Top 10**

(2019)

- API01: Broken Object Level Authorization
- APIO2: Broken User Authentication
- APIO3: Excessive Data Exposure
- APIO4: Lack of Resources & Rate Limiting
- APIO5: Broken Function Level Authorization
- **API06**: Mass Assignment
- API07: Security Misconfiguration
- APIO8: Injection
- APIO9: Improper Assets Management
- API10: Insufficient Logging & Monitoring

#### **Mobile Top 10**

(2016, 2023 Update in progress)

- M1: Improper Platform Usage
- M2: Insecure Data Storage
- M3: Insecure Communication
- M4: Insecure Authentication
- M5: Insufficient Cryptography
- M6: Insecure Authorization
- **M7**: Client Code Quality
- M8: Code Tampering
- M9: Reverse Engineering
- **M10**: Extraneous Functionality



# Using OWASP: Walkthrough

#### Demo Summary:

- Drill into Injection Top 10 entry
- Examine artifacts available for secure coding/testing guidance



#### **Activity Summary:**

- Pick an entry from Top 10 to research
- Review some available docs
  - How is it tested?
  - How can it be avoided?
- Review





# **StackHawk DAST**



# **Using StackHawk: Guided Tour**

#### Demo summary:

- Live scan
- Output in CI
- Reproducing, Remediating, Triaging
- Hawkdocs (docs.stackhawk.com)
- API Docs (apidocs.stackhawk.com)



# Day 2 Prep

Clone

github.com/kaakaww/live-training

And

docker-compose build



# Q&A





# Secure Code Training

May 2023



# Day 2

- Getting Started with HawkScan
  - Hands-On Exercise
- Testing Beyond Access Controls with StackHawk
  - Hands-On Exercise
- Fixing Injection & Rescan
  - Group Exercise
- Q&A



# **Getting Started with HawkScan**



# Using StackHawk: HawkScan and JSV

#### Demo summary:

- Walk through the curriculum repo
- Review procedures for launching JSV
- Look briefly at JSV features
- Review procedures for launching HawkScan
- Review config personalization (env:)



#### **Activity Summary:**

- Verify installed training material
- Verify installed hawkscan and API key
- Personalize configuration with env string
- Verify baseline (4-line) scan runs locally
- Explore documentation or SH API
- Review





# **AuthN/Z With StackHawk**



### 2 Perspectives

#### **Testing Authorization and Access Controls Directly**

- IDOR/BOLA
  - Insecure Direct Object Reference
  - Broken Object Level Authorization
  - These are the same thing
  - #1 API Vulnerability in 2021+
- Highly application & business-logic specific
  - Difficult to test for in a generic/automated way
  - StackHawk provides the functionality to write custom logic tests using Javascript or Kotlin

#### Docs:

https://docs.stackhawk.com/hawkscan/configuration/cust om-test-scripts.html#custom-test-scripts-configuration

#### Blog:

https://www.stackhawk.com/blog/scanning-with-custom-test-scripts/

#### **Testing through Authorization to Access-Controlled Endpoints**

- Authentication type
  - O HTTP/NTLM
  - FORM/JSON
  - External
  - Script (custom)
- Authorization type
  - Cookies
  - Header
  - Script (custom)
- Test automation controls
  - testPath
  - loggedIn/Out Indicators
  - antiCsrfParam
  - excludePaths

#### Docs:

https://docs.stackhawk.com/hawkscan/authenticated-scanning/



### **Principles of Automated Authenticated Testing**

#### 1. Test in lower environments / Simplify Auth

StackHawk has been designed to allow deployment of the scanner \_close\_ to the running application environment

- Local laptop, Cloud Server, Cl Pipeline
- Avoid infrastructure (WAF, API Gateways, VPNs, Firewalls)
- Lower environments don't have the same requirements as production - Use that to your advantage

#### 2. Understand testPath (iterate quickly)

- Unit/Functional test for AuthN/Z config
- Allows fast failure and rapid iteration
- Supports multiple test combinations
   GET/POST, HEADER/BODY, SUCCESS/FAIL, REGEX

#### 3. Leverage loggedIn/Out Indicators

- Java regex triggers for automated re-auth if necessary
- 4. Use excludePaths to avoid logout

```
authentication:
         loggedInIndicator: "\\QSign Out\\E"
10
         loggedOutIndicator: ".*Location:.*/login.*"
11
         usernamePassword:
12
           type: FORM
13
           loginPath: /login
           loginPagePath: /login
14
           usernameField: username
15
16
           passwordField: password
17
           scanUsername: user
           scanPassword: password
18
         cookieAuthorization:
19
20
           cookieNames:
             - "JSESSIONID"
21
22
         testPath:
23
           path: /search
           success: ".*200.*"
24
```



# Using StackHawk: AuthN/Z

#### Demo summary:

- Walk through documentation for auth
- Look at some YAML examples in JSV repo
- Walk through setup of an auth layer
- Scan
- Quick look at kaakaww/examples



#### **Activity Summary:**

- Select JSV authentication type
- Add authentication layer to scanner config
- Complete auth'd scan
- Review Findings





# Using StackHawk: ReScan

#### Group walk-through summary:

- Find/Fix Injection vulnerability
- Conduct reScan
- Examine delta in StackHawk UI



# Q&A

