

# CS307 Programing Assignment 2 Report

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## Pseudocode of locking algo:

While game not finished:

    Create threadx

    Create threado

    Lock mutex with threadx

        Play x on table

    Unlock mutex with threadx

    Join threadx

    Check if game finished

        break if finished

    Lock mutex with thready

        Play y on table

    Unlock mutex with thready

    Check if game finished

        break if finished

    Join thready

After game finished if breaked with threadx

    Join thready

### Lock:

I used only one lock which I created by:

```
pthread_mutex_t mut = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
```

The purpose for this mutex is adding the variables x and o to the same table with no confusion. So that each variable will be added one by one. Since if they didn't use the same mutex they may add to the same arr[row][column] and with this there won't be synchronization. So I used the mechanism of one mutual mutex in adding variable to table function (game function). I adapted it to be locked until one thread (player x or o) finished entering their variable on to the table and after that it would be unlocked. Next the thread which was waiting (the other player) will lock, so, that they will be the only one to implement a variable on to the table. With all this I was able to add all variables to the same table one by one in order so that only one player can put its variable on to the table and only one player can win.