Getting Started

HOME

Table of Contents Set the Jumpers

- Connect to the Bus
- Plug it In
- Install Drivers
- Applications: SocketCAN on Linux • **Applications:** *cantact-app* on Windows and Mac
- **Applications:** Cangaroo • **Applications:** Using CANable from Python with python-can • Alternative Firmware: candleLight
- udev Rules
- Firmware Builds
- Updating Firmware Questions and Support

Set the Jumpers **Setting Termination**

Determine if you need to use the CANable's onboard termination. CAN bus requires a 120 Ohm terminating resistor on each end of the bus for proper operation, and a completely unterminated bus will not function at all. The CANable

has a built in terminator you can use, but if your bus is already terminated make sure to disable onboard termination. The **CANable Pro** has one jumper to control termination and a button to enter boot mode • Jumper towards edge of board: termination disabled. Jumper towards inside of board: termination enabled

• To enter boot mode, hold down the small button near the USB connector while plugging into your computer The original **CANable** has two jumpers: "Boot" and "Term".

• Jumper *towards* the screw terminals: bootloader disabled (normal operation). Jumper *away* from screw

terminals: the CANable will enter the USB DFU bootloader when powered up.

Connect to the Bus Connect the CANH, CANL, and GND pins of your CANable to your target CAN bus. You must connect ground for the CAN

• Jumper towards the screw terminals: the onboard 120R termination is enabled. Jumper away from the screw

Do not connect the 5v output of the original CANable unless you need to power a target with 5v: this is an output only!

Plug it In

with a micro USB cable. Make sure you're using a good USB data cable and not a charge-only cable.

bus to function properly.

Install Drivers

Make sure the Boot jumper is not in the "Boot" position, and then connect your CANable to your computer's USB port

/dev/ttyUSBX on Linux or /dev/cu.usbmodemXXXX on on Mac.

dmesg command after plugging in your CANable.

terminals: termination is disabled.

select the .inf file.1

Linux and Mac

Windows Windows users need to install an .inf file. You can download a zip of the driver, right-click on the .inf file, and click install. You may need to open your device manager, find the unknown cantact device, choose Update Driver and

Drivers are not required on Linux and Mac. The CANable will appear as a USB CDC device: /dev/ttyACMX or

Applications: SocketCAN on Linux The CANable provides a socketCAN-compatible interface that can be brought up with *slcand*. This allows you to use all

standard Linux CAN utilities like candump, cansniffer, and even wireshark. Bus speed is specified with the "-s" parameter where:

• -s0 = 10k• -s1 = 20k• -s2 = 50k

- -s3 = 100k
- -s4 = 125k• -s5 = 250k
- -s6 = 500k• -s7 = 750k
- -s8 = 1M
- Just run slcand with the proper arguments for your bus speed, and a new CAN device should show up on your system.
- Don't forget to bring the interface up with *ifconfig* after running *slcand*! Now you can use any of the standard Linux CAN utilities to interact with the bus. Make sure that you specify the right TTY port, which you can check with the

sudo slcand -o -c -s0 /dev/ttyACM0 can0 sudo ifconfig can0 up sudo ifconfig can0 txqueuelen 1000

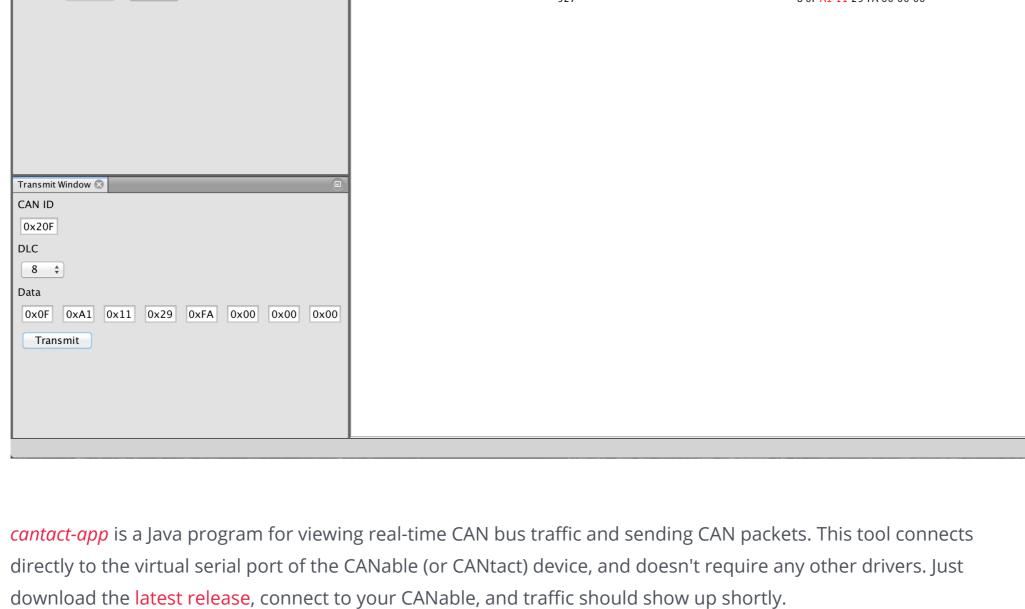
```
cansend can0 999#DEADBEEF # Send a frame to 0x999 with payload 0xdeadbeef
                                # Show all traffic received by can0
        candump can0
        canbusload can0 500000
                                # Calculate bus loading percentage on can0
        cansniffer can0
                                # Display top-style view of can traffic
        cangen can0 -D 11223344DEADBEEF -L 8 # Generate fixed-data CAN messages
Applications: cantact-app on Windows and Mac
```

Live Window 🐔 Clear /dev/tty.usbmodem1451 🛊 8 01 02 33 44 00 00 00 00

CANtact 201411181905

8 00 01 55 23 00 00 00 00

cantact-app is the easiest way to get up and running with your CANable on Windows and Mac.



cangaroo* File Measurement Trace Window Help Timestamps: delta ▼ ☑ aggregate by ID auto scroll

Note: cantact-app runs on Linux but currently isn't able to discover serial ports.

Applications: Cangaroo

0.2435 candle0 rx 0x070D0100 imu_gps

0.2435 candle0 rx 0x070E0100 imu_gps

0.2435 candle0 rx 0x070F0100 imu gps

0.2279 candle0 rx 0x07100100 imu_gps

0.2279 candle0 rx 0x07130100 imu_gps

Channel Rx/Tx CAN ID Sender Data Comment ACTOCTCAMOTCHEa... '00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0.0210, canarco , rv , ovo.o20100, rma_dba 0.0570 candle0 rx 0x070A0100 imu_gps VelocityDown 4 00 00 00 00 0.0570 candle0 rx 0x070B0100 imu_gps PosUncNorthEast 8 00 04 F4 47 00 09 25 B0 0.0570 candle0 rx 0x070C0100 imu_gps PosUncDown 4 00 06 9E E3

GeoPosDOP

HorVertDOP

TimeDOP

Month

UNIXTime Year

NorthEastDOP

8 00 00 00 63 00 00 00 63

8 00 00 00 63 00 00 00 63

8 00 00 00 63 00 00 00 63

7 07 DF 0A 12 03 13 16

4 00 00 00 63

10

```
Day
                                                                Hour
                                                                Minute
             0.2279 candle0 rx 0x07140100 imu_gps
                                                                                 4 00 00 01 F4
                                                                UNIXMilli
             0.2279 candle0 rx 0x07150100 imu_gps
                                                                GNSSFix

☐ X | Transmit View
                                                                                                                    ₽×
   Log
                             Message
                Level
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
          13:56:13
                                                    07050201 5 3 02 12 32 11 00 00 00
          13:56:14
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
                    info
                                                                    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
          13:56:15
                    info
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
                                                                               RTR Error Frame
                                                    Extended ID
          13:56:16
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
          13:56:17
                    info
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
          13:56:18
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
                                                    Send Repeat | 1000 💠 ms All values are hex | Send Single
                    info
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
          13:56:19
          13:56:20
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
          13:56:21
                    info
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
          13:56:22
                             Send [33 02 12 32 11] to 1...
   Trace
On Windows you can use the Cangaroo application to talk with your CANable running the alternative candlelight
firmware. It supports receive and transmit of both standard and extended CAN. DBC file parsing is supported as well,
but is still in beta. Cangaroo is also available for Linux if you compile it yourself.
Applications: Using CANable from Python with
python-can
python-can is a python library that allows you to easily communicate on the CAN bus from Python. The library
supports connecting to CANable/CANtact devices directly with via a serial connection on Windows or Linux and also
```

import can

bus = can.interface.Bus(bustype='slcan', channel='/dev/ttyACM0', bitrate=500000)

can directly work with socketcan devices on Linux with the candlelight firmware.

Documentation on *python-can* is available here.

Getting started is quite simple:

except can.CanError:

recommended for new projects.

udev Rules

the device. This is easy with udev rules.

print("Message NOT sent")

performs very well under high bus load conditions.

ip link set can0 up type can bitrate 500000

bus = can.interface.Bus(bustype='slcan', channel='COMO', bitrate=500000) msg = can.Message(arbitration_id=0xc0ffee, data=[0, 25, 0, 1, 3, 1, 4, 1], is_extended_id=True) try: bus.send(msg) print("Message sent on {}".format(bus.channel_info))

Note: Previously, the CANard library was recommended for use with the CANable. CANard is still available but is not

There is a port of the candleLight USB to CAN firmware for CANable. The port works very well under Linux using the

gs_usb driver. This firmware does not use slcan, so it is not interchangable with the stock firmware. However, the

CANable appears as a CAN interface natively in Linux, works with the Cangaroo app (below) on Windows, and

You can update your CANable to *candlelight* using the CANable Updater site, or refer to Flashing New Firmware.

Alternative Firmware: candleLight

Note that Linux kernels <=4.9 had a bug in the gs_usb driver. I created a patch which is now in the mainline kernel, but if you need to compile the standalone module, you can use this custom version. With the candlelight firmware, simply plug in the CANable and the device will enumerate as can0. Set the baud rate and bring the interface up with the following command, and you're good to go!

First, create a new udev rule file such as /etc/udev/rules.d/99-candlelight.rules

This file will contain your rule. Place the serial number of your device (check dmesg after plugging it in, or use the usb-

devices command) and desired device name in this file. No other values need to be changed. Add a line to this file for

SUBSYSTEM=="net", ATTRS{idVendor}=="1d50", ATTRS{idProduct}=="606f", ATTRS{serial}=="000C800557

SUBSYSTEM=="net", ATTRS{idVendor}=="1d50", ATTRS{idProduct}=="606f", ATTRS{serial}=="000D800557

If you are using multiple CANables with the candleLight firmware, you may want to use udev rules to assign each

serial number a fixed socketcan device name (can0, can1, etc) that persists between reboots and plugging/unplugging

each device you would like to configure. I recommend setting the device name to can3 and higher, as devices without udev rules will still enumerate as can0, can1, etc.

SUBSYSTEM=="net", ATTRS{idVendor}=="1d50", ATTRS{idProduct}=="606f", ATTRS{serial}=="000E800557 Reboot your system or run the following commands and unplug/replug your device and the udev rule will assign the

sudo udevadm control --reload-rules && sudo systemctl restart systemd-udevd && sudo udevadm tri Builds

The as-shipped build of the slcan and candleLight firmware are available for download here.

Reprogramming your CANable is fairly easy. First, move the "boot" jumper into the boot position as labelled on the

Updating Firmware

ST DFU Tool If you are running Windows, download ST's dfuse tool and follow ST's guide for installing the driver for the DFU

dfu-util on Linux and Mac If you're on Linux or Mac, install *dfu-util* from your distro's package manager or from brew on OSX. Run the following

sudo dfu-util -d 0483:df11 -c 1 -i 0 -a 0 -s 0x08000000 -D canable-firmware.bin After flashing the firmware, return the boot jumper to its original position and plug/unplug your device. You are now

running new firmware! Questions and Support

If you have any problems getting your CANable up and running or if you have any questions, feel free to send me an

RELATED

CANtact

Eric Evenchick

Ethan Zonca

PCB and then plug it into your computer. Web App You can easily update your CANable by browsing to the CANable updater site with Google Chrome. Follow the instructions to easily reflash your CANable. device, generating a DFU file, and flashing the device.

interface number after enumeration.

command to flash your device:

email. 1. Thanks to Colin O'Flynn for the signed driver ←

SITEMAP

Archives

Tags