

Some exercises will use class Person described below:

Person
- name : String - age : int
+ Person(name,age) + getName() : String + getAge() : int + setAge(int) : void

Exercise 1:

Abstract Factory

- Write a program that supports writing and reading from files and DB (Access DB using JDBC.ODBC)
- Writing to a file includes these features:
 - o Defining the file name to write or read from
 - o Wrapping with a buffer
 - o Writing/Reading Persons
- Writing to the DB is also done in three steps:
 - o Loading driver and creating connection
 - o Person to DB serializer which breaks Objects into Record and vise versa
 - o Writing/Reading Persons
- Client chooses to work with files or DB but once the choice was made – client code is identical in both cases. This means that and beside specifying the source (File/DB) working with the actual resource should be transparent and includes the following operations:
 - o void writePerson (Person)
 - o Person readPerson()
 - o Person readPerson (String name)

Exercise 2:

Adapter

- Write a program that will expose the work with `java.util.List` collections through `pop()` and `push()` methods
- Things to do:
 - Write a class that wraps any given `List` collection
 - Implement two methods:
 - Push – that appends a given object
 - Pop – pulls the last object from the collection

Exercise 3:

Observer

- Write a program that scans a given text file.
- The program will notify any registered listeners with each word scanned
- The types of listeners required are:
 - Word counter – that simply counts the total words sent to it
 - Number counter – that count the total numbers of string that represents numbers (for example "345", "0")
 - Longest word keeper – which keeps the last longest word sent to it
 - Reverse word – which reverse chars order in every given word

Exercise 4:

Façade

- Add to class Person a data member named iq [IQ]
- Add to class Person another constructor that takes name, age and iq
- Add iq getters and setters
- Write a program that instantiates several persons and stores them in a file.
- Define a class that allows to do the following:
 - o Check which of two persons is smarter
 - o Move some IQ from one person to another and store the changes
 - o Increment or reduce a person's IQ and store the changes

Exercise 5:

Composite - Lab 1

- Write a program that reflects a hierarchical file system
- Use *FSEntity* interface that defines two main file operations:
 - o File/directory name
 - o File/directory size
- Create *File* class to represent files
- Create *Directory* class to represent directory (empty or with files & directories in it)
 - o Add file management operations to this class (add, remove, list files)
- Implement the two operations in each

Composite – Lab 2(Optional)

- Write a program that loads an XML structure into memory.
- The XML components supported by this program are:
 - Element
 - may hold inner attributes (attributes collection)
 - may be a leaf in the hierarchy
 - may hold sub elements (hold collection of elements)
 - has a print method that prints the element's name (and if there are sub-elements – also calls their print method recursively)
 - Attribute
 - Holds name and value
- Write a program that loads any given XML into an Elements tree
- Use DOM, SAX or StringTokenizer for scanning the XML input

Exercise 6:

Proxy

- Write a class that receives all the readPerson(String name) calls
- The class should delegate the request to the DB or File if no person with the matching name was already read. Otherwise it should return a cached instance of that person.

Exercise 7:

Singleton

- Create class Superman
- Since there is only one Superman in the world history – make it a singleton

Exercise 8:

Iterator

- Create an `java.util.Iterator` implementation that works in LIFO fashion.
- Define a class that inherits `ArrayList` and returns the LIFO iterator to its clients
- LIFO – Last in First Out where in – means set/add operation and out -means remove operation.

Exercise 9:

Decorator

- Create a `PersonOutputStream` that implements the `writePerson(Person)` method and can decorate any given `OutputStream`.
- Create a `PersonInputStream` that implements the `readPerson()` method that returns a `Person` and can decorate any given `InputStream`.
- The `PersonOutputStream` decorator must check if the name of the person starts with a capital letter and if it doesn't – it should update it before writing it to the destination.
- Write a program that uses the two decorators to write and read persons to and from a file

Exercise 10:

Visitor

- Create an Employee class with the following attributes:
 - Name
 - Salary
 - Department
- Create a Company class that holds a collection of Employees
- Company must provide the following:
 - Total salaries computation
 - Number of employees
 - Average salary
 - Number of employees per department
 - Salary raise (by percent)
- Implement all Company activities via Visitors