PROJECT: Predicting House Prices Using Machine Learning

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Phase-04: Development Part-02

ABOUT THIS PHASE:

In this phase we need to do performing different activities like feature engineering, model training, evaluation etc as per the instructions in the project

Step 1:

Splitting data and target

In this step we need to split the data into two parts namely DATA and TARGET . in this step we declare the variable X for data and variable Y for target

Step 2:

Splitting the data into training and testing data

In this step I split my data into two component they are training data and testing data by using **train_test_split** command

Step 3:

Model Training

In this step I train my data by using XGBoost regressor algorithm

Step 4:

Fixing the train and test data to the model (XGBoost Regressor)

In this step I fit my train and test data to the model by using model.fit command

Step 5:

Prediction on train and test data

In this step to predict the train and test data by using **model.predict** command. And also find r square error and mean absolute error for train and test data

Step 6:

Visualizing the actual price and predicted price

In this step to generate prediction graph to to evaluate my project the gaph is created by using the module matplotlib.pyplot

Import the dependencies

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import sklearn.datasets
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from xgboost import XGBRegressor
from sklearn import metrics
```

Impoeting the california house prise dataset

from sklearn.datasets import fetch_california_housing
house_price_dataset = fetch_california_housing()

print(house_price_dataset)

```
8.3252
                                  41.
                                                 6.98412698, ...,
                                                                   2.5555556,
            37.88
                      , -122.23
                                   ],
             8.3014
                        21.
                                         6.23813708, ...,
                                                          2.10984183,
                                    ,
],
                      , -122.22
            37.86
                      , 52.
             7.2574
                                         8.28813559, ...,
                                                         2.80225989,
                                    ,
],
                       , -122.24
             37.85
            1.7
                                                          2.3256351,
                         17.
                                         5.20554273, ...,
                      , -121.22
             39.43
             1.8672
                         18.
                                         5.32951289, ...,
                                                          2.12320917,
             39.43
                      , -121.32
                                    ],
                      , 16.
             2.3886
                                         5.25471698, ...,
                                                           2.61698113,
             39.37
                      , -121.24
                                    ]]), 'target': array([4.526, 3.585, 3.521, ..., 0.923, 0.847, 0.894]), 'frame': None, 'target_na'
   4
```

loading the dataset to the Pands DataFrame
house_price_dataframe = pd.DataFrame(house_price_dataset.data, columns = house_price_dataset.feature_names)

print first 5 rows of our DataFrame
house_price_dataframe.head()

	MedInc	HouseAge	AveRooms	AveBedrms	Population	Ave0ccup	Latitude	Longitude
0	8.3252	41.0	6.984127	1.023810	322.0	2.555556	37.88	-122.23
1	8.3014	21.0	6.238137	0.971880	2401.0	2.109842	37.86	-122.22
2	7.2574	52.0	8.288136	1.073446	496.0	2.802260	37.85	-122.24
3	5.6431	52.0	5.817352	1.073059	558.0	2.547945	37.85	-122.25
4	3.8462	52.0	6.281853	1.081081	565.0	2.181467	37.85	-122.25

add the target column to the DataFrame
house_price_dataframe['price'] = house_price_dataset.target

house_price_dataframe.head()

	MedInc	HouseAge	AveRooms	AveBedrms	Population	Ave0ccup	Latitude	Longitude	ı
0	8.3252	41.0	6.984127	1.023810	322.0	2.555556	37.88	-122.23	
1	8.3014	21.0	6.238137	0.971880	2401.0	2.109842	37.86	-122.22	
2	7.2574	52.0	8.288136	1.073446	496.0	2.802260	37.85	-122.24	
3	5.6431	52.0	5.817352	1.073059	558.0	2.547945	37.85	-122.25	
4	3.8462	52.0	6.281853	1.081081	565.0	2.181467	37.85	-122.25	
4									•

checking the number of rows and columns in the data frame house_price_dataframe.shape

(20640, 9)

#check for missing values
house_price_dataframe.isnull().sum()

MedInc 0 HouseAge 0 AveRooms 0 AveBedrms 0 Population Ave0ccup 0 Latitude 0 Longitude price 0 dtype: int64

statical measure of the dataset
house_price_dataframe.describe()

	MedInc	HouseAge	AveRooms	AveBedrms	Population	Ave0cc
count	20640.000000	20640.000000	20640.000000	20640.000000	20640.000000	20640.0000
mean	3.870671	28.639486	5.429000	1.096675	1425.476744	3.0706
std	1.899822	12.585558	2.474173	0.473911	1132.462122	10.3860
min	0.499900	1.000000	0.846154	0.333333	3.000000	0.6923
25%	2.563400	18.000000	4.440716	1.006079	787.000000	2.4297
50%	3.534800	29.000000	5.229129	1.048780	1166.000000	2.8181
75%	4.743250	37.000000	6.052381	1.099526	1725.000000	3.2822
max	15.000100	52.000000	141.909091	34.066667	35682.000000	1243.3333
max	15.000100	52.000000	141.909091	34.066667	35682.000000	1243.3333

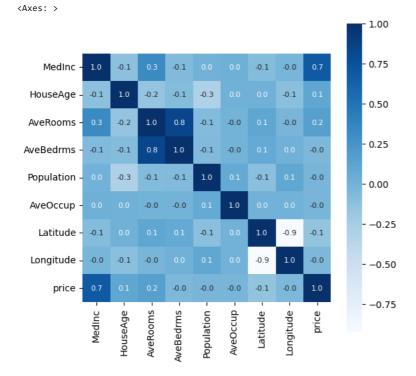
underatanding various feature in the dataset

1.positive correlation 2.negative correlation

correlation = house_price_dataframe.corr()

constructing the heatmap

constructing the heatmap to understand the correlation
plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
sns.heatmap(correlation, cbar=True, square=True, fmt='.1f', annot=True, annot_kws={'size':8}, cmap='Blues')



splitting data and target

```
X = house_price_dataframe.drop(['price'], axis=1)
```

Y = house_price_dataframe['price']

```
print(X)
print(Y)
```

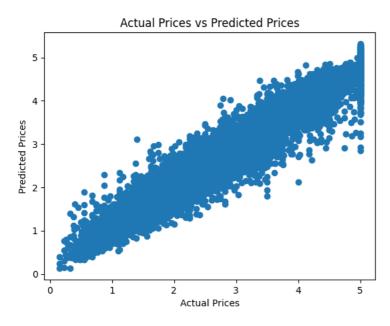
```
MedInc HouseAge AveRooms AveBedrms Population AveOccup Latitude Longitude
     0
            8.3252
                        41.0 6.984127
                                         1.023810
                                                        322.0 2.555556
                                                                             37.88
                                                                                      -122.23
            8.3014
                                         0.971880
                                                       2401.0 2.109842
                                                                             37.86
                                                                                     -122.22
                        21.0 6.238137
     1
            7,2574
                        52.0 8.288136
                                         1.073446
                                                        496.0 2.802260
                                                                             37.85
                                                                                      -122.24
     2
     3
            5,6431
                        52.0 5.817352
                                         1.073059
                                                        558.0 2.547945
                                                                             37.85
                                                                                      -122.25
     4
            3.8462
                        52.0 6.281853
                                        1.081081
                                                        565.0 2.181467
                                                                             37.85
                                                                                      -122.25
                                                                                      -121.09
                        25.0 5.045455
                                        1.133333
                                                        845.0 2.560606
                                                                             39.48
     20635 1.5603
     20636
            2.5568
                        18.0 6.114035
                                         1.315789
                                                        356.0 3.122807
                                                                             39.49
                                                                                      -121.21
     20637
           1.7000
                        17.0 5.205543
                                         1.120092
                                                       1007.0 2.325635
                                                                             39.43
                                                                                      -121.22
                        18.0 5.329513
                                         1.171920
     20638
           1.8672
                                                        741.0 2.123209
                                                                             39.43
                                                                                      -121.32
     20639 2.3886
                        16.0 5.254717
                                                       1387.0 2.616981
                                         1.162264
                                                                             39.37
                                                                                      -121.24
     [20640 rows x 8 columns]
     0
              4.526
     1
              3.585
     2
              3.521
     3
              3.413
     4
              3.422
     20635
              0.781
     20636
              0.771
     20637
              0.923
     20638
              0.847
     20639
              0.894
     Name: price, Length: 20640, dtype: float64
splitting the data into training data and test data
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 2)
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
     (20640, 8) (16512, 8) (4128, 8)
model training
XGBoost regressor
# loading the model
model = XGBRegressor()
# training the model with x train
model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
                                      XGBRegressor
     XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
                  colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
                  colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
                  enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None,
                  gamma=None, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None,
                  interaction\_constraints=None, \ learning\_rate=None, \ max\_bin=None, \\
                  max_cat_threshold=None, max_cat_to_onehot=None,
                  max_delta_step=None, max_depth=None, max_leaves=None,
                  min_child_weight=None, missing=nan, monotone_constraints=None,
                  multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=None, n_jobs=None,
                  num_parallel_tree=None, random_state=None, ...)
evaluation
predection on training data
# accuracy for prediction on training data
training data prediction = model.predict(X train)
print(training_data_prediction)
     [0.5523039 3.0850039 0.5835302 ... 1.9204227 1.952873 0.6768683]
# R squared error
score_1 = metrics.r2_score(Y_train, training_data_prediction)
```

```
# mean absolute error
score_2 = metrics.mean_absolute_error(Y_train, training_data_prediction)
print("R squared error : ", score_1)
print("mean absolute error : ", score_2)

R squared error : 0.943650140819218
    mean absolute error : 0.1933648700612105
```

visualizing the actual price and predicted price

```
plt.scatter(Y_train, training_data_prediction)
plt.xlabel("Actual Prices")
plt.ylabel("Predicted Prices")
plt.title("Actual Prices vs Predicted Prices")
plt.show()
```



prediction on test data

```
# accuracy for prediction on test data
test_data_prediction = model.predict(X_test)

# R squared error
score_1 = metrics.r2_score(Y_test, test_data_prediction)

# mean absolute error
score_2 = metrics.mean_absolute_error(Y_test, test_data_prediction)
print("R squared error : ", score_1)
print("mean absolute error : ", score_2)

R squared error : 0.8338000331788725
mean absolute error : 0.3108631800268186
```