



The DISTINCT keyword in MySQL

The SQL **DISTINCT** keyword is used to return only distinct (different) values.

Inside a table, a column often contains many duplicate values; and sometimes you only want to list the different (distinct) values.

The **DISTINCT** keyword

Run SQL query/queries on database **voting_system**: ?

```
SELECT DISTINCT browser_name FROM users_log
```

The LIMIT keyword in MySQL

The SQL **LIMIT** keyword is used to retrieve records from one or more tables in a database and limit the number of records returned based on a limit value.

The **LIMIT** keyword

Ending point

Run SQL query/queries on database **voting_system**: ?

```
SELECT id, username, browser_name FROM users_log LIMIT 4, 10
```

Starting point