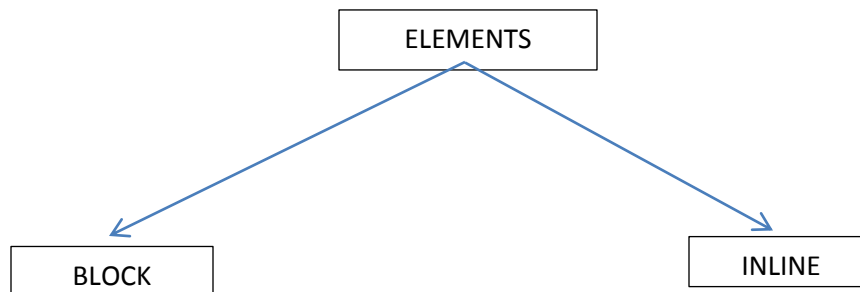




THE span ELEMENT



Note:

HTML elements are divided into two: the **block elements** and the **inline elements**.

The **Block elements** always appear on a new line examples `<div>`, `<p>`, etc.

The **Inline elements** do not start a new line example ``, ``, etc.

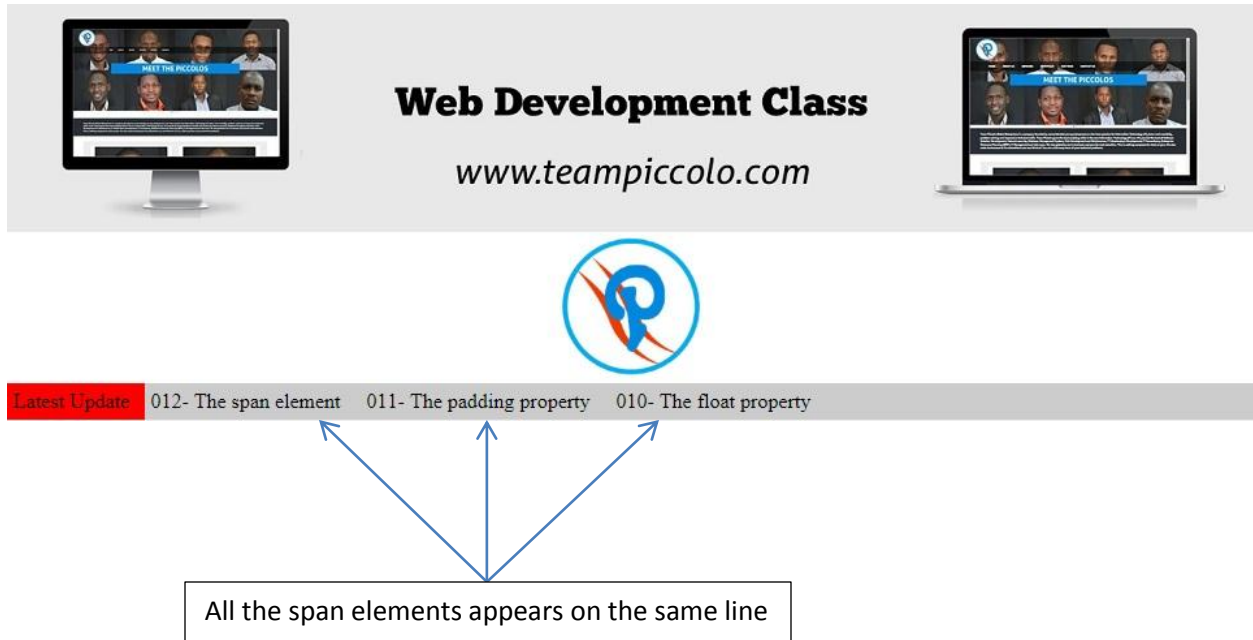
The `` element acts like an equivalent of the `<div>` element.

The most common reason why people use the `` elements is so that they can control the appearance of the content of these elements using CSS.

```
21 <div class="latest_update">
22   <span>012- The span element &nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;</span>
23   <span>011- The padding property &nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;</span>
24   <span>010- The float property &nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;</span>
25 </div>
```

The span element

012- The span element



HTML ELEMENTS LEARNT

<code></code>	<code></code>	<code><div></code>	<code><html></code>	<code><head></code>
<code><title></code>	<code><link></code>	<code><body></code>		

CSS PROPERTIES LEARNT

padding-left	padding-bottom	padding-right	padding-top
text-align	float	margin-right	margin-left
margin-bottom	margin-top	margin	width
background			