

Turbo Charge CPU Utilization in Fork/Join Using the ManagedBlocker

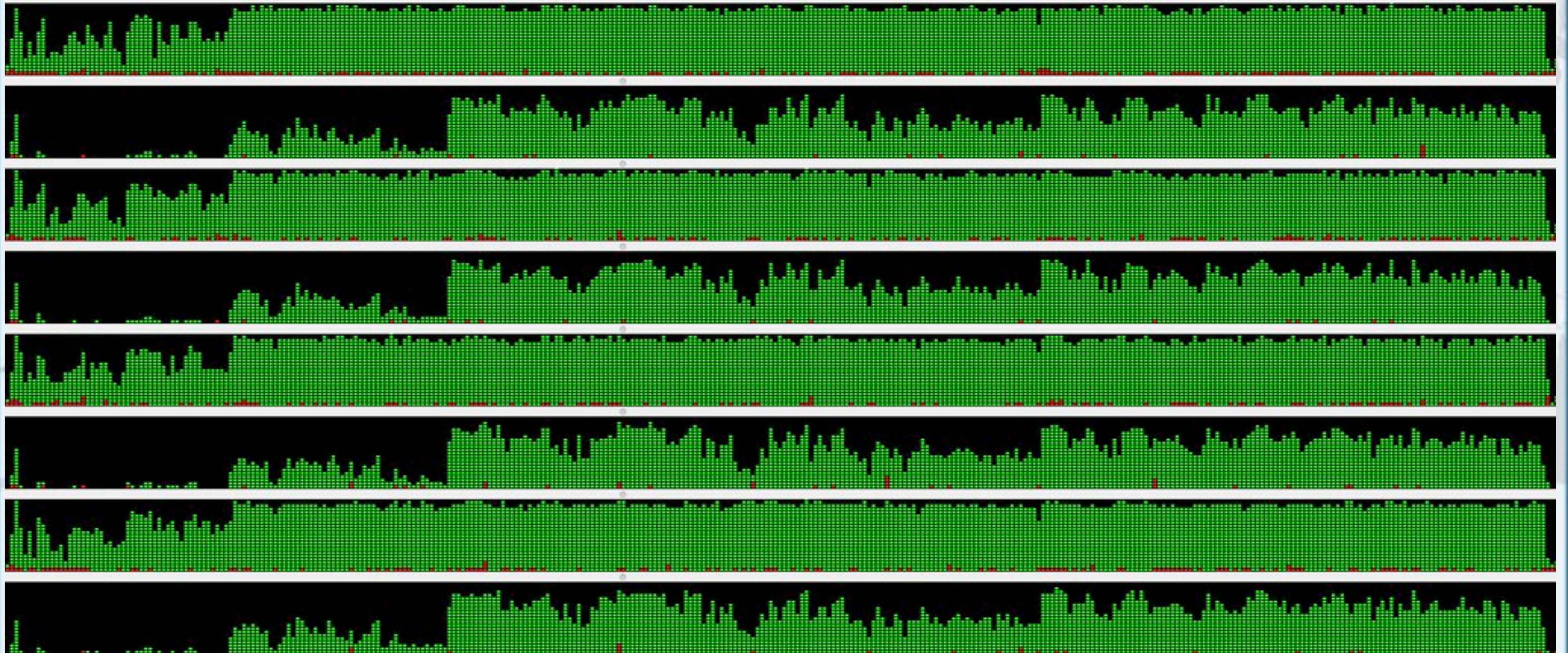
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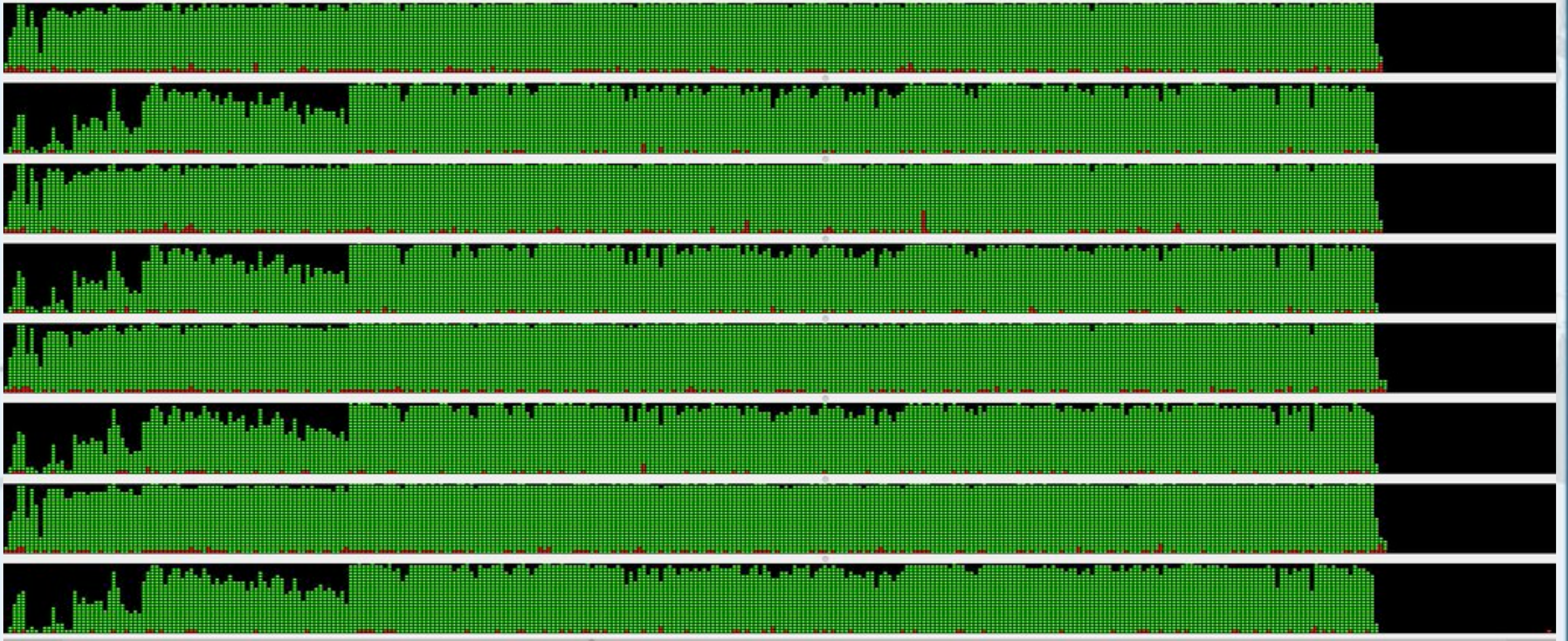


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java training

Regular



ManagedBlocker



Speeding Up Fibonacci

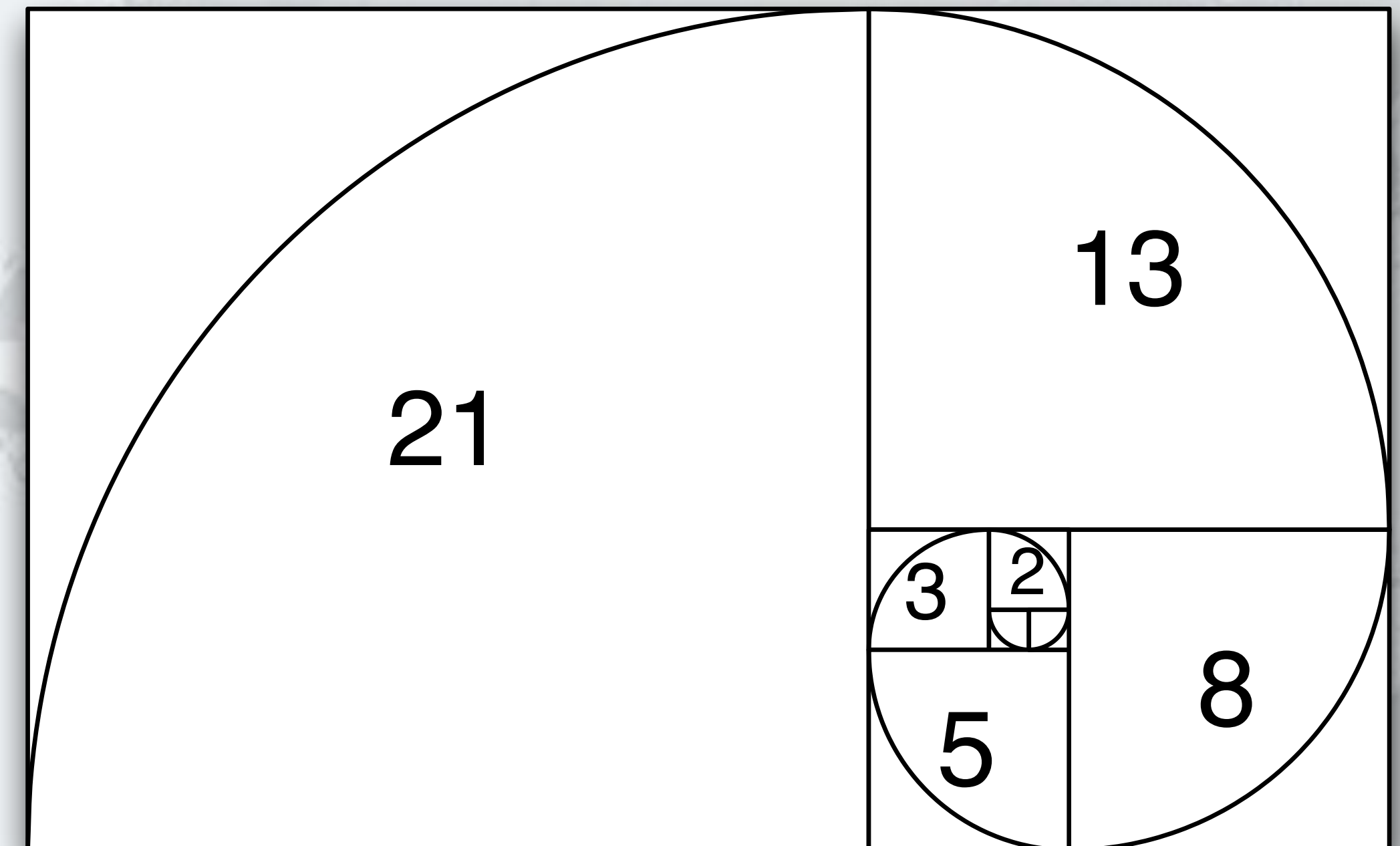
- **By Leonardo of Pisa**

- $F_0 = 0$
- $F_1 = 1$
- $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$

- **Thus the next number is equal to the sum of the two previous numbers**

- e.g. 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, ...

- **The numbers get large quickly, like Australian rabbit population**



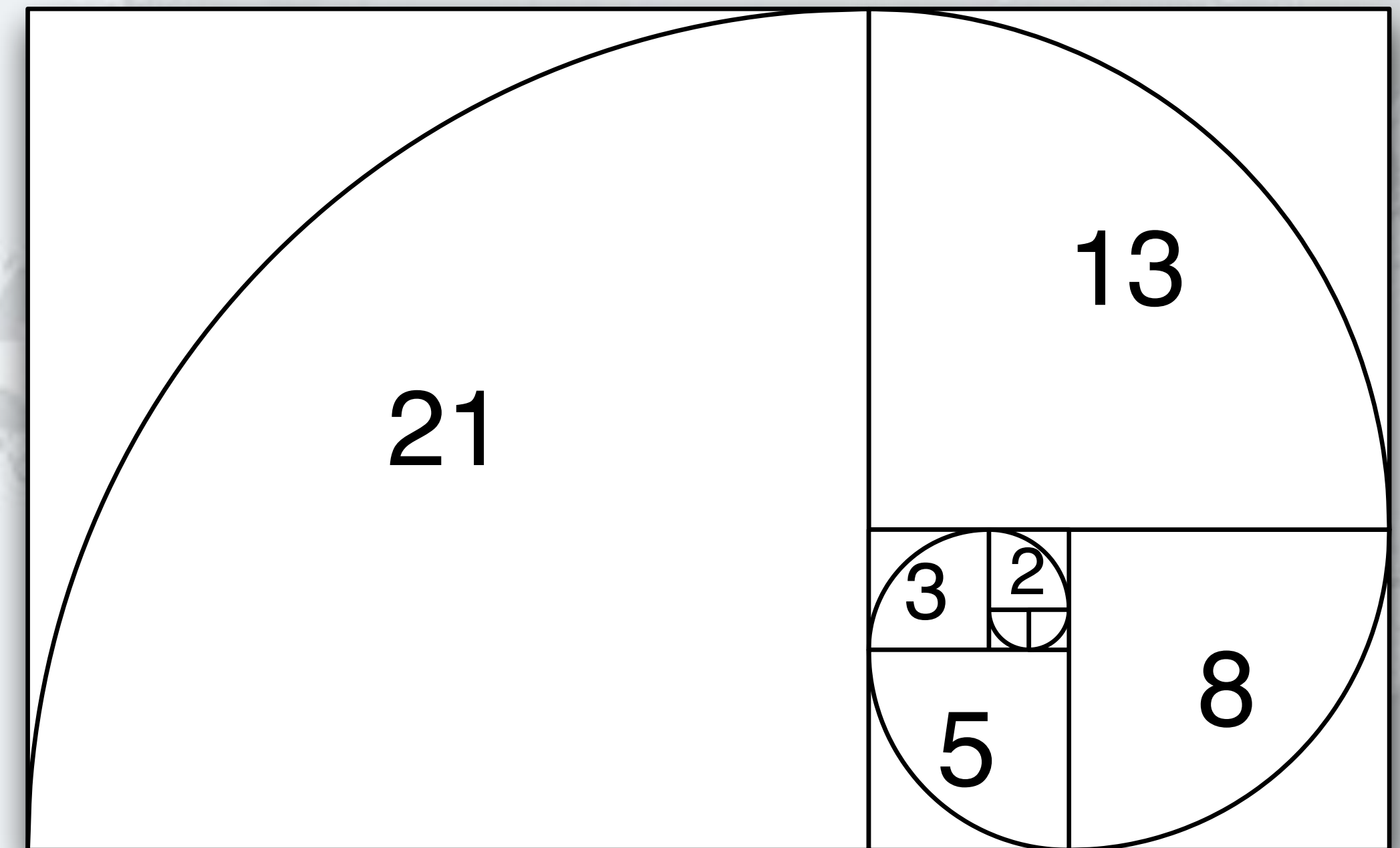
Naive Implementation

- Taking our recursive definition

- $F_0 = 0, F_1 = 1$
- $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$

- Converting this into Java:

```
public long f(int n) {  
    if (n <= 1) return n;  
    return f(n-1) + f(n-2);  
}
```



- But this has exponential time complexity, so gets terribly slow

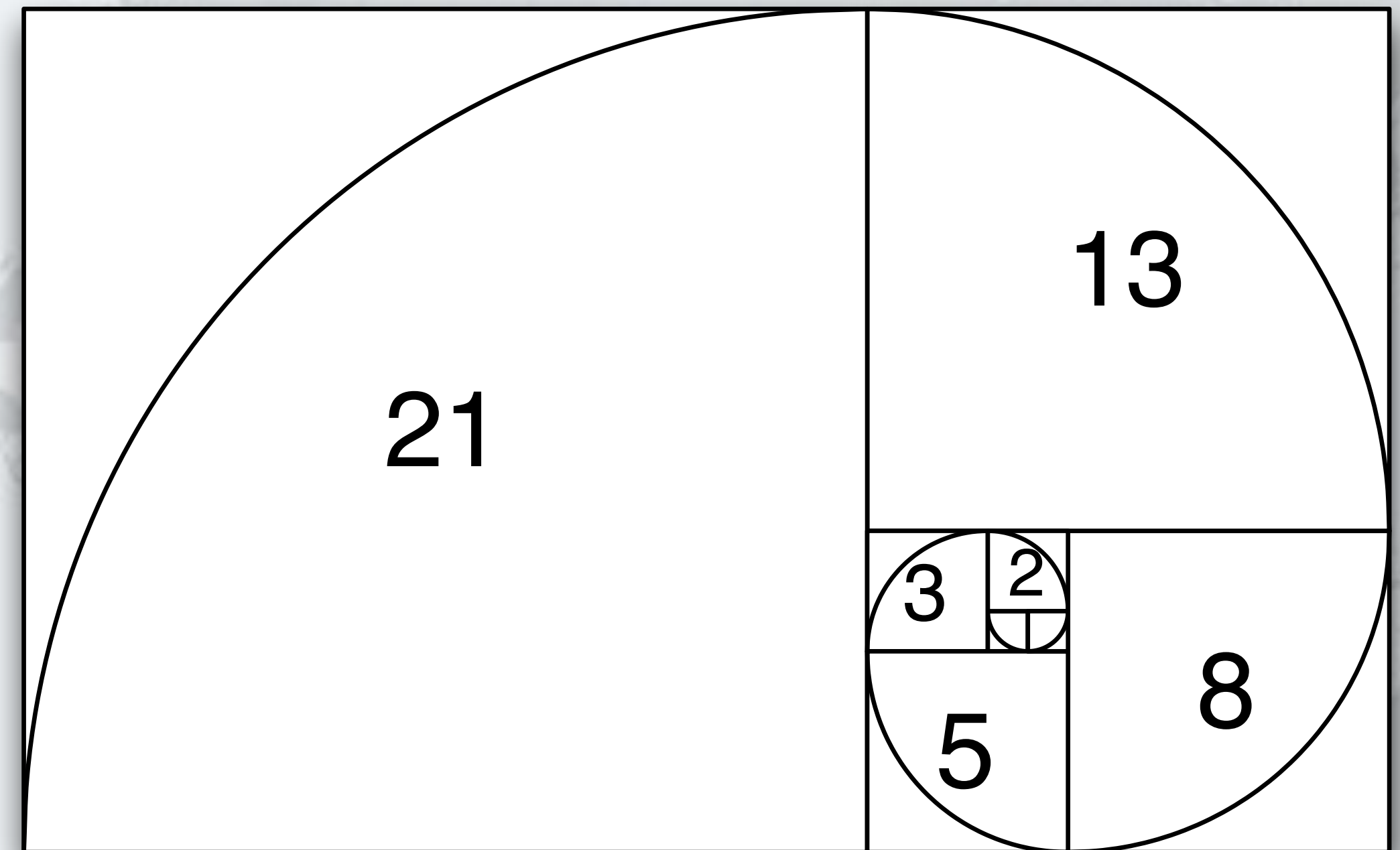
2nd Attempt at Coding Fibonacci

● Iterative algorithm

```
public static long f(int n) {  
    long n0 = 0, n1 = 1;  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        long temp = n1;  
        n1 = n1 + n0;  
        n0 = temp;  
    }  
    return n0;  
}
```

● Linear time complexity

- $f(1_000_000_000)$ in 1.7 seconds
 - However, long overflows so the result is incorrect
 - We can use BigInteger, but its add() is also linear, so time is quadratic



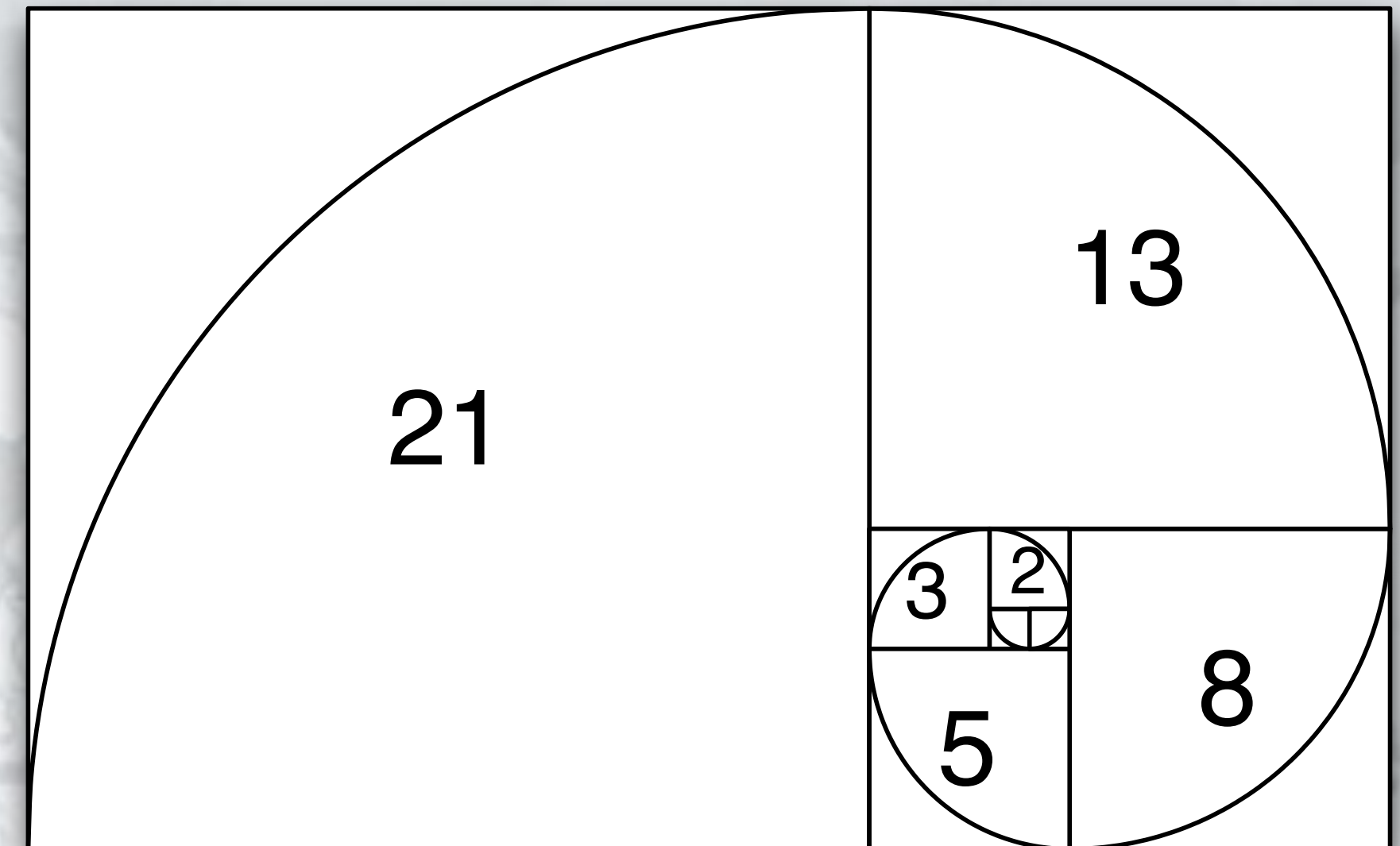
3rd Attempt Dijkstra's Sum of Squares

- **Dijkstra's clever formula**

- $F_{2n-1} = F_{n-1}^2 + F_n^2$
- $F_{2n} = (2 \times F_{n-1} + F_n) \times F_n$

- **Logarithmic time complexity**

- Multiply in Java BigInteger
 - Karatsuba complexity is $O(n^{1.585})$
 - 3-way Toom Cook complexity is $O(n^{1.465})$
 - Prior to Java 8, multiply() had complexity $O(n^2)$
 - BigInteger.multiply() single-threaded in Java - we'll fix that later



Demo 1: Dijkstra's Sum of Squares

- We implement this algorithm using BigInteger
 - $F_{2n-1} = F_{n-1}^2 + F_n^2$
 - $F_{2n} = (2 \times F_{n-1} + F_n) \times F_n$
- Please remind me to commit each step to github
 - tinyurl.com/jprime17



Demo 2: Parallelize Our Algorithm

- **We can parallelize by using common Fork/Join Pool**
 - Next we fork() the 1st task, do the 2nd and then join 1st

```
RecursiveTask<BigInteger> f0_task = new RecursiveTask<BigInteger>() {  
    protected BigInteger compute() {  
        return f(half - 1);  
    }  
};  
f0_task.fork();  
BigInteger f1 = f(half);  
BigInteger f0 = f0_task.join();
```


Demo 3: Parallelize BigInteger

- **Let's hack fork/join into:**
 - **multiplyToomCook3()**
 - **squareToomCook3()**
- **These probably won't reach the threshold**
 - **multiplyKaratsuba()**
 - **squareKaratsuba()**
- **Choose modified BigInteger with**
 - **-Xbootclasspath/p:<path_to_hack>**

Level 0

1 000 000

Level 1

499 999

500 000

Level 2

249 999

250 000

249 999

250 000

Level 5

16 x 31 249

16 x 31 250

Level 6

32 x 15 624

32 x 15 625

Level 7

32 x 7 811

64 x 7 812

32 x 7 813

Level 14

7 904 x 60

8 192 x 61

288 x 62

Demo 4: Cache Results

- **Dijkstra's Sum of Squares needs to work out some values several times. Cache results to avoid this.**
 - **Careful to avoid a memory leak**
 - **No static maps**

Demo 5: Reserved Caching Scheme

- **Instead of calculating same value twice:**
 - Use `putIfAbsent()` to insert special placeholder
 - If result is null, we are first and start work
 - If result is the placeholder, we wait

Demo 6: ManagedBlocker

- **ForkJoinPool is configured with *desired parallelism***
 - Number of active threads
 - ForkJoinPool mostly used with CPU intensive tasks
- **If one of the FJ Threads has to block, a new thread can be started to take its place**
 - This is done with the ManagedBlocker
- **We use ManagedBlocker to keep parallelism high**

Demo 7: CompletableFuture (Homework)

- **Implement Fibonacci using**
 - **CompletableFuture with methods**
 - **thenAcceptBothAsync()**
 - **complete()**
 - **What happens with thread creation when you disable the common ForkJoinPool?**
 - **-Djava.util.concurrent.ForkJoinPool.common.parallelism=0**
- **Send me your answers here: tinyurl.com/jprime17**

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