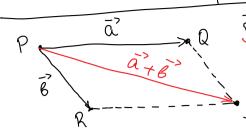


## $\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} + \vec{b} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$



$$\overrightarrow{P}\overrightarrow{Q} = \overrightarrow{a}, \overrightarrow{P}\overrightarrow{R} = \overrightarrow{6}$$
  
 $\overrightarrow{P}\overrightarrow{Q} + \overrightarrow{P}\overrightarrow{R} = \overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{b} = \overrightarrow{P}\overrightarrow{S}$ 

(bouexba: 1)  $\vec{a} + \vec{b}' = \vec{b} + \vec{a}'$ 2)  $(\vec{a} + \vec{b}) + \vec{c}' = \vec{c} + (\vec{b} + \vec{c})'$ 3)  $\exists ! \vec{o}' ; \vec{a} + \vec{o}' = \vec{a}'$ 

4)  $\forall \vec{a} \ \exists ! (-\vec{a}) : \vec{a} + (-\vec{a}) = \vec{o}$ 

Pasnuka Ha bersopu; 
$$\vec{a} - \vec{b} = \vec{a} + (-\vec{b})\vec{c}$$
...

 $\vec{0}\vec{A} - \vec{0}\vec{B} = \vec{B}\vec{A}$ 
 $\vec{A}$ 
 $\vec{A}$ 

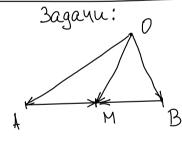
3. Υμμομεμιε μα βεκρορ c 4μc/10 α + σ², X ∈ R => X. α = β²; (μαπραβλεμιε: β² | α²) ποσοκα: β² 1 α², x>0; β' 1 α², x<0; x=0 => β²=σ> | β| = | K| | α² |

Chouxba:

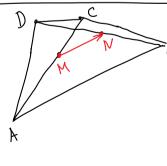
- 1)  $K.(\vec{a}+\vec{b}) = K.\vec{a} + K.\vec{b}$
- 2)  $4.\vec{a} = \vec{a}$ ;

- 3) K. (( : a) = (K. () : a
- 4)  $(x+\ell).\vec{a} = x.\vec{a} + \ell.\vec{a}$

13ag. (OCHOBHA)  $A \neq B$   $\tau.0 - \text{NPOU3BONHA}$   $\tau.M \in \text{CPEGATA HA AB}$  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot (\vec{OA} + \vec{OB})$ 

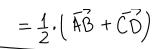


 $\hat{Z}$  30g.  $\hat{A}BCD$  - YETUPUTET ENHUL M - CPEGOTA HA AC N - CPEGOTA HA BD $\hat{Z}$  ·  $(\hat{A}\hat{B}+\hat{C}\hat{D})=\frac{1}{2}\cdot(\hat{A}\hat{D}+\hat{C}\hat{B})$ 

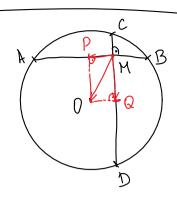


B  $\vec{OH} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\vec{OA} + \vec{OC})$   $N \in \text{CREGIONTA} \quad BD \quad DCH \cdot 3ag$   $\vec{ON} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\vec{OB} + \vec{OD})$   $MN = \vec{ON} - \vec{OH} =$   $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\vec{OB} + \vec{OD}) - \vec{OA} - \vec{OC}) =$   $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot [\vec{OB} - \vec{OA}) + (\vec{OD} - \vec{OC}) =$  $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot [\vec{AB} + \vec{CD})$ 

Me cpegara Ha AC OCH. 3ag.



3 30g. K(0) AB,CD-xopgu AB L CD AB n CD = M - Borpewha 30 K ?He 2. HO = MA+MB+HC+MD



Hera Pul ca cpequie vooil.

Ha ABu CD.

MPOQ e npabotithuk =>  $\overrightarrow{HO} = \overrightarrow{MP} + \overrightarrow{MQ}$ Pe cpegara Ha AB =>

=>  $\overrightarrow{MP} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overrightarrow{MA} + \overrightarrow{MB})$ le cpegara Ha CD => +

 $\mathbb{Q}$  пр.: Точката  $\mathbb{M}$  се нарича медицентър (чентроид) на сист. от точка  $\mathbb{A}_{1}, \mathbb{A}_{2}, \dots, \mathbb{A}_{N}$  ако:

$$(1) \overrightarrow{MA_1} + \overrightarrow{MA_2} + \dots + \overrightarrow{MA_n} = \overrightarrow{O}$$

$$|(2) \overrightarrow{OM} = \frac{1}{N} \cdot (\overrightarrow{OA_{1}} + \overrightarrow{OA_{2}} + \cdots + \overrightarrow{OA_{N}})$$

$$+ .0 - \text{NPOU360NHQ}$$

$$\overrightarrow{OM_{1}} = \overrightarrow{OM_{2}} = > \text{M_{1}} = \text{M_{2}}$$

$$J - 60$$
:

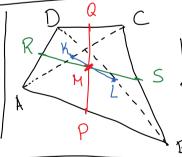
 $J = 60$ :

=> MQ = 1. (MC+MD)

$$(2) \overrightarrow{OH} = \frac{1}{N} \cdot (\overrightarrow{OA_1} + \cdots + \overrightarrow{OA_n}),$$

$$0 = M \Rightarrow \overrightarrow{O} = \frac{1}{N} \cdot (\overrightarrow{HA_1} + \cdots + \overrightarrow{HA_n})$$

430g.
ABCD - YOTUPUBT TAHUK
Aa ce onpegeru nonoherhueto
ha ohazu T. M. 30 x05100
MA+MB+MC+MD = 0



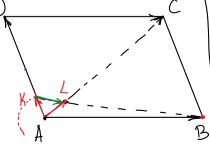
Pu Q ca cpegure 06076. Ha ABuCD OT OCH. 3ag. => =>  $\overrightarrow{MP} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overrightarrow{MA} + \overrightarrow{MB})$  7  $\overrightarrow{MQ} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overrightarrow{MC} + \overrightarrow{MD})$  7  $\overrightarrow{MP} + \overrightarrow{MQ} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overrightarrow{MA} + \overrightarrow{MB} + \overrightarrow{MC} + \overrightarrow{MD}) = \overrightarrow{O}$ 

 $MP + MQ = \bar{O}^2 = > M e cpegara$ 

Me cpegara Ha PQ Me cpegara Ha RS Me cpegara Ha KL

5 3ag.  
ABCD - Yemopeghuc  
T.K: 
$$\overrightarrow{AK} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \overrightarrow{AD}$$
  
 $\overrightarrow{AC} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC}$ 

?,4e K, LuB Nethat Ha egha Mpaba (WonuHeapthu)



$$\overline{\overrightarrow{AB}} = \overrightarrow{DC} = \overrightarrow{AC} - \overrightarrow{AD} = \overrightarrow{G.AC} - 5.\overrightarrow{AK}$$

на една права (колинеарни)  $\vec{A}\vec{B} = \vec{D}\vec{C} = \vec{A}\vec{C} - \vec{A}\vec{D} = \vec{G} \cdot \vec{A}\vec{L} - \vec{S} \cdot \vec{A}\vec{K}$ Pazrn. KL u LB Uye gok, ye  $\overline{KZ} = x \cdot \overline{LB}$ Uye uspazun  $\overline{KZ}$  u  $\overline{LB}$  upez  $\overline{AK}$  u  $\overline{AL}$ KL = AL - AK  $\overrightarrow{LB} = \overrightarrow{AB} - (\overrightarrow{AL}) = 6.\overrightarrow{AL} - 5.\overrightarrow{AK} - \overrightarrow{AL} = 5.(\overrightarrow{AL} - \overrightarrow{AK}) = 5.\overrightarrow{KL} / LB = 5.\cancel{KL} = 7$ 

=> [B 11 KZ, obuya T. L

6 309. DABC-TETPARGEP  $\overline{O}$  A =  $\overline{O}$ ,  $\overline{O}$ B =  $\overline{B}$ ,  $\overline{O}$ C =  $\overline{C}$ M, Pu R ca cpequire crooms. ĎA, OB u ĎC N, Q u S ca cpegute 00016. BC, AC AB a) La ce\_uspassit MV, PQuRS upes a, 6 . c?; 8)?,4e otce4keure MN, PQuRS WHOR

=7 L, Buk nethat Ha Inp. a)  $\overrightarrow{MN} = \overrightarrow{ON} - \overrightarrow{ON}$  $\vec{OM} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \vec{a}$  $\sqrt{\overrightarrow{ON}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overrightarrow{B} + \overrightarrow{C})$  $\vec{MN} = 4 \cdot (\vec{b} + \vec{c} - \vec{a})$ RS=05-0R 0R=4.C  $\overline{0}$ S= $\frac{1}{2}$ (a+6) RS=4·(a+6-2)  $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \overrightarrow{OQ} - \overrightarrow{OP} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overrightarrow{Q} + \overrightarrow{C} - \overrightarrow{B}) \quad (3amo?)$ 

Suna cpega. δη θενα  $O_1$  ε τρεφατά μα  $HN = 7 \overline{OO}_1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overline{ON} + \overline{ON}) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\frac{\overline{C}}{2} + \frac{\overline{B} + \overline{C}}{2}) = \frac{\overline{C} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}}{4}$   $O_2$  ε τρεφατά μα  $PQ = 7 \overline{OO}_2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\overline{OP} + \overline{OQ}) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\frac{\overline{C}}{2} + \frac{\overline{C} + \overline{C}}{2}) = \frac{\overline{C} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}}{4}$   $O_3$  ε τρεφατά μα  $PS = 7 \overline{OO}_3 = \frac{\overline{C} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}}{4}$  $00_1 = 00_2 = 00_3 = 0_1 \equiv 0_2 \equiv 0_3$  $\overline{00}_1 = \frac{1}{4} \cdot (\overline{00} + \overline{0A} + \overline{0B} + \overline{0C}) = \overline{a+b+C}$  0.490O, A, B, C

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