y MH-60 Deucsteur Ha Pyria M- MH-les let Ø Our Hera (G, 0) Tryna: leto gen croa B/4 le noraro S(ll) = { 4! M > M { Suers tgégant txéll -> g(x) = gx Ell y cansnemn q, y e SCU) φ. φ ∈ S(le) 1) e(x)=x, +xell (e&G) $(\varphi_0 \varphi)(x) = \varphi(\varphi(x))$ (g,g2)(x) = g, (g2(x)) 1. $f:G\times \mathcal{U} \to \mathcal{U}$ $f(g,x) = X + X \in \mathcal{U}$ Pazmuro e of Oup f (g,g2,x)=f(g,ff(g2,x) Jebu coc kit signer 16 cb. baien. 9, x = x 9 E M 2) x 9192 = (x 31) 32

) gencha Vелин- пр-во нае. engazina. Pp. 149 F JEG, XEV -> XX EV (yh)x = y(h(x))genesses 6. GL(n,R) = { A Ellnxn(R) | olet A = 0 1 | xieR4

| G genesoa bly ll n ge G Toraba g 3agaba Suevenez 49 ll - Belly $g \in SCH$ $g: U \to U$: $x \to (g(x))$ | $f \times EU$ Ell upoust. Hera Z Anco (9g (x) = (9g (y)) => 9(x) = 9(y) €(2)=2 (gg-1)(z)=Z=> g=1(g(x))=g=(g(y)) z=9(9/2)) $(9^{-1}9)(x) = (9^{-1}9)(4)$ = (x) = (4) = 0=) qq e croper que TI Hera Ge pyna u U+ a) Bosno generale Ha Trynata G 6/4 eit. 60 M 3a ca ba 8 x o ero eropopulse e D: G AS S(le) D(g S) Boern xouvempoussen 4: G -> 5CM) onpegens generale Ha Gl Eff 4 6/

Abol She ka G genesler 6/4 ll 4g: ll > ll (4g (x) = g(x) hi (4g e Suergrac Scy Hera $\psi: G \to S(M)$ Seep. $g(x) = (\psi(g))(x) \in M$ $g(x) = (\psi(e))(x) = id(x) = x$ $g(g(g(x)) = (\psi(g(y)))(x) = \psi(g(y))(\psi(g(y))(x)) = y(g(y))(\psi(g(y))(x)) = g(g(y))(y(g(y))(x)) = g(g(y))(y(g(y))(x) = g(g(y))(y(g(y))(x) = g(g(y))(y(g(y))(x) = g(g(y))(y(g(y))(x) = g(g(y))(y(g($ GXU->U g,x->g[x]=(y(g))(x) & genicolene Hs Ont. pynaia 6 genches Touto 6/4 le roraro Scroto Ha xou ode of duser our egenen g(x)=x #x€) g=e €G or poraquire oxonol a ER ga= cogatisina C. RxC -> C g(9,2)= 39.2 = SI(X)=X, XXEP = (Cosatisina) 3 (at 6, 2) = Toos (a+6)+ i sin (a+6) =(cosa+ isina) (cos6+ isin6) == La gen coles g(a, g(b, z1) Ha Gtan Oz 3 25 = 36 = 3 21X

G(x) = G(x) = G(x) = G(x) = G(x) = G(x) G(x) = G(x) = G(x) = G(x) = G(x) G(x) = G(Toessome e periestemero? => ga, vocus e J? g + e : 0 g(x) = x, +x He conjectorebe 3 xououopop. D:G > S(G) N Ker D= Seg => Im/OP = G/KerOp=|G < S(G)] posaquere 6 Openia

One Hera G generola by M opsura $4a \times X$ $X \in M$: $O(X) = O(X) = \begin{cases} g(X) \mid g \in G \end{cases}$) Anco y & O(X) n Z & O(y)) => 2 & O(X) => O(y)CO(X) 1.e. y=g(x)=) g(y)=x (3) XNY U YNZ =) XNZ Y=91(X), Z=92(Y) => Z=92(Y)=92(91(X))=(9191)(X)

7 = (1.2.3)(4.5.6.7)(8.9.10.11.12) 25 > 2512 G generale 6/7 11 - 51.2.37 $0(6) = \{4.5.6.77\}$ " {1, -- , 12 }=ll G=26> < S12 0(12)= 38,9,10 0(1)={1,2,3} 0(1)=21,02(1)=3,021)=1

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 & St (1$ (1) g1, g2 & St(x) (g1g2)(x) = g1(g2(x)) = g1 => g1g2ESt(x) C6-60 G gencolo (2) gie St(x) => x=gicx) =) giester) (gi(x)=gign(x), = (St(x) xell

Tb/Ggenester b/y ll u XE ll 14 H=5t(x)2G =x St(4)= 9St(x)9-1 => Ano y=g(x) e O(x) $y = g(x) \in O(x)$ Arco $h \in H = St(x)$: (ghg') y = (ghg')(g|x) = = gh(x) = g(x) = 4 => ghg-1 c St(y)
ghg-1 c St(y) $f_{1}g(x) = g(x)$ $(g^{-1}f_{2})(x) = (g^{-1}g)(x) = x$ l(y)=y le St(y)

 $= 3 - 1 + g \in St(x)$ $= 3 - 1 + g \in St(x)$ $= 3 + g = 5t(x) \cdot g^{-1} = 3 + g - 1$ $= 3 + g = 5t(x) \cdot g^{-1} = 3 + g - 1$

TJG generies by M, xell (a) y & O(x) T. e- y=g(x) => L= {leG (y=l(x))=0} == 95t(x) 5) una Suery us es/y let-lo Ha relevire docs Kracole Harst(x) u est-lo Ha Tockute lo O(x) 2-60 led l(x)=y=> l(x)=g(x)=> g-(l(x))=x => g-165t(x) => (legSt(x) => LcgSt(x) $t \in gSt(x) = t = gh, heSt(x) = t(x) = gh)(x) = g(h(x)) = g(x) = t$ $= t(x) = y = t \in L = (L \times gSt(x)) = L = gSt(x)$ => Sue reguls => 10(x) = (G: St(x))

??? Deucheur epez cuperate PLXJ = exe=x G-pyna M=G grx -> g[x]=gxg =(g1g2) × (91g2) = = g1/g2 × g2-g1-> Z(G)= }a | ax = xa, #x 9 = g1[g2xg2] = → 2(6) < G; Z(G) e A8 eneber = 91[92[x]] → QEZ(G)(=> Q[x] = QXQ = X QEZ(G) not pencilentes enforme QCT alor become even. Has luscio => gencolone OT SCHOTO HE XOUD Mapdo. 3 agabay custan (=) x [a]=a, + x eG(=) O(a)={0? $\rightarrow atZ(G)(=) ax=xa,tx$

G generos apres cuperate 6/4 G $C(a) = \{gag^{-1} | geGy = \}glaj | geGy = O(a)$ Neua G generale 6/4 G thes cuparate

18 4: G = 9(G) + rollomopopuszen en chemen

- $\chi(G) = \ker(\Psi) = \bigcap_{\alpha \in G} \chi(\alpha)$ - a & Z(G) (=) C(a) = { a}

G-ra sa knacobere cupes HPM ENCH.

G-kpaintes u XIIII xx no equit reperabutes

of Cocere knac cupes tes me ener (Kotions una
volume of Cocere knac cupes tes me ener (nobete of equit) => \ C(xi) \ [G] $-)(|G| = |Z(G)| + |G| + |G| + |Z(x_2)|^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $|C(xi)| = |G:Z(xi)| = \frac{|G|}{|Z(xi)|}$ Of Sutu C

Tho G-pyna [6]=pk, p-nlocro Eucro
Guna Herpulouanen newsop 26)+ser D-60/G genceson B/Y G represon presente $|G|=|Z(G)|+|C(x_1)|+-+|C(x_2)|$ c noblete or lenen. u |Ci| |G| -) |Ci| = p^{mi} u mi>D $P^{x} = |Z(G)| + P^{m_1} + \cdots + P^{m_S} \Rightarrow |Z(G)| = p^{-p^{m_1} + \cdots + p^{m_S}}$ $\Rightarrow p | |Z(G)| = e \in Z(G) \Rightarrow |Z(G)| \ge 1$ $\Rightarrow |Z(G)| > 1 \text{ The. Hetpuleuans}$

Cail G Tryna u G = p2 u p-npoero => G-avenele D-bo G nua Herpulence neu ventrop

12(G) = SP Songetanue, te 12(G) = P.

 \Rightarrow $|Z(G)|+p \Rightarrow (Z(G)|=p^2=) G=Z(G)$ Gr e Averebé

JG-kpaiette Tryna u p-npocro Eucro: p/16/ => 6/6 und benement or per po Xi & G, Tameles Ce X1... Xp=e3 $\mathcal{U} = \{ X = (x_1, \dots, x_p) \\ \mathcal{U} \subset G_X G_X - - x_G \}$ $x_{e(1)}x_{e(2)}...x_{e(p)}=[x_{2}x_{3}...x_{p}]x_{1}$ $x_{1}.(x_{2}x_{3}...x_{p})=e \Rightarrow x_{1}=(x_{2}...x_{p})^{-1}$ $\Rightarrow x_{2}x_{3}...x_{p}x_{1}=e \Rightarrow (x_{e(1)},...,x_{e(p)})\in M$ 1 M1 = [G1P-1 Auo XI,.., Xp-1 npousbonitige_ - lessea opérica una possibil. 1 up - lessea opérica una possibil. 1 up - Hera En. opérica o cossibil. 1 e t.1 Si opérica c cossibil. P e t.p $x_1.x_2--x_{p-1}=a$ (X1, X2, --, XP-1, a-1) Ell IMI=1.ty + Ptp Sp 4=(1,2,-,1P) G=<4> ti=IMItptp => pt1 G gen color 6/4 4

(4 (x1)x21-1xp) = (x4(1))x4(2),...,x4(2)) = (e,e,e,e,...,e) tiz1

(9 (x1)x21-1xp) = (x4(1))x4(2),...,x4(2)) = (e,e,e,e,...,e) tiz1

(9 (x1)x21-1xp) = (x4(1))x4(2),...,x4(2)) = (e,e,e,e,...,e) tiz1