

Реш на елемент и циклическа група

$$\mathbb{Z} = \{k(1) = \underbrace{1 + \dots + 1}_k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$(\mathbb{Z}, +) \quad k > 0$$

$$k(x) = \underbrace{x + \dots + x}_k$$

$$S = -k$$

$$S(x) = -k(x) = \underbrace{(-x) + \dots + (-x)}_k$$

$$(t+k)x = t(x) + k(x)$$

$$0(x) = 0$$

$$(G, \circ) \quad k \geq 0$$

$$\underbrace{a \circ \dots \circ a}_k = a^k$$

$$S = -k$$

$$a^S = \underbrace{(a^{-1}) \circ \dots \circ (a^{-1})}_k$$

$$a^0 = e$$

$$a^t \circ a^k = a^{t+k}$$

$$3 \in (\mathbb{Q}^+, \cdot) \Rightarrow \langle 3 \rangle = \{3^k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$a \in G$$

$$\langle x \rangle = \{x^k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

циклическа подгрупа  
порочена от  $x$

$$\langle a \rangle = \{a^k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

циклическа подгрупа  
порочена от  $a$

св. св. 1

$$\text{Нека } (G, \cdot), a \in G$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle a \rangle \subset H$$

$$H < G \text{ и } a \in H$$

$$\langle a \rangle < H$$

$$a \in H \Rightarrow \underbrace{a \cdot a \cdot \dots \cdot a}_k \in H, \quad a^{-1} \in H \Rightarrow \underbrace{(a^{-1}) \cdot \dots \cdot (a^{-1})}_k \in H$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle a \rangle \subset H$$

циклическата подгр.  $\langle a \rangle$  е мин. <sup>норм.</sup> подгрупа  
която съдържа  $a$

$$3 \in (\mathbb{Q}, +) \Rightarrow \langle 3 \rangle = \{3^k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$3 \in (\mathbb{Q}, +) \Rightarrow \langle 3 \rangle = \{k \cdot 3 \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\} = 3\mathbb{Z}$$

$$(\mathbb{Z}, +) \quad \langle 1 \rangle = \mathbb{Z} \quad ; \quad \langle -1 \rangle = \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\mathbb{Z} \text{ е циклическа}}}$$

Опр.  $(G, \cdot)$  е цикл. група, когато  $\exists a \in G$  :

$$\langle a \rangle = G \iff \{a^k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

Пр.  $\mathbb{Z}_6 = \{\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \dots, \bar{5}\}$

$$\mathbb{Z}_6 = \langle \bar{1} \rangle = \{\bar{0}, \bar{1}, 2(\bar{1}) = \bar{2}, 3(\bar{1}) = \bar{3}, \dots, 5(\bar{1}) = \bar{5}\}$$

аналогично

$$\mathbb{Z}_n = \langle \bar{1} \rangle$$

$\mathbb{Z}_n$  циклическа

не произв.

$$C_n = \{x \in \mathbb{C} \mid x^n = 1\} \subset \mathbb{C}^*$$

$$w_k = \cos \frac{2\pi k}{n} + i \sin \frac{2\pi k}{n}, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$$

$$C_n = \{ \underset{1}{w_0}, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{n-1} \} = \{ 1, w_1, w_1^2, w_1^3, \dots, w_1^{n-1} \}$$

$$w_k = \left( \cos \frac{2\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{n} \right)^k = w_1^k \quad \left| \quad w_1^n = 1 \right.$$

$$C_n = \langle w_1 \rangle \quad \text{циклическа група от степени } \underline{\underline{n}}$$

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Сб-во Ако  $G = \langle a \rangle \Rightarrow G$  е Абелева

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$$\mathbb{Z}_n = \langle \bar{1} \rangle \quad n(\bar{1}) = \underbrace{\bar{1} + \dots + \bar{1}}_n = \bar{0}$$


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$$\mathbb{Z} = \langle 1 \rangle \quad n(1) = n \neq 0 \quad \text{за } n \neq 0$$

Опр.  $a \in G, (G, \cdot)$   
 периода на  $a$  е  $k$  когато  
 $k$  е мин. ест. число, за  
 което  $a^k = e$

Ако  $\forall k \in \mathbb{N}$  е изпитано  
 че  $a^k \neq e \Rightarrow a$  има пер.

$|a| = k$  или  $o(a) = k$ ;  $\text{ord}(a) = k$

$(L, *)$   
 $x \in L$   
 $k \in \mathbb{N}$  ест. число  
 $k(x) = 0$

ТВ Лема  $(G, \cdot)$   
 $a \in G$  и  $|a| = k$   
 тогава:  
 а)  $a^s = e \Leftrightarrow k \mid s$   
 б)  $a^s = a^t \Leftrightarrow s \equiv t \pmod{k}$

Доказ. Лема  $|a| = k$  и  $a^s = e \Rightarrow s = kq + r, 0 \leq r < k$   
 $\Rightarrow e = a^s = a^{kq+r} = a^{kq} \cdot a^r = (a^k)^q \cdot a^r = e \cdot a^r = a^r$   
 $\Rightarrow$  единственото възм. е  $r = 0 \Rightarrow k \mid s$   
 $\Leftarrow k \mid s \Rightarrow s = kt \Rightarrow a^s = a^{kt} = (a^k)^t = e$

б)  $a^s = a^t \Leftrightarrow a^s \cdot a^{-t} = e \Leftrightarrow a^{s-t} = e \Leftrightarrow k \mid (s-t) \Leftrightarrow s \equiv t \pmod{k}$

ТВ / Нека  $(G, \cdot)$  е група и  $a \in G$   
 $\Rightarrow |\langle a \rangle| = |a|$

Д-во Нека  $|a| = k (\neq \infty)$

Нека  $s \in \mathbb{Z}$ ;  $s = kq + r$ ,  $0 \leq r < k$

$$a^s = a^{kq+r} = (a^k)^q \cdot a^r = e \cdot a^r = a^r$$

$$\Rightarrow a^s = a^r \in \{a^0, a^1, \dots, a^{k-1}\}$$

Ако  $s \neq t$  и  $s, t \in \{0, 1, \dots, k-1\}$

$a^s \neq a^t$ , защото  $k \nmid (s-t)$

$$\Rightarrow \langle a \rangle = \{a^0, a^1, \dots, a^{k-1}\}$$

$$|\langle a \rangle| = k$$

когато  $|a| = \infty$

$$\Rightarrow a^k \neq e \text{ за } k \neq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a^k \neq a^s \text{ за } k \neq s$$

$$\Rightarrow \{a^k | k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

няма повтарящи се  
елементи

$$\Rightarrow |\langle a \rangle| = \infty$$

$$C_n = \langle \omega_1 \rangle =$$

$$= \{1, \omega_1, \omega_1^2, \dots, \omega_1^{n-1}\}$$

$$= \left\{ \cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n} \mid 0 \leq k < n \right\}$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_n = \langle \bar{1} \rangle =$$

$$= \{\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}(\bar{1}), \dots, (n-1)\bar{1}\}$$