Евклидово пространство Herea V e run. up-60 Hag R Out Cranapito ripous begeirne Ha, bely +> (a, b) ER reca rishon their VxV->R 1) (a1+a2,6)=(a1,6)+(a2,6), 4 a1, a2,6 eV 2) (2a, 6) = 2(a, 6), (a, 6) = (6, a), (a, 6) = (6, a), (a, 6) = (6, a), (a, 6) = (6, a)4) (a, a) >0, H a + D. CRARAPHOTO RPOUS CEPEURLE E SURUHEUHA CURE PUEHA do-9 Oup! Ve surteuto upoesp-lo reg R le moeso riena los legero cranapiro inponshegerne. Toraba V co rapara Chringolo upoesparesto Thump: seomethire bentopy of pablitutara (unu 3 mephoto $\vec{a}_1 + \vec{a}_2 = \vec{a}_1 +$ Tipulier Heila V e Mut. Up. 60 Har R c Sazuc ej-en
Decputupque op-8 14: VXVIIR ano d=a1e1+-+anen; Q(a, e)=a1e1+-+anen e=61e1+--+leven φ(a,6)=φ(6,a) φ(a,a)=a,2+-+ay>0, and a+0 4(4,4)=4,+-+4 au lu= l(ale+-+ay lu)=1 4(9,6) 4(10,6)= 10,6+-+1 au lu=1(ale+-+ay lu)=1 4(9,6) 9(a+c, 6)=(a+c,)6++-+(a+c,)6=a,6+-+a,6++-+a,6++-+c,6+ = 9(a,6)+9(c,6) Areo c= Cig+-+ Cuey eV => \psi(a,6) e crarapho upouskefenue

Onp. Hena Ve C'ERRUPOTO UP-60 FajbeV. Kasbasse, re la, b-nepuest un graphi =(alb) aro (a, b)=0 Oup a ∈ V: |a|= V(a,a) ≥ 0 u |a|=0€) a=0 C6-60/ 12a/= Vaa,2a) = 12a,a) = 121.1a1, (2012) T// Herea V e Elenuçolo mp-lo ma,..., an EV
Tarula re achajo 3a itj., Torolog:

| ant--+au|2=|ay|2+--+|au|2

| 20-loo $\frac{8 - 60}{|a_{1}t - + a_{1}|^{2}} = (a_{1}t - + a_{1}) \cdot a_{1}t - + a_{1}t = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (a_{i}, a_{1}t - + a_{1}t) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (a_{i}, a_{i}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n}$ C6-60/101a, tael

(3)

Tel V- Ebrayobo np-60 u a, $6 \in V$ Toraba: $|a-6|^2 + |a+6|^2 = 2(|a|^2 + |6|^2)$ $\frac{20-60}{|a-6|^2+|a+6|^2} = (a-6,a-6)+(a+6,a+6) =$ = (a,a)-2(a,6)+(6,6)+(a,a)+(6,a)+(6,a)+(6,6)+(6,6)=2(a,a)+2(6,6)== 2/9/2+2/6/2 Cb-boll Ano e_1, \dots, e_n & as we that V $a = a_1e_1 + \dots + a_ne_n$; $b = b_1e_1 + \dots + b_ne_n$ $(a, b) = (Zaiei, \Sigma b_j e_j) = \Sigma \Sigma a_i b_j (e_i, e_j)$

4)

Toll V e Ebrançobo up-bo re a1,..., an eV pearo ai Laj saits u ai +0, ti.
Toraba a1,..., an ca surreitto tresabucuna. D-60 Herea 21,..., Int R ca Taxuba, re I, a, t--+ Inau=0 (yerrora ba en ciesa apro no ax (K=1,...n) (Ingut - + Inan, ax) = (0, ax) = 0 1,(a, ax)+-+ 1x(ax, ax)+-+ 1u(an, ax)=0 $l_{\kappa}(a_{\kappa},a_{\kappa})=0$ / $(a_{\kappa},a_{\kappa})\neq 0$ ($a_{\kappa}\neq 0$) $=) 3a = 1, --n => \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 --- = \lambda_n = 0$ =) a1, a2, -, an ca 1H3

Hera V e Ebrayobo Sup-60 u an..., an E V u ai,... au ca NH3. Toraka F bi,... by EV 39 KOTETO E USNENHEUTO! 1) be 1 by 3a i + f 2) l(b1,-, bx)=l(a1,-, ax), 39 k=1,2,-,4 20-60 Na) Hera Ci= a1 => l(Ci)= l(ai), Ci +0 (late R) 2) Topciese C2:= a2 + 121 61 E(61,62)=E(91,92) Taka, re 621 61, 7.e. ¿ (61,62) = ¿ (Q1, Q2)=2 (62, 61)=0=(a2, 61)+ l21(61, 61)- $= \lambda_{21} = -\frac{(a_2, e_1)}{(a_2, e_1)}$ Toraba $b_2 \in l(a_2, b_1) = l(a_1, a_2)$ #0 $a_2 = b_2 - \lambda_{21} b_1 \in l(b_1, b_2)$ =) $l(b_1, b_2) = l(a_1, a_2)$

Ако са опререлени во,.., вк-1, така сер ва,.., ак-1= к) Търселе вк=ак+дкаві+ ···+ дк,к-1 вк-1 веть во за с+ i'∈ {1,2,-., K-1} $b_{i}L_{i}b_{k}=)$ $0=(a_{k},b_{i})+\lambda_{k,i}(b_{i},b_{i})+\dots+\lambda_{k,i}(b_{i},b_{i})+\dots+\lambda_{k,i}(b_{k-1},b_{i})$ $0=(a_{k},b_{i})+\lambda_{k}(b_{i},b_{i})$ $b_{i}+0$, $a_{k}b_{i}+0$, $b_{k}b_{i}+0$ $b_{k}b_{k}=0$ $b_{k}b_{k}b_{k}=0$ $b_{k}b_{k}b_{k}=0$ $b_{k}b_{k}=0$ $b_{k}b_{k}=0$ bJIO TOBLE HATLEH CE supegenst bri, ..., lk, K-1 => 6x1 61, ..., 6x4 6x-1 6 K € l(b1, -, 6x-1, ax) = l(a1, -, ax-1, ax) => &(&i, ..., &u) c &(a1, --, ax) 40 ax = - 1 K1 61 - ··· - 1 K, K-1 6 K-1+ 6K € l(61, ..., 6x) => b(a1,--, an) C t(b1,--, bx) =) $\ell(a_1,...,a_k) = \ell(b_1,...,b_k) =) \ell(a_1,...,a_k) = \ell(b_1,...,b_k) = k$ => $\ell(a_1,...,a_k) = \ell(b_1,...,b_k) =) \ell(a_1,...,a_k) = \ell(b_1,...,b_k) = k$

V-E6KAUPO60 UP-60 Oup bi, - leu basuc 49 V, 39 receto proportanent e usnonvers bet 6; 39 ét/=> Optoportanent Onp. Aco 3a Sasuea e1, ..., e4 Ha V e usuo NHerro e e-1 e; 3a it s' u |ei|=1 => Opto Ha puupah eile |ei|=1 => Opto Ha puupah eile |ei|=1 => Opto Ha puupah eta eli, i= so, it si eta en epito elekang oleo up-leo up-leo usua e opto to Ha net. Sasue mua te opto Hopuuna usua opto to Ha net. Sasue mua te opto hopuuna usua opto to Ha net. Sasue ei = 1 leo u |ei|=1 e e = 1 leo u |eo C6-60/Ano e, ... en - op701+0p214p9+ 8 a3uc en a=a181+-+auen; &= 614+-+ 64 en (a, b) = a, b, t ·-- + au Eu u | a| = Vait --- + au2 (8)

празна стр.

Пример II К. 3 с орго нормиран базие ел, ег, ез прило ни $a_1 = (1, 1, 0)$, $a_2 = (1, 0, 1)$, $a_3 = (0, 1, 1)$ Да се прило ни методя не Грам - Шену $\{b_1 = (1, 1, 0)\}$ $\Rightarrow b_1 = a_1 = (1, 1, 0)$ $\Rightarrow b_2 = a_2 + \lambda_{21} b_1 \Rightarrow 0 = (b_2, b_1) = (a_2, b_1) + \lambda_{21}(b_1, b_1)$ $\Rightarrow b_2 = a_2 + \lambda_{21} b_1 \Rightarrow 0 = (b_2, b_1) = (a_2, b_1) + \lambda_{21}(b_1, b_1)$ (61 = (1, 1, 0) $62 = (1,0,1) - \frac{1}{2}(1,1,0) = (\frac{1}{2},-\frac{1}{2},1)$ $|62 = (\frac{1}{2},-\frac{1}{2},\frac{2}{2})|$ $\begin{vmatrix}
0 = (a_3, b_1) + \lambda_{31}(b_1, b_1) & \Rightarrow |0 = 1 + \lambda_{32}, b_1 \\
0 = (a_3, b_2) + \lambda_{32}(b_2, b_2) & \Rightarrow |0 = 1 + \lambda_{32}, b_2
\end{vmatrix}$ -> 63= a3 + l31 b1 + l32 62 => => 63= a3-1/2 61-1/6 62 83=(0,1,1)-(1/2,1/2,0)-(1/6,-1/6,6)=(-4,4,4)=4(-1,1,1) 63=(-1, 1, 1) 3aSereitka (Tipu npunavaite Ha

Ont. Hera V e Ebringolo npoerparcilo u \mathcal{U} negrocip-borg $a \in V$. $a \perp \mathcal{U}$, korazo $a \perp x$, $\forall x \in \mathcal{U}$ Oup. U-nognpocipaticibo 49 V TU = { a = V | a + U = { a = V | (a, x) = 0, tx = 2 l } И - ортогонално ройеннение на И. Hera a, belt, Hera xell upousbone T6/ (Chouciloo 49 U4) = $U^{\perp}e$ nogupoctpatetho (a,x)=0 $\lambda(a,x)+\mu(b,x)=0$ - $U \subset W \Rightarrow U^{\perp} \supset W^{\perp}$ (b,x)=0 = $(\lambda a+\mu b,x)=0$ =) latubelt= ut e nogup-bo Hereq UCW W a EW - unu = { 0} = (a,x)=0, $\forall x \in W = (a,x)=0$, $\forall x \in U$ = $a \in U = \Rightarrow W = C = U$ - (U+W) = U O W Hera affith). $XeUCU+W \Rightarrow (a,X)=0 \Rightarrow a \in U$ Hera a E U A U+ $=>(a,a)=0 \Rightarrow a=0 \Rightarrow unu^{+}=\{0\}$ yEWC, U+W=>(a,y)=0=> a∈ W+ 6ευ-αν+ =×+ y ∈ u+w=>(6, 2)=6, x+y)=(6, x)+6, y)=0=>6∈(u+w)+ γυ γυ =>(β, 2)=6, x+y)=(β, x)+6, y)=0=>6∈(u+w)+ γυ = (β, x)+β+(ω+ω)+(=> (U+W) - C U+ NW+

T/Hera V e rpanitomepito Ebranoso пространство /U-nogupecipareilo 49 V. Toraba: a) din ht = dim V- dim U Herea We pemerrie Ha (*) =) a, I.W, !.., ax I W= 8) V= UF U+; 6)(2ct)= U D-60[Herea ex, -- en Sasue 49 D = Lat-+lx ax I W => Ut = W => dim Ut=n-r(A) => dim Ut = dim V-dim U Herea air., ax-Sasuc Ha ll al= aire+-+ ainen (b) dim (u+v+)= dim u+dim u-0 Herea X = X1 9 + - - + Xn en & UL => dim (u+u+)= dim V => U+U= V u unu = {0} (a1,X)=0=> (anx1+---+ anxn=0 UP U= V 6) Here $T = (u^{\perp})^{\perp}$ are a $e u =) \forall x \in U^{\perp} : (a, x) = 0$ $=) a e (u^{\perp})^{\perp} =) u c(u^{\perp})^{\perp}$ (UK, X)=0 => | ax1X1+ --- + axn Xn=0 (*) una marpuya A, & (A)=K Besko perhenue 49 & e or U dim (U+) = n-(dim U+) = = = n-(n-dim U) = dim U AKO & e upou 360 Alto peur estre 149 (*) $(\alpha_{1},\widetilde{x}) \neq 0$, $-1 = (\alpha_{K},\widetilde{x}) = 0$ =) U=(U1) => (1, a+ --+ 1, ax, x/= 1,0+-+1,0=0

Пример // R^3 съе станряртен оргонормиран базис $U = \ell(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$ $\alpha_1 = (1, 2, 7)$, $\alpha_2 = (3, 5, -4)$ P-e Hena X=(X1, X2, X3)∈U1 (127) $\sim (127)$ (35-4) $\sim (0-1-25)$ $(a_1, x) = 0$ = 0 =X1 X2 X3 43 -25 1 =) C=(43,-25,1) $U^{\perp} = \ell(C)$ V- x pail tromepito El Krupolo np-lo V= WFW => aeV, F! ao EU, he W a= ao + h ao - npoenque 6/4 u h-nepnenouny spora CE-COLARO UEU MPOUSCONEH UFUO Toraba |h|= |a-ab| < |a-u|

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