

Матрични канонични уравнения на кривите от II степен

1 зад. ОКС $K: Oxy = O\vec{e}_1\vec{e}_2$

$$K: \underset{a_{11}}{5}x^2 + \underset{2a_{12}}{8}xy + \underset{a_{22}}{5}y^2 - 18x - 18y + 9 = 0$$

а) Да се намери метрично канонично уравнение на кр. K и последователните координатни трансформации, които водят до него;

$$1) A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{12} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Търсим база $\{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2\}$, спрямо която A да е в диагонален вид.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow A' = \begin{pmatrix} s_1 & 0 \\ 0 & s_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

спр. \vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2 ОКС спр. \vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2 ОКС

\vec{v}_1 и \vec{v}_2 са собствени вектори на A .

s_1 и s_2 са собствени стойности на A .

1. $\vec{v}_1(\alpha_1, \beta_1)$ е собствен за A , ако $\exists s_1$:

$$A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} = s_1 \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(A - s_1 E) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \text{ХСЛУ, търсим решение } (\alpha_1, \beta_1) \neq (0, 0) \Leftrightarrow$$

$|A - s_1 E| = 0$ - характеристично уравнение, решенията s_1, s_2 са собствени стойн. на A

$$\begin{vmatrix} 5-s & 4 \\ 4 & 5-s \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (5-s)^2 - 4^2 = 0 \quad \boxed{s_1 = 1 \quad s_2 = 9}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow A' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\nearrow x^2$
 $\nearrow x \cdot y$
 $\searrow y^2$

- 1 сл. Ако $s_1 = s_2 \neq 0$, то K е окръжност;
- 2 сл. Ако $s_1, s_2 > 0$, то K е елипса;
- 3 сл. Ако $s_1, s_2 < 0$, то K е хипербола;
- 4 сл. Ако $s_1 = 0, s_2 \neq 0$, то K е парабола

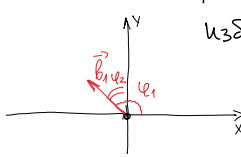
За $s_1 = 1 \Rightarrow \vec{v}_1(\alpha_1, \beta_1)$ - собствен в.р., $|\vec{v}_1| = 1 \Leftrightarrow \alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2 = 1$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5-1 & 4 \\ 4 & 5-1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 4\alpha_1 + 4\beta_1 = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = -\beta_1 \\ \alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (-\beta_1)^2 + \beta_1^2 = 1 \Rightarrow \beta_1 = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \text{изб. } \beta_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{За } s_1 = 1 \Rightarrow \vec{v}_1 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)$$

$\underset{\cos \varphi_1}{\parallel} \quad \underset{\cos \varphi_2}{\parallel}$



За $s_2 = 9 \Rightarrow \vec{v}_2(\alpha_2, \beta_2)$, $|\vec{v}_2| = 1 \Leftrightarrow \alpha_2^2 + \beta_2^2 = 1$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5-9 & 4 \\ 4 & 5-9 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_2 \\ \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -4\alpha_2 + 4\beta_2 = 0 \\ \alpha_2^2 + \beta_2^2 = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha_2 = \beta_2 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\text{За } s_2 = 9 \Rightarrow \vec{v}_2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)$$

2 Извършване смяна на ОКС

$$K = Oxy \xrightarrow{T_1} K' = Ox'y' : \textcircled{Ox'} \uparrow \uparrow \textcircled{\vec{v}_1} \leftarrow s_1 = 1$$

Консултация

01.06 от 18:00 часа

* вектори

* права в равнината

* права и равнина в пространството

* канонизация

$$O_{y'} \uparrow \uparrow \vec{b}_2 \leftrightarrow S_2 = 9$$

$\tau.M(x,y)$ сгп. K и $M(x',y')$ сгп. K'

$$T_1: \begin{cases} x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' \\ y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' \end{cases} \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{сгп. } K' \Rightarrow A' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \quad K: \underline{5x^2 + 8xy + 5y^2} - 18x - 18y + 9 = 0$$

$$K: 1 \cdot x^2 + 0 \cdot x'y' + 9 \cdot y'^2 - 18 \cdot \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' \right) - 18 \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' \right) + 9 = 0$$

$$K: x'^2 + 9y'^2 + 0 \cdot x' - 18 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' + 9 = 0$$

II Търсим централно уравнение на K
Нека $\tau.C(p,q)$ сгп. K' е центърът на K

Извършваме смяна на ОКС

$$K' = O_{x'y'} \xrightarrow{T_2} K'' = C_{x''y''} ; \quad \begin{matrix} C_{x''} \uparrow \uparrow O_{x'} \\ C_{y''} \uparrow \uparrow O_{y'} \end{matrix}$$

$$T_2: \begin{cases} x' = x'' + p \\ y' = y'' + q \end{cases} \quad \vec{OC}(p,q)$$

$$K: x'^2 + 9y'^2 + 0 \cdot x' - 18 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' + 9 = 0$$

$$K: (x''+p)^2 + 9(y''+q)^2 - 18 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot (y''+q) + 9 = 0$$

$$K: x''^2 + 2px'' + p^2 + 9y''^2 + 18q \cdot y'' + 9q^2 - 18 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y'' - 18 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot q + 9 = 0$$

$$K: x''^2 + 9y''^2 + 2p \cdot x'' + 18 \cdot y'' \cdot (q - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) + p^2 + 9q^2 - 18 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot q + 9 = 0$$

$$p=?, q=? : \quad \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2p = 0 & p = 0 \\ q - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0 & q = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow C(0, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \text{ сгп. } K', \quad T_2: \begin{cases} x' = x'' + 0 \\ y' = y'' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$0^2 + 9 \cdot 2 - 18 \cdot 2 + 9 = -9$$

$$K: x''^2 + 9y''^2 - 9 = 0 \quad / : 9$$

$$K: \frac{x''^2}{9} + \frac{y''^2}{1} = 1$$

$$K: \frac{x''^2}{3^2} + \frac{y''^2}{1^2} = 1$$

$$a=3, b=1$$

д) Да се начертят координатите на фокусите F_1 и F_2 сгп. K

$$a=3, b=1 \Rightarrow a > b$$

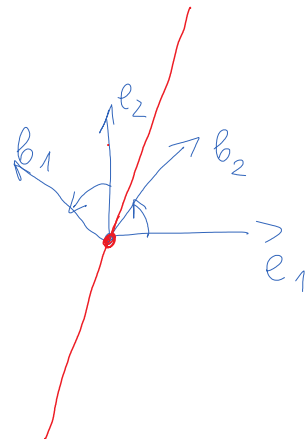
$$c = \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} = \sqrt{9 - 1} = \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$F_1(-c, 0) \quad F_2(c, 0)$$

$$F_1(-2\sqrt{2}, 0) \quad F_2(2\sqrt{2}, 0) \quad \text{сгп. } K''$$

$$F_1: \begin{cases} x'' = -2\sqrt{2} \\ y'' = 0 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{T_2} \begin{cases} x' = x'' + 0 = -2\sqrt{2} \\ y' = y'' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases} \xrightarrow{T_1} \begin{cases} x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot (-2\sqrt{2}) + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 3 \\ y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot y' = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot (-2\sqrt{2}) + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$F_1(3, -1) \text{ сгп. } K$$



$$Y'' = 0$$

$$Y' = Y'_1 + Y'_2 = \underline{12}$$

$$Y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} x' + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} y' = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot (-2\sqrt{2}) + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} = -1 \quad \text{смп. } K'$$

$$F_2 \begin{cases} x'' = 2\sqrt{2} \\ y'' = 0 \end{cases} \quad \dots$$

$$F_2(-1, 3)$$

2. 3a. ДКС $K = O_{xy} = O_{\vec{e}_1 \vec{e}_2}$

$$K: \underbrace{9x^2}_{a_{11}} - \underbrace{24xy}_{2a_{12}} + \underbrace{16y^2}_{a_{22}} - 10x - 70y + 125 = 0$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & -12 \\ -12 & 16 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|A - S \cdot E| = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 9-S & -12 \\ -12 & 16-S \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad \begin{aligned} (9-S) \cdot (16-S) - 144 &= 0 \\ 144 - 25S + S^2 - 144 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$S^2 - 25S = 0$$

$$S(S-25) = 0$$

$$S_1 = 0 \quad S_2 = 25$$

$$3a \quad S_1 = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{e}_1(\alpha_1, \beta_1), |\vec{e}_1| = 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9-0 & -12 \\ -12 & 16-0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 9\alpha_1 - 12\beta_1 = 0 \\ \alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2 = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} \beta_1 = \frac{3}{4}\alpha_1 \\ \alpha_1^2 + (\frac{3}{4}\alpha_1)^2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{e}_1\left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{5}\right)$$

$$3a \quad S_1 = 0 \rightarrow \vec{e}_1\left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{5}\right)$$

$$3a \quad S_2 = 25 \rightarrow \vec{e}_2(\alpha_2, \beta_2), |\vec{e}_2| = 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9-25 & -12 \\ -12 & 16-25 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_2 \\ \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -16\alpha_2 - 12\beta_2 = 0 \\ \alpha_2^2 + \beta_2^2 = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} \alpha_2 = -\frac{3}{4}\beta_2 \\ \alpha_2^2 + \beta_2^2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{e}_2\left(-\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$$

$$3a \quad S_2 = 25 \rightarrow \vec{e}_2\left(-\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$$

Изв. смяна на ДКС $K = O_{xy} \xrightarrow{T_1} K' = O_{x'y'}: \begin{matrix} O_{x'} \uparrow \vec{e}_2 \\ O_{y'} \uparrow \vec{e}_1 \end{matrix}$

$$T_1: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Спрямо } K' \rightarrow A' = \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K: 25x^2 + 0 \cdot x'y' + 0 \cdot y'^2 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{4}{5}x' - \frac{3}{5}y'\right) - 70 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}x' + \frac{4}{5}y'\right) + 125$$

$$\left\{ K: \underbrace{9x^2}_{a_{11}} - \underbrace{24xy}_{2a_{12}} + \underbrace{16y^2}_{a_{22}} - 10x - 70y + 125 = 0 \right\} \text{ смп. } K$$

$$K: 25x'^2 - 50x' - 50y' + 125 = 0 \quad |:25$$

$$K: \underline{x'^2 - 2x' - 2y' + 5} = 0$$

II Термин координатите на $T: V(p, q)$ - връх на параболата

$$K' = O_{x'y'} \xrightarrow{T_2} K'' = V_{x''y''}: \begin{matrix} V_{x''} \uparrow O_{x'} \\ T_2: \begin{cases} x' = x'' + p \end{cases} \end{matrix}$$

1) Ищем координаты на $\Gamma: (p, q)$ - ось на параметрах

$$K' = D_{x'y'} \xrightarrow{T_2} K'' = V_{x''y''} : \begin{matrix} V_{x''} \uparrow \uparrow 0_{x'} \\ V_{y''} \uparrow \uparrow 0_{y'} \end{matrix} \quad T_2: \begin{cases} x' = x'' + p \\ y' = y'' + q \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Спр. } K'' \Rightarrow K: (x''+p)^2 - 2 \cdot (x''+p) - 2 \cdot (y''+q) + 5 = 0$$

$$K: \underline{x''^2} + \underline{2px''} + p^2 - \underline{2x''} - 2p - \underline{2y''} - 2q + 5 = 0$$

$$K: x''^2 - 2y'' + \underbrace{x'' \cdot (2p - 2)}_0 + \underbrace{p^2 - 2p - 2q + 5}_0 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} 2p - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow p = 1 \\ p^2 - 2p - 2q + 5 = 0 \Rightarrow q = 2 \end{cases} \quad V(1, 2) \text{ центр } K', \quad T_2: \begin{cases} x' = x'' + 1 \\ y' = y'' + 2 \end{cases}$$

$$K: x''^2 - 2y'' = 0$$