

V has norm F ($\dim V = n$) F^n , e_1, \dots, e_n basis

Def. $f: \underbrace{V \times \dots \times V}_k \rightarrow F$ is multilinear if

$$s=1, \dots, k \quad f(a_1, \dots, a'_s + a''_s, \dots, a_k) = f(a_1, \dots, a'_s, \dots, a_k) + f(a_1, \dots, a''_s, \dots, a_k)$$

$$a_i \in V \quad f(a_1, \dots, \lambda a_s, \dots, a_k) = \lambda f(a_1, \dots, a_s, \dots, a_k)$$

$$a_i = a_{i1}e_1 + \dots + a_{in}e_n$$

$$f(a_1, \dots, a_k) = \sum_{j_1=1}^n \dots \sum_{j_k=1}^n a_{1j_1} a_{2j_2} \dots a_{kj_k} \boxed{f(e_{j_1}, e_{j_2}, \dots, e_{j_k})}$$

Def. $f: \underbrace{V \times \dots \times V}_k \rightarrow F$ is alternating if changing the order of arguments changes the sign.

$$f: V^3 \rightarrow F \quad a_1, a_2, a_3 \in V \quad \left. \begin{aligned} & f(a_1, a_2, a_3) \\ & - f(a_2, a_1, a_3) \\ & - f(a_3, a_2, a_1) \\ & - f(a_1, a_3, a_2) \end{aligned} \right\} = f(a_2, a_3, a_1)$$

$$[2, 3, 1] = 2$$

1) Нека $f: \underbrace{V \times \dots \times V}_k \rightarrow F$ е полилинейна и антисиметрична ф-к; e_1, \dots, e_n - базис на V
 $a_i = (a_{i1}, \dots, a_{in}) = a_{i1}e_1 + \dots + a_{in}e_n$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\sum_{j_1=1}^n \dots \sum_{j_k=1}^n a_{1j_1} \dots a_{kj_k} f(e_{j_1}, \dots, e_{j_k}) \right)$$

$$f(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k) = \sum_{\substack{j_1, \dots, j_k \\ \text{различни}}} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{kj_k} f(e_{j_1}, \dots, e_{j_k})$$

ако $j_s = j_t$

$$f(e_1, \dots, e_{j_s}, \dots, e_{j_t}, \dots, e_k) = 0$$

за $k > n$ $f(a_1, \dots, a_k) = 0$

за $k = n$ $\left(\sum_{\substack{j_1, \dots, j_n \\ \text{перм.}}} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n} f(e_{j_1}, \dots, e_{j_n}) \right)$

$k < n$
 вариации $\sum_{j_1, \dots, j_k} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{kj_k} f(e_{j_1}, \dots, e_{j_k})$

$$f(a_1, \dots, a_n) = \sum_{\substack{j_1 \dots j_n \\ \text{непр.}}} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n} (-1)^{\bar{j}_1 - j_n} \underline{f(e_1, \dots, e_n)}$$

$$= \left(\sum_{j_1 \dots j_n} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n} (-1)^{\bar{j}_1 - j_n} \right) \underline{f(e_1, \dots, e_n)}$$

$$f: \underbrace{V \times \dots \times V}_n \rightarrow F \quad e_1, \dots, e_n \text{ базис}$$

$$f(a_1, \dots, a_n) = \left(\sum_{\substack{j_1, \dots, j_n \\ \text{непр}}} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n} (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} \right) f(e_1, \dots, e_n)$$

$$A \in M_{n \times n}(F)$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{pmatrix} \quad a_i = (a_{i1}, \dots, a_{in}) \in F^n$$

$$a_n = (a_{n1}, \dots, a_{nn})$$

Опр. Детерминанта на кв. матр. $A_{n \times n}$
е полимнейна и антисиметрична ф-я
на елементите на матрицата, която за
дава стойност Δ .
 $\det: \underbrace{F^n \times \dots \times F^n}_n \rightarrow F \quad \det(E) = \det(e_1, \dots, e_n) = 1$

$$\det A = \det(a_1, \dots, a_n) = |A| = \sum_{\substack{j_1 \dots j_n \\ \text{перестановка} \\ \text{на } 1, \dots, n}} (-1)^{[j_1 \dots j_n]} a_{1j_1} a_{2j_2} \dots a_{nj_n}$$

Т / Существует единственное \mathbb{F} -з детерминанта

Д-во / Рассмотрим, что $\varphi_1, \varphi_2: \underbrace{\mathbb{F}^n \times \dots \times \mathbb{F}^n}_n \rightarrow \mathbb{F}$
 φ_1, φ_2 нормированы антисимметрично
 $a_1, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{F}^n$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_1 = \sum_{j_1 \dots j_n} (-1)^{[j_1 \dots j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n} = \varphi_2(a_1, \dots, a_n)$$

$\Rightarrow \varphi_1 = \varphi_2 \Rightarrow$ единственность

<p>Нека $f = \sum_{\substack{j_1 \dots j_n \in S_n \\ [1, 2, \dots, n]}} (-1)^{[j_1 \dots j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n}$</p> <p>$f(e_1 \dots e_n) = \dots = (-1)^{[1, 2, \dots, n]} e_{11} e_{22} \dots e_{nn} = 1 \Rightarrow f$ <u>нормирован</u></p>	<p>$e_1 \dots e_n$</p> <p>$e_{ii} = 1$</p> <p>$e_{ij} = 0$ за $i \neq j$</p>
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$$\begin{aligned}
 a_s &= a_s' + a_s'' \xrightarrow{\in f^n} = (a_{s_1}' + a_{s_1}'', \dots, a_{s_n}' + a_{s_n}'') \\
 f(a_1, \dots, a_s' + a_s'', \dots, a_n) &= \sum_{j_1, \dots, j_n \in S_n} (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots (a_{sj_1}' + a_{sj_1}'') \dots a_{nj_n} \\
 &= \sum (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} (a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}' \dots a_{nj_n} + a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}'' \dots a_{nj_n}) = \\
 &= \sum (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}' \dots a_{nj_n} + \sum (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}'' \dots a_{nj_n} \\
 &= f(a_1, \dots, a_s', \dots, a_n) + f(a_1, \dots, a_s'', \dots, a_n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(a_1, \dots, \lambda a_s, \dots, a_n) &= \sum_{j_1, \dots, j_n} a_{1j_1} \dots \lambda a_{sj_1} \dots a_{nj_n} = \lambda \sum \dots \\
 \text{по линейности} &= \lambda f(a_1, \dots, a_s, \dots, a_n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_s &= a_s' + a_s'' \xrightarrow{\in f^n} = (a_{s_1}' + a_{s_1}'', \dots, a_{s_n}' + a_{s_n}'') \\
 f(a_1, \dots, a_s' + a_s'', \dots, a_n) &= \sum_{j_1, \dots, j_n \in S_n} (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots (a_{sj_1}' + a_{sj_1}'') \dots a_{nj_n} \\
 &= \sum (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} (a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}' \dots a_{nj_n} + a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}'' \dots a_{nj_n}) = \\
 &= \sum (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}' \dots a_{nj_n} + \sum (-1)^{[j_1, \dots, j_n]} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{sj_1}'' \dots a_{nj_n} \\
 &= f(a_1, \dots, a_s', \dots, a_n) + f(a_1, \dots, a_s'', \dots, a_n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(a_1, \dots, \lambda a_s, \dots, a_n) &= \sum_{j_1, \dots, j_n} a_{1j_1} \dots \lambda a_{sj_1} \dots a_{nj_n} = \lambda \sum \dots \\
 \text{по линейности} &= \lambda f(a_1, \dots, a_s, \dots, a_n)
 \end{aligned}$$

антисимметричность

Нека $s, t \in \{1, \dots, n\}, s \neq t, a_s = a_t = b$

$$f(a_1, \dots, \underset{b}{a_s}, \dots, \underset{b}{a_t}, \dots, a_n) = \sum_{j_1, \dots, j_n} (-1)^{[j_1 \dots j_n]} a_{ij_1} \dots \underset{b_{js}}{a_{sj_s}} \dots \underset{b_{jt}}{a_{tj_t}} \dots a_{nj_n}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} j_1 \dots j_s \dots j_t \dots j_n \rightarrow a_{ij_1} \dots \underline{b_{js}} \dots b_{jt} \dots a_{nj_n} \\ j_1 \dots j_t \dots j_s \dots j_n \rightarrow a_{ij_1} \dots b_{jt} \dots \underline{b_{js}} \dots a_{nj_n} \end{array} \right\}$$

стойности совпадают, но имеют разн. знаки в Σ

элем. сгруппируют по 2-ке
сумма не элем. в \forall двойке $e = 0$

$$\Rightarrow f(a_1, \dots, \underset{b}{a_s} \dots \underset{b}{a_t} \dots a_n) = 0$$

\Rightarrow антисимметричность

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = \sum_{j_1 \dots j_n \in S_n} (-1)^{[j_1 \dots j_n]} a_{1j_1} a_{2j_2} \dots a_{nj_n}$$

$n!$ слагаемых // $\frac{n!}{2}$ знак. + ; $\frac{n!}{2}$ "-"

$$a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n}$$

по пути от всех строк
по пути от всех столб.

$n=2$

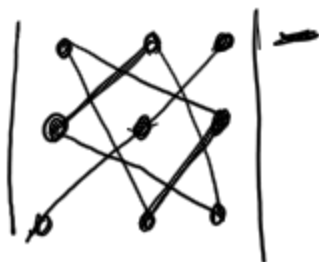
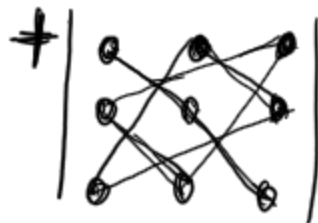
$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = (-1)^{[1,2]} ad + (-1)^{[2,1]} \underbrace{a_{12}}_{\text{b}} \underbrace{a_{21}}_{\text{c}} = ad - bc$$

$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$
 $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$
 $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & i \\ -i & -1 \end{vmatrix}$

$n=3$

$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = (-1)^{[123]} a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + (-1)^{[132]} a_{11} a_{23} a_{32} + \\
 + (-1)^{[213]} a_{12} a_{21} a_{33} + (-1)^{[231]} a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} \\
 + (-1)^{[312]} a_{13} a_{21} a_{32} + (-1)^{[321]} a_{13} a_{22} a_{31}$$



$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 & 1 \\ -3 & 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-3) + (-2) \cdot 5 \cdot 3 - \\
 - [3 \cdot 4 \cdot (-3) + 2 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 1]$$

Сва

- 1) Ако ред на \det е $0 \Rightarrow \det = 0$
- 2) Ако разменим местата на два реда $\Rightarrow \det$ сменя знак
- 3) Ако има два равни реда $\Rightarrow \det = 0$
- 4) Ако умножим ред по число $\Rightarrow \det$ умножава
 $A_{3 \times 3} \quad \det 3A = 27 \det A$
- 5) Ако има два пропорционални реда $\det = 0$
- 6) $a_s = a_s' + a_s''$
 $\det(a_1, \dots, a_s + a_s'', \dots, a_n) = \det(a_1, \dots, a_s', \dots, a_n) +$
 $+ \det(a_1, \dots, a_s'', \dots, a_n)$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sim 110+1 \quad \sim 110+2 \quad \sim 110+3 \\ \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 111 & 112 & 113 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 2021 & 2022 & 2023 \end{array} \right| = \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 110 & 110 & 110 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 2021 & 2022 & 2023 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ \underbrace{2021} & \underbrace{2022} & \underbrace{2023} \end{array} \right| \end{array}$$

$$= 110 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ \underbrace{2021} & \underbrace{2022} & \underbrace{2023} \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 2020 & 2020 & 2020 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 0$$

$$\underbrace{110 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 2020 & 2020 & 2020 \end{array} \right| + 110 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right| + 2020 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right|}_{=0}$$

$$(110 - 2020) \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 51 & 49 & 61 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right|$$

⑦ Ако към един ред на дет прибавим друг ред умножен по число \Rightarrow дет не се променя

$$a'_s = a_s + \lambda a_t$$

$$\det(a_1, \dots, \underset{a_s + \lambda a_t}{a'_s}, \dots, a_t, \dots, a_n) = \det(a_1, \dots, a_s, \dots, a_t, \dots, a_n) -$$

$$+ \underbrace{\det(a_1, \dots, \lambda a_t, \dots, a_t, \dots, a_n)}_{=0}$$

$$(110-2020) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 & 4 & 9 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = (-) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 - 10 \\ \hline -14 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{Тб}}} \quad \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ 0 & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ * & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = a_{11} a_{22} \dots a_{nn}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a_{1j_1} \dots a_{nj_n} \\ j_1 \dots j_n \neq 1, \dots, n \end{matrix}$$

и $k_{jk} \neq k, k$

\Rightarrow и $k_{jk} \neq k, k$

и $k_{jk} \neq k, k$

и $k_{jk} \neq k, k$

$a_{st} < \begin{cases} s=t & \text{в/у гр. квадрат} \\ s < t & \text{на гр. квадрат} \\ s > t & \text{от гр. квадрат} \end{cases}$

\Rightarrow остава $a_{11} a_{22} \dots a_{nn}$

I // $\det A = 0 \Leftrightarrow$ редовете на матрицата са линейно зависими

1) Нека редов. са $1, 3 \Rightarrow \exists a_k \in \ell(a_1, \dots, a_{k-1}, a_{k+1}, \dots, a_n)$
 Нека $a_n \in \ell(a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}) \Rightarrow a_n = \lambda_1 a_1 + \dots + \lambda_{n-1} a_{n-1}$

$$\det(a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}, \lambda_1 a_1 + \dots + \lambda_{n-1} a_{n-1}) =$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} &= \lambda_1 \det(a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}, a_1) + \\ &+ \dots + \lambda_{n-1} \det(a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}, a_{n-1}) \end{aligned} \right\} = 0$$

2) a_1, \dots, a_n са $1, n, 3$ образуват базис
 e_1, \dots, e_n $e_k = \lambda_1 a_1 + \dots + \lambda_n a_n$

$$\det(e_1, \dots, e_n) = 1$$

$$\left(\sum_{i_1, \dots, i_n} (-1)^{[i_1, \dots, i_n]} \lambda_{1i_1} \dots \lambda_{ni_n} \right) \det(a_1, \dots, a_n)$$

$$1 = t \det(a_1, \dots, a_n) \Rightarrow \det(a_1, \dots, a_n) \neq 0$$

При транспониране детермин. не се променя. $a_{ij} \rightarrow a_{ji}$

Лема $k_1 \dots k_n$ пермутация $\{1, \dots, n\}$
 $s_1 \dots s_n$ пермутация $\{1, \dots, n\}$
 $a_{k_1 s_1} a_{k_2 s_2} \dots a_{k_n s_n}$ участва в дет. $\sum_{j_1 \dots j_n \in S_n} (-1)^{[j_1 \dots j_n]} a_{1 j_1} \dots a_{n j_n}$
 със знак $(-1)^{[s_1 \dots s_n] + [k_1 \dots k_n]}$

в произв.

(1) $[s_1 \dots s_n] + [k_1 \dots k_n] \leftrightarrow [s'_1 \dots s'_n] + [k'_1 \dots k'_n]$ сменяне $s_i \leftrightarrow s'_i$
 $k_i \leftrightarrow k'_i$

и двете пермутации се сменят едновременно
 $\Rightarrow [s_1, \dots, s_n] + [k_1 \dots k_n]$ не сменя стойността си

$\Rightarrow a_{k_1 s_1} \dots a_{k_n s_n} \longleftrightarrow a_{k'_1 s'_1} \dots a_{k'_n s'_n} \cdot (-1)^{[t_1 \dots t_n] + [t'_1 \dots t'_n]}$
 3 4 1 6 5 2
 1 5 2 7 4 6 3
 $a_{34} a_{45} a_{12} a_{67} a_{51} a_{76} a_{23}$

$$\det A \quad A = (a_{ij}) \quad B = A^t \quad b_{ij} = a_{ji}$$

$$\det B = \sum_{j_1 - j_n} (-1)^{[j_1 - j_n]} b_{ij_1} \dots b_{ij_n} = \sum_{j_1 - j_n} (-1)^{[j_1 - j_n]} a_{j_1, 1} \dots a_{j_n, n}$$

$\{a_{j_1, 1} \dots a_{j_n, n}\}$ в $\det A \rightarrow (-1)^{[j_1 - j_n] + [1, 2, \dots, n]}$
 выража с одинаков знак в
 $\det A$, в $\det A^t$

$$\Rightarrow \det A = \det A^t$$

Сл / Всеми св-ва на \det владеят
 и по столбове