

Reprezentacje liczb zespolonych

i - jednotka imaginarna $i \cdot i = -1$

$$\underline{1} \quad C_{ij} = \sum_k A_{ik} B_{kj} \quad \begin{matrix} \swarrow & \searrow \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{a} \cdot \mathbb{B} + 6i \leftrightarrow \text{a} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + 6 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \uparrow \\ \mathbb{R} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow (x(\cdot) + y(\cdot)) (x'(\cdot) + y'(\cdot)) \\ & \rightarrow (x'(\cdot) + y'(\cdot)) (x(\cdot) + y(\cdot)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (a, b) \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \end{array} \Leftrightarrow \underbrace{a + ib}_{\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}} + \underbrace{\text{Matrix Exp}}_{\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}} \left[\phi \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \\ \uparrow \\ i\phi \end{array}
 \quad e^{i\phi} = \boxed{\cos \phi + i \sin \phi}$$

$$e^{ix} = \sum_n \frac{x^n}{n!} \leftarrow \leftarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \\ \boxed{a \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + b \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}} \\ \text{Matrix Exp} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc}
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 1 & i
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Exp}(i\phi) = \sum_n \frac{(i\phi)^n}{n!}$$

Matrix $\text{Exp} [\quad]$ Solve $[\quad]$

$$e^{i\phi} = \cos \phi + i \sin \phi$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = f'(x) = \lim_{\substack{h \rightarrow 0 \\ \uparrow \\ \mathbb{C}}} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{\substack{h \rightarrow 0 \\ \uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}}} \frac{f(z+h) - f(z)}{h} = \lim_{\substack{h \rightarrow 0 \\ \uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}}} \frac{f(z+ih) - f(z)}{ih}$$

$$f(x+iy) = \underbrace{u}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}}}(x+iy) + i \underbrace{v}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}}}(x+iy)$$

$$f(x+iy), u(x+iy), v(x+iy) \leftrightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x,y), \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}}}{u(x,y)}, \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}}}{v(x,y)}$$

$$\frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{i} \frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (u(x,y) + i v(x,y)) = \frac{1}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (u(x,y) + i v(x,y))$$

$$\partial_x u(x,y) + i \partial_x v(x,y) = \underline{-i \partial_y u(x,y) + \partial_y v(x,y)}$$

$$\begin{cases} \partial_x u(x,y) = \partial_y v(x,y) \\ \partial_x v(x,y) = -\partial_y u(x,y) \end{cases}$$

now we have

Cauchy-Riemann

$$f(x+iy) = \underbrace{u(x,y)}_{\mathbb{R}} + i \underbrace{v(x,y)}_{\mathbb{R}}$$

$$e^{\vec{x} \cdot \vec{p}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\vec{x} \cdot \vec{p})^n}{n!}$$

\vec{x} is a vector
 \vec{p} is a vector

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \leftrightarrow i$$

$$\text{Matrix Exp} \left[\phi \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi} \right)$$

$$= \cos \phi \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \sin \phi \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \leftrightarrow i$