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1. class Graph:
    def __init__(self, vertices):
        self.V = vertices

        self.graph = [[0 for _ in range(vertices)] for _ in range(vertices)]

    def is_safe(self, v, colour, c):
        for i in range(self.V):
            if self.graph[v][i] == 1 and colour[i] == c:
                return False

        return True

    def graph_colouring_util(self, m, colour, v):
        if v == self.V:
            return True

        for c in range(1, m+1):
            if self.is_safe(v, colour, c):
                colour[v] = c

                if self.graph_colouring_util(m, colour, v+1):
                    return True

                colour[v] = 0

    def graph_colouring(self, m):
        colour = [0] * self.V

        if not self.graph_colouring_util(m, colour, 0):
            return False

        print("Solution exists. The assigned colours are:")

        for c in colour:
            print(c, end=" ")

        return True

g = Graph(4)
g.graph = [[0, 1, 1, 1],
            [1, 0, 1, 0],
            [1, 1, 0, 1],
            [1, 0, 1, 0]]

m = 3

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g.graph_colouring(m)
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2. a=[22,34,35,36,43,67,12,13,15,17]
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l=sorted(a)
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max=a[-1]
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min=a[0]
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print("Sorted array:",l)
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```
print("Maximum:",max)
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```
print("Minimum:",min)
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3. def rob(nums):
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    def rob_linear(houses):
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        prev,curr=0,0
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        for money in houses:
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            prev,curr=curr,max(curr,prev+money)
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        return curr
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    if len(nums)==1:
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        return nums[0]
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    return max(rob_linear(nums[1:]),rob_linear(nums[:-1]))
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print(rob([2,3,2]))
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4. import heapq
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def dijkstra(graph, start):
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    dists = {node: float('infinity') for node in graph}
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    dists[start] = 0
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    queue = [(0, start)]
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    while queue:
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        curr_dist, curr_node = heapq.heappop(queue)
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        if curr_dist > dists[curr_node]:
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            continue
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        for neighbor, weight in graph[curr_node].items():
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            dist = curr_dist + weight
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        if dist < dists[neighbor]:
            dists[neighbor] = dist
            heapq.heappush(queue, (dist, neighbor))
    return dists

graph = {
    'A': {'B': 1, 'C': 4},
    'B': {'A': 1, 'C': 2, 'D': 5},
    'C': {'A': 4, 'B': 2, 'D': 1},
    'D': {'B': 5, 'C': 1}
}

start_node = 'A'
result = dijkstra(graph, start_node)
print(result)

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5. def selection(arr):
    n=len(arr)
    for i in range(n):
        min=i
        for j in range(i+1,n):
            if arr[j]<arr[min]:
                min=j
        arr[i],arr[min]=arr[min],arr[i]
    return arr

arr=[5,2,9,1,5,6]
print(selection(arr))

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6. def findKthPositive(arr,k):
    missing=[]
    num=1
    while len(missing)<k:
        if num not in arr:
            missing.append(num)

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        num += 1
    return missing[-1]
arr1=[2, 3, 4, 7, 11]
k=5
output1=findKthPositive(arr1,k)
print(output1)

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7. def binary(arr,x,low,high):

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    while low<=high:
        mid=low+(high-low)//2
        if arr[mid]==x:
            return mid
        elif arr[mid]<x:
            low=mid+1
        else:
            high=mid-1
    return -1
arr=[10,20,30,40,50,60]
x=50
result=binary(arr,x,0,len(arr)-1)
print(result)

```

8. def combinationsum(candidates,target):

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    dp=[[[] for _ in range(target+1)]]
    dp[0]=[[]]
    for c in candidates:
        for i in range(c,target+1):
            dp[i]+=[comb+[c] for comb in dp[i-c]]
    return dp[target]
candidates=[2,3,6,7]
target=7
print(combinationsum(candidates,target))

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9. def merge_sort(arr):
    if len(arr)>1:
        mid=len(arr)//2
        left_half=arr[:mid]
        right_half=arr[mid:]
        merge_sort(left_half)
        merge_sort(right_half)
        i=j=k=0
        while i<len(left_half) and j<len(right_half):
            if left_half[i]<right_half[j]:
                arr[k]=left_half[i]
                i+=1
            else:
                arr[k]=right_half[j]
                j+=1
            k+=1
        while i<len(left_half):
            arr[k]=left_half[i]
            i+=1
            k+=1
        while j<len(right_half):
            arr[k]=right_half[j]
            j+=1
            k+=1
        return arr
arr=[31,23,35,27,11,21,15,28]
print(merge_sort(arr))

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10. import heapq
def kclosest(points,k):
    max_heap=[]

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for x,y in points:
    dist=-(x*x+y*y)
    if len(max_heap)<k:
        heapq.heappush(max_heap,(dist,x,y))
    else:
        heapq.heappushpop(max_heap,(dist,x,y))
return [(x,y) for i ,x,y in max_heap]
points=[[1,3],[-2,2],[2,-2]]
k=2
print(kclosest(points,k))
```