

# P.235

April 18, 2017

## Contents

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1. C

2. (a) i.

$$f(x) = 3(x - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$2 \leq x \leq 4$$

$$f(2) = 3(2 - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$= -2$$

$$f(4) = 3(4 - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$= 3(2)^2 - 2$$

$$= 6$$

$$A_{roc} = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{6 - (-2)}{4 - 2}$$

$$= 4$$

ii.

$$f(x) = 3(x - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$2 \leq x \leq 6$$

$$f(2) = 3(2 - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$= -2$$

$$f(6) = 3(6 - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$= 3(3)^2 - 2$$

$$= 21$$

$$A_{roc} = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{21 - (-2)}{6 - 2}$$

$$= \frac{23}{4}$$

iii.

$$f(x) = 3(x - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$4 \leq x \leq 6$$

$$f(4) = 3(4 - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$= 6$$

$$f(6) = 3(6 - 2)^2 - 2$$

$$= 3(3)^2 - 2$$

$$= 21$$

$$A_{roc} = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{21 - 6}{6 - 4}$$

$$= \frac{15}{2}$$

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

4. i

- 5.
- 6.
- 10. i
- 13. i