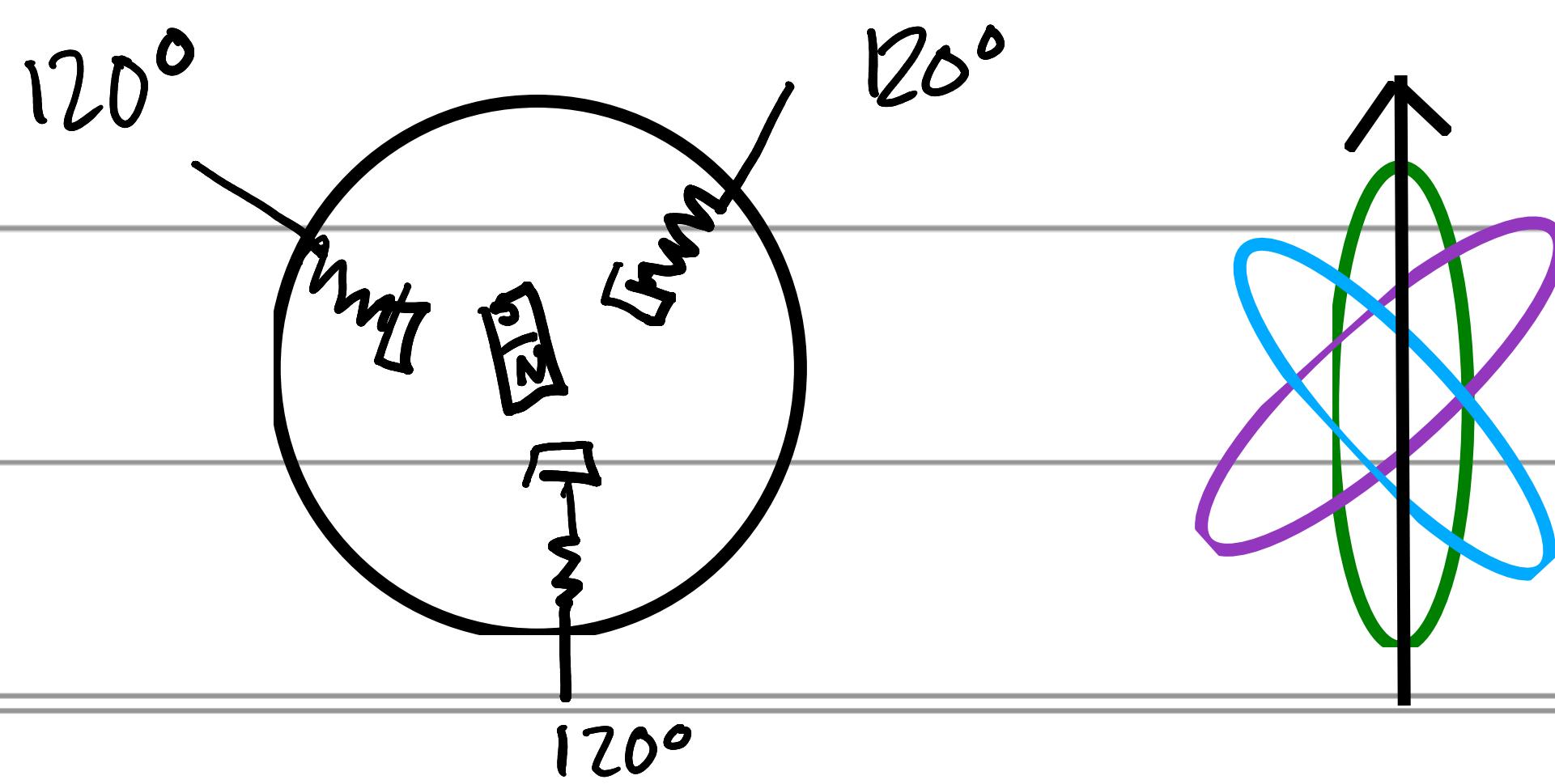
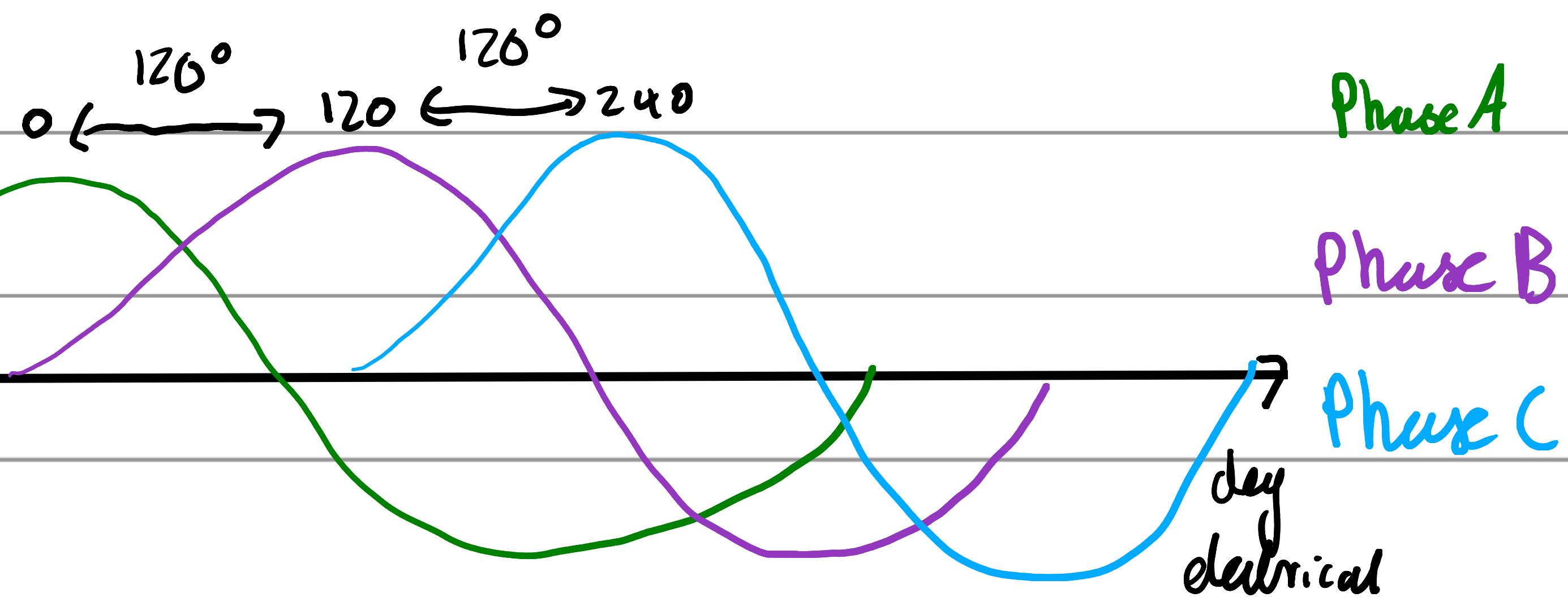
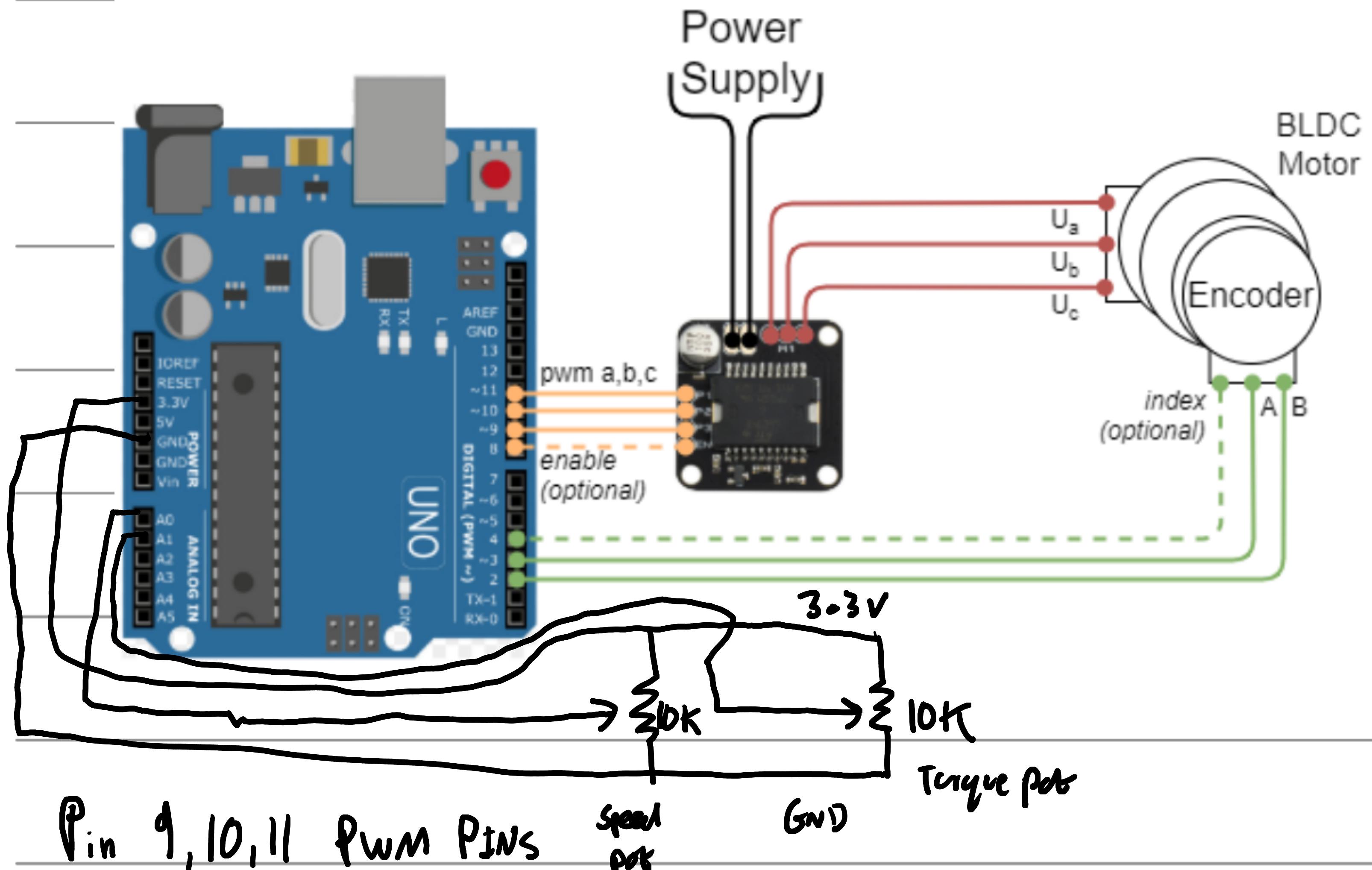
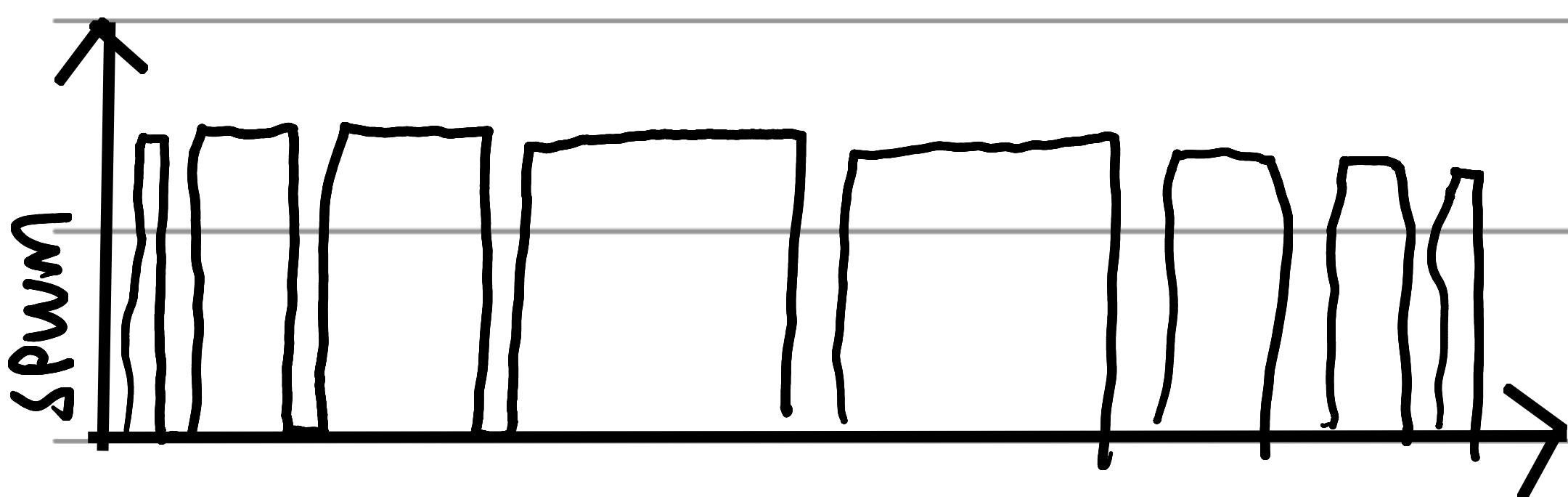
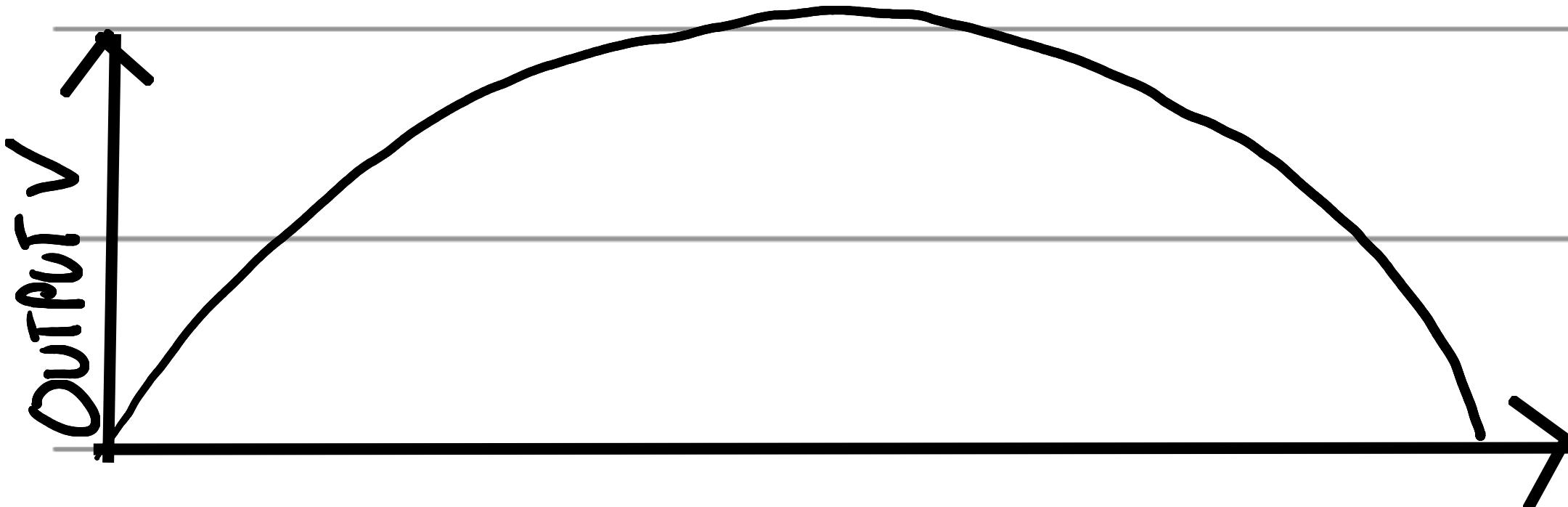


L6234D breakout + uno 3phase driver



Use the Arduino to create the sinusoidal waves & the L6234 to amplify the signal. & apply them to the motor.

How to create such signals from PWM, SPWM modules
The signals to generate an approximate sinusoidal signal. One changes the width of the PWM signal that follow a sine wave amplitude



Degrees to radians $1^{\circ} \text{ deg} \times \frac{\pi}{180} = 0.0174533^{\circ} \text{ rad}$

int electrical-degrees-phase A = 0

phase B = 120

phase C = 240

loop electrical angle

loop: electrical-degrees-phase A % = 360

-phase B % = 360

-phase C % = 360

get SPWM duty

SPWM-phase-A = $\sin((\text{double}) \text{electrical-deg-phase-A} \times \pi / 180) \times 127.5 + 127.5$

phase-B

-phase B

phase-C

-phase C

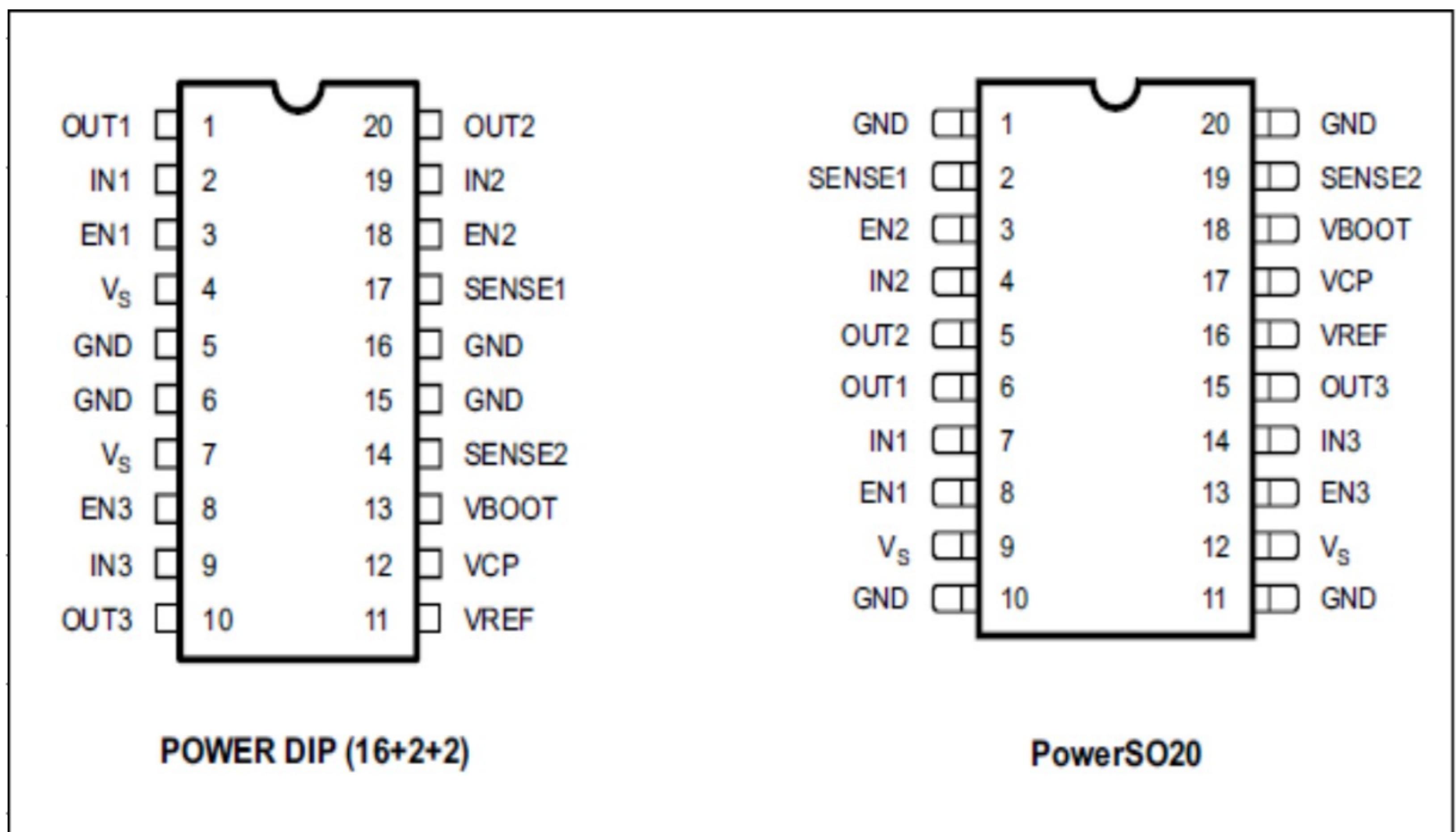
wire duty

angle_wire(Mbot phase A, SPWM-phase-A \times amplitude)^{PC}

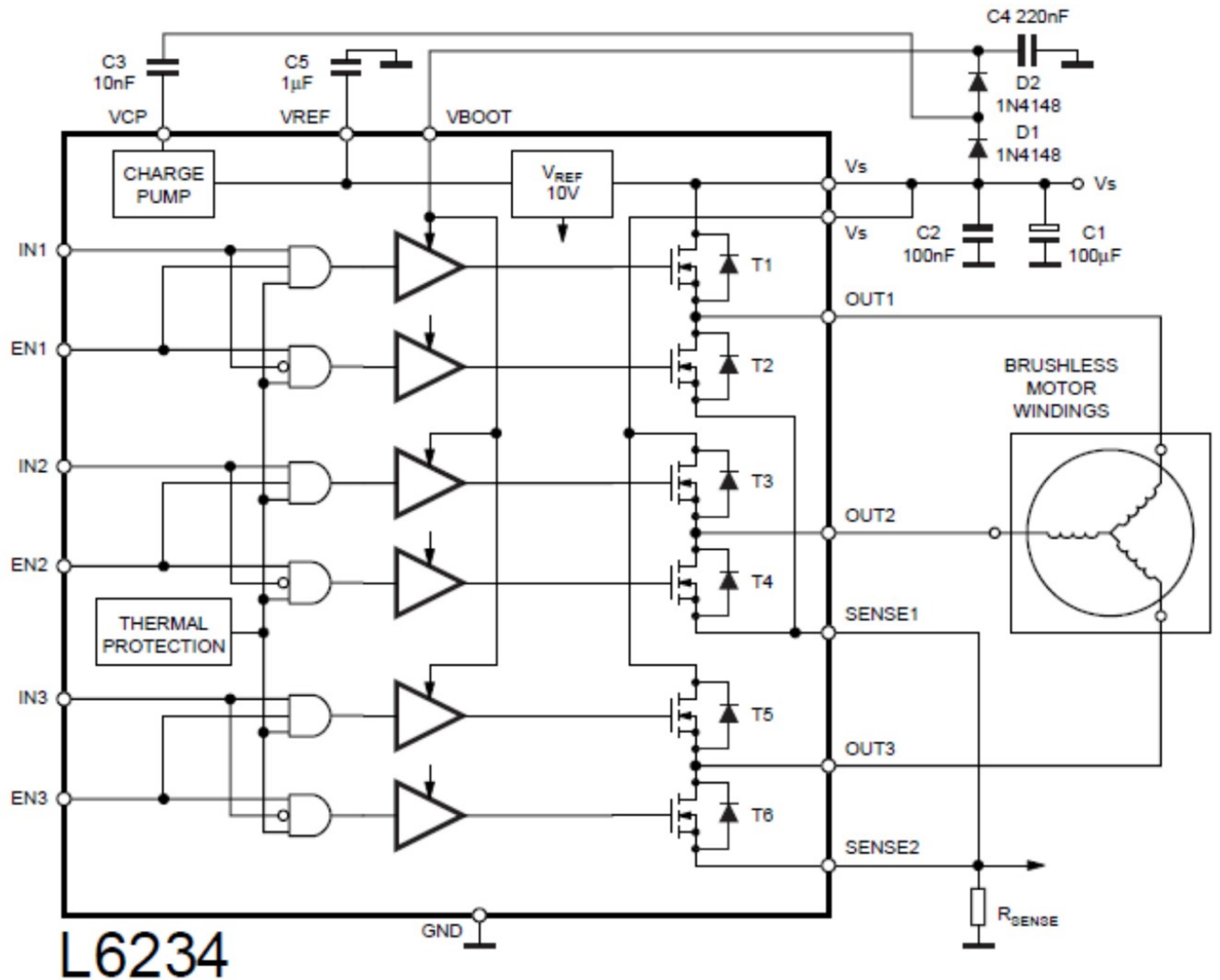
delay (some speed interval).

extra ... set pump clocks. etc

L6234 Pin out



L6234 Datasheet Circuit



Components

$R_{sense} \approx 1\Omega$

$0.12\mu F$

(1: $100\mu F$ polarised 25V · (4: $220nF$ 224 ·

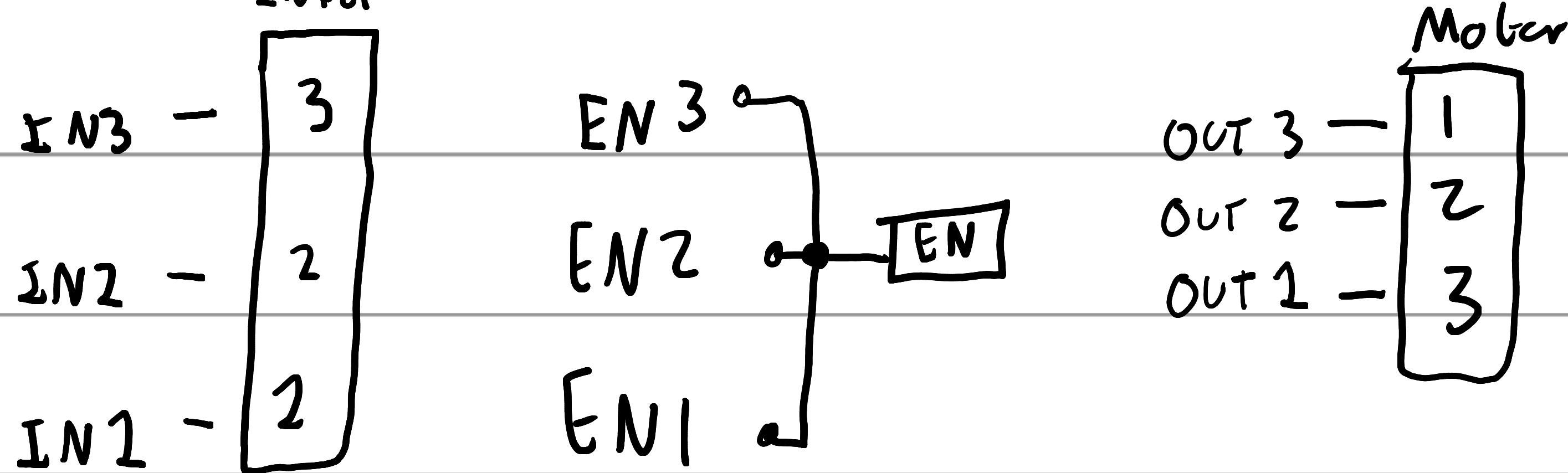
(2: $100nF$ 104 ·

(5: $1\mu F$ 105 ·

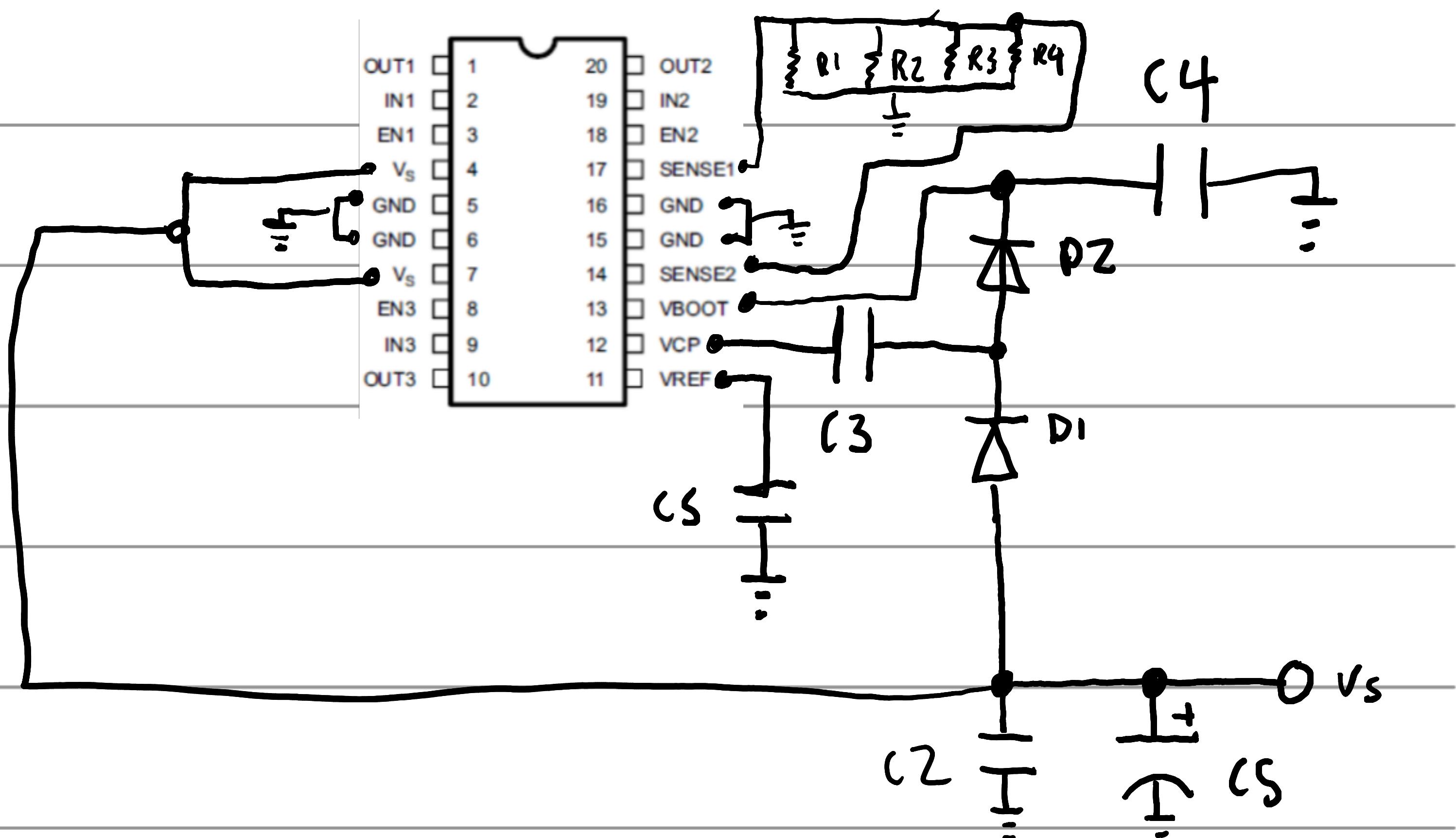
(3: $10nF$ 103 ·

D1/D2: 1N4148 ·

DIP 20 circuit

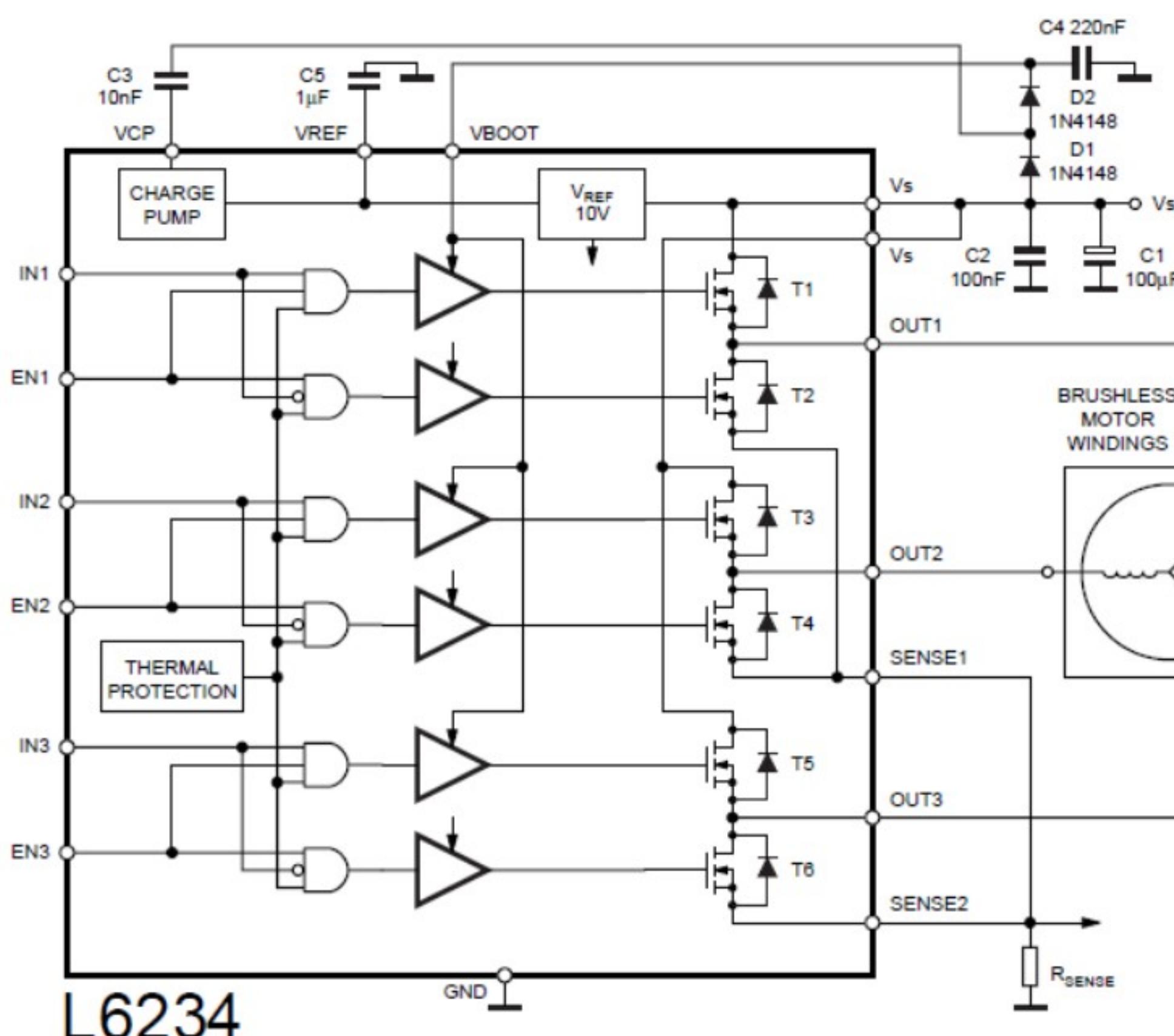


R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ 1Ω



Alternative

SENSE1
SENSE2



Performance, added millisecond loop timer. ~10ms at full speed.

int32 → int16

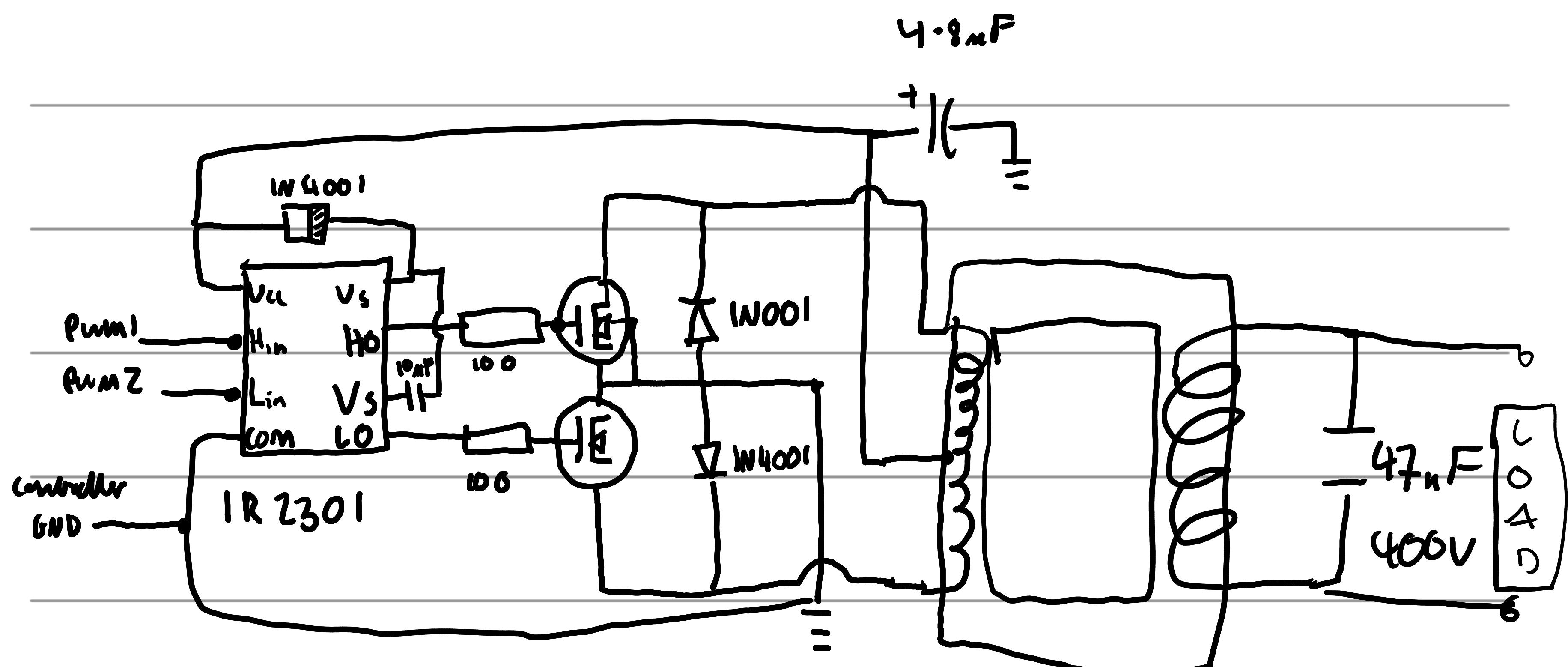
double → float -

Disabling mult print 2ms

2104 (6 step) alternative for SPWM ... ~~IR2104~~ no

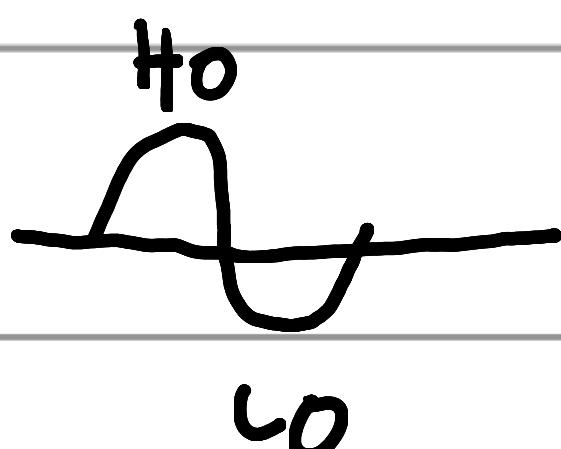
comparator IC LM339, IRS2608D?

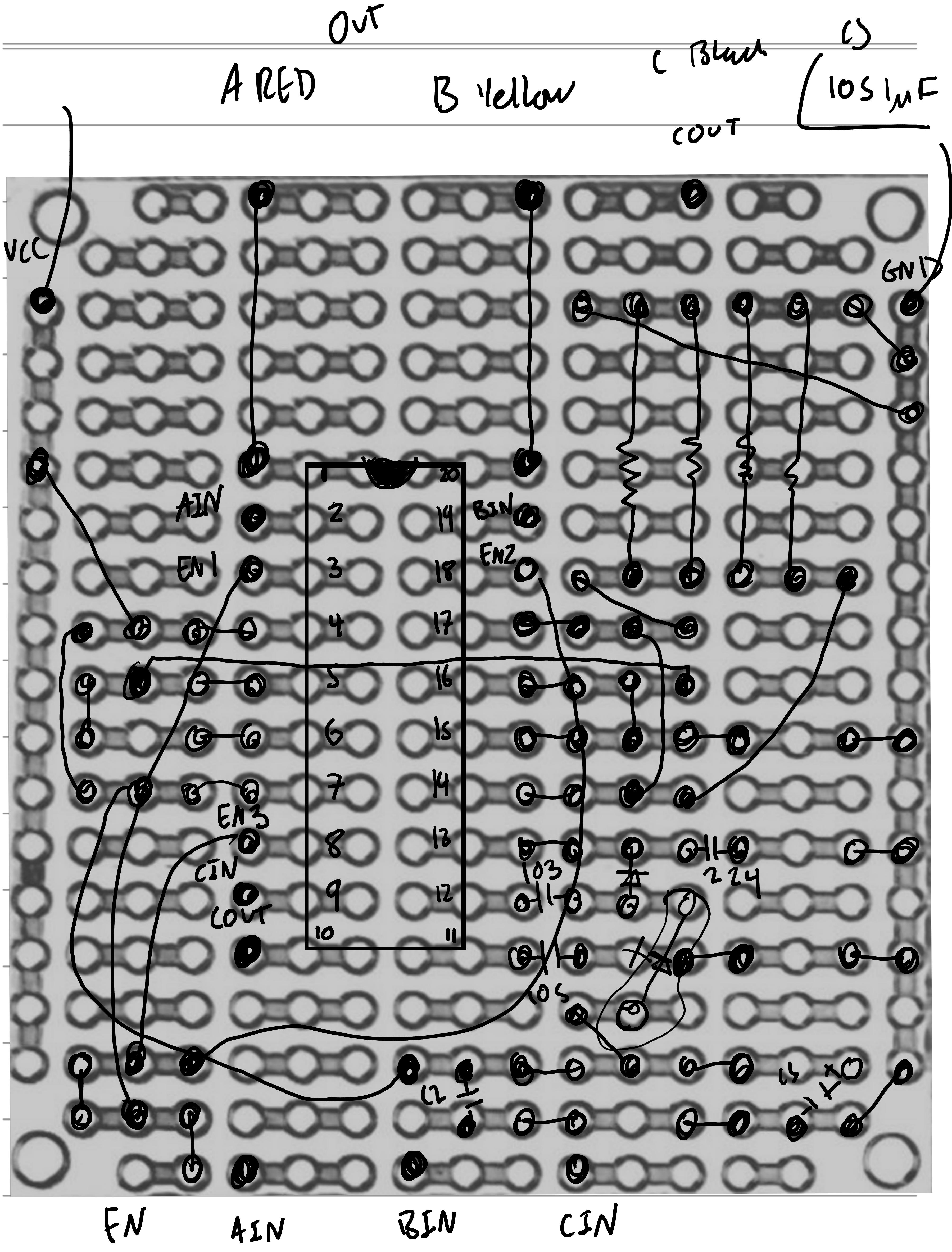
Higher power SPWM



1:19

so we want a wave form like





FN

AIN

BIN

CIN

Pins Phase A 9

Enable 8

phase B 10

phase C 11

Speed pot (A0)

Torque pot (A1)

Added ground buffering to Arduino bridge.

Motor pump works reasonable, not sure if

speed pot level is correct, perhaps high → low & low → high

25/3/23

Made some progress with SPWM circuit, it works with

the arduino code it's very quiet & smooth great success!

Need to determine if encoder reads well if the pot

fix the motor in position or give motor impulse in a direction

Speed pot value / 15 is the setting pot $0 \rightarrow 1023$ pub val / 15
 $0 \rightarrow$ float 1.0

so when 0 deg the should be 0! so maybe the encoding is too slow.

check via serial prints (pot bent) to check don't forget 0.7 valve step.

lsrv (capable table)

Next target objective is move the code to long I see how this

changes the performance do we get higher speeds with the same code

or is there a bug? change degrees to a smaller increment.

When using like encoder do we need to shift the angle by 1 unit?

perhaps we need the Kalman filter for this.

order convert to Teency 40, test speed, atbush encoder,
try voltage model, try Kalman state model, test Kalman
narrowly (1pm phase upp), do we need squared terms for
the higher derivatives.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{rad} & \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{second}} & \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{second}^2} & \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{second}^3} \\ (\text{factor}) & \text{seconds} & \text{second}^2 & \text{second}^3 \end{array}$$

IR2107 chn 10K for bry not 7K

23/3/23

Started converting to Teency 40, set Frequency, changed pins
for PWM & pot. May need to configure (ADC.h)

ADC `adc = new ADC()

adc → adc0 → set Averaging (4)

adc → adc0 → set Resolution (8) (bits)

adc → adc0 → set Conversion Speed (ADC-CONVERSION-SPEED::HIGH-SPEED)

adc → adc0 → set Sampling Speed (ADC-SAMPLING-SPEED::HIGH-SPEED-1)

use set Averaging (4) to take multiple measurements to reduce
the noise intrinsic to ADC, otherwise pot values might be
unstable.

30/3/23

Moving to digital only as pots read from ADC are
unstable.

Futurise out code with

31/3/23

- 1) Made new power cables with XT-30/60 connectors
- 2) Reverse switch
- 3) Test cable polarities
- 4) check switch
- 5) parameterise thrust duty model with options for min, max, current etc.
- 6) Parameterise voltage model (class .py)
- 7) Test PCB & hook up power circuit via AUX
- 8) Apply encoder voltage model w/ thrust direction model
- 9) Test theory +, - or fixed position tracking
- 10) Kalman.cpp
- 11) Encoder spm improvements with Kalman
- 12) speed, acc, jerk control. Interval logging
- 13) Kalman mehres without power.