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1. build.gradle 에 dependency 추가

- commons-io
- commons-fileupload

2. servlet-context.xml 에 아래 코드 추가

```
〈!-step6. 파일 업로드를 위한 MultipartResolver 설정 --〉
〈!-- 단위는 byte 로 100,000,000byte 이기 때문에 100MB 로 설정 --〉
〈beans:bean id="multipartResolver"
class="org.springframework.web.multipart.commons.CommonsMultipartResolver"〉
〈beans:property name="maxUploadSize" value="1000000000" /〉
〈beans:property name="maxInMemorySize" value="1000000000" /〉
〈/beans:bean〉
```

3. 파일 업로드

3.1 테이블 생성

3.1.1 oracle 용 ddl 스크립트

```
BEGIN EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'DROP TABLE TB_Upload_File CASCADE CONSTRAINTS PURGE'; EXCEPTION
WHEN OTHERS THEN NULL; END;
CREATE TABLE TB_Upload_File (
     uploadFileNo
                    NUMBER(10)
                                   generated as identity
                    VARCHAR2(100)
                                   NOT NULL -- 실제 파일명
    , fileNameOrig
                                   NOT NULL -- 서버에 저장되는 임시 파일명
    , fileNameTemp
                    VARCHAR2(100)
    , fileSize
                    NUMBER(10)
                                   NOT NULL
    , contentType
                    VARCHAR2(30)
                                   NOT NULL
    , PRIMARY KEY(uploadFileNo)
    , UNIQUE INDEX(fileNameTemp)
)
```

3.1.2 mysql 용 ddl 스크립트

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS TB_Upload_File;
CREATE TABLE TB_Upload_File (
```

```
NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT
     uploadFileNo
                     INT UNSIGNED
    , fileNameOrig
                     NVARCHAR(100)
                                    NOT NULL -- 진짜 파일명
    , fileNameTemp
                                    NOT NULL -- 서버에 저장되는 임시 파일명
                     NVARCHAR(100)
    , fileSize
                     INT UNSIGNED
                                    NOT NULL
    , contentType
                     NVARCHAR(30)
                                    NOT NULL
    , PRIMARY KEY(uploadFileNo)
    , UNIQUE INDEX(fileNameTemp)
)
ENGINE=InnoDB
AUTO_INCREMENT=1
DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8
COLLATE utf8_general_ci
```

3.2 모델 클래스 만들기

3.2.1 ModelUploadFile

```
public class ModelUploadFile {
    private Integer uploadFileNo
    private String fileNameOrig
    private String fileNameTemp
    private Long fileSize
    private String contentType
    // getter & setter
    public Integer getUploadFileNo() {
        return uploadFileNo;
    public void setUploadFileNo(Integer uploadFileNo) {
        this.uploadFileNo = uploadFileNo;
    public String getFileNameOrig() {
        return fileNameOrig;
    public void setFileNameOrig(String fileNameOrig) {
        this.fileNameOrig = fileNameOrig;
    public String getFileNameTemp() {
        return fileNameTemp;
    public void setFileNameTemp(String fileNameTemp) {
```

```
this.fileNameTemp = fileNameTemp;
}
public Long getFileSize() {
    return fileSize;
public void setFileSize(Long fileSize) {
    this.fileSize = fileSize;
public String getContentType() {
    return contentType;
public void setContentType(String contentType) {
    this.contentType = contentType;
}
// toString
@Override
public String toString() {
    return "ModelUploadFile [uploadFileNo=" + uploadFileNo + ", fileNameOrig="
            + fileNameOrig + ", fileNameTemp=" + fileNameTemp + ", fileSize="
            + fileSize + ", contentType=" + contentType + "]";
}
// constructor
public ModelUploadFile() {
    super();
}
```

3.3 mapperUpload.xml 파일 생성(Mybatis mapper)

3.3.1 mysql 용 mapper 파일

```
⟨mapper namespace="mapper.mapperUpload"⟩

⟨select id="getUploadFile" parameterType="ModelUploadFile"

resultType="ModelUploadFile"⟩

SELECT *

FROM TB_Upload_File

WHERE 1 = 1

⟨if test=" fileNameTemp != null and fileNameTemp != '' "⟩

and fileNameTemp = #{fileNameTemp}

⟨/if⟩

⟨if test=" uploadFileNo != null "⟩

and uploadFileNo = #{uploadFileNo}
```

```
</if>
   </select>
   <insert id="insertUploadFile" parameterType="ModelUploadFile"</pre>
                                useGeneratedKeys="true" keyProperty="uploadFileNo">
       INSERT INTO
       TB_Upload_File ( fileNameOrig , fileNameTemp , contentType , fileSize )
                     ( #{fileNameOrig}, #{fileNameTemp}, #{contentType}, #{fileSize})
       VALUES
   </insert>
   <!-- mysql multi insert</pre>
       INSERT INTO t (col1, col2, col3)
              VALUES ('val1_1', 'val1_2', 'val1_3')
                   , ('val2_1', 'val2_2', 'val2_3')
                   , ('val3_1', 'val3_2', 'val3_3') ;
   INSERT INTO
       TB_Upload_File ( fileNameOrig , fileNameTemp , contentType , fileSize )
       VALUES
       <foreach collection="list" item="item" index="index" open="(" separator="), ("</pre>
close=")">
       #{item.fileNameOrig}, #{item.fileNameTemp}, #{item.contentType}, #{item.fileSize}
       </foreach>
   //insert>
   ⟨delete id="deleteUploadFile" parameterType="ModelUploadFile"⟩
       DELETE FROM TB_Upload_File
        WHERE 1 = 1
           <if test=" fileNameTemp != null and fileNameTemp != '' ">
           and fileNameTemp = #{fileNameTemp},
           </if>
           <if test=" uploadFileNo != null ">
           and uploadFileNo = #{uploadFileNo}
           </if>
   </delete>
   ⟨select id="getImageList" parameterType="int" resultType="ModelUploadImage"⟩
       SELECT uploadImageNo, fileName, contentType, fileSize, imageBytes, imageBase64
       FROM TB_Upload_Image
   </select>
```

3.3.2 oralce 용 mapper 파일

```
<mapper namespace="mapper.mapperUpload">
   <select id="getUploadFile" parameterType="ModelUploadFile"</pre>
                                                       resultType="ModelUploadFile">
       SELECT *
          FROM TB_Upload_File
        WHERE 1 = 1
            <if test=" fileNameTemp != null and fileNameTemp != '' ">
            and fileNameTemp = #{fileNameTemp}
           </if>
            <if test=" uploadFileNo != null ">
            and uploadFileNo = #{uploadFileNo}
            </if>
   </select>
   <insert id="insertUploadFile" parameterType="ModelUploadFile"</pre>
                                  useGeneratedKeys="true" keyProperty="uploadFileNo">
       INSERT INTO
       TB_Upload_File ( fileNameOrig , fileNameTemp , contentType , fileSize )
                       ( #{fileNameOrig}, #{fileNameTemp}, #{contentType}, #{fileSize})
       VALUES
   </insert>
   <insert id="insertUploadFileList" parameterType="java.util.List">
       INSERT INTO
       TB_Upload_File ( fileNameOrig , fileNameTemp , contentType , fileSize )
   </insert>
   ⟨delete id="deleteUploadFile" parameterType="ModelUploadFile"⟩
       DELETE FROM TB_Upload_File
        WHERE 1 = 1
           <if test=" fileNameTemp != null and fileNameTemp != '' ">
            and fileNameTemp = #{fileNameTemp},
            </if>
           <if test=" uploadFileNo != null ">
            and uploadFileNo = #{uploadFileNo}
            </if>
   </delete>
   ⟨select id="getImageList" parameterType="int" resultType="ModelUploadImage"⟩
       SELECT uploadImageNo, fileName, contentType, fileSize, imageBytes, imageBase64
       FROM TB_Upload_Image
```


3.4 RepositoryFiles 클래스 작성

- RepositoryFiles 클래스는 한번에 여러개의 파일을 업로드하는 경우에 사용된다.
- MultipartFile 클래스는 commons-fileupload 라이브러리에 들어있다. import 를 하면 사용 할 수 있다.

```
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
import org.springframework.web.multipart.MultipartFile;

@Repository
public class RepositoryFiles {
    private List<MultipartFile> files;
    public List<MultipartFile> getFiles() {
        return files;
    }

    public void setFiles(List<MultipartFile> files) {
        this.files = files;
    }

    public RepositoryFiles() {
        super();
    }
}
```

3.5 Dao 만들기

3.5.1 IDaoUpload 인테이스 만들기

```
public interface IDaoUpload {
    List<ModelUploadFile> getUploadFile( ModelUploadFile file );
    int insertUploadFile( ModelUploadFile file );
    int insertUploadFileList( List<ModelUploadFile> files );
    int deleteUploadFile( ModelUploadFile file );
}
```

3.5.2 DaoUpload 클래스 만들기

```
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSession;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Qualifier;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
import com.spring67.upload.model.*;
@Repository
public class DaoUpload implements IDaoUpload {
    @Autowired
    @Qualifier("sqlSession")
    private SqlSession session;
      @Override
      public List(ModelUploadFile) getUploadFile(ModelUploadFile fileinfo) {
        return session.selectList("mapper.mapperUpload.getUploadFile", fileinfo );
      }
      @Override
    public int insertUploadFile(ModelUploadFile fileinfo) {
       /* // Oracle 인 경우
        Map(String, Object) map = new HashMap(String, Object)();
        map.put("fileinfo" , fileinfo);
        map.put("result", null);
        session.insert("mapper.mapperUpload.insertUploadFile", map);
        int result = map.get("result") != null ? (int) map.get("result") : -1;
```

```
return result;
*/

// mysql 인 경우
session.insert("mapper.mapperUpload.insertUploadFile",fileinfo);
return fileinfo.getUploadFileNo();
}

@Override
public int insertUploadFileList(List(ModelUploadFile) files) {
    return session.insert("mapper.mapperUpload.insertUploadFileList", files);
}

@Override
public int deleteUploadFile(ModelUploadFile fileinfo) {
    return session.delete("mapper.mapperUpload.deleteUploadFile", fileinfo);
}
```

3.6 Service 만들기

3.6.1 IServiceUpload 인터페이스 만들기

```
public interface IServiceUpload extends IDaoUpload {
}
```

3.6.2 ServiceUpload 클래스 만들기

```
import java.util.List;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
public class ServiceUpload implements IServiceUpload {
    // SLF4J Logging
    private Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(this.getClass());
    @Autowired
    private IDaoUpload uploaddao;
      @Override
      public List(ModelUploadFile) getUploadFile(ModelUploadFile file) {
            List(ModelUploadFile) result = null;
        try {
            result = uploaddao.getUploadFile(file);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("getUploadFile " + e.getMessage() );
        return result;
      }
    @Override
    public int insertUploadFile(ModelUploadFile file) {
        int result = -1;
```

```
result = uploaddao.insertUploadFile(file);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("insertUploadFile " + e.getMessage() );
   return result;
}
 @Override
 public int insertUploadFileList(List(ModelUploadFile> files) {
    int result = -1;
    try {
        result = uploaddao.insertUploadFileList(files);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("insertUploadFileList " + e.getMessage() );
   return result;
 }
 @Override
 public int deleteUploadFile(ModelUploadFile file) {
    int result = -1;
    try {
        result = uploaddao.deleteUploadFile(file);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("deleteUploadFile " + e.getMessage() );
   return result;
 }
```

3.7 테스트 코드 만들기

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import org.junit.BeforeClass;
import org.junit.Test;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.mock.web.MockMultipartFile;
import org.springframework.web.multipart.MultipartFile;
import com.spring67.upload.model.ModelUploadFile;
import com.spring67.upload.repository.RepositoryFiles;
import com.spring67.upload.service.IServiceUpload;
public class TestUploadFile {
    private static ApplicationContext context = null;
    private static IServiceUpload service = null;
    @BeforeClass
    public static void setUpBeforeClass() throws Exception {
        context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("file:src/main/webapp/WEB-
INF/spring/appServlet/servlet-context.xml");
        service = context.getBean(IServiceUpload.class);
    }
    @Test
    public void testInsertUploadFile() throws IOException {
        int result = -1;
        // 테스트용 변수 설정 : client 로 부터 받게 되는 값들.
        File uploadfile = new File("src/test/resources/image.png");
        FileInputStream inputFile = new FileInputStream( uploadfile.getAbsolutePath() );
        MockMultipartFile file = new MockMultipartFile( uploadfile.getName(),
```

```
uploadfile.getName(), "image/png", inputFile);
       String UPLOAD_PATH = "C:\\";
       // step2. 로컬 첨부 파일을 서버로 올리기 위한 코드
       if( !file.getOriginalFilename().isEmpty() ){
           // 업로드 폴더 존재 여부 체크. 없으면 폴더 생성.
           java.io.File uploadDir = new java.io.File( UPLOAD_PATH );
           if( !uploadDir.exists() ) uploadDir.mkdir();
           // 클라이언트의 첨부 파일을 서버로 복사
           String fileName = file.getOriginalFilename();
           String tempName =
LocalDateTime.now().format(DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("yyyyMMddHHmmss"));
           String filepath = UPLOAD_PATH + tempName;
           java.io.File f = new java.io.File( filepath );
           file.transferTo( f );
           // DB insert 처리를 위한 코드
           ModelUploadFile attachfile = new ModelUploadFile();
           attachfile.setFileNameOrig( fileName );
           attachfile.setFileNameTemp( tempName );
           attachfile.setFileSize( (Long)f.length() );
           attachfile.setContentType( file.getContentType() ); // 파일 확장자
           // DB insert
           result = service.insertUploadFile(attachfile);
       }
       assertTrue( result > 0 );
   }
   public void testInsertUploadFileList() throws IOException {
       int result = -1;
       // step1. 테스트용 변수 설정 : client 로 부터 받게 되는 값들.
       List(MultipartFile) localfiles = new ArrayList()();
       for(int i=0; i<10; i++){
           File uploadfile
                                    = new File("src/test/resources/image.png");
           FileInputStream inputFile = new
FileInputStream( uploadfile.getAbsolutePath() );
                                    = new MockMultipartFile( uploadfile.getName(),
           MockMultipartFile file
uploadfile.getName(), "image/png", inputFile);
           localfiles.add(file);
```

```
}
       RepositoryFiles uploadForm = new RepositoryFiles();
       uploadForm.setFiles(localfiles);
       String UPLOAD_PATH = "C:\\";
       // step2. 로컬 첨부 파일을 서버로 올리기 위한 코드
       if( uploadForm != null && uploadForm.getFiles().size()>0 ){
           // 업로드 폴더 존재 여부 체크. 없으면 폴더 생성.
           java.io.File uploadDir = new java.io.File( UPLOAD_PATH );
           if( !uploadDir.exists() ) uploadDir.mkdir();
           // DB 에 insert 할 데이터를 닫는 list
           List⟨ModelUploadFile⟩ listfile = new ArrayList⟨⟩();
           List(MultipartFile> files = uploadForm.getFiles();
           if( files != null && files.size() > 0 ){
               int index = 0;
               for (MultipartFile file : files) {
                   // 클라이언트의 첨부 파일을 서버로 복사
                   String fileName = file.getOriginalFilename();
                   String tempName =
LocalDateTime.now().format(DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("yyyyMMddHHmmss")) +
String.format("%04d", ++index);
                   String filepath = UPLOAD_PATH + "/" + fileName;
                   java.io.File f = new java.io.File( filepath );
                   file.transferTo( f );
                   // DB insert 처리를 위한 코드
                   ModelUploadFile attachfile = new ModelUploadFile();
                   attachfile.setFileNameOrig( f.getName() );
                   attachfile.setFileNameTemp( tempName );
                   attachfile.setFileSize( (Long)f.length() );
                   attachfile.setContentType( file.getContentType() ); // 확장자
                   //
                   listfile.add(attachfile);
               }
           }
           // DB insert
           result = service.insertUploadFileList(listfile);
```

```
}
    assertTrue( result > 0 );
}
@Test
public void testGetUploadFile() {
    ModelUploadFile file = new ModelUploadFile();
    file.setUploadFileNo(1);
    // DB select
    List(ModelUploadFile) result = service.getUploadFile(file);
    assertNotNull(result);
    assertSame( 1, result.get(0).getUploadFileNo() );
    assertTrue( !result.get(0).getFileNameTemp().isEmpty() );
    result = service.getUploadFile( null );
    assertNotNull(result);
    assertSame( 1, result.get(0).getUploadFileNo() );
    assertTrue( !result.get(0).getFileNameTemp().isEmpty() );
}
@Test
public void testDeleteUploadFile() {
    ModelUploadFile file = new ModelUploadFile();
    file.setUploadFileNo(1);
    // DB delete
    int result = service.deleteUploadFile(file);
    assertSame(1, result);
}
```

3.8 jsp 파일 만들기

3.8.1 uploadfile.jsp 작성

src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/views/upload 폴더 아래에 uploadfile.jsp 파일을 만든다.

```
$\text{\text/html; charset=UTF-8" pageEncoding="UTF-8"\text\}$
$\taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c" \tag\rangle$
<html>
<head>
    <meta charset="utf-8" />
    <title>file upload demo</title>
    \script src="http://code.jquery.com/jquery-latest.js"\\/script\>
    <script>
       <!-- jquery 로 파일 첨부 input 태그 추가 -->
       $(document).ready(function() {
           //add more file components if Add is clicked
           $('#addFile').click(function() {
               var fileIndex = $('#fileview tr').children().length;
               $('#fileview').append(
                '' +
                   \( input type="file" name="files['+ fileIndex +']" />' +
                '');
           });
       });
    </script>
</head>
\lody\
    \(h3\)Spring Single File Upload\(\h3\)
    <form method="post" action="./uploadfileone" enctype="multipart/form-data">
       Upload Directory :
       \( input type="text" name="upDir" value="c:/upload/" />
       <br />
       (br /)
       \(input type="file" name="file" />
       (br /)
       <input type="submit" id="uploadone" value="Upload One" />
    </form>
    <hr>>
```

```
⟨h3⟩Spring Multi File Upload⟨/h3⟩
   <form method="post" action="./uploadfilemulti" enctype="multipart/form-data">
       Upload Directory :
       \( input type="text" name="upDir" value="c:/upload/" />
       <br />
       <input type="button" id="addFile" value="File Add" />
       <input type="file" name="files[0]" />
           (br /)

⟨input type="submit" id="uploadmulti" value="Upload Multi" />

   </form>
   <hr>>
   \(\hat{h3}\)Drag & amp; Drop Multi File Upload\(\hat{h3}\)
   form method="post" action="" modelAttribute="uploadForm" enctype="multipart/form-
data">
   </form>
</body>
</html>
```

3.8.2 uploadfilelist.jsp 작성

src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/views/upload 폴더 아래에 uploadfilelist.jsp 파일을 만든다.

```
</style>
   <script>
       var download = function download(filenametemp, filenameorig) {
             var f = document.createElement('form');
             f.style.visibility = "hidden";
             f.setAttribute('method', 'post');
             f.setAttribute('action','/download');
             f.setAttribute('enctype', 'application/x-www-form-urlencoded');
             document.body.appendChild(f);
             var i = document.createElement('input'); //input element, text
             i.type = 'text';
             i.name = 'filenametemp';
             i.value = filenametemp;
             f.appendChild(i);
             var i = document.createElement('input'); //input element, text
             i.type = 'text';
             i.name = 'filenameorig';
             i.value = filenameorig;
             f.appendChild(i);
             f.submit();
         };
   </script>
</head>
\lody\
   no
           fileNameOrig
           fileNameTemp
           download
                         〈/th〉
       \/tr>
       <!-- 반복 구간 시작 -->
       <c:forEach var="file" items="${files }" varStatus="status">
       ${file.uploadFileNo}
           ${file.fileNameOrig}
           ${file.fileNameTemp}
```

3.8.3 download.jsp 작성

src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/views/upload 폴더 아래에 download.jsp 파일을 만든다.

```
$\language | language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8" pageEncoding="UTF-8"\rangle>
<%@ page import="java.io.File" %>
$\text{\?000} page import="java.net.URLEncoder" \?>
$\text{\@ page import="java.io.OutputStream" \}\\

<%@ page import="java.io.FileInputStream" %>
$\text{\capacita} page import="java.io.IOException" \text{\capacita}$
$\text{\@ page import="org.springframework.util.FileCopyUtils" \}\right\}

\%
    //request.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");//이 작업은 필터가 한다.
    String filenameorig = request.getParameter("filenameorig");
    String filenametemp = request.getParameter("filenametemp");
    File file = new File("c:\\upload\\" + filenametemp);
    String filetype = filenameorig.substring(filenameorig.index0f(".") + 1,
filenameorig.length());
    if (filetype.trim().equalsIgnoreCase("txt")) {
        response.setContentType("text/plain");
    } else {
        response.setContentType("application/octet-stream");
    }
    response.setContentLength((int) file.length());
    boolean ie = request.getHeader("User-Agent").indexOf("MSIE") != -1;
```

```
if (ie) {
        filenameorig = URLEncoder.encode(filenameorig, "UTF-8").replaceAll("\\+", " ");
        filenameorig = new String(filenameorig.getBytes("UTF-8"), "8859_1");
   response.setHeader("Content-Disposition", "attachment; filename=\"" + filenameorig +
"\"");
   OutputStream outputStream = response.getOutputStream();
   FileInputStream fis = null;
   try {
        fis = new FileInputStream(file);
        FileCopyUtils.copy(fis, outputStream);
   } finally {
        if (fis != null) {
            try {
                fis.close();
            } catch (IOException e) {
        }
   }
   out.flush();
```

3.9 UploadController 컨트롤러 작성

```
import java.io.*;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;
import java.util.*;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpHeaders;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
```

```
import org.springframework.http.MediaType;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ModelAttribute;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
import org.springframework.web.multipart.MultipartFile;
@Controller
public class UploadController {
    private static final Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(UploadController.class);
    @Autowired
      private IServiceUpload svcupload;
     * http://localhost/upload/uploadfile
    @RequestMapping(value = "/upload/uploadfile", method = RequestMethod.GET)
    public String uploadfile(Model model) {
        logger.info("uploadfile");
        return "upload/uploadfile";
    }
     * http://localhost/upload/uploadone
     */
    @RequestMapping(value = "/upload/uploadfileone", method = RequestMethod.POST)
    public String uploadfileone(Model model
            , @RequestParam(value="file") MultipartFile file
            , @RequestParam(value="upDir") String upDir
            ) throws IllegalStateException, IOException {
        logger.info("uploadfile");
        // 폴더 존재 여부 검사
      java.io.File dir = new java.io.File(upDir );
        if (!dir.exists()) dir.mkdir();
```

```
// 로컬 파일을 서버로 올리기 위한 코드
       String fileName = file.getOriginalFilename();
       String tempName =
LocalDateTime.now().format(DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("yyyyMMddHHmmss"));
       String filepath = upDir + "/" + tempName;
       java.io.File f = new java.io.File( filepath );
       file.transferTo( f );
       // DB insert 처리를 위한 코드
       ModelUploadFile attachfile = new ModelUploadFile();
       attachfile.setFileNameOrig( fileName );
       attachfile.setFileNameTemp( f.getName() );
       attachfile.setFileSize( (Long)f.length() );
       attachfile.setContentType( file.getContentType() ); // 확장자
       // DB insert
       svcupload.insertUploadFile(attachfile);
       // uploadsuccess.jsp 에 출력할 파일이름 저장
       List(String) filelist = new ArrayList(String)();
       filelist.add(fileName);
       model.addAttribute("files", filelist);
       model.addAttribute("upDir", upDir);
       model.asMap().clear(); // Redirect without parameters being added to my url
       return "redirect:uploadfilelist";
    }
     * http://localhost/upload/uploadfilemulti
    @RequestMapping(value = "/upload/uploadfilemulti", method = RequestMethod.POST)
    public String uploadfilemulti( Model model
            , @ModelAttribute RepositoryFiles uploadForm
            , @RequestParam(value="upDir") String upDir ) throws IllegalStateException,
IOException {
       logger.info("uploadfilemulti");
       List(MultipartFile) files = uploadForm.getFiles();
       if( files != null && files.size() > 0 ){
```

```
for (MultipartFile file : files) {
               // 클라이언트의 첨부 파일을 서버로 복사
               String fileName = file.getOriginalFilename();
               String tempName =
LocalDateTime.now().format( DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("yyyyMMddHHmmss") );
               String filepath = upDir + "/" + tempName;
               java.io.File f = new java.io.File( filepath );
               file.transferTo( f );
               // DB insert 처리를 위한 코드
               ModelUploadFile attachfile = new ModelUploadFile();
               attachfile.setFileNameOrig(fileName);
             attachfile.setFileNameTemp( f.getName() );
               attachfile.setFileSize( (Long)f.length() );
               attachfile.setContentType( file.getContentType() ); // 확장자
               // DB insert
               svcupload.insertUploadFile(attachfile);
           }
       }
       // uploadsuccess.jsp 에 출력할 파일이름 저장
       List(String) filelist = new ArrayList(String)();
       for (MultipartFile file : files) {
           filelist.add( file.getOriginalFilename() );
       model.addAttribute("files", filelist);
       model.addAttribute("upDir", upDir);
       model.asMap().clear(); // Redirect without parameters being added to my url
       return "redirect:uploadfilelist";
    }
     * http://localhost/upload/uploadlist
     @RequestMapping(value="/upload/uploadfilelist", method=RequestMethod.GET)
     public String uploadfilelist(Model model) {
       logger.info("uploadfilelist");
```

```
ModelUploadFile file = null;
        List(ModelUploadFile) files = svcupload.getUploadFile(file);
    model.addAttribute("files", files);
       return "upload/uploadfilelist";
 }
/**
 * http://localhost/download
 */
 @RequestMapping(value="/download", method=RequestMethod.POST)
 public String download(Model model
              , @RequestParam String filenametemp
              , @RequestParam String filenameorig ) {
    logger.info("download");
        model.addAttribute( "filenameorig", filenameorig );
        model.addAttribute( "filenametemp", filenametemp );
       return "upload/download";
 }
```

4. 테이블 컬럼에 이미지 저장하기

이미지를 DB 테이블에 저장하는 방법에는 크게 2 가지가 존재한다.

- 1. BLOB 컬럼에 바이너리 형태로 저장하는 방식
- 2. CLOB(또는 TEXT) 컬럼에 문자열 형태로 저장하는 방식

지금부터 이미지 파일을 LOB 형식의 컬럼에 등록을 해보는 방법과 LOB 형식의 데이터를 이미지태그에 출력하는 방법을 해보도록 하겠습니다.

4.1 이미지 저장할 테이블 생성

4.1.1 oracle ddl 스크립트

```
CREATE TABLE TB_Upload_Image (
      uploadImageNo NUMBER(10)
                                generated as identity
    , fileName
                   VARCHAR2(50)
                                NOT NULL
                   NUMBER(10)
    , fileSize
                                NOT NULL
                   VARCHAR(50)
    , contentType
                                NOT NULL
                   BLOB -- 사진 저장 컬럼, 바이너리로 이미지 저장
    , imageBytes
                   CLOB -- 사진 저장 컬럼. BASE64로 이미지 저장
    , imageBase64
    , PRIMARY KEY(uploadImageNo)
);
```

4.1.2 mysql ddl 스크립트

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS TB_Upload_Image;
CREATE TABLE TB_Upload_Image (
     uploadImageNo INT UNSIGNED
                                 NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT
    , fileName
                   NVARCHAR(50)
                                 NOT NULL
    , fileSize
                   INT UNSIGNED
                                 NOT NULL
                   NVARCHAR(30)
                                 NOT NULL
    , contentType
   , imageBytes LONGBLOB -- 사진 저장 컬럼. 바이너리로 이미지 저장
                   LONGTEXT -- 사진 저장 컬럼. BASE64로 이미지 저장
    , imageBase64
    , PRIMARY KEY(uploadImageNo)
)
ENGINE=InnoDB
AUTO_INCREMENT=1
DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8
COLLATE utf8_general_ci
```

4.2 모델 클래스 생성

```
public class ModelUploadImage {

private Integer uploadImageNo ;
private String fileName ;
private Long fileSize ;
private String contentType ;
private byte[] imageBytes ; // BLOB 컬럼
private String imageBase64 ; // CLOB(TEXT) 컬럼

private CommonsMultipartFile image;

// getter & setter 만들기
// 기본 생성자 만들기
// toString() 만들기
```

4.3 mapperUpload.xml 파일 생성(Mybatis mapper)

4.3.1 oracle 용

```
<mapper namespace="mapper.mapperUpload">
    <select id="getImageByte" parameterType="int" resultType="ModelUploadImage">
        SELECT uploadImageNo, fileName, contentType, fileSize, imageBytes, imageBase64
          FROM TB_Upload_Image
         WHERE uploadImageNo = #{uploadImageNo}
    </select>
    \(\sinsert id="insertPhoto" parameterType="map" statementType="CALLABLE"\)
        declare
            s2 number := 0;
        begin
            INSERT INTO
            TB_Upload_Image( fileName, fileSize, contentType, imageBytes, imageBase64 )
            VALUES( #{file.fileName}, #{file.fileSize}, #{file.contentType},
#{file.imageBytes}, #{file.imageBase64} )
            RETURNING uploadImageNo INTO s2;
            #{result, jdbcType=INTEGER, mode=OUT} := s2;
        end;
    </insert>
    <update id="updateAttachImage" parameterType="ModelUploadImage">
        update TB_Upload_Image
        <set>
            <if test="photo.originalFilename != null">
                         = #{photo.originalFilename},
            fileName
            </if>
            <if test="photo.ContentType</pre>
                                              != null">
            contentType = #{photo.contentType}
            </if>
            <if test="photo.bytes</pre>
                                              != null">
            imageBytes = #{photo.bytes}
            </if>
            <if test="photo.bytes</pre>
                                              != null">
            imageBytes = #{photo.bytes}
            </if>
        where uploadImageNo = #{uploadImageNo}
    </update>
</mapper>
```

4.3.2 mysql 용

```
<mapper namespace="mapper.mapperUpload">
    ⟨select id="getImageByte" parameterType="int" resultType="ModelUploadImage"⟩
        SELECT uploadImageNo, fileName, contentType, fileSize, imageBytes, imageBase64
          FROM TB_Upload_Image
         WHERE uploadImageNo = #{uploadImageNo}
    </select>
    <insert id="insertPhoto" parameterType="ModelUploadImage"</pre>
                                     useGeneratedKeys="true" keyProperty="uploadImageNo">
        INSERT INTO
        TB_Upload_Image(fileName, fileSize, contentType,imageBytes,imageBase64)
        VALUES( #{fileName}, #{fileSize}, #{contentType}, #{imageBytes}, #{imageBase64} )
    </insert>
    <update id="updateAttachImage" parameterType="ModelUploadImage">
        update TB_Upload_Image
        <set>
            <if test="photo.originalFilename != null">
                         = #{photo.originalFilename},
            fileName
            </if>

⟨if test="photo.ContentType != null"⟩
            contentType = #{photo.contentType}
            </if>
            <if test="photo.bytes</pre>
                                             != null">
            imageBytes = #{photo.bytes}
            </if>
            <if test="photo.bytes</pre>
                                             != null">
            imageBytes = #{photo.bytes}
            </if>
        </set>
        where uploadImageNo = #{uploadImageNo}
    </update>
</mapper>
```

4.4 Dao 만들기

4.4.1 IDaoUpload 만들기

```
public interface IDaoUpload {
```

```
ModelUploadImage getImageByte(int attachfileno);
int insertPhoto(ModelUploadImage attachfile);
}
```

4.4.2 DaoUpload 만들기

```
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSession;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Qualifier;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
@Repository
public class DaoUpload implements IDaoUpload {
    @Autowired
    @Qualifier("sqlSession")
    private SqlSession session;
    public int insertPhoto(ModelUploadImage imageinfo) {
       /* // Oracle 인 경우
        Map(String, Object> map = new HashMap(String, Object>();
        map.put("fileinfo" , imageinfo);
        map.put("result", null);
        session.insert("mapper.mapperUpload.insertPhoto", map);
        int result = map.get("result") != null ? (int) map.get("result") : -1;
        return result;
        // mysal 인 경우
        session.insert("mapper.mapperUpload.insertPhoto", imageinfo );
        return imageinfo.getUploadImageNo();
    }
    public ModelUploadImage getImageByte(int attachfileno) {
        return session.selectOne("mapper.mapperUpload.getImageByte", attachfileno);
    }
```

4.5 Service 만들기

4.5.1 IServiceUpload 만들기

```
public interface IServiceUpload extends IDaoUpload {
}
```

4.5.2 ServiceUpload 만들기

```
import java.util.List;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
public class ServiceUpload implements IServiceUpload {
    // SLF4J Logging
    private Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(this.getClass());
    @Autowired
    private IDaoUpload uploaddao;
    @Override
    public int insertPhoto(ModelUploadImage attachfile) {
        int result = -1;
        try {
            result = uploaddao.insertPhoto(attachfile);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("insertPhoto " + e.getMessage() );
        return result;
    }
    @Override
    public ModelUploadImage getImageByte(int attachfileno) {
        ModelUploadImage result = null;
            result = uploaddao.getImageByte(attachfileno);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("getImageByte " + e.getMessage() );
```

```
}
return result;
}
```

4.6 테스트 코드 만들기

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import org.apache.commons.io.FilenameUtils;
import org.junit.BeforeClass;
import org.junit.Test;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.io.*;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.util.Base64;
public class TestUploadImage {
    private static ApplicationContext context = null;
    private static IServiceUpload service = null;
    @BeforeClass
    public static void setUpBeforeClass() throws Exception {
        context= new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("file:src/main/webapp/WEB-
INF/spring/appServlet/servlet-context.xml");
        service=context.getBean(IServiceUpload.class);
    }
    @Test
    public void test_insertPhoto() {
        // convert image to byte
```

```
File file = new File("src/test/resources/image.png");
            BufferedImage originalImage = ImageIO.read(file.getAbsoluteFile());
            ByteArrayOutputStream baos = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
            ImageIO.write(originalImage, "jpg", baos);
            baos.flush();
            byte[] photoBytes = baos.toByteArray();
            ModelUploadImage fileupload = new ModelUploadImage();
            fileupload.setFileName( file.getName() );
            fileupload.setFileSize( file.length() );
            fileupload.setContentType( Files.probeContentType( file.toPath() ) );
            fileupload.setImageBytes(photoBytes);
fileupload.setImageBase64( Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(baos.toByteArray()) );
            int result = service.insertPhoto(fileupload);
            assertNotSame(-1, result);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    @Test
    public void test_getImageByte() {
        // convert byte to image
        try {
            int attachfileno = 1;
            ModelUploadImage result = service.getImageByte(attachfileno);
            // convert byte array back to BufferedImage
            InputStream in = new ByteArrayInputStream( result.getImageBytes() );
            BufferedImage bImageFromConvert = ImageIO.read(in);
            File file = new File( "c:\\" + result.getFileName() );
            File dir = new File(file.getAbsolutePath());
            if (!dir.exists()) {
                dir.mkdir();
```

```
ImageIO.write(bImageFromConvert, FilenameUtils.getExtension(file.getName()),
file );

assertSame(1, result.getUploadImageNo() );
} catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

4.7 UploadContoller 만들기

```
import java.io.*;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;
import java.util.*;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpHeaders;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.MediaType;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ModelAttribute;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ReguestParam;
import org.springframework.web.multipart.MultipartFile;
@Controller
public class UploadController {
    private static final Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(UploadController.class);
    @Autowired
    private IServiceUpload svcupload;
```

```
/**
     * 사진 업로드를 위한 화면
    @RequestMapping(value="/upload/imageupload", method = RequestMethod.GET)
    public String saveImage() {
        return "upload/imageupload";
    }
     * 사진 파일 업로드 후 DB 저장
    @RequestMapping(value="/upload/imageupload", method = RequestMethod.POST)
    public String saveImage(Model model
            , @RequestParam String upDir
            , @ModelAttribute ModelUploadImage vo ) {
        logger.info("imageupload");
        Integer attachfileno = null;
        try {
            vo.setFileName( vo.getImage().getOriginalFilename() );
            vo.setFileSize( (Long)vo.getImage().getSize() );
            vo.setContentType( vo.getImage().getContentType() ); // 확장자
            vo.setImageBytes( vo.getImage().getBytes() );
vo.setImageBase64( Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString( vo.getImage().getBytes() ) );
           attachfileno = svcupload.insertPhoto(vo);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
       return "redirect:/upload/imageview/"+ Integer.toString( attachfileno );
    }
     * 임의의 뷰페이지
    @RequestMapping(value="/upload/imageview/{attachfileno}", method = RequestMethod.GET)
    public String imageview(Model model , @PathVariable int attachfileno) {
        logger.info("imageview");
```

```
ModelUploadImage result = svcupload.getImageByte(attachfileno);
   model.addAttribute("attachfileno", attachfileno);
   model.addAttribute("contentType", result.getContentType() );
   model.addAttribute("imageBase64", result.getImageBase64() );
   return "upload/imageview";
}
/** img 태그의 src 에 이미지를 출력하기 위한 메서드 */
@RequestMapping(value="/upload/getphoto/{attachfileno}", method = RequestMethod.GET)
public ResponseEntity(byte[]) getImageByte(@PathVariable int attachfileno) {
   logger.info("getImageByte");
   ModelUploadImage result = svcupload.getImageByte(attachfileno);
  byte[] imageContent = result.getImageBytes();
  final HttpHeaders headers = new HttpHeaders();
  headers.setContentType( MediaType.valueOf( result.getContentType() ));
  return new ResponseEntity(byte[])(imageContent, headers, HttpStatus.OK);
}
```

- 4.8 jsp 파일 만들기
- 4.8.1 DB 에 저장할 파일처리를 위한 뷰페이지(imageupload.jsp)



4.8.2 뷰페이지(imageview.jsp)

```
《%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c" %》
《%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/fmt" prefix="fmt" %》
《html》
《head》
《meta charset="utf-8" /》
《title》helloworld《/title》
《/head》
《body》
《!-- img 태그의 src 경로는 byte 이미지 가져오는 컨트롤러 호출(/getImageByte) -->
《img alt="" src="/upload/getphoto/${attachfileno}" /》
《hr /》
《img src="data:${contentType};base64,${imageBase64}" /》
《/body》
《/html》
```

임의로 body 태그내에 작성 후 /view 컨트롤러를 호출해보도록 하겠습니다.



호출결과 정상적으로 byte 데이터를 DB 로부터 가져와서 화면에 출력이 되었습니다.

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