

MA 261 QUIZ 3

JANUARY 29, 2018

If you do not know how to do any one of these problems, circle “**(E) I don’t know**” as your answer choice. You will receive **two points** for doing that. **Each problem** is worth **five points**. You get **two points** for writing your **full name** and **three points** for writing your **section number**.

Problem 3.1. Consider the curve $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, 3 \sin t, 3 \cos t \rangle$. Find $\mathbf{r}'(t)$

- (A) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 1, 3 \cos t, -3 \sin t \rangle$
- (B) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle t, 3 \sin t, 3 \sin t \rangle$
- (C) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 1, 3, -3 \rangle$
- (D) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 1, 3, 3 \rangle$
- (E) I don’t know how to do this

Solution. This first problem is easy if you remember how to take derivatives of trigonometric functions,

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 1, 3 \cos t, -3 \sin t \rangle$$

Answer: (A).



Problem 3.2. Find the arclength of $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, 3 \sin t, 3 \cos t \rangle$ for $0 \leq t \leq 1$?

- (A) $\sqrt{10}$
- (B) 3
- (C) $\sqrt{3}/2$
- (D) 3π
- (E) I don’t know how to do this

Solution. By the arclength formula,

$$\begin{aligned}
 l(0, 1) &= \int_0^1 |\mathbf{r}'(t)| dt \\
 &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + 9 \sin^2 t + 9 \cos^2 t} dt \\
 &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + 9} dt \\
 &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{10} dt.
 \end{aligned}$$

Answer: (A).



Problem 3.3. Find the curvature of $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, 3 \sin t, 3 \cos t \rangle$?

- (A) $3/\sqrt{10}$
- (B) $1/3$
- (C) 1
- (D) $3/10$
- (E) I don't know how to do this

Solution. Recall that the curvature κ of a curve \mathbf{r} is the same as the magnitude of the second derivative of the arclength parametrized form of \mathbf{r} , so all we need to do is find the arclength parametrization of \mathbf{r} in the statement of the problem and find its second derivative.

From the last problem, it is easy to arclength parametrize $\mathbf{r}(t)$ using the equality $s = \sqrt{10}t$, i.e.,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{r}(s) &= \left\langle \frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}, 3 \sin\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}\right), 3 \cos\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}\right) \right\rangle \\
 \mathbf{r}'(s) &= \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \cos\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}\right), -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \sin\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}\right) \right\rangle \\
 \mathbf{r}''(s) &= \left\langle 0, -\frac{3}{10} \sin\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}\right), -\frac{3}{10} \cos\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{10}}\right) \right\rangle.
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\kappa = |\mathbf{r}''(s)| = \frac{3}{10}.$$

Answer: (D).

