

Laporan TP Modul 13

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A. Source Code Class Program.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Threading;

namespace RefactoringGuru.DesignPatterns.Observer.Conceptual
{
    public interface IObservable
    {
        // Receive update from subject
        void Update(ISubject subject);
    }

    public interface ISubject
    {
        // Attach an observer to the subject.
        void Attach(IObservable observer);

        // Detach an observer from the subject.
        void Detach(IObservable observer);

        // Notify all observers about an event.
        void Notify();
    }

    // The Subject owns some important state and notifies observers when the
    // state changes.
    public class Subject : ISubject
    {
        // For the sake of simplicity, the Subject's state, essential to all
        // subscribers, is stored in this variable.
        public int State { get; set; } = -0;

        // List of subscribers. In real life, the list of subscribers can be
        // stored more comprehensively (categorized by event type, etc.).
```

```

private List<IObserver> _observers = new List<IObserver>();

// The subscription management methods.
public void Attach(IObserver observer)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Subject: Attached an observer.");
    this._observers.Add(observer);
}

public void Detach(IObserver observer)
{
    this._observers.Remove(observer);
    Console.WriteLine("Subject: Detached an observer.");
}

// Trigger an update in each subscriber.
public void Notify()
{
    Console.WriteLine("Subject: Notifying observers...");

    foreach (var observer in _observers)
    {
        observer.Update(this);
    }
}

// Usually, the subscription logic is only a fraction of what a Subject
// can really do. Subjects commonly hold some important business logic,
// that triggers a notification method whenever something important is
// about to happen (or after it).
public void SomeBusinessLogic()
{
    Console.WriteLine("\nSubject: I'm doing something important.");
    this.State = new Random().Next(0, 10);

    Thread.Sleep(15);

    Console.WriteLine("Subject: My state has just changed to: " + this.State);
    this.Notify();
}

// Concrete Observers react to the updates issued by the Subject they had
// been attached to.
class ConcreteObserverA : IObserver
{
    public void Update(ISubject subject)

```

```

    {
        if ((subject as Subject).State < 3)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("ConcreteObserverA: Reacted to the event.");
        }
    }
}

class ConcreteObserverB : IObserver
{
    public void Update(ISubject subject)
    {
        if ((subject as Subject).State == 0 || (subject as Subject).State >= 2)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("ConcreteObserverB: Reacted to the event.");
        }
    }
}

class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        // The client code.
        var subject = new Subject();
        var observerA = new ConcreteObserverA();
        subject.Attach(observerA);

        var observerB = new ConcreteObserverB();
        subject.Attach(observerB);

        subject.SomeBusinessLogic();
        subject.SomeBusinessLogic();

        subject.Detach(observerB);

        subject.SomeBusinessLogic();
    }
}

```

Penjelasan :

Class Program diatas merupakan implementasi dari *Design Pattern Observer* dalam C#, di mana Subject menyimpan *state* internal yang dapat berubah dan memiliki daftar Observer yang akan diberi notifikasi setiap kali *state* tersebut berubah. Interface ISubject mendefinisikan operasi untuk menambahkan, menghapus, dan memberi notifikasi kepada observer, sedangkan IObserver menentukan metode Update() yang akan dipanggil saat notifikasi terjadi. Kelas Subject menjalankan logika bisnis melalui metode SomeBusinessLogic() yang mengubah *state*-nya secara acak, lalu memanggil Notify() untuk memperbarui semua observer yang terdaftar. Dua observer konkret (ConcreteObserverA dan ConcreteObserverB) memberikan respons berdasarkan kondisi nilai State. Dalam metode Main(), observer ditambahkan dan dihapus secara dinamis, menunjukkan bagaimana hubungan pengamat-diamati berjalan dalam praktik.

Output :

```
Subject: Attached an observer.
Subject: Attached an observer.

Subject: I'm doing something important.
Subject: My state has just changed to: 0
Subject: Notifying observers...
ConcreteObserverA: Reacted to the event.
ConcreteObserverB: Reacted to the event.

Subject: I'm doing something important.
Subject: My state has just changed to: 5
Subject: Notifying observers...
ConcreteObserverB: Reacted to the event.
Subject: Detached an observer.

Subject: I'm doing something important.
Subject: My state has just changed to: 2
Subject: Notifying observers...
ConcreteObserverA: Reacted to the event.

D:\KPL_KAFKA PUTRA RIYADI_2311104041_SE-07-02\13_Design_Pattern_Implementation 14\TPModul13_2311104041\bin\Debug\net8.0\TPModul13_2311104041.exe (process 32000) exited with code 0 (0x0).
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable Tools->Options->Debugging->Automatically close the console when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .|
```