

## Experiment 8

**WAP to perform the empirical analysis of greedy algorithm to solve the fractional Knapsack problem.**

**Program:-**

```
//fractional knapsack
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <time.h>

void knapsack(int n, float weight[], float profit[], float capacity) {
    float x[20], tp=0;
    int i,j,u;
    u=capacity;
    for ( i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        x[i]=0.0;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (weight[i] > u)
            break;
        else
        {
            x[i] = 1.0;
            tp = tp + profit[i];
            u = u - weight[i];
        }
    }
    if (i < n)
    {
        x[i] = u / weight[i];
    }
}
```

```

    tp = tp + (x[i] * profit[i]);
    printf("\nMaximum profit is:- %f", tp);
}
int main() {
    float weight[1000], profit[1000], capacity;
    int n, i, j, randNum1, randNum2;
    float ratio[1000], temp;
    double time;
    clock_t start, end;
    printf("\nEnter the no. of objects: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("\nEnter the capacity of knapsack:-");
    scanf("%f", &capacity);
    start = clock();
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        randNum1 = (rand() % 1000);
        weight[i] = randNum1;
        randNum2 = (rand() % 1000);
        profit[i] = randNum2;
        printf("weight :%f profit %f\n", weight[i], profit[i]);
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        ratio[i] = profit[i] / weight[i];
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (ratio[i] < ratio[j]) {
                temp = ratio[j];
                ratio[j] = ratio[i];
                ratio[i] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        temp = weight[j];
        weight[j] = weight[i];
        weight[i] = temp;
        temp = profit[j];
        profit[j] = profit[i];
        profit[i] = temp;
    }
}
}
knapsack(n, weight, profit, capacity);
end = clock();
time = ((double)(end - start) * 1000) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
printf("\nTime=%lf milliseconds", time);
return 0;
}

```

### Output:

- PS C:\Users\user\OneDcd "c:\Users\user\OneDrive - College of Applied Busi  
k } ; if (\$?) { .\8\_fractional\_Knapsack }

Enter the no. of objects: 15

```

Enter the capacity of knapsack:-1500
weight :41.000000 profit 467.000000
weight :334.000000 profit 500.000000
weight :169.000000 profit 724.000000
weight :478.000000 profit 358.000000
weight :962.000000 profit 464.000000
weight :705.000000 profit 145.000000
weight :281.000000 profit 827.000000
weight :961.000000 profit 491.000000
weight :995.000000 profit 942.000000
weight :827.000000 profit 436.000000
weight :391.000000 profit 604.000000
weight :902.000000 profit 153.000000
weight :292.000000 profit 382.000000
weight :421.000000 profit 716.000000
weight :718.000000 profit 895.000000

```

Maximum profit is:- 3632.910156

Time=3.000000 milliseconds

**Conclusion:**

This experiment had been conducted in a 64-bit system with 16 GB RAM and Processor 12th Gen Intel(R) Core (TM) i5-12500H 3.10 GHz. The algorithm was implemented in C programming language in Visual Studio Code 1.85.1 Code Editor. The time taken by this algorithm for 15 number of input size is 3 milliseconds. The running time is analyzed as  $O(n \log n)$ .