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Front-End Assignment on JavaScript

Question1: Introduction to JavaScript

Definition: JavaScript is a high-level, interpreted programming language used to create dynamic and interactive web applications. It is an essential part of front-end development because it enables interactive features such as animations, form validation, and real-time content updates.

Common uses of JavaScript in modern web applications:

- Form validation: Ensuring user inputs are correct before submitting a form.
- Dynamic content updates: Fetching and displaying new data without reloading the page.
- Event handling: Responding to user interactions like clicks, scrolls, or keystrokes.
- Animations & visual effects: Creating smooth transitions and animations.
- Client-side storage: Using localStorage and sessionStorage to save data in the browser.

Question 2: JavaScript and Web Technologies

JavaScript interacts with HTML and CSS to modify webpage content and styles dynamically. It can:

- Add, remove, or change HTML elements and attributes.
- Modify CSS styles to update the appearance of a page in real-time.
- Handle user interactions to trigger events and animations.

Role of the Document Object Model (DOM) in JavaScript:

The DOM represents the structure of a web page as a tree of elements. JavaScript can access and modify these elements dynamically.

Example: Changing the text of a paragraph using JavaScript and DOM:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <title>DOM Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <p id="message">Hello, world!</p>
  <button onclick="changeText()">Click Me</button>

  <script>
    function changeText() {
      document.getElementById("message").innerText = "Text changed!";
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Question 3: JavaScript Syntax and Basics

What are variables in JavaScript, and how do you declare them?

Variables store data values in JavaScript. You can declare them using var, let, or const.

Difference between var, let, and const:

- . **var:** Function scope, can be redeclared.
- . **let:** Block scope, can be reassigned.
- . **const:** Block scope, cannot be reassigned.

Question 4: User Interaction with JavaScript

How does JavaScript handle user interactions?

JavaScript uses event listeners to respond to user interactions like button clicks, form submissions, or keyboard presses.

Example: JavaScript function that responds to a button click:

```
<button id="myButton">Click Me</button>
<p id="output"></p>

<script>
  document.getElementById("myButton").addEventListener("click", function() {
    document.getElementById("output").innerText = "Button was clicked!";
  });
</script>
```

Question 5: JavaScript Frameworks and Libraries

JavaScript frameworks provide a structured way to build applications, including predefined functions and tools for efficiency. **JavaScript libraries** offer reusable functions to simplify coding tasks without enforcing strict structure.

Two popular JavaScript frameworks or libraries and their use cases:

1.React.js – A library developed by Facebook for building fast and dynamic user interfaces using a component-based approach. Example: Single Page Applications (SPAs) like Facebook or Instagram.

2.Vue.js – A progressive framework for building UI components and single-page applications. Example: Used by Alibaba and Xiaomi for dynamic web pages.

END