# Følner sequence

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## 1 Introduction

**Definition 1.1.** We define a right-Følner sequence in  $\Gamma$  as a sequence  $\Phi = (\Phi_N)_{N \in \mathbb{N}}$  of finite subsets of  $\Gamma$  satisfying

$$\lim_{N \to \infty} \frac{\left| \left( \Phi_N \cdot \gamma^{-1} \right) \cdot \Phi_N \right|}{\left| \Phi_N \right|} = 1$$

for all  $\gamma \in \Gamma$ .

**Definition 1.2.** Similarly, we define a *left-Følner sequence* in  $\Gamma$  as a sequence  $\Phi = (\Phi_N)_{N \in \mathbb{N}}$  of finite subsets of  $\Gamma$  satisfying

$$\lim_{N\to\infty}\frac{\left|\left(\gamma^{-1}\cdot\Phi_N\right)\cap\Phi_N\right|}{\left|\Phi_N\right|}=1$$

for all  $\gamma \in \Gamma$ .

**Definition 1.3.** We call a sequence a  $F\emptyset$  lner sequence if it is both a left and right F\u00f6lner sequence.

### 2 Results

Theorem 2.1 (The Test Theorem). This is a Theorem.



This is a test tip.

# 3 More Information

You can learn more about controlling the appearance of HTML output here: https://quarto.org/docs/output-formats/html-basics.html