

Følner sequence

Kai Prince SFHEA

2025-07-23

1 Introduction

Definition 1.1. We define a *right-Følner sequence* in Γ as a sequence $\Phi = (\Phi_N)_{N \in \mathbb{N}}$ of finite subsets of Γ satisfying

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|(\Phi_N \cdot \gamma^{-1}) \cap \Phi_N|}{|\Phi_N|} = 1$$

for all $\gamma \in \Gamma$.

Definition 1.2. Similarly, we define a *left-Følner sequence* in Γ as a sequence $\Phi = (\Phi_N)_{N \in \mathbb{N}}$ of finite subsets of Γ satisfying

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|(\gamma^{-1} \cdot \Phi_N) \cap \Phi_N|}{|\Phi_N|} = 1$$

for all $\gamma \in \Gamma$.

Definition 1.3. We call a sequence a *Følner sequence* if it is both a left and right Følner sequence.

2 Results

Theorem 2.1 (The Test Theorem). *This is a Theorem.*

💡 Tip

This is a test tip.

3 More Information

You can learn more about controlling the appearance of HTML output here:
<https://quarto.org/docs/output-formats/html-basics.html>