# Axioms

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# 1 Introduction

**Definition 1.1** (associativity). For all a, b, c in S, one has  $(a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$ .

**Definition 1.2** (identity). There exists an element e in S such that, for every a in S, one has  $e \cdot a = a$  and  $a \cdot e = a$ . Such an element is unique and is called the *identity element*.

**Definition 1.3** (unique inverse). For each a in S, there exists an element b in S such that  $a \cdot b = e$  and  $b \cdot a = e$ , where e is the identity element.

For each a, the element b is unique and is called the *inverse* of b and is denoted  $a^{-1}$ .

Test Definition 1.1

# 2 More Information

You can learn more about controlling the appearance of HTML output here: https://quarto.org/docs/output-formats/html-basics.html