

# Density

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**Definition 0.1.** For  $A \subseteq G$  and Følner sequence  $\Phi = (\Phi_N)_{n=1}^\infty$ , we write

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi(A) &= \limsup_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|\cdot| A \cap \Phi_N}{|\cdot| \Phi_N} \\ \Phi(A) &= \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|\cdot| A \cap \Phi_N}{|\cdot| \Phi_N}\end{aligned}$$

to be the *upper and lower densities of  $A$  with respect to  $\Phi$* , respectively. If these agree, then we can write

$$d_\Phi(A) = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|\cdot| A \cap \Phi_N}{|\cdot| \Phi_N}$$

to be the *density of  $A$  with respect to  $\Phi$* . We also define the *upper Banach density of  $A$*  by

$$(A) = \sup\{d_\Phi(A) : \text{for Følner sequences } \Phi \text{ where } d_\Phi(A) \text{ exists}\}.$$

**Proposition 0.1** (Monotonicity). *Let  $A, B \subseteq M$  be subsets. For  $A \subseteq B$ , we have*

$$\Phi(A) \leq \Phi(B),$$

and

$$\Phi(A) \leq \Phi(B).$$

**Proposition 0.2** (Translation Invariance). *Let  $B \subseteq M$  be a subset. For all  $m \in M$ , we have that*

$$\Phi(B) =_{m \cdot \Phi} \Phi(B) =_\Phi (m \cdot B)$$

and

$$\Phi(B) =_{m \cdot \Phi} \Phi(B) =_\Phi (m \cdot B).$$

**Lemma 0.1** (Upper/Lower Density Pairwise Additive). *Let  $A, B \subseteq M$  be subsets such that  $d_\Phi(A)$  and  $d_\Phi(B)$  both exist, then we have*

$$\begin{aligned} d_\Phi(A \cup B) + d_\Phi(A \cap B) &= d_\Phi(A) + d_\Phi(B), \\ d_\Phi(A \cup B) + d_\Phi(A \cap B) &= d_\Phi(A) + d_\Phi(B). \end{aligned}$$

*Further, we have  $d_\Phi(A \cap B)$  exists if and only if  $d_\Phi(A \cup B)$  exists.*