

# Excercise 1

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## Task 1

a.)

$$k = 2, \varepsilon = 0.5$$

$$\rightarrow P(\text{greedy}) = 1 - \varepsilon + \frac{\varepsilon}{k} = 1 - 0.5 + \frac{0.5}{2} = 0.75$$

$$\rightarrow P(\text{non-greedy}) = \frac{\varepsilon}{k} = \frac{0.5}{2} = 0.25$$

b.)

$$k = 4 \rightarrow a_i \text{ with } i = 1 : 4, Q_1(a_i) = 0$$

with  $A_t = \underset{a}{\operatorname{argmax}} Q_t(a)$  as the greedy policy and  $Q_t(a) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{t-1} R_{i,a_i=a}}{n(a)}$  and the given data:

$$A_1 = 1 \quad R_1 = 1$$

$$A_2 = 2 \quad R_2 = 1$$

$$A_3 = 2 \quad R_3 = 2$$

$$A_4 = 2 \quad R_4 = 2$$

$$A_5 = 3 \quad R_5 = 0$$

I:

Step 1 (from  $Q_1$  to  $Q_2$ ) was definitely a random step because  $Q_1(a_i) = 0 \forall i$ , therefore the selection was arbitrary.

	$a_1$	$a_2$	$a_3$	$a_4$	action
$Q_1$	0	0	0	0	$A_1 = 1$
$Q_2$	1	0	0	0	$A_2 = 2$
$Q_3$	1	1	0	0	$A_3 = 2$
$Q_4$	1	3	0	0	$A_4 = 2$
$Q_5$	1	5	0	0	$A_5 = 3$
$Q_6$	1	5	0	0	-

A random selection also has to be occurred in step 2 ( $Q_2 \rightarrow Q_3$ ), because  $A_2 = 2$  despite the  $\operatorname{argmax}_a$  being 1. Also in the fifth step ( $Q_5 \rightarrow Q_6$ ) action  $A_3$  was selected, which had to be a random selection too.

## II:

In general a random step could have occurred at any other point too. Especially step 3 ( $Q_3 \rightarrow Q_4$ ) is a likely candidate, because the  $\operatorname{argmax}$  is either 1 or 2. But even if the chosen  $A_i$  is the  $\operatorname{argmax}_a Q_t(a)$ , it is still possible that this was a random selection.