

# Scan Report

February 7, 2026

## Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone “Coordinated Universal Time”, which is abbreviated “UTC”. The task was “Ubuntu Auth Scan”. The scan started at Fri Feb 6 16:41:59 2026 UTC and ended at Fri Feb 6 17:00:27 2026 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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## 1 Result Overview

Host	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Log	False P.
<a href="#">192.168.186.131</a>	0	0	1	4	0	0
Total: 1	0	0	1	4	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level “Log” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “Debug” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “False Positive” are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 5 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 239 results.

### 1.1 Host Authentications

Host	Protocol	Result	Port/User
192.168.186.131	SSH	Success	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User agent

## 2 Results per Host

### 2.1 192.168.186.131

Host scan start Fri Feb 6 16:42:41 2026 UTC

Host scan end Fri Feb 6 17:00:21 2026 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
<a href="#">general/tcp</a>	Medium
<a href="#">22/tcp</a>	Low
<a href="#">general/tcp</a>	Low
<a href="#">general/icmp</a>	Low

#### 2.1.1 Medium general/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.6)  NVT: Missing Linux Kernel mitigations for 'Register File Data Sampling (RFDS)' hardware vulnerability (INTEL-SA-00898)
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:linux:kernel Detected by Detection of Linux Kernel mitigation status for hardware vulnerabilities (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108765)
<b>Summary</b> The remote host is missing one or more known mitigation(s) on Linux Kernel side for the referenced 'Register File Data Sampling (RFDS)' hardware vulnerability.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The Linux Kernel on the remote host is missing the mitigation for the "reg_file_data_sampling" hardware vulnerability as reported by the sysfs interface: sysfs file checked   Linux Kernel status (SSH response) ----- /sys/devices/system/cpu/vulnerabilities/reg_file_data_sampling   Vulnerable: No microcode Notes on the "Linux Kernel status (SSH response)" column: - sysfs file missing: The sysfs interface is available but the sysfs file for this specific vulnerability is missing. This means the current Linux Kernel doesn't know this vulnerability yet. Based on this it is assumed that it doesn't provide any mitigation and that the target system is vulnerable. - Strings including "Mitigation:", "Not affected" or "Vulnerable" are reported directly by the Linux Kernel. - All other strings are responses to various SSH commands.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix The following solutions exist: - Update to a more recent Linux Kernel to receive mitigations on Kernel level and info about the mitigation status from it - Enable the mitigation(s) in the Linux Kernel (might be disabled depending on the configuration) Additional possible mitigations (if provided by the vendor) are to: - install a Microcode update - update the BIOS of the Mainboard Note: Please create an override for this result if one of the following applies: - the sysfs file is not available but other mitigations like a Microcode update is already in place - the sysfs file is not available but the CPU of the host is not affected
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- the reporting of the Linux Kernel is not correct (this is out of the control of this VT)	
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> Various Intel CPUs. Please see the references for the full list of affected CPUs.	
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks previous gathered information on the mitigation status reported by the Linux Kernel. Details: Missing Linux Kernel mitigations for 'Register File Data Sampling (RFDS)', hardw. ↪.. OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.114456 Version used: 2025-05-16T05:40:21Z	
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:linux:kernel Method: Detection of Linux Kernel mitigation status for hardware vulnerabilities OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108765)	
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2023-28746 url: <a href="https://docs.kernel.org/admin-guide/hw-vuln/reg-file-data-sampling.html">https://docs.kernel.org/admin-guide/hw-vuln/reg-file-data-sampling.html</a> url: <a href="https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/security-center/advisory/intel-sa-0-0898.html">https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/security-center/advisory/intel-sa-0-0898.html</a> url: <a href="https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/developer/topic-technology/software-security-guidance/processors-affected-consolidated-product-cpu-model.html">https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/developer/topic-technology/software-security-guidance/processors-affected-consolidated-product-cpu-model.html</a> url: <a href="https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/developer/articles/technical/software-security-guidance/advisory-guidance/register-file-data-sampling.html">https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/developer/articles/technical/software-security-guidance/advisory-guidance/register-file-data-sampling.html</a> cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-0794 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1913 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0619 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0615 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-2802 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-2291 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0933 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0774 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-3416 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2999 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2750 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2748 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2175 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2173 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2033 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1850 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1448 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1444 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1309	
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<pre>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1304 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1202 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1173 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1122 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1039 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1024 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1023 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0986 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0910 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0780 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0773 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0772 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0771 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0770 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0708 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0690 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0689 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0678 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0666 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0665 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0628</pre>
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<pre>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1304 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1202 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1173 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1122 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1039 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1024 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1023 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0986 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0910 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0780 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0773 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0772 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0771 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0770 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0708 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0690 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0689 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0678 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0666 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0665 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0628</pre>
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### 2.1.2 Low 22/tcp

<b>Low (CVSS: 2.6)</b>
<b>NVT: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)</b>
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565 ↔)
<b>Summary</b> The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak MAC algorithm(s).
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The remote SSH server supports the following weak client-to-server MAC algorithm ↔(s): umac-64-etm@openssh.com
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<pre>umac-64@openssh.com The remote SSH server supports the following weak server-to-client MAC algorithm →(s): umac-64-etm@openssh.com umac-64@openssh.com</pre> <p><b>Solution:</b>  <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation  Disable the reported weak MAC algorithm(s).</p> <p><b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b>  Checks the supported MAC algorithms (client-to-server and server-to-client) of the remote SSH server.  Currently weak MAC algorithms are defined as the following:  - MD5 based algorithms  - 96-bit based algorithms  - 64-bit based algorithms  - 'none' algorithm  Details: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)  OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105610  Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z</p> <p><b>Product Detection Result</b>  Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol  Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported  OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)</p> <p><b>References</b>  url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6668">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6668</a>  url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.4">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.4</a></p>	... continued from previous page ...
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### 2.1.3 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 3.8) NVT: Missing Linux Kernel mitigations for 'Indirect Target Selection (ITS)' hardware vulnerability (INTEL-SA-01153)
<p><b>Product detection result</b>  cpe:/a:linux:kernel  Detected by Detection of Linux Kernel mitigation status for hardware vulnerabi</p> <p>... continues on next page ...</p>

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→ties (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108765)	
<b>Summary</b>	
The remote host is missing one or more known mitigation(s) on Linux Kernel side for the referenced 'Indirect Target Selection (ITS)' hardware vulnerability.	
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%	
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b>	
<p>The Linux Kernel on the remote host is missing the mitigation for the "indirect_target_selection" hardware vulnerability as reported by the sysfs interface:</p> <p>sysfs file checked   Linux Kernel</p> <p>→ status (SSH response)</p> <hr/> <p>→-----</p> <p>→-----</p> <pre>/sys/devices/system/cpu/vulnerabilities/indirect_target_selection   sysfs file m →issing (cat: /sys/devices/system/cpu/vulnerabilities/indirect_target_selection →: No such file or directory)</pre> <p>Notes on the "Linux Kernel status (SSH response)" column:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- sysfs file missing: The sysfs interface is available but the sysfs file for the specific vulnerability is missing. This means the current Linux Kernel doesn't know this vulnerability yet. Based on this it is assumed that it doesn't provide any mitigation and that the target system is vulnerable.</li> <li>- Strings including "Mitigation:", "Not affected" or "Vulnerable" are reported directly by the Linux Kernel.</li> <li>- All other strings are responses to various SSH commands.</li> </ul>	
<b>Solution:</b>	
<b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix	
The following solutions exist:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Update to a more recent Linux Kernel to receive mitigations on Kernel level and info about the mitigation status from it</li> <li>- Enable the mitigation(s) in the Linux Kernel (might be disabled depending on the configuration)</li> </ul> <p>Additional possible mitigations (if provided by the vendor) are to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- install a Microcode update</li> <li>- update the BIOS of the Mainboard</li> </ul> <p>Note: Please create an override for this result if one of the following applies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the sysfs file is not available but other mitigations like a Microcode update is already in place</li> <li>- the sysfs file is not available but the CPU of the host is not affected</li> <li>- the reporting of the Linux Kernel is not correct (this is out of the control of this VT)</li> </ul>	
<b>Affected Software/OS</b>	
Various Intel CPUs. Please see the references for the full list of affected CPUs.	
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<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b>            Checks previous gathered information on the mitigation status reported by the Linux Kernel.            Details: Missing Linux Kernel mitigations for 'Indirect Target Selection (ITS)' hardware.            ↵..            OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.119002            Version used: 2025-05-27T05:40:44Z</p>
<p><b>Product Detection Result</b>            Product: cpe:/a:linux:kernel            Method: Detection of Linux Kernel mitigation status for hardware vulnerabilities            OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108765)</p>
<p><b>References</b>            cve: CVE-2024-28956            url: <a href="https://docs.kernel.org/admin-guide/hw-vuln/indirect-target-selection.html">https://docs.kernel.org/admin-guide/hw-vuln/indirect-target-selection.html</a>            url: <a href="https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/security-center/advisory/intel-sa-0-1153.html">https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/security-center/advisory/intel-sa-0-1153.html</a>            url: <a href="https://www.vusec.net/projects/training-solo/">https://www.vusec.net/projects/training-solo/</a>            cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-1905            cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-1001            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-3377            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-3124            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-2292            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-2270            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1912            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1869            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1839            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1766            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1532            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1526            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1229            dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1196</p>

Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure
<p><b>Summary</b>            The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.</p>
<p><b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b>            It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.            The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:            ... continues on next page ...         </p>

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Packet 1: 1189491479	
Packet 2: 1189492582	
<b>Impact</b>	A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
<b>Solution:</b>	
<b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation	To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime. To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled'. Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on these Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment. See the references for more information.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b>	TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b>	The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b>	Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z
<b>References</b>	url: <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323</a> url: <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323</a> url: <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152">https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152</a> url: <a href="https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090">https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090</a>

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#### 2.1.4 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)
NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure
<b>Summary</b> The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The following response / ICMP packet has been received: - ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0
<b>Impact</b> This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Various mitigations are possible: - Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely - Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received. Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-1999-0524 url: <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792</a> url: <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780</a> cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

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