

# Data Analysis

November 22, 2020

```
[3]: import os
import math
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
%matplotlib inline
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,8)})

import jpyype
from jpyype import JArray, JDouble, JInt
```

```
[4]: def validate_numpy_array(func):
    """ Convert any iterable to numpy array """
    def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):
        for item in args:
            try:
                # convert iterable to numpy array
                len(item)
                item = np.array(item)
            except TypeError as e:
                continue
        return func(*args, **kwargs)

    return wrapper

class ContinuousInfoEstimator:
    def __init__(self, jar_location=None, estimator='kraskov'):
        self.estimator = estimator

        if not jar_location:
            project_dir = 'Dropbox/Documents/Classes/InfoTheory'
            jidt_dir = os.path.join(os.environ['HOME'], project_dir)
            jar_location = os.path.join(jidt_dir, 'infodynamics-dist-1.5/
↳infodynamics.jar')
```

```

        assert os.path.exists(jar_location), 'jar file not found: ' +
        ↪ jar_location

        # Start the JVM (add the "-Xmx" option with say 1024M if you get
        ↪ crashes due to not enough memory space)
        try:
            jpyype.startJVM(jpyype.getDefaultJVMPath(), "-ea", "-Djava.class.
            ↪ path=" + jar_location)

            # load package
            self.pkg = jpyype.JPackage(f"infodynamics.measures.continuous.
            ↪ {estimator}")
            print('Estimator ready.')
        except OSError:
            print("Failed to start JVM. Check $JAVA_HOME environmental var.")

    def list_calculators(self):
        return [item for item in dir(self.pkg) if item[0].isupper() and item[0].
        ↪ isalpha()]

    @validate_numpy_array
    def transfer_entropy(self, src, dest, k=1, nearest_neighbors=4,
    ↪ normalize=True, auto_embed=False, compute_significance=False, n_samples=100):
        """ calculate transfer entropy in nats. """
        src = np.array(src)
        dest = np.array(dest)

        assert len(src) == len(dest), f'Length mismatch: {len(src)},
        ↪ {len(dest)}'

        if self.estimator == 'gaussian':
            calc = self.pkg.TransferEntropyCalculatorGaussian()
        elif self.estimator == 'kraskov':
            calc = self.pkg.TransferEntropyCalculatorKraskov()

        if auto_embed:
            calc.setProperty("AUTO_EMBED_METHOD", "MAX_CORR_AIS_DEST_ONLY")
        else:
            normalize_var = 'true' if normalize else 'false'
            calc.setProperty("NORMALISE", normalize_var) # Normalise the
            ↪ individual variables
            calc.setProperty("k", f"{nearest_neighbors}") # Use Kraskov
            ↪ parameter K=4 for 4 nearest points

        calc.initialise(k) # Use history length k

```

```

src_arr = JArray(JDouble, 1)(src.tolist())
dest_arr = JArray(JDouble, 1)(dest.tolist())

calc.setObservations(src_arr, dest_arr)

if compute_significance:
    return calc.computeAverageLocalOfObservations(), calc.
    ↪computeSignificance(n_samples).pValue
else:
    return calc.computeAverageLocalOfObservations()

@validate_numpy_array
def active_information_storage(self, arr, k=3):
    calc = self.pkg.ActiveInfoStorageCalculatorKraskov()

    # 2. Set any properties to non-default values:
    calc.setProperty("k_HISTORY", f"{k}")
    calc.initialise()
    calc.setObservations(arr)
    return calc.computeAverageLocalOfObservations()

# utility functions
def pct_change(df):
    return (df['adj_close'] - df['adj_close'].shift(1)) / df['adj_close'].
    ↪shift(1)

def daily_return(df):
    return np.log(df['adj_close']) - np.log(df['adj_close'].shift(1))

def compute_std(df):
    return np.sqrt(np.sum((df['daily_return'] - df['daily_return'].mean()) **_
    ↪2) / (len(df) - 1))

```

```
[5]: estimator = 'kraskov'
```

```
[6]: try:
    options = calc.list_calculators()
except NameError:
    calc = ContinuousInfoEstimator(estimator=estimator)
    options = calc.list_calculators()

for item in options:
    print(item)

```

Estimator ready.  
ActiveInfoStorageCalculatorKraskov

ActiveInfoStorageCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov  
 ConditionalMutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov  
 ConditionalMutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov1  
 ConditionalMutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov2  
 ConditionalTransferEntropyCalculatorKraskov  
 MultiInfoCalculatorKraskov  
 MultiInfoCalculatorKraskov1  
 MultiInfoCalculatorKraskov2  
 MutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov  
 MutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov1  
 MutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov2  
 PredictiveInfoCalculatorKraskov  
 TransferEntropyCalculatorKraskov  
 TransferEntropyCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov

## 1 Economy-level information transfer

### 1.1 Indices used

Index	Name	Country	n	Source
^GSPC	S&P 500	USA	500	<a href="#">Link</a>
^N100	Euronext 100	Europe	100	<a href="#">Link</a>
^N225	Nikkei 225	Japan	225	<a href="#">Link</a>
^BVSP	Bovespa Index	Brazil	70	<a href="#">Link</a>

- price expressed in local currency (USD, JPY, EUR, BRL)

### 1.2 External module used

[https://github.com/gregversteeg/NPEET/blob/master/npeet/entropy\\_estimators.py](https://github.com/gregversteeg/NPEET/blob/master/npeet/entropy_estimators.py)

```
[7]: # code in this cell is borrowed from https://github.com/gregversteeg/NPEET/blob/
      ↪master/npeet/entropy_estimators.py
from scipy.special import digamma
from sklearn.neighbors import KDTree

def entropy(x, k=4, base=2):
    """ The classic K-L k-nearest neighbor continuous entropy estimator
        x should be a list of vectors, e.g. x = [[1.3], [3.7], [5.1], [2.4]]
        if x is a one-dimensional scalar and we have four samples
    """
    assert k <= len(x) - 1, "Set k smaller than num. samples - 1"
    x = np.asarray(x)
    n_elements, n_features = x.shape
    x = add_noise(x)
    tree = build_tree(x)
    nn = query_neighbors(tree, x, k)
```

```

const = digamma(n_elements) - digamma(k) + n_features * np.log(2)
return (const + n_features * np.log(nn).mean()) / np.log(base)

def add_noise(x, intens=1e-10):
    # small noise to break degeneracy, see doc.
    return x + intens * np.random.random_sample(x.shape)

def query_neighbors(tree, x, k):
    return tree.query(x, k=k + 1)[0][:, k]

def build_tree(points):
    if points.shape[1] >= 20:
        return BallTree(points, metric='chebyshev')
    return KDTree(points, metric='chebyshev')

```

## 2 Data preprocess

### 2.1 Read data

```

[8]: dfs = {}
for file in os.listdir('data/index'):
    if file.startswith('~'):
        fn, ext = os.path.splitext(file)
        dfs[fn[1:]] = pd.read_csv(os.path.join('data/index', file))

dfs.keys()

```

```

[8]: dict_keys(['N225', 'GSPC', 'N100', 'BVSP'])

```

```

[9]: for df in dfs.values():
    df.columns = [col.lower().replace(' ', '_') for col in df.columns]
    df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])

```

```

[10]: for key in dfs.keys():
    print(key)
    print(dfs[key]['date'].describe(datetime_is_numeric=True))
    print('')

```

```

N225
count                14356
mean    1992-08-16 21:16:48.080245120
min        1965-01-06 00:00:00
25%        1978-10-09 18:00:00
50%        1992-07-11 12:00:00
75%        2006-04-13 06:00:00
max        2020-10-29 00:00:00
Name: date, dtype: object

```

```
GSPC
count                23317
mean    1974-07-03 11:10:15.259252912
min              1928-01-03 00:00:00
25%              1951-05-04 00:00:00
50%              1974-08-09 00:00:00
75%              1997-08-29 00:00:00
max              2020-10-28 00:00:00
Name: date, dtype: object
```

```
N100
count                5357
mean    2010-05-17 12:58:27.933544960
min              2000-01-03 00:00:00
25%              2005-02-18 00:00:00
50%              2010-05-13 00:00:00
75%              2015-08-07 00:00:00
max              2020-10-30 00:00:00
Name: date, dtype: object
```

```
BVSP
count                6984
mean    2006-11-27 21:07:50.103092992
min              1993-04-28 00:00:00
25%              2000-01-05 18:00:00
50%              2006-09-30 12:00:00
75%              2013-10-17 06:00:00
max              2020-10-28 00:00:00
Name: date, dtype: object
```

## 2.2 Compute Daily return

$$r_t = \ln p_t - \ln p_{t-1}$$

```
[11]: for df in dfs.values():
      # df['pct_change'] = pct_change(df)
      df['daily_return'] = daily_return(df)
```

```
[12]: dfs['GSPC'].head()
```

```
[12]:
```

	date	open	high	low	close	adj_close	volume	\
0	1928-01-03	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	0	
1	1928-01-04	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	0	
2	1928-01-05	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	0	
3	1928-01-06	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	0	
4	1928-01-09	17.500000	17.500000	17.500000	17.500000	17.500000	0	

```

    daily_return
0          NaN
1    -0.002255
2    -0.009640
3     0.006248
4    -0.009101

```

## 2.3 Merge data

```

[13]: from functools import reduce
cols = ['open', 'high', 'low', 'close', 'adj_close', 'volume']

for key in dfs.keys():
    dfs[key].rename(columns={'daily_return': key}, inplace=True)
    dfs[key].drop(cols, 1, inplace=True)

f = lambda left, right: pd.merge(left, right, on='date', how='inner')
data = reduce(f, dfs.values())
data.head()

```

```

[13]:
   date      N225      GSPC      N100      BVSP
0 2000-01-03    NaN -0.009595    NaN    NaN
1 2000-01-04    NaN -0.039099 -0.041794 -0.065855
2 2000-01-05 -0.024521  0.001920 -0.027262  0.024553
3 2000-01-06 -0.020391  0.000955 -0.008420 -0.008531
4 2000-01-07  0.001383  0.026730  0.022955  0.012463

```

```

[14]: data.isnull().sum()

```

```

[14]: date      0
      N225    205
      GSPC     0
      N100    36
      BVSP   143
      dtype: int64

```

```

[15]: data = data.fillna(method='ffill', limit=4)
      data.head()

```

```

[15]:
   date      N225      GSPC      N100      BVSP
0 2000-01-03    NaN -0.009595    NaN    NaN
1 2000-01-04    NaN -0.039099 -0.041794 -0.065855
2 2000-01-05 -0.024521  0.001920 -0.027262  0.024553
3 2000-01-06 -0.020391  0.000955 -0.008420 -0.008531
4 2000-01-07  0.001383  0.026730  0.022955  0.012463

```

```
[16]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[16]: date      0
      N225     6
      GSPC     0
      N100     1
      BVSP     1
      dtype: int64
```

```
[17]: data.dropna(inplace=True)
```

### 3 Analysis

```
[18]: data
```

```
[18]:
```

	date	N225	GSPC	N100	BVSP
2	2000-01-05	-0.024521	0.001920	-0.027262	0.024553
3	2000-01-06	-0.020391	0.000955	-0.008420	-0.008531
4	2000-01-07	0.001383	0.026730	0.022955	0.012463
5	2000-01-10	0.001383	0.011128	0.017163	0.042790
6	2000-01-11	0.001383	-0.013149	-0.006436	-0.026732
...	...	...	...	...	...
4886	2020-10-22	-0.007012	0.005205	-0.001982	0.013494
4887	2020-10-23	0.001801	0.003440	0.007600	-0.006477
4888	2020-10-26	-0.000947	-0.018764	-0.016265	-0.002403
4889	2020-10-27	-0.000364	-0.003030	-0.010426	-0.014066
4890	2020-10-28	-0.002869	-0.035926	-0.029471	-0.043469

```
[4885 rows x 5 columns]
```

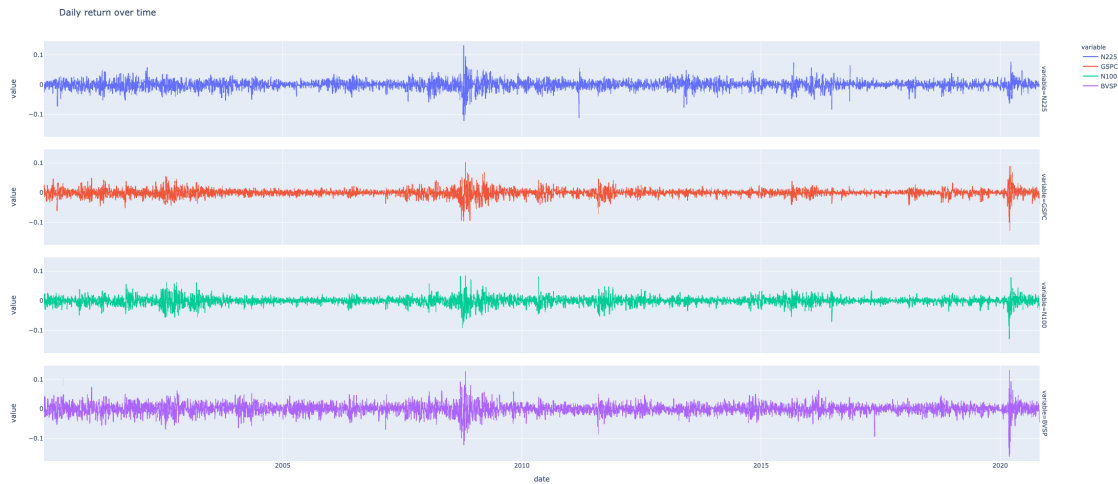
```
[19]: data.describe()
```

```
[19]:
```

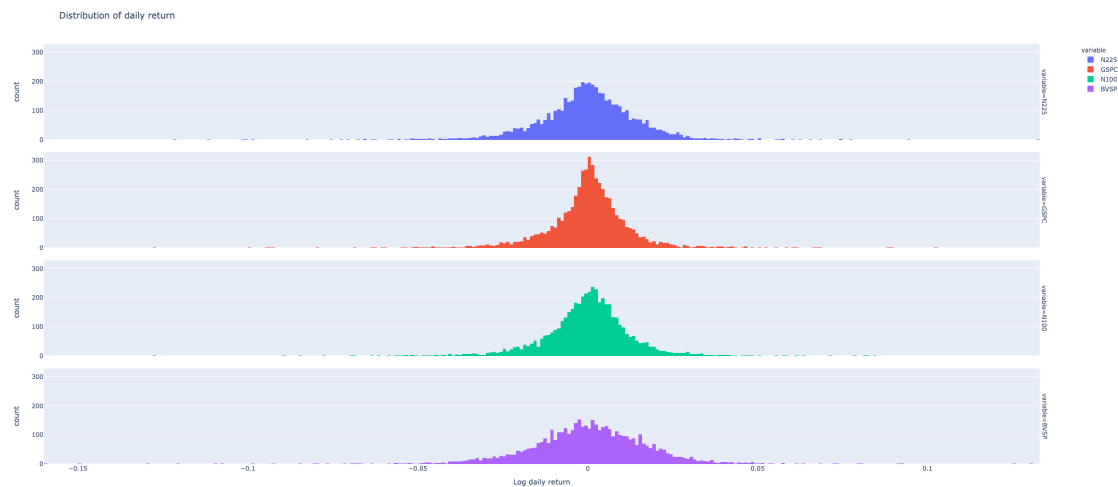
	N225	GSPC	N100	BVSP
count	4885.000000	4885.000000	4885.000000	4885.000000
mean	-0.000054	0.000154	0.000019	0.000352
std	0.014694	0.012465	0.013142	0.017945
min	-0.121110	-0.127652	-0.127517	-0.159930
25%	-0.007039	-0.004813	-0.005979	-0.009430
50%	0.000278	0.000588	0.000604	0.000584
75%	0.007945	0.005805	0.006518	0.010869
max	0.132346	0.102457	0.084688	0.130223

```
[20]: df = pd.melt(data, id_vars=['date'])
      px.line(df, x='date', y='value', color='variable', facet_row='variable',
      ↪title='Daily return over time', height=1000, width=1000)
```





```
[55]: px.histogram(df, x='value', color='variable', facet_row='variable', width=1000,
↳ height=1000, title='Distribution of daily return', labels={'value': 'Log
↳ daily return'})
```



### 3.1 Shannon entropy

```
[22]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[22]: date      0
      N225      0
      GSPC      0
      N100      0
```

```
BVSP      0
dtype: int64
```

```
[23]: data.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
[24]: print('entropy')
      for col in data.columns:
          if col != 'date':
              h = entropy(data[col].dropna().values.reshape(-1, 1), base=math.e)
              print(f"{col} : {h:.2f}")
```

```
entropy
N225 : -3.01
GSPC : -3.12
N100 : -3.05
BVSP : -2.70
```

### 3.2 Transfer Entropy - USA and Japan

```
[25]: select_data = data[['date', 'GSPC', 'N225']]
      select_data = select_data[select_data['date'] < '2020-10-01']
```

```
[26]: select_data['date'].describe(datetime_is_numeric=True)
```

```
[26]: count                4866
      mean    2010-03-07 07:41:39.136868096
      min           2000-01-05 00:00:00
      25%           2004-11-10 06:00:00
      50%           2010-01-28 12:00:00
      75%           2015-06-17 18:00:00
      max           2020-09-30 00:00:00
      Name: date, dtype: object
```

```
[27]: select_data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[27]: date      0
      GSPC      0
      N225      0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[28]: calc.list_calculators()
```

```
[28]: ['ActiveInfoStorageCalculatorKraskov',
      'ActiveInfoStorageCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov',
      'ConditionalMutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov',
      'ConditionalMutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov1',
      'ConditionalMutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov2',
```

```

'ConditionalTransferEntropyCalculatorKraskov',
'MultiInfoCalculatorKraskov',
'MultiInfoCalculatorKraskov1',
'MultiInfoCalculatorKraskov2',
'MutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov',
'MutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov1',
'MutualInfoCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov2',
'PredictiveInfoCalculatorKraskov',
'TransferEntropyCalculatorKraskov',
'TransferEntropyCalculatorMultiVariateKraskov']

```

### 3.2.1 Monthly

```

[29]: cols = ['year', 'month', 't_GSPCtoN225', 't_N225toGSPC']
indices = ['GSPC', 'N225']
K = 4
monthly_stats = []

for yr in range(1993, 2021):
    for mm in range(1, 13):
        t_data = select_data[(select_data['date'].dt.year == yr) &
        ↳(select_data['date'].dt.month == mm)]
        if len(t_data) > K:
            row = [yr, mm]
            row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data['GSPC'].values,
            ↳dest=t_data['N225'].values, k=1, nearest_neighbors=K),
            row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data['N225'].values,
            ↳dest=t_data['GSPC'].values, k=1, nearest_neighbors=K),
            monthly_stats += row,

monthly = pd.DataFrame(monthly_stats, columns=cols)
monthly['yymmdd'] = monthly['year'].astype(str) + '-' + monthly['month'].
↳astype(str)
monthly['yymmdd'] = pd.to_datetime(monthly['yymmdd'])
monthly.head()

```

```

[29]:   year  month  t_GSPCtoN225  t_N225toGSPC  yymmdd
0  2000      1    -0.012061    -0.059268  2000-01-01
1  2000      2     0.075308    -0.036129  2000-02-01
2  2000      3    -0.032728    -0.055256  2000-03-01
3  2000      4     0.118796     0.004676  2000-04-01
4  2000      5     0.175229    -0.031737  2000-05-01

```

```

[30]: f = lambda x: max(0, x)
monthly['t_GSPCtoN225'] = monthly['t_GSPCtoN225'].apply(f)
monthly['t_N225toGSPC'] = monthly['t_N225toGSPC'].apply(f)

```

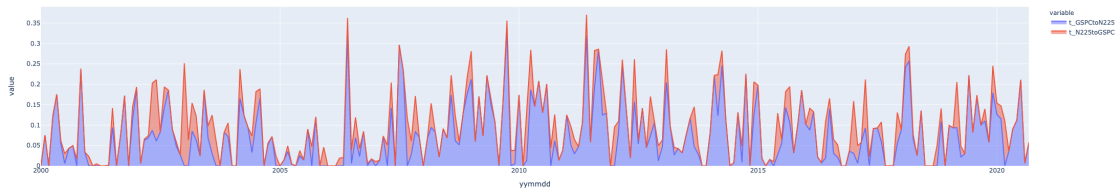
```
[31]: monthly.describe()
```

```
[31]:
```

	year	month	t_GSPCtoN225	t_N225toGSPC
count	249.000000	249.000000	249.000000	249.000000
mean	2009.879518	6.445783	0.074649	0.022053
std	6.002817	3.442803	0.075162	0.035816
min	2000.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2005.000000	3.000000	0.006179	0.000000
50%	2010.000000	6.000000	0.057980	0.000000
75%	2015.000000	9.000000	0.115554	0.033758
max	2020.000000	12.000000	0.331706	0.251322

```
[32]: # monthly.style.bar(subset=['t_GSPCtoN225', 't_N225toGSPC'], align='left',  
      ↪ color='#5fba7d')
```

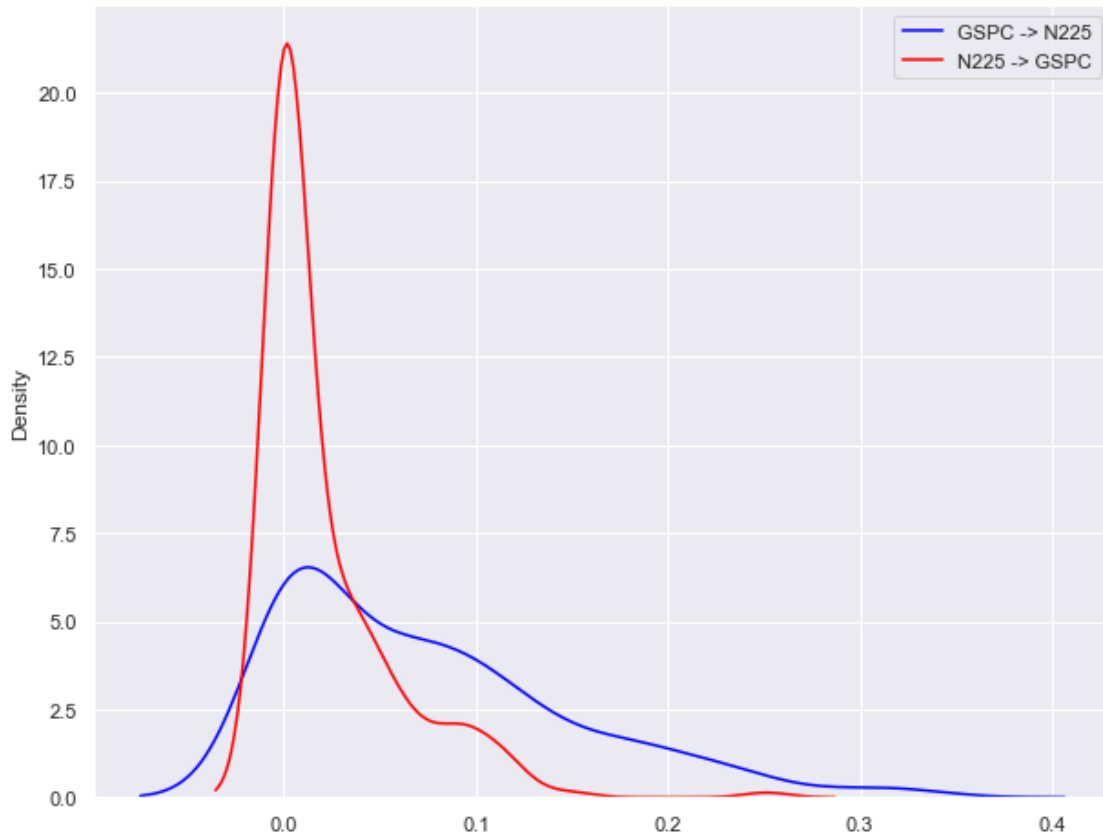
```
[33]: # where red area is above blue area is where SPY has more influence on Nikkei  
      ↪ than the other way around  
px.area(monthly, x='yymmdd', y=['t_GSPCtoN225', 't_N225toGSPC'])
```



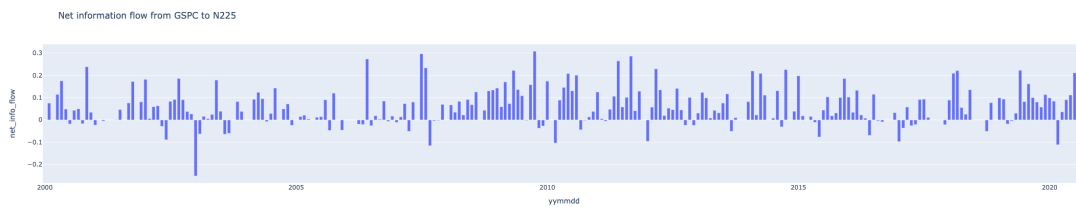
```
[34]: # px.line(monthly, x='yymmdd', y=['t_GSPCtoN225', 't_N225toGSPC'])
```

```
[35]: sns.kdeplot(monthly['t_GSPCtoN225'].values, color='blue', label='GSPC -> N225')  
sns.kdeplot(monthly['t_N225toGSPC'].values, color='red', label='N225 -> GSPC')  
plt.legend()
```

```
[35]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f8b11746c10>
```



```
[36]: f = lambda x: max(x, 0)
monthly['net_info_flow'] = monthly['t_GSPCtoN225'].apply(f) -
    monthly['t_N225toGSPC'].apply(f)
px.bar(monthly, x='yymmdd', y='net_info_flow', title='Net information flow from
    GSPC to N225')
```



```
[37]: # net information flow from GSPC -> N225
# monthly[['year', 'month', 'net_info_flow']].style.
    bar(subset=['net_info_flow'], align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'])
```

### 3.2.2 Yearly

```
[38]: cols = ['year', 't_GSPCtoN225', 't_N225toGSPC']
indices = ['GSPC', 'N225']
K = 4
yearly_stats = []

for yr in range(1993, 2021):
    t_data = select_data[select_data['date'].dt.year == yr]
    if len(t_data) > K:
        row = [yr]
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data['GSPC'].values,
→dest=t_data['N225'].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data['N225'].values,
→dest=t_data['GSPC'].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,

yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
yearly['yymmdd'] = yearly['year'].astype(str) + '-01-01'
yearly['yymmdd'] = pd.to_datetime(yearly['yymmdd'])
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly['t_GSPCtoN225'] = yearly['t_GSPCtoN225'].apply(f)
yearly['t_N225toGSPC'] = yearly['t_N225toGSPC'].apply(f)
```

```
[38]:
```

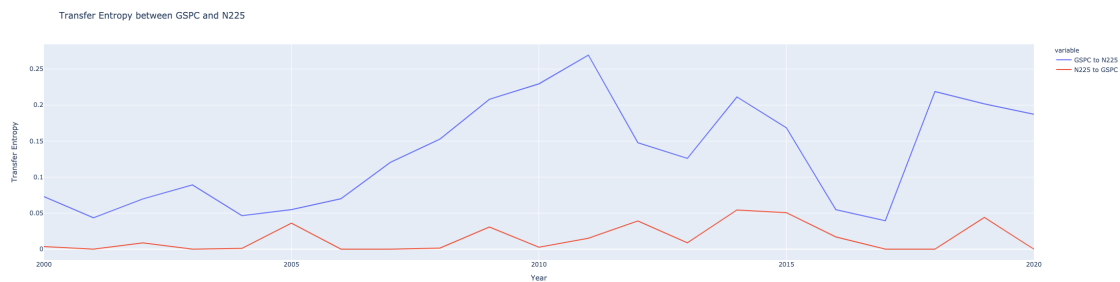
	year	t_GSPCtoN225	t_N225toGSPC	yymmdd
0	2000	0.072982	0.003568	2000-01-01
1	2001	0.043448	0.000000	2001-01-01
2	2002	0.069751	0.008767	2002-01-01
3	2003	0.089150	0.000000	2003-01-01
4	2004	0.046556	0.000993	2004-01-01
5	2005	0.054815	0.036079	2005-01-01
6	2006	0.069950	0.000000	2006-01-01
7	2007	0.120493	0.000000	2007-01-01
8	2008	0.152673	0.001503	2008-01-01
9	2009	0.207931	0.030833	2009-01-01
10	2010	0.229401	0.002642	2010-01-01
11	2011	0.269289	0.015190	2011-01-01
12	2012	0.147744	0.039211	2012-01-01
13	2013	0.125985	0.008871	2013-01-01
14	2014	0.211213	0.054382	2014-01-01
15	2015	0.168373	0.050655	2015-01-01
16	2016	0.054729	0.016947	2016-01-01
17	2017	0.039395	0.000000	2017-01-01
18	2018	0.218760	0.000000	2018-01-01
19	2019	0.201544	0.044058	2019-01-01
20	2020	0.187151	0.000000	2020-01-01

```
[44]: yearly.describe()
```

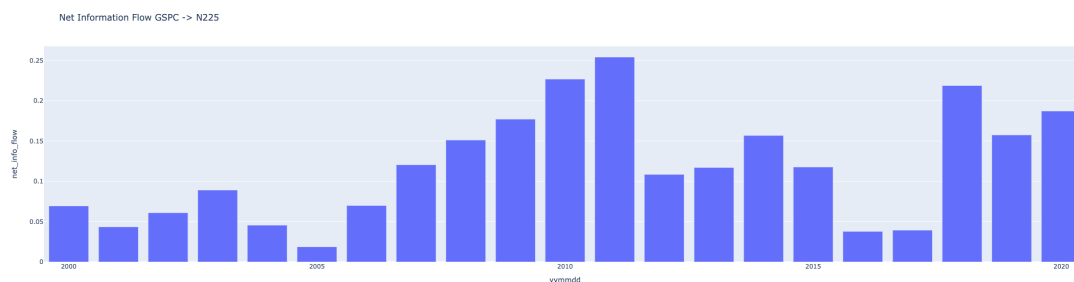
```
[44]:
```

	year	t_GSPCtoN225	t_N225toGSPC
count	21.000000	21.000000	21.000000
mean	2010.000000	0.132444	0.014938
std	6.204837	0.073019	0.019059
min	2000.000000	0.039395	0.000000
25%	2005.000000	0.069751	0.000000
50%	2010.000000	0.125985	0.003568
75%	2015.000000	0.201544	0.030833
max	2020.000000	0.269289	0.054382

```
[53]: px.line(yearly.rename(columns={'t_GSPCtoN225': 'GSPC to N225', 't_N225toGSPC': 'N225 to GSPC'}), x='year', y=['GSPC to N225', 'N225 to GSPC'],
↳ title='Transfer Entropy between GSPC and N225', width=1000, height=600,
↳ labels={'value': 'Transfer Entropy', 'year': 'Year'})
```



```
[46]: yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly['t_GSPCtoN225'].apply(f) -
↳ yearly['t_N225toGSPC'].apply(f)
px.bar(yearly, x='yymmdd', y='net_info_flow', title='Net Information Flow GSPC
↳ -> N225', width=1000, height=600)
```



```
[52]: # net information flow from GSPC -> N225
```

```
yearly.drop('yymmdd', 1).rename(columns={'t_GSPCtoN225': 'GSPC to N225',
→ 't_N225toGSPC': 'N225 to GSPC'}).style.bar(subset=['GSPC to N225', 'N225 to
→ GSPC', 'net_info_flow'], align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'],
→ axis=None)
```

[52]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8b126b7f10>

[48]: `print(yearly.drop('yymmdd', 1).to_markdown(index=False))`

year	t_GSPCtoN225	t_N225toGSPC	net_info_flow
2000	0.0729822	0.00356808	0.0694141
2001	0.0434476	0	0.0434476
2002	0.069751	0.00876744	0.0609835
2003	0.0891499	0	0.0891499
2004	0.0465559	0.0009934	0.0455625
2005	0.0548151	0.0360793	0.0187358
2006	0.0699504	0	0.0699504
2007	0.120493	0	0.120493
2008	0.152673	0.00150333	0.15117
2009	0.207931	0.0308328	0.177098
2010	0.229401	0.00264219	0.226759
2011	0.269289	0.0151899	0.254099
2012	0.147744	0.0392109	0.108533
2013	0.125985	0.00887057	0.117115
2014	0.211213	0.0543823	0.156831
2015	0.168373	0.0506552	0.117718
2016	0.0547295	0.0169466	0.0377829
2017	0.0393947	0	0.0393947
2018	0.21876	0	0.21876
2019	0.201544	0.0440583	0.157486
2020	0.187151	0	0.187151

### 3.2.3 All periods + statistical significance

[41]: `k = 1`

```
[56]: USAtoJP, p1 = calc.transfer_entropy(src=select_data['GSPC'].values,
→ dest=select_data['N225'].values, nearest_neighbors=K,
→ compute_significance=True, n_samples=100)
print(USAtoJP, p1)
USAtoJP, p1 = calc.transfer_entropy(src=select_data['GSPC'].values,
→ dest=select_data['N225'].values, nearest_neighbors=K,
→ compute_significance=True, n_samples=100, k=7)
print(USAtoJP, p1)
```

0.13255940049378423 0.0



0.09599340794637734 0.0

```
[57]: USAtoJP, p1 = calc.transfer_entropy(src=select_data['GSPC'].values,
      ↪dest=select_data['N225'].values, nearest_neighbors=K,
      ↪compute_significance=True, n_samples=100)
      JPtoUSA, p2 = calc.transfer_entropy(src=select_data['N225'].values,
      ↪dest=select_data['GSPC'].values, nearest_neighbors=K,
      ↪compute_significance=True, n_samples=100)
      print(USAtoJP, p1)
      print(JPtoUSA, p2)
      print(USAtoJP - JPtoUSA)
```

0.13265537558837215 0.0

0.01844362837195823 0.01

0.11421174721641392

```
[47]: if p1 < 0.05 and p2 < 0.05:
      print('statistically significant')
      else:
      print('not statistically significant')
```

statistically significant

### 3.3 Transfer Entropy - Japan and Brazil

```
[56]: select_data = data[['date', 'N225', 'BVSP']]
      select_data = select_data[select_data['date'] < '2020-10-01']
```

```
[57]: cols = ['year', 't_N225toBVSP', 't_BVSPtoN225']
      indices = ['N225', 'BVSP']
      K = 4
      yearly_stats = []

      for yr in range(1993, 2021):
          t_data = select_data[select_data['date'].dt.year == yr]
          if len(t_data) > K:
              row = [yr]
              row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data['N225'].values,
              ↪dest=t_data['BVSP'].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
              row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data['BVSP'].values,
              ↪dest=t_data['N225'].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
              yearly_stats += row,

      yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
      yearly['yymmdd'] = yearly['year'].astype(str) + '-01-01'
      yearly['yymmdd'] = pd.to_datetime(yearly['yymmdd'])
      f = lambda x: max(0, x)
```

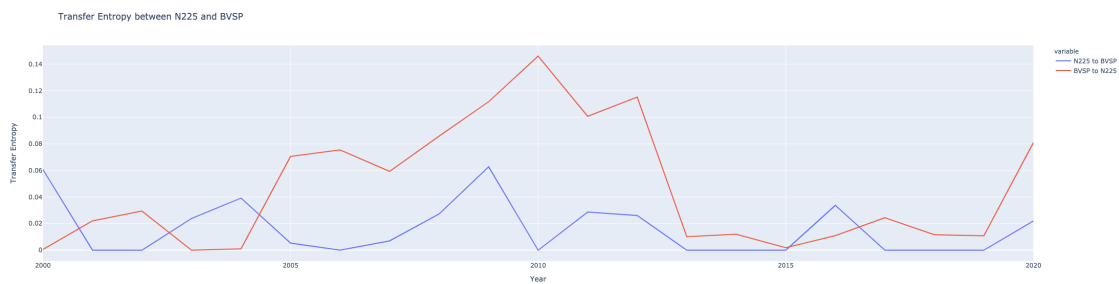
```
yearly['t_N225toBVSP'] = yearly['t_N225toBVSP'].apply(f)
yearly['t_BVSPtoN225'] = yearly['t_BVSPtoN225'].apply(f)
```

```
[58]: yearly.describe()
```

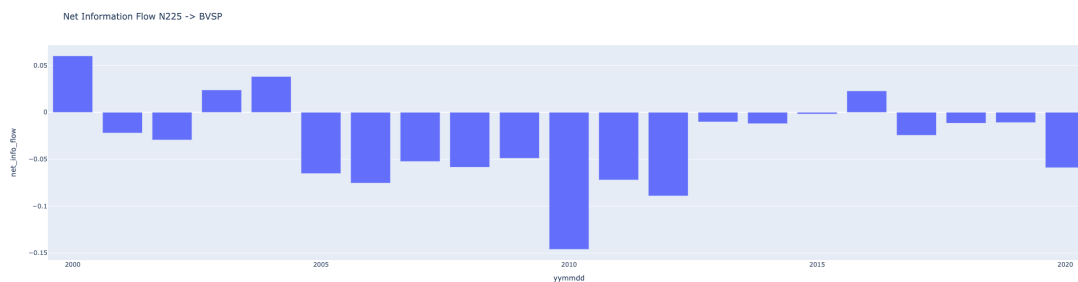
```
[58]:
```

	year	t_N225toBVSP	t_BVSPtoN225
count	21.000000	21.000000	21.000000
mean	2010.000000	0.016027	0.046686
std	6.204837	0.020345	0.045892
min	2000.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2005.000000	0.000000	0.010862
50%	2010.000000	0.005340	0.024410
75%	2015.000000	0.027285	0.080967
max	2020.000000	0.062779	0.146024

```
[59]: px.line(yearly.rename(columns={'t_N225toBVSP': 'N225 to BVSP', 't_BVSPtoN225': 'BVSP to N225'}), x='year', y=['N225 to BVSP', 'BVSP to N225'],
↳ title='Transfer Entropy between N225 and BVSP', width=1000, height=600,
↳ labels={'value': 'Transfer Entropy', 'year': 'Year'})
```



```
[60]: yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly['t_N225toBVSP'] - yearly['t_BVSPtoN225']
px.bar(yearly, x='yymmdd', y='net_info_flow', title='Net Information Flow N225_
↳ BVSP', width=1000, height=600)
```



```
[61]: # net information flow from N225 -> BVSP
yearly.drop('yymmdd', 1).rename(columns={'t_N225toBVSP': 'N225 to BVSP',
↳ 't_BVSPtoN225': 'BVSP to N225'}).style.bar(subset=['N225 to BVSP', 'BVSP to
↳ N225', 'net_info_flow'], align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'],
↳ axis=None)
```

```
[61]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8b129babd0>
```

### 3.3.1 All periods + statistical significance

```
[62]: k = 1
```

```
[63]: JPtoBVSP, p1 = calc.transfer_entropy(src=select_data['N225'].values,
↳ dest=select_data['BVSP'].values, nearest_neighbors=K,
↳ compute_significance=True, n_samples=100)
BVSPtoJP, p2 = calc.transfer_entropy(src=select_data['BVSP'].values,
↳ dest=select_data['N225'].values, nearest_neighbors=K,
↳ compute_significance=True, n_samples=100)
print(JPtoBVSP, p1)
print(BVSPtoJP, p2)
print(JPtoBVSP - BVSPtoJP)
```

```
0.009472571032241195 0.17
0.03597280447156126 0.0
-0.026500233439320064
```

```
[64]: if p1 < 0.05 and p2 < 0.05:
    print('statistically significant')
else:
    print('not statistically significant')
```

```
not statistically significant
```

## 3.4 Transfer Entropy Matrix / Contribution

```
[78]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[78]: date      0
      N225     0
      GSPC     0
      N100     0
      BVSP     0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[79]: data['date'].describe(datetime_is_numeric=True)
```

```
[79]: count          4885
      mean    2010-03-22 09:22:08.720573184
      min      2000-01-05 00:00:00
      25%      2004-11-17 00:00:00
      50%      2010-02-12 00:00:00
      75%      2015-07-10 00:00:00
      max      2020-10-28 00:00:00
      Name: date, dtype: object
```

```
[80]: indices = [col for col in data.columns if col != 'date']
      indices
```

```
[80]: ['N225', 'GSPC', 'N100', 'BVSP']
```

```
[81]: all_transfer_entropy = np.zeros((len(indices), len(indices)))
      all_transfer_entropy.shape
```

```
[81]: (4, 4)
```

```
[82]: for src_idx in range(len(indices)):
      for dest_idx in range(len(indices)):
          all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = calc.
          ↪transfer_entropy(src=data[indices[src_idx]].values,
                           ↪dest=data[indices[dest_idx]].values,
                           ↪nearest_neighbors=K)
          all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = max(0,
          ↪all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx])
```

Row index -> source index

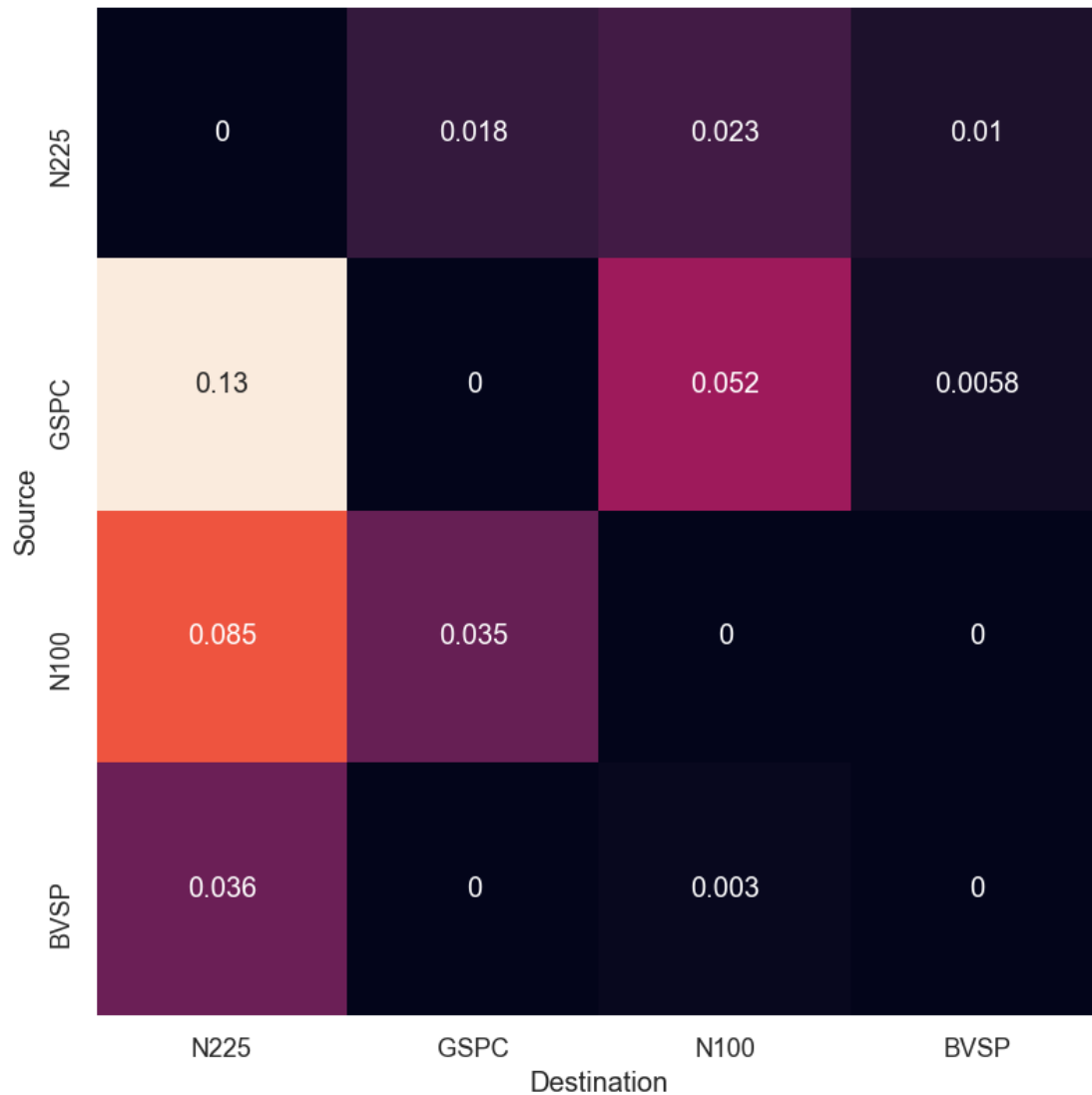
Column -> Destination index

```
[83]: df = pd.DataFrame(all_transfer_entropy, columns=indices, index=indices)
      df.style.background_gradient(axis=None)
```

```
[83]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8b12852ad0>
```

```
[84]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,8), dpi=120)
      sns.heatmap(df, annot=True, square=True, cbar=False)
      plt.ylabel('Source')
      plt.xlabel('Destination')
```

```
[84]: Text(0.5, 79.5, 'Destination')
```



### 3.5 Total Transfer Entropy Contribution by Market

```
[85]: # row wise summation = summation by source
te = df.values.sum(axis=1)
# normalize
te /= te.sum()

df = pd.DataFrame(np.stack([indices, te]).T, columns=['ETF',
↳ 'Transfer_entropy_contrib'])
df.rename(columns={'ETF': 'index'}, inplace=True)
df.sort_values('Transfer_entropy_contrib', ascending=False, inplace=True)
df
```

```
[85]: index Transfer_entropy_contrib
1  GSPC      0.4741071138363235
2  N100      0.29966909312946194
0  N225      0.1278768951474355
3  BVSP      0.09834689788677912
```

```
[86]: print(df.to_markdown(index=False))
```

```
| index | Transfer_entropy_contrib |
|:-----|:-----:|
| GSPC | 0.474107 |
| N100 | 0.299669 |
| N225 | 0.127877 |
| BVSP | 0.0983469 |
```

## 4 Industry-level information transfer

### 4.1 ETF used

Index	Name	Industry	Source
USO	United States Oil Fund	Oil	<a href="#">Link</a>
ICLN	iShares Global Clean Energy ETF	Renewable Energy	<a href="#">Link</a>
JETS	U.S. Global Jets ETF	Airline	<a href="#">Link</a>
IYT	iShares Transportation Average ETF	Transportation	<a href="#">Link</a>
XLP	Consumer Staples Select Sector SPDR Fund	Consumer staples	<a href="#">Link</a>
SMH	VanEck Vectors Semiconductor ETF	Semiconductor	<a href="#">Link</a>
IXP	iShares Global Comm Services ETF	Telecom	<a href="#">Link</a>
VGT	Vanguard Information Technology Index Fund	Technology	<a href="#">Link</a>
XPH	SPDR S&P Pharmaceuticals ETF	Pharmaceutical	<a href="#">Link</a>

```
[87]: industries = {
    'USO' : 'Oil',
    'ICLN': 'Renewable Energy',
    'JETS': 'Airline',
    'IYT' : 'Transportation',
    'XLP' : 'Consumer Staples',
    'SMH' : 'Semiconductor',
    'IXP' : 'Telecom',
    'VGT': 'Technology',
    'XPH' : 'Pharmaceutical'
}
```

## 4.2 Import data

```
[88]: dfs = {}
      path = 'data/etf'
      for file in os.listdir(path):
          if file.endswith('.csv'):
              fn, ext = os.path.splitext(file)
              dfs[fn] = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(path, file))

      dfs.keys()
```

```
[88]: dict_keys(['XPH', 'SMH', 'ICLN', 'JETS', 'XLP', 'USO', 'IXP', 'IYT', 'VGT'])
```

```
[89]: for df in dfs.values():
      df.columns = [col.lower().replace(' ', '_') for col in df.columns]
      df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
```

```
[90]: for key in dfs.keys():
      print(f"{key:>4} {dfs[key]['date'].dt.date.min()} {dfs[key]['date'].dt.date.
      ↪max()}")
```

```
XPH 2006-07-03 2020-10-30
SMH 2000-07-03 2020-10-30
ICLN 2008-07-01 2020-10-30
JETS 2015-05-01 2020-10-30
XLP 1999-01-04 2020-10-30
USO 2006-05-01 2020-10-30
IXP 2001-12-03 2020-10-30
IYT 2004-01-05 2020-10-30
VGT 2004-02-02 2020-10-30
```

```
[91]: for df in dfs.values():
      df['daily_return'] = daily_return(df)
```

```
[92]: from functools import reduce
      cols = ['open', 'high', 'low', 'close', 'adj_close', 'volume']

      for key in dfs.keys():
          dfs[key].rename(columns={'daily_return': key}, inplace=True)
          dfs[key].drop(cols, 1, inplace=True)

      f = lambda left, right: pd.merge(left, right, on='date', how='outer')
      etf = reduce(f, dfs.values())
      etf.head()
```

```
[92]:      date  XPH      SMH  ICLN  JETS      XLP      USO      IXP  \
0 2006-07-03  NaN  0.012981  NaN   NaN  0.005771  0.002291  0.007590
1 2006-07-05  0.0 -0.027982  NaN   NaN -0.008254  0.015185 -0.007019
```

```

2 2006-07-06  0.0 -0.001762  NaN  NaN  0.011537 -0.003245  0.003610
3 2006-07-07  0.0 -0.016220  NaN  NaN -0.002050 -0.013085 -0.004753
4 2006-07-10  0.0 -0.022580  NaN  NaN  0.006138 -0.004160  0.002855

```

```

      IYT      VGT
0  0.011234  0.010543
1 -0.011911 -0.022512
2 -0.007147  0.002187
3 -0.008921 -0.012308
4  0.004471 -0.015377

```

```
[93]: etf.isnull().sum()
```

```

[93]: date      0
      XPH      1886
      SMH      379
      ICLN     2388
      JETS     4108
      XLP       1
      USO     1842
      IXP      733
      IYT     1258
      VGT     1277
      dtype: int64

```

### 4.3 Transfer Entropy of all pairs of indices

```
[94]: cols = [col for col in etf.columns if col != 'date']
      cols
```

```
[94]: ['XPH', 'SMH', 'ICLN', 'JETS', 'XLP', 'USO', 'IXP', 'IYT', 'VGT']
```

```
[95]: all_transfer_entropy = np.zeros((len(cols), len(cols)))
      all_transfer_entropy.shape
```

```
[95]: (9, 9)
```

#### 4.3.1 Use all of the available historical data for each index

```

[96]: for src_idx in range(len(cols)):
      for dest_idx in range(len(cols)):
          if src_idx == dest_idx:
              continue

          src = etf[['date'] + [cols[src_idx]]]
          dest = etf[['date'] + [cols[dest_idx]]]
          merged = pd.merge(src, dest, on='date', how='inner').copy()

```



```

merged.dropna(inplace=True)

all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = calc.
↪transfer_entropy(src=merged[cols[src_idx]].values,
↪dest=merged[cols[dest_idx]].values,
↪nearest_neighbors=K)
all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = max(0,
↪all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx])

```

```

[97]: df = pd.DataFrame(all_transfer_entropy, columns=cols, index=cols)
df.style.background_gradient(axis=None)

```

```

[97]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8b1298f590>

```

```

[98]: ticker_to_industry = lambda x: industries[x]
df.columns = [ticker_to_industry(ticker) for ticker in df.columns]
df.index = [ticker_to_industry(ticker) for ticker in df.index]
df.style.background_gradient(axis=None)

```

```

[98]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8b12852e10>

```

```

[99]: # row wise summation = summation by source
te = df.values.sum(axis=1)
# normalize
te /= te.sum()

df = pd.DataFrame(np.stack([cols, te]).T, columns=['ETF',
↪'Transfer_entropy_contrib'])
df.sort_values('Transfer_entropy_contrib', ascending=False, inplace=True)
df['industry'] = df['ETF'].apply(lambda x: industries[x])
df

```

```

[99]:
ETF Transfer_entropy_contrib industry
7 IYT 0.2229089063035986 Transportation
4 XLP 0.1422407073484226 Consumer Staples
2 ICLN 0.13639612259834097 Renewable Energy
8 VGT 0.11511357133209087 Technology
0 XPH 0.11480261503962244 Pharmaceutical
5 USO 0.08600950827792316 Oil
1 SMH 0.07132517041182107 Semiconductor
6 IXP 0.0641120836721178 Telecom
3 JETS 0.04709131501606252 Airline

```

#### 4.3.2 Use the longest contiguous intersection of all ETF (2015-05-02 to 2020-10-31)

```
[100]: for src_idx in range(len(cols)):
        for dest_idx in range(len(cols)):
            if src_idx == dest_idx:
                continue

            src = etf[['date'] + [cols[src_idx]]]
            dest = etf[['date'] + [cols[dest_idx]]]
            merged = pd.merge(src, dest, on='date', how='outer').copy()
            merged = merged[merged.date > '2015-05-02']

            all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = calc.
            ↪transfer_entropy(src=merged[cols[src_idx]].values,
                                dest=merged[cols[dest_idx]].values,
                                nearest_neighbors=K)
            all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = max(0,
            ↪all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx])

[101]: df = pd.DataFrame(all_transfer_entropy, columns=cols, index=cols)
df.style.background_gradient(axis=None)

[101]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8af7a17090>

[102]: ticker_to_industry = lambda x: industries[x]
df.columns = [ticker_to_industry(ticker) for ticker in df.columns]
df.index = [ticker_to_industry(ticker) for ticker in df.index]
df.style.background_gradient(axis=None)

[102]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8af5642b50>

[103]: # row wise summation = summation by source
te = df.values.sum(axis=1)
# normalize
te /= te.sum()

df = pd.DataFrame(np.stack([cols, te]).T, columns=['ETF',
            ↪'Transfer_entropy_contrib'])
df.sort_values('Transfer_entropy_contrib', ascending=False, inplace=True)
df['industry'] = df['ETF'].apply(lambda x: industries[x])
df

[103]:      ETF Transfer_entropy_contrib      industry
2  ICLN      0.23856391478416747  Renewable Energy
0   XPH      0.1437416568856891    Pharmaceutical
```

8	VGT	0.11927204357993224	Technology
6	IXP	0.11177475356069354	Telecom
5	USO	0.11154768415167443	Oil
4	XLP	0.09877226601577095	Consumer Staples
1	SMH	0.09037700748699166	Semiconductor
3	JETS	0.04896883693696498	Airline
7	IYT	0.03698183659811564	Transportation

#### 4.4 Yearly transfer entropy contribution

```
[104]: columns = ['Year'] + cols
columns
```

```
[104]: ['Year', 'XPH', 'SMH', 'ICLN', 'JETS', 'XLP', 'USO', 'IXP', 'IYT', 'VGT']
```

```
[105]: etf['date'].describe(datetime_is_numeric=True)
```

```
[105]: count          5494
mean    2009-12-03 09:06:13.498361856
min      1999-01-04 00:00:00
25%      2004-06-22 06:00:00
50%      2009-12-02 12:00:00
75%      2015-05-19 18:00:00
max      2020-10-30 00:00:00
Name: date, dtype: object
```

```
[106]: etf[etf['date'].dt.year == 2001]
```

```
[106]:
```

	date	XPH	SMH	ICLN	JETS	XLP	USO	IXP	IYT	VGT
3735	2001-01-02	NaN	-0.014388	NaN	NaN	-0.013216	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3736	2001-01-03	NaN	0.152374	NaN	NaN	-0.047100	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3737	2001-01-04	NaN	-0.031422	NaN	NaN	-0.040314	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3738	2001-01-05	NaN	-0.061669	NaN	NaN	0.006632	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3739	2001-01-08	NaN	0.014336	NaN	NaN	0.006588	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3978	2001-12-24	NaN	-0.008629	NaN	NaN	-0.000389	NaN	0.000687	NaN	NaN
3979	2001-12-26	NaN	0.008867	NaN	NaN	0.002715	NaN	-0.002946	NaN	NaN
3980	2001-12-27	NaN	0.017268	NaN	NaN	-0.006216	NaN	0.012313	NaN	NaN
3981	2001-12-28	NaN	0.012353	NaN	NaN	-0.004296	NaN	0.005038	NaN	NaN
3982	2001-12-31	NaN	-0.031054	NaN	NaN	-0.005888	NaN	-0.001547	NaN	NaN

[248 rows x 10 columns]

```
[107]: data = []
for year in range(2002, 2021):
    for src_idx in range(len(cols)):
        for dest_idx in range(len(cols)):
```

```

        if src_idx == dest_idx:
            continue

        logic = etf['date'].dt.year == year
        src = etf.loc[logic, ['date'] + [cols[src_idx]]]
        dest = etf.loc[logic, ['date'] + [cols[dest_idx]]]
        merged = pd.merge(src, dest, on='date', how='outer').copy()
        merged.dropna(inplace=True)
        if len(merged) > 180:
            all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = calc.
↪transfer_entropy(src=merged[cols[src_idx]].values,

↪dest=merged[cols[dest_idx]].values,

↪nearest_neighbors=K)
            all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = max(0,
↪all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx])
        else:
            all_transfer_entropy[src_idx][dest_idx] = 0

        # row wise summation by source, and then normalize
        te = all_transfer_entropy.sum(axis=1)
        te /= te.sum()
        data += [year] + list(te),

```

```
[108]: data = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=columns)
```

```
[109]: data
```

```
[109]:
```

	Year	XPH	SMH	ICLN	JETS	XLP	USO	\
0	2002	0.000000	0.364597	0.000000	0.000000	0.539070	0.000000	
1	2003	0.000000	0.286339	0.000000	0.000000	0.484021	0.000000	
2	2004	0.000000	0.057432	0.000000	0.000000	0.128923	0.000000	
3	2005	0.000000	0.200727	0.000000	0.000000	0.111811	0.000000	
4	2006	0.000000	0.139536	0.000000	0.000000	0.244650	0.000000	
5	2007	0.022541	0.098821	0.000000	0.000000	0.039768	0.212414	
6	2008	0.206646	0.027069	0.000000	0.000000	0.046786	0.253242	
7	2009	0.025755	0.080795	0.067516	0.000000	0.239111	0.085411	
8	2010	0.073745	0.036852	0.160768	0.000000	0.005945	0.247680	
9	2011	0.152762	0.021780	0.002930	0.000000	0.245663	0.196458	
10	2012	0.106432	0.044908	0.127207	0.000000	0.035722	0.161529	
11	2013	0.155283	0.136378	0.136522	0.000000	0.108491	0.080565	
12	2014	0.157030	0.074150	0.174653	0.000000	0.017763	0.142595	
13	2015	0.134811	0.066876	0.121720	0.000000	0.081651	0.123798	
14	2016	0.029579	0.082583	0.204172	0.171032	0.095286	0.078596	
15	2017	0.044018	0.073447	0.089890	0.092513	0.127620	0.133536	
16	2018	0.085472	0.171393	0.018200	0.082158	0.115975	0.103253	

```

17 2019 0.105809 0.122708 0.091650 0.222176 0.105966 0.118576
18 2020 0.137132 0.132625 0.118430 0.019367 0.236226 0.023927

```

```

      IXP      IYT      VGT
0  0.096333 0.000000 0.000000
1  0.229640 0.000000 0.000000
2  0.253710 0.423001 0.136933
3  0.089557 0.357002 0.240904
4  0.226709 0.299499 0.089606
5  0.068317 0.280944 0.277195
6  0.200239 0.106582 0.159435
7  0.103912 0.254824 0.142676
8  0.270893 0.074315 0.129802
9  0.127701 0.065046 0.187659
10 0.155648 0.112169 0.256384
11 0.164030 0.122356 0.096376
12 0.144187 0.116789 0.172834
13 0.240952 0.119078 0.111114
14 0.169752 0.062957 0.106043
15 0.105533 0.231636 0.101807
16 0.194237 0.097198 0.132113
17 0.083357 0.057421 0.092337
18 0.156445 0.095328 0.080518

```

```

[110]: data.columns = [industries[col] if col != 'Year' else col for col in data.
      ↪columns]
data

```

```

[110]:
   Year  Pharmaceutical  Semiconductor  Renewable Energy  Airline  \
0  2002           0.000000           0.364597           0.000000  0.000000
1  2003           0.000000           0.286339           0.000000  0.000000
2  2004           0.000000           0.057432           0.000000  0.000000
3  2005           0.000000           0.200727           0.000000  0.000000
4  2006           0.000000           0.139536           0.000000  0.000000
5  2007           0.022541           0.098821           0.000000  0.000000
6  2008           0.206646           0.027069           0.000000  0.000000
7  2009           0.025755           0.080795           0.067516  0.000000
8  2010           0.073745           0.036852           0.160768  0.000000
9  2011           0.152762           0.021780           0.002930  0.000000
10 2012           0.106432           0.044908           0.127207  0.000000
11 2013           0.155283           0.136378           0.136522  0.000000
12 2014           0.157030           0.074150           0.174653  0.000000
13 2015           0.134811           0.066876           0.121720  0.000000
14 2016           0.029579           0.082583           0.204172  0.171032
15 2017           0.044018           0.073447           0.089890  0.092513
16 2018           0.085472           0.171393           0.018200  0.082158
17 2019           0.105809           0.122708           0.091650  0.222176

```

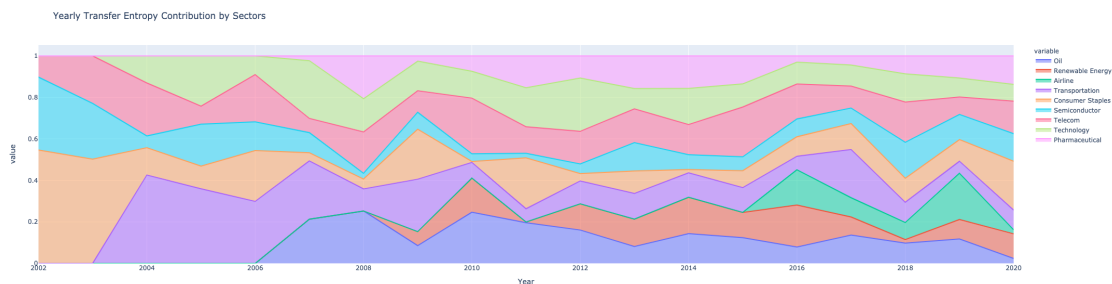
```
18 2020          0.137132      0.132625          0.118430  0.019367
```

	Consumer Staples	Oil	Telecom	Transportation	Technology
0	0.539070	0.000000	0.096333	0.000000	0.000000
1	0.484021	0.000000	0.229640	0.000000	0.000000
2	0.128923	0.000000	0.253710	0.423001	0.136933
3	0.111811	0.000000	0.089557	0.357002	0.240904
4	0.244650	0.000000	0.226709	0.299499	0.089606
5	0.039768	0.212414	0.068317	0.280944	0.277195
6	0.046786	0.253242	0.200239	0.106582	0.159435
7	0.239111	0.085411	0.103912	0.254824	0.142676
8	0.005945	0.247680	0.270893	0.074315	0.129802
9	0.245663	0.196458	0.127701	0.065046	0.187659
10	0.035722	0.161529	0.155648	0.112169	0.256384
11	0.108491	0.080565	0.164030	0.122356	0.096376
12	0.017763	0.142595	0.144187	0.116789	0.172834
13	0.081651	0.123798	0.240952	0.119078	0.111114
14	0.095286	0.078596	0.169752	0.062957	0.106043
15	0.127620	0.133536	0.105533	0.231636	0.101807
16	0.115975	0.103253	0.194237	0.097198	0.132113
17	0.105966	0.118576	0.083357	0.057421	0.092337
18	0.236226	0.023927	0.156445	0.095328	0.080518

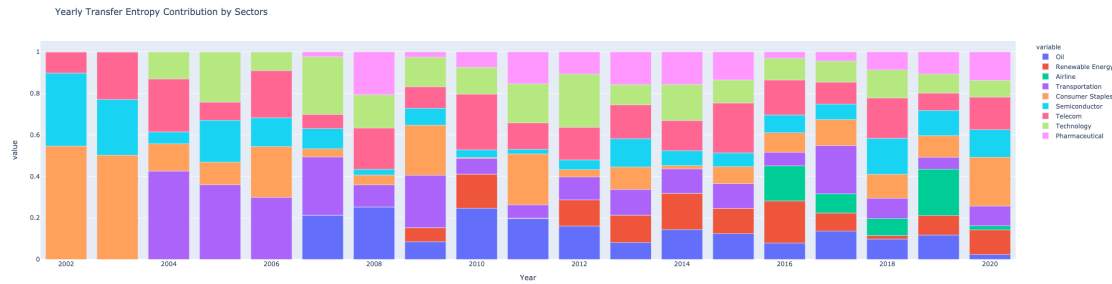
```
[117]: data.style.background_gradient(axis=0, subset=list(industries.values()))
```

```
[117]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7f8af7a3df90>
```

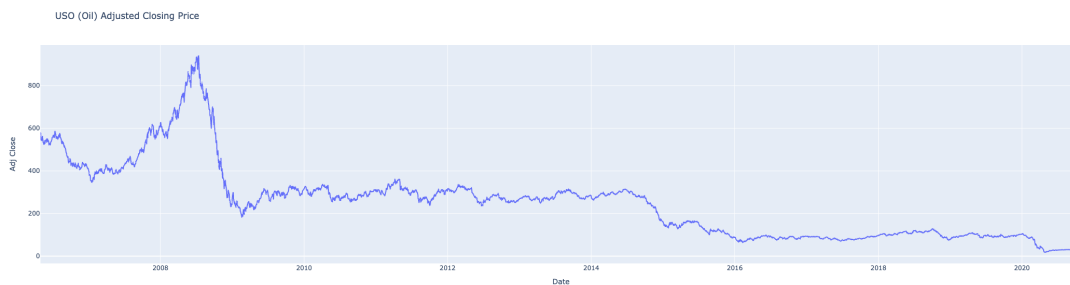
```
[72]: px.area(data, x='Year', y=list(industries.values()), title='Yearly Transfer_
      ↪Entropy Contribution by Sectors', width=1000, height=600)
```



```
[73]: px.bar(data, x='Year', y=list(industries.values()), title='Yearly Transfer_
      ↪Entropy Contribution by Sectors', width=1000, height=600)
```



```
[127]: df = pd.read_csv('data/etf/USO.csv')
px.line(df, x='Date', y='Adj Close', width=1000, height=600, title='USO (Oil)')
      ↳ Adjusted Closing Price')
```



## 4.5 Net information flow between industries

### 4.5.1 Oil & Transportation

```
[73]: selected_ind = ['USO', 'IYT']
cols = ['year', f'{selected_ind[0]}to{selected_ind[1]}',
      ↳ f'{selected_ind[1]}to{selected_ind[0]}']
K = 4
yearly_stats = []

for yr in range(2000, 2021):
    t_data = etf.loc[etf['date'].dt.year == yr, selected_ind].copy()
    t_data.dropna(inplace=True)
    if len(t_data) > K:
        row = [yr]
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values,
      ↳ dest=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values,
      ↳ dest=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,
```

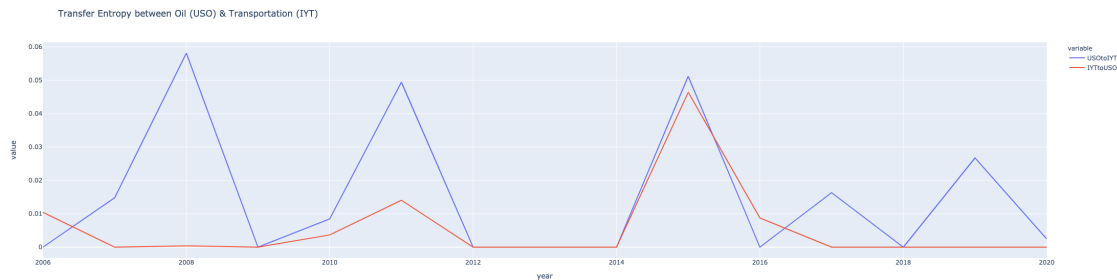
```
yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly[cols[1]] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f)
yearly[cols[2]] = yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]] - yearly[cols[2]]
```

```
[74]: yearly.describe()
```

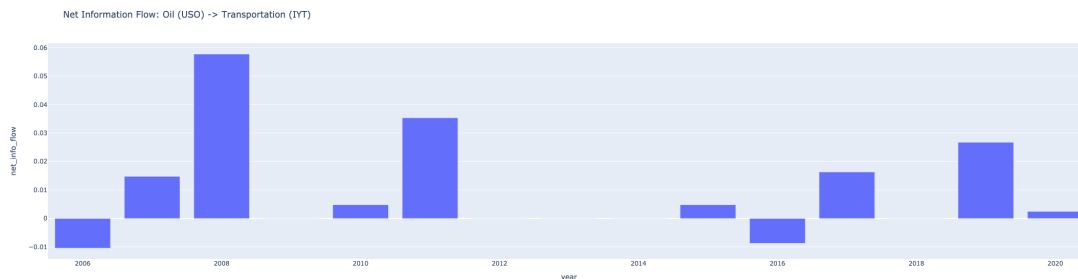
```
[74]:
```

	year	US0toIYT	IYTtoUS0	net_info_flow
count	15.000000	15.000000	15.000000	15.000000
mean	2013.000000	0.015166	0.005575	0.009590
std	4.472136	0.021157	0.012192	0.018208
min	2006.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.010429
25%	2009.500000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	2013.000000	0.002459	0.000000	0.002459
75%	2016.500000	0.021527	0.006197	0.015548
max	2020.000000	0.058124	0.046387	0.057743

```
[75]: px.line(yearly, x='year', y=cols[1:], title=f'Transfer Entropy between_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) &_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[76]: px.bar(yearly, x='year', y='net_info_flow', title=f'Net Information Flow:_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) ->_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```





```
[77]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected_ind[0]} -> {selected_ind[1]}')
yearly.style.bar(subset=[col for col in yearly.columns if col != 'year'],
    ↪align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'], axis=None)
```

Net Information Flow USO -> IYT

```
[77]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd488609bd0>
```

## 4.5.2 Oil & Renewable Energy

```
[78]: selected_ind = ['USO', 'ICLN']
cols = ['year', f'{selected_ind[0]}to{selected_ind[1]}',
    ↪f'{selected_ind[1]}to{selected_ind[0]}']
K = 4
yearly_stats = []

for yr in range(2000, 2021):
    t_data = etf.loc[etf['date'].dt.year == yr, selected_ind].copy()
    t_data.dropna(inplace=True)
    if len(t_data) > K:
        row = [yr]
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values,
    ↪dest=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values,
    ↪dest=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,

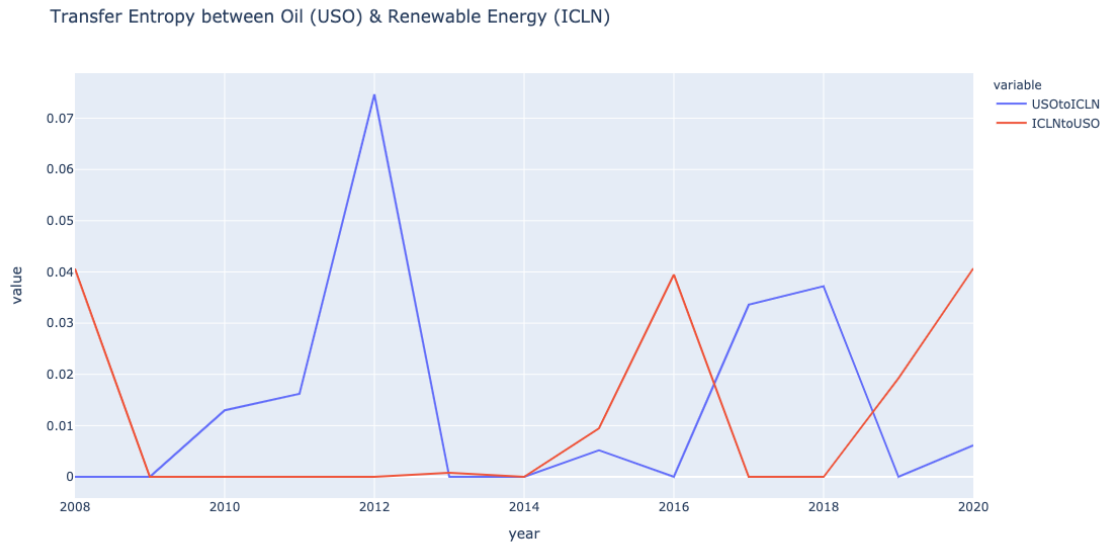
yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly[cols[1]] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f)
yearly[cols[2]] = yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]] - yearly[cols[2]]
```

```
[79]: yearly.describe()
```

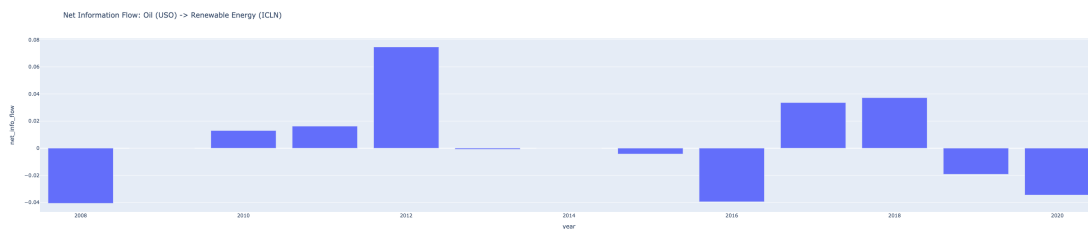
```
[79]:
```

	year	USOtoICLN	ICLNtoUSO	net_info_flow
count	13.00000	13.000000	13.000000	13.000000
mean	2014.00000	0.014307	0.011559	0.002747
std	3.89444	0.022215	0.017292	0.033181
min	2008.00000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.040631
25%	2011.00000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.019226
50%	2014.00000	0.005174	0.000000	0.000000
75%	2017.00000	0.016212	0.019226	0.016212
max	2020.00000	0.074654	0.040689	0.074654

```
[80]: px.line(yearly, x='year', y=cols[1:], title=f'Transfer Entropy between_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) &_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[81]: px.bar(yearly, x='year', y='net_info_flow', title=f'Net Information Flow:_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) ->_
↳ {industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[82]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected_ind[0]} -> {selected_ind[1]}')
yearly.style.bar(subset=[col for col in yearly.columns if col != 'year'],_
↳ align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'], axis=None)
```

Net Information Flow USO -> ICLN

```
[82]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd487a7da50>
```

### 4.5.3 Oil & Technology

```
[83]: selected_ind = ['USO', 'VGT']
cols = ['year', f'{selected_ind[0]}to{selected_ind[1]}',
        f'{selected_ind[1]}to{selected_ind[0]}']
K = 4
yearly_stats = []

for yr in range(2000, 2021):
    t_data = etf.loc[etf['date'].dt.year == yr, selected_ind].copy()
    t_data.dropna(inplace=True)
    if len(t_data) > K:
        row = [yr]
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values,
        dest=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values,
        dest=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,

yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly[cols[1]] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f)
yearly[cols[2]] = yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]] - yearly[cols[2]]
```

```
[84]: yearly.describe()
```

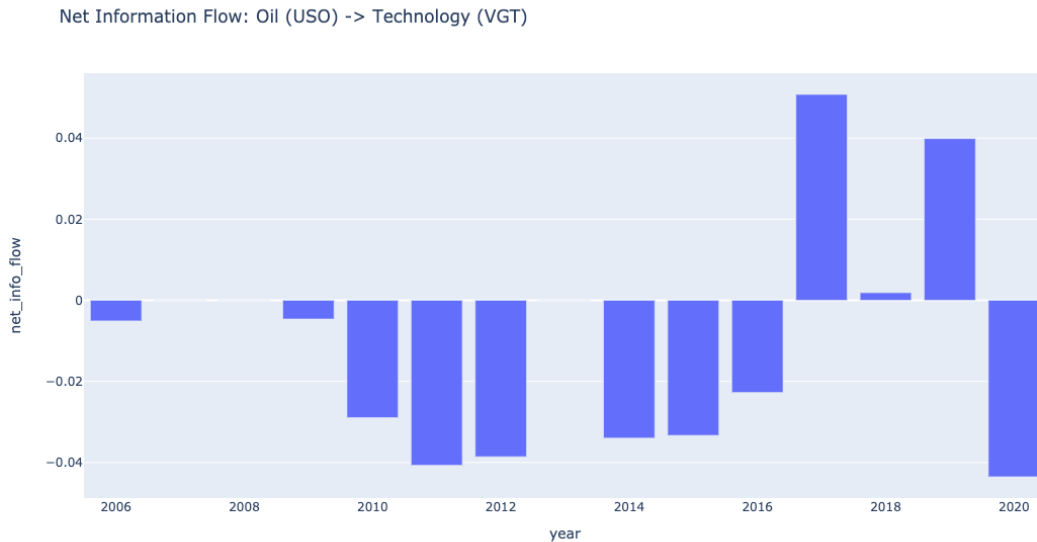
```
[84]:
```

	year	USOtoVGT	VGTtoUSO	net_info_flow
count	15.000000	15.000000	15.000000	15.000000
mean	2013.000000	0.012530	0.023137	-0.010608
std	4.472136	0.017175	0.022957	0.028284
min	2006.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.043547
25%	2009.500000	0.000000	0.000619	-0.033670
50%	2013.000000	0.001089	0.015165	-0.005103
75%	2016.500000	0.022359	0.041073	0.000000
max	2020.000000	0.050778	0.068384	0.050778

```
[85]: px.line(yearly, x='year', y=cols[1:], title=f'Transfer Entropy between
        {industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) &
        {industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[86]: px.bar(yearly, x='year', y='net_info_flow', title=f'Net Information Flow:␣
↳{industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) ->␣
↳{industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[87]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected_ind[0]} -> {selected_ind[1]}')
yearly.style.bar(subset=[col for col in yearly.columns if col != 'year'],␣
↳align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'], axis=None)
```

Net Information Flow USO -> VGT

```
[87]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd48762f890>
```

#### 4.5.4 Semiconductor & Technology

```
[88]: selected_ind = ['SMH', 'VGT']
cols = ['year', f'{selected_ind[0]}to{selected_ind[1]}',␣
↳f'{selected_ind[1]}to{selected_ind[0]}']
K = 4
yearly_stats = []

for yr in range(2000, 2021):
    t_data = etf.loc[etf['date'].dt.year == yr, selected_ind].copy()
    t_data.dropna(inplace=True)
    if len(t_data) > K:
        row = [yr]
```

```

        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values,
        dest=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values,
        dest=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,

yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly[cols[1]] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f)
yearly[cols[2]] = yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]] - yearly[cols[2]]

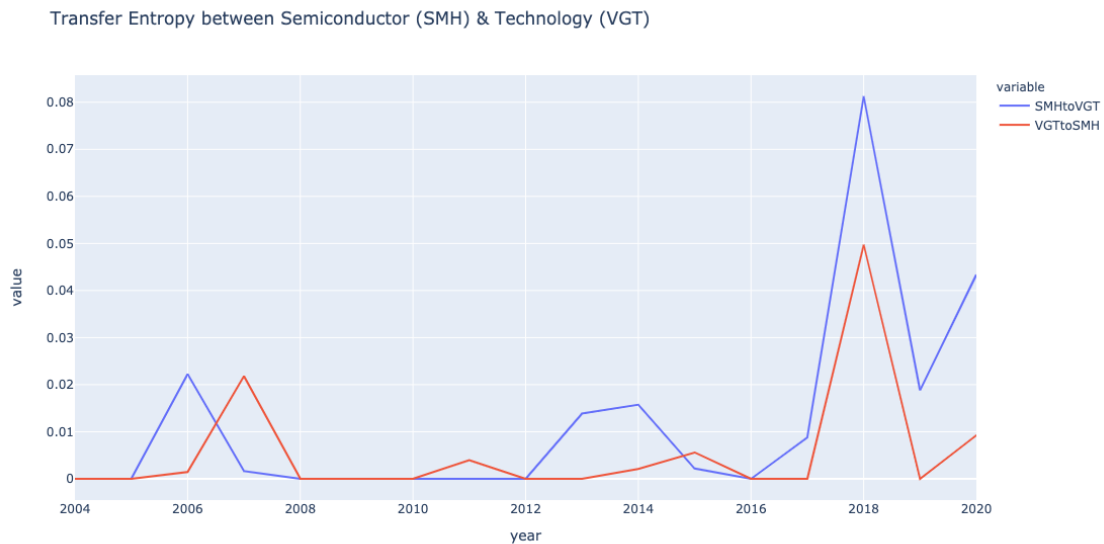
```

```
[89]: yearly.describe()
```

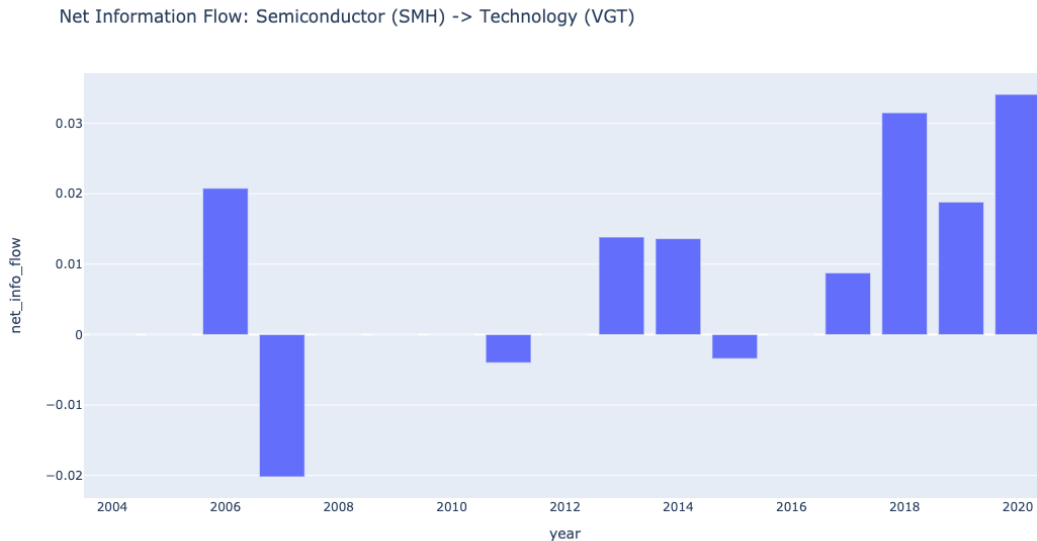
```
[89]:
```

	year	SMHtoVGT	VGTtoSMH	net_info_flow
count	17.000000	17.000000	17.000000	17.000000
mean	2012.000000	0.012225	0.005526	0.006698
std	5.049752	0.021376	0.012672	0.013850
min	2004.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.020193
25%	2008.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	2012.000000	0.001628	0.000000	0.000000
75%	2016.000000	0.015738	0.003988	0.013852
max	2020.000000	0.081237	0.049729	0.034109

```
[90]: px.line(yearly, x='year', y=cols[1:], title=f'Transfer Entropy between_
        {industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) &_
        {industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[91]: px.bar(yearly, x='year', y='net_info_flow', title=f'Net Information Flow:␣
      ↪{industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) ->␣
      ↪{industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[92]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected_ind[0]} -> {selected_ind[1]}')
      yearly.style.bar(subset=[col for col in yearly.columns if col != 'year'],␣
      ↪align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'], axis=None)
```

Net Information Flow SMH -> VGT

```
[92]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd488289290>
```

#### 4.5.5 Transportation & Renewable Energy

```
[93]: selected_ind = ['IYT', 'ICLN']
      cols = ['year', f'{selected_ind[0]}to{selected_ind[1]}',␣
      ↪f'{selected_ind[1]}to{selected_ind[0]}']
      K = 4
      yearly_stats = []

      for yr in range(2000, 2021):
          t_data = etf.loc[etf['date'].dt.year == yr, selected_ind].copy()
          t_data.dropna(inplace=True)
          if len(t_data) > K:
              row = [yr]
              row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values,␣
              ↪dest=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
```

```

        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected_ind[1]].values,
        ↪dest=t_data[selected_ind[0]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,

yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly[cols[1]] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f)
yearly[cols[2]] = yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]] - yearly[cols[2]]

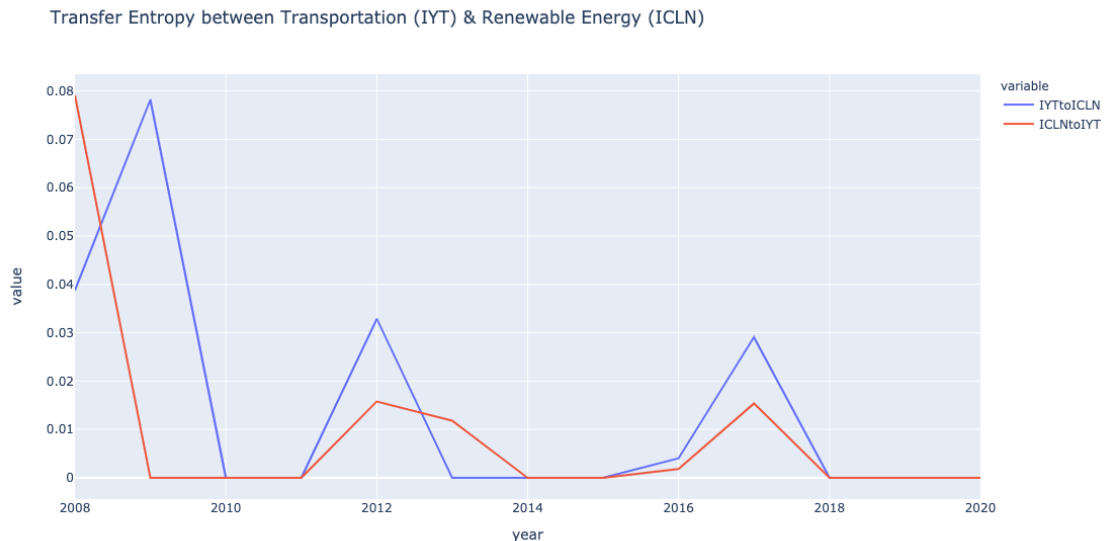
```

```
[94]: yearly.describe()
```

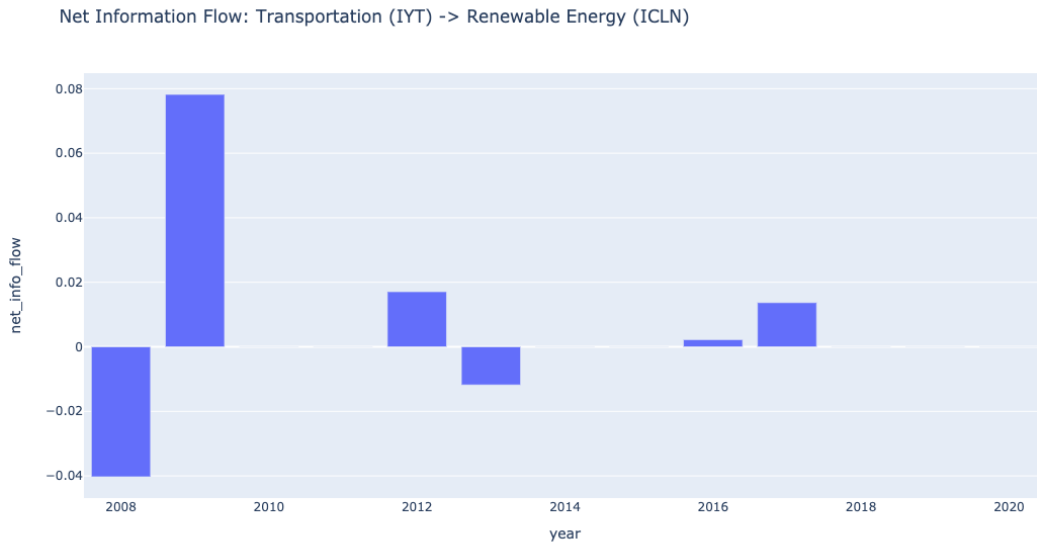
```
[94]:
```

	year	IYTtoICLN	ICLNtoIYT	net_info_flow
count	13.00000	13.000000	13.000000	13.000000
mean	2014.00000	0.014076	0.009527	0.004549
std	3.89444	0.024133	0.021796	0.025976
min	2008.00000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.040289
25%	2011.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	2014.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	2017.00000	0.029084	0.011814	0.002226
max	2020.00000	0.078221	0.079073	0.078221

```
[95]: px.line(yearly, x='year', y=cols[1:], title=f'Transfer Entropy between_
↪{industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) &_
↪{industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', height=600, width=1000)
```



```
[96]: px.bar(yearly, x='year', y='net_info_flow', title=f'Net Information Flow:␣
      ↪{industries[selected_ind[0]]} ({selected_ind[0]}) ->␣
      ↪{industries[selected_ind[1]]} ({selected_ind[1]})', width=1000, height=600)
```



```
[97]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected_ind[0]} -> {selected_ind[1]}')
      yearly.style.bar(subset=[col for col in yearly.columns if col != 'year'],␣
      ↪align='mid', color=['#d65f5f', '#5fba7d'], axis=None)
```

Net Information Flow IYT -> ICLN

```
[97]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd487980e10>
```

## 5 Company level information transfer

Index	Name	Industry	Source
XOM	ExxonMobil	Oil	<a href="#">Link</a>
DAL	Delta Airline	Airline	<a href="#">Link</a>

```
[5]: delta = pd.read_csv('data/DAL.csv')
      exxon = pd.read_csv('data/XOM.csv')
```

```
[6]: for df in [delta, exxon]:
      df.columns = [col.lower().replace(' ', '_') for col in df.columns]
      df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
      df['daily_return'] = daily_return(df)
```



```
[7]: cols = ['date', 'daily_return']
df = pd.merge(delta[cols], exxon[cols], on='date', how='inner')
df = df.iloc[1:,:]
df.columns = ['date', 'Delta', 'Exxon']
df
```

```
[7]:
```

	date	Delta	Exxon
1	2007-05-07	-0.029997	0.003470
2	2007-05-08	-0.036514	0.006781
3	2007-05-09	0.008118	0.000491
4	2007-05-10	-0.004558	-0.020940
5	2007-05-11	-0.020514	0.022912
...	...	...	...
3394	2020-10-26	-0.062815	-0.023998
3395	2020-10-27	-0.038958	-0.016020
3396	2020-10-28	-0.035126	-0.038831
3397	2020-10-29	0.036753	0.043391
3398	2020-10-30	-0.003909	-0.010673

[3398 rows x 3 columns]

```
[8]: selected = ['Exxon', 'Delta']
cols = ['year', f'{selected[0]}To{selected[1]}',
        f'{selected[1]}To{selected[0]}']
K = 4
yearly_stats = []

for yr in range(2007, 2021):
    t_data = df.loc[df['date'].dt.year == yr, selected].copy()
    t_data.dropna(inplace=True)
    if len(t_data) > K:
        row = [yr]
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected[0]].values,
        dest=t_data[selected[1]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        row += calc.transfer_entropy(src=t_data[selected[1]].values,
        dest=t_data[selected[0]].values, nearest_neighbors=K),
        yearly_stats += row,

yearly = pd.DataFrame(yearly_stats, columns=cols)
f = lambda x: max(0, x)
yearly[cols[1]] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f)
yearly[cols[2]] = yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]] - yearly[cols[2]]
```

```
[9]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected[0]} -> {selected[1]}')
yearly.style.bar(subset=['net_info_flow'], align='mid', color=['#d65f5f',
        '#5fba7d'])
```

Net Information Flow Exxon -> Delta

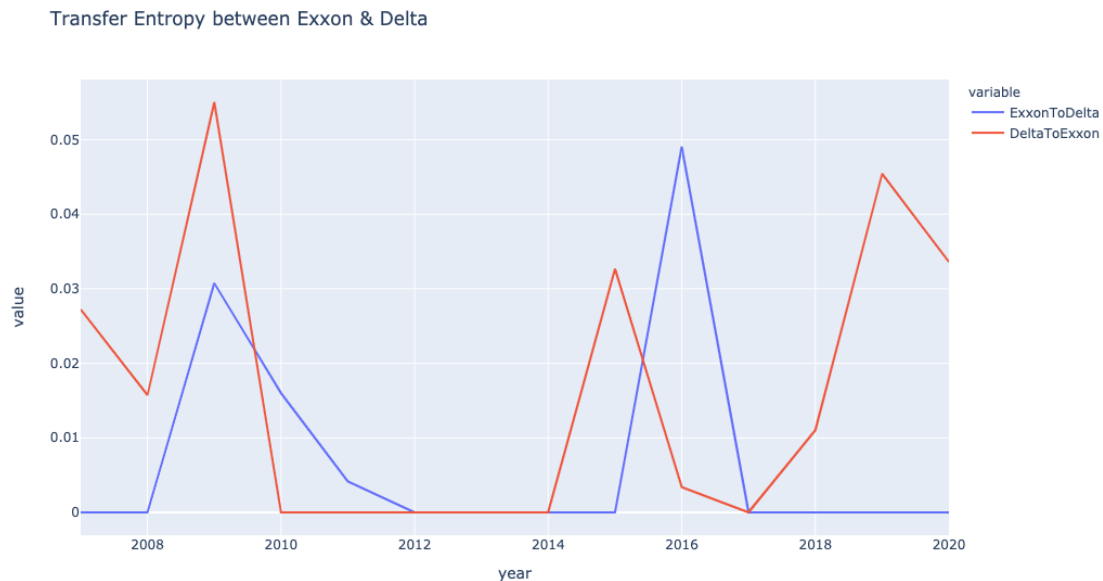
```
[9]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd483e828d0>
```

```
[10]: print(f'Net Information Flow {selected[0]} -> {selected[1]}')
yearly.style.bar(subset=['net_info_flow'], align='mid', color=['#d65f5f',
↳ '#5fba7d'])
```

Net Information Flow Exxon -> Delta

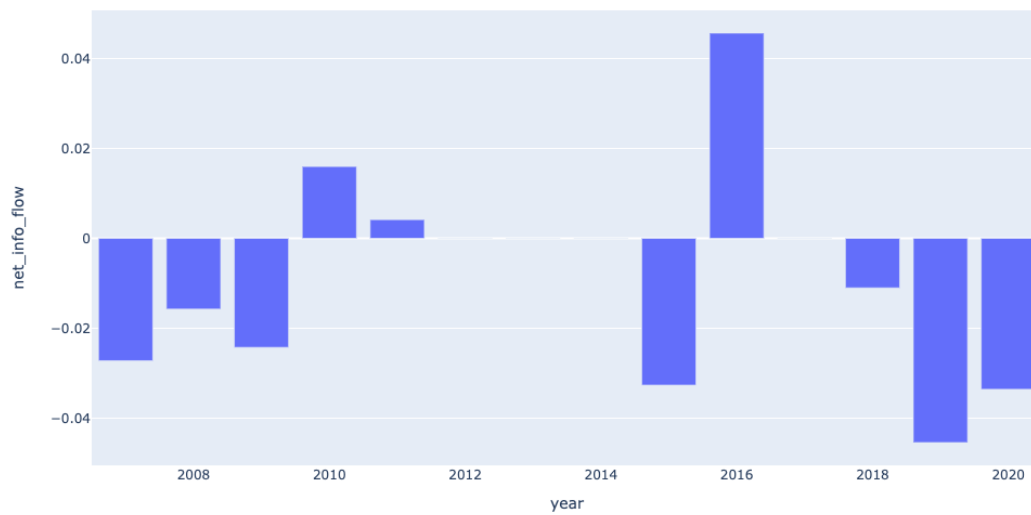
```
[10]: <pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x7fd4846b9d90>
```

```
[11]: px.line(yearly, x='year', y=cols[1:], title=f'Transfer Entropy between_
↳ {selected[0]} & {selected[1]}', height=600, width=1000)
```



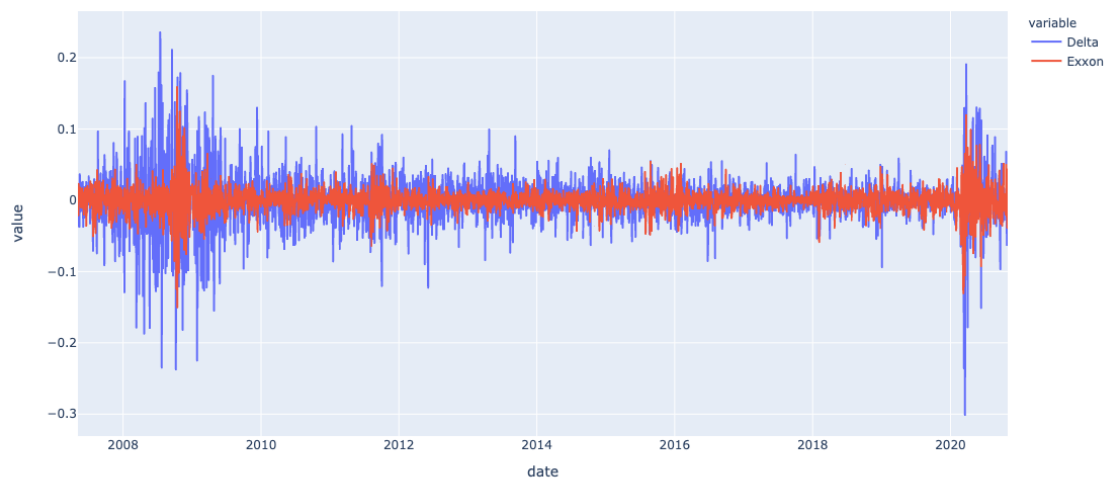
```
[12]: yearly['net_info_flow'] = yearly[cols[1]].apply(f) - yearly[cols[2]].apply(f)
px.bar(yearly, x='year', y='net_info_flow', title=f'Net Information Flow:
↳ {selected[0]} -> {selected[1]}', width=1000, height=600)
```

Net Information Flow: Exxon -> Delta



```
[13]: px.line(df, x='date', y=['Delta', 'Exxon'], title='Daily return of Exxon and_
      ↪Delta Airlines', width=1000, height=600)
```

Daily return of Exxon and Delta Airlines



Articles on Exxon Mobil from 2016: [Link](#)

```
[ ]:
```