## HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT 2

### Edge Detection and Geometrical Modification

Due Date: 11:59 p.m. on Mar. 28, 2023

Please read the **submission guideline** carefully before getting started. All images in this homework are in PNG format and can be downloaded from our NTU COOL website. Details of all files offered are listed in the appendix. You are **NOT** allowed to use other functions except I/O, plotting and basic functions.

#### Problem 1: EDGE DETECTION

The sheep in sample1.png does not know how to perform edge detection algorithms, please help her to accomplish the following tasks.



(a) sample1.png

(b) sample2.png

Figure 1: Images for edge detection.

- (a) (10 pt) Apply Sobel edge detection to **sample1.png**. Output the gradient image and its corresponding edge map as **result1.png** and **result2.png**, respectively. Please also describe how you select the threshold and how it affects the result.
- (b) (20 pt) Perform Canny edge detection on **sample1.png** and output the edge map as **result3.png**. Please also describe how you select the parameters and how they affect the result.
- (c) (10 pt) Use the Laplacian of Gaussian edge detection to generate the edge map of **sample1.png** and output it as **result4.png**. Compare **result2.png** result3.png and result4.png and discuss on these three results.
- (d) (10 pt) Perform edge crispening on sample2.png and output the result as result5.png. What difference can you observe from sample2.png and result5.png? Please specify the parameters you choose and discuss how they affect the result.
- (e) (Bonus) Perform Canny edge detection on **result5.png** and output the edge map as **result6.png**. Then apply the Hough transform to **result6.png** and output the Hough space as **result7.png**. What lines can you detect by this method?

#### Problem 2: GEOMETRICAL MODIFICATION

Please design several geometrical modification algorithms to meet the following requirements. Your results may not be exactly the same as the sample images. Just try to create the effects as closely as possible.

- (a) (25 pt) The Borzoi wants to help you to get the potato chips. Please design an algorithm to make **sample3.png** become **sample4.png**. Output the result as **result8.png** with the same dimension as **sample3.png**. Please describe your method and implementation details clearly. (hint: you may perform rotation, scaling, translation, etc.)
- (b) (25 pt) I made my own Popcat picture, although there's no cat in it. By observing the effect shown in **sample6.png**, please design an algorithm to make **sample5.png** look like it as much as possible and save the output as **result9.png**. Please describe the details of your method and also provide some discussions on the designed method, the result, and the difference between **result9.png** and **sample6.png**, etc.

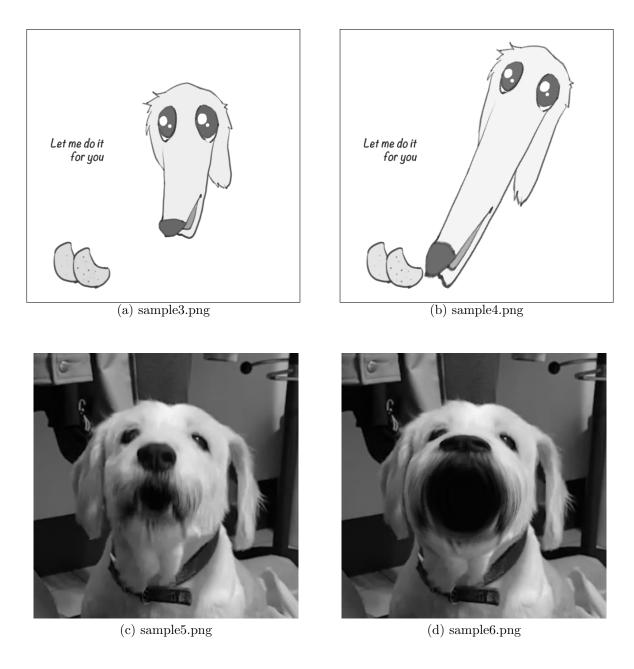


Figure 2: Images for geometrical modification.

# Appendix

### Problem 1: EDGE DETECTION

sample1.png:  $512 \times 512$  gray-scale sample2.png:  $600 \times 800$  gray-sacle

## Problem 2: GEOMETRICAL MODIFICATION

sample3.png:	$600 \times 600$	gray-scale
sample4.png:	$600 \times 600$	gray-scale
sample5.png:	$320\times320$	gray-scale
sample6.png:	$320 \times 320$	gray-scale