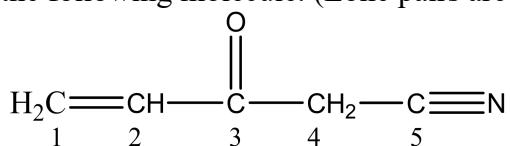


Chapter 9 Homework

Part A Multiple choice (Select the one that is best in each case. 1 point/question)

1. Consider the following molecule. (Lone pairs are not drawn in.)



Specify the hybridization of each carbon atom (in numeric order: C-1 C-2 C-3 C-4 C-5).

- A) sp^2 sp^2 sp^3 sp^3 sp^3
- B) sp^2 sp^2 sp^3 sp^3 sp
- C) sp sp sp sp^2 sp
- D) sp^2 sp^2 sp^2 sp^3 sp^3
- E) sp^2 sp^2 sp^2 sp^3 sp

2. The molecule AX_3 , in which A is the central atom, is polar and obeys the octet rule; therefore,

- A) A has two lone pairs.
- B) A has one lone pair.
- C) A has no lone pairs.
- D) A has four bonding pairs.
- E) A has three lone pairs.

3. Which of the following has the shortest N—O bond?

- A) NO_2^-
- B) N_2
- C) NO^+
- D) NO_3^-
- E) none of these

4. Which statement about the thiocyanate ion, NCS^- , is true?

- A) Only one correct resonance structure can be drawn.
- B) Its Lewis structure contains an unpaired electron.
- C) Its shape is bent like that of H_2O .
- D) There are more than two σ bonds in the ion.
- E) none of these

5. If four orbitals on one atom overlap four orbitals on a second atom, how many molecular orbitals will form?

- A) 1
- B) 8
- C) 4
- D) 16
- E) none of these

6. Which of the following statements is *false*?

- A) Paramagnetic molecules are attracted toward a magnetic field.
- B) Paramagnetism cannot be deduced from the Lewis structure of a molecule alone.
- C) Atoms or molecules with an even number of electrons are diamagnetic.
- D) N_2 molecules are diamagnetic.
- E) Atoms or molecules with an odd number of electrons are paramagnetic.

7. Which molecule is polar?

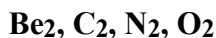
- A) C_2H_4
- B) CS_2
- C) C_6H_6
- D) SO_2
- E) CF_4

8. The π bond in ethylene, $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2$, results from the overlap of _____.

- A) sp^3 hybrid orbitals
- B) s atomic orbitals
- C) sp hybrid orbitals
- D) sp^2 hybrid orbitals
- E) p atomic orbitals

Chapter 9 Homework

9. For how many of the following does the bond order decrease if you add one electron to the neutral molecule?

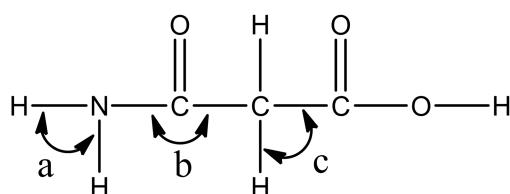


- A) 2 B) 1 C) 3 D) 0 E) 4

10. What hybrid orbitals of sulfur are involved in the bonding in sulfur trioxide?

- A) sp^2 B) sp^2d C) sp^3 D) sp^3d^2 E) sp

11. The bond angles marked a, b, and c in the molecule below are about _____, _____, and _____, respectively. (Lone pairs are not drawn in.)



- A) 90°, 90°, 90°
B) 120°, 120°, 90°
C) 120°, 120°, 109.5°
D) 109.5°, 120°, 109.5°
E) 109.5°, 90°, 120°

12. For molecules of the general formula AB_n, n can be greater than four _____.

- A) for any element A
B) only when A is an element from period 3 and below in the periodic table
C) only when A is boron or beryllium
D) only when A is carbon
E) only when A is Xe

13. A typical triple bond _____.

- A) consists of three shared electrons
B) consists of two σ bonds and one π bond
C) consists of six shared electron pairs
D) is longer than a single bond
E) consists of one σ bond and two π bonds

14. The more effectively two atomic orbitals overlap, _____.

- A) the more bonding MOs will be produced by the combination
B) the higher will be the energy of the resulting bonding MO and the lower will be the energy of the resulting antibonding MO
C) the higher will be the energies of both bonding and antibonding MOs that result
D) the fewer antibonding MOs will be produced by the combination
E) the lower will be the energy of the resulting bonding MO and the higher will be the energy of the resulting antibonding MO

15. The hybridization of orbitals on the central atom in a molecule is sp . The electron-domain geometry around this central atom is _____.

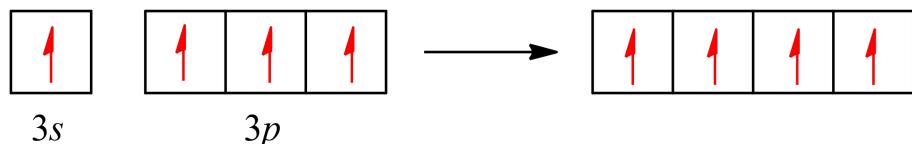
- A) octahedral
B) linear
C) trigonal planar
D) trigonal bipyramidal
E) tetrahedral

Chapter 9 Homework

Part B Short questions (15 points)

16. (7 points) (a) Explain why BrF_4^- is square planar, whereas BF_4^- is tetrahedral.
(b) How would you expect the H—X—H bond angle to vary in the series H_2O , H_2S , H_2Se ? Explain. (*Hint:* The size of an electron pair domain depends in part on the electronegativity of the central atom.)

17. (2 points) The orbital diagram that follows presents the final step in the formation of hybrid orbitals by a silicon atom.



- (a) Which of the following best describes what took place before the step pictured in the diagram: (i) Two $3p$ electrons became unpaired, (ii) An electron was promoted from the $2p$ orbital to the $3s$ orbital, or (iii) An electron was promoted from the $3s$ orbital to the $3p$ orbital?
(b) What type of hybrid orbital is produced in this hybridization?

18. (6 points) Explain the following: (a) B_2 is paramagnetic, which is consistent with the π_{2p} MOs being lower in energy than the σ_{2p} MO. (b) The O_2^{2+} ion has a stronger O—O bond than O_2 itself.

Chapter 9 Homework Answer Sheet

Name:

Student ID:

Instructor:

Score:

Part A Multiple choice (15 points)

1-5 _____

6-10 _____

11-15 _____

Part B Short questions (15 points)