

## Chapter 04 Homework

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### Part A multiple choice (select the one that is best in each case. 1 point/question)

1. Which of the following statements is true?

- A) Electrolyte solutions conduct electricity because electrons are moving through the solution.
- B) If you add a nonelectrolyte to an aqueous solution that already contains an electrolyte, the electrical conductivity will not change.
- C) When acetone,  $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3$ , is dissolved in water, a conducting solution results.
- D) When ammonium nitrate,  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3$ , dissolves in water, the solution is weakly conducting and basic in nature.

2. If you have an aqueous solution that contains 1.5 moles of  $\text{MgCl}_2$ , how many moles of ions are in the solution?

- A) 1.0
- B) 1.5
- C) 2.0
- D) 4.5
- E) 3.0

3. If you were to draw diagrams representing aqueous solutions of (a)  $\text{NiSO}_4$ , (b)  $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ , (c)  $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4$ , (d)  $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$ , how many anions would you show if each diagram contained six cations?

- A) 6,12,3,9
- B) 6,3,18,9
- C) 6,12,2,9
- D) 6,12,3,18
- E) 6,12,3,9

4. What happens when you mix an aqueous solution of magnesium nitrate with an aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide?

- A) There is no reaction; all possible products are soluble.
- B) Only magnesium nitrate precipitates.
- C) Only magnesium hydroxide precipitates.
- D) Both magnesium hydroxide and sodium nitrate precipitate.
- E) Nothing; magnesium nitrate is not soluble and it stays as a precipitate.

5. Given a set of species below, which can be classified as strong bases?



- A)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$
- B)  $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$
- C)  $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2$
- D)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Al}(\text{OH})_3, \text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$
- E)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2, \text{Al}(\text{OH})_3, \text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2$

6. Which of these substances, when dissolved in water, is a strong electrolyte?

- A) ammonia
- B) hydrofluoric acid
- C) folic acid
- D) calcium chloride
- E) sucrose

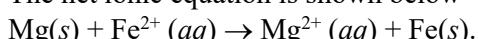
7. Which is the correct net ionic equation for the reaction of phosphorous acid ( $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3$ ) and potassium hydroxide ( $\text{KOH}$ )? Note that phosphorous acid is a diprotic acid.

- A)  $\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- B)  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{KOH}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{KH}_2\text{PO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- C)  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3(\text{aq}) + 2\text{KOH}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{K}_2\text{HPO}_3(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- D)  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3(\text{aq}) + 2\text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{HPO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- E)  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{PO}_3^{3-}(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$

8. In which compound the oxidation state of sulphur is +2?

- A)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$
- B)  $\text{S}_8$
- C)  $\text{SCl}_2$
- D)  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_3$
- E)  $\text{CuSO}_4$

9. An experiment showed that aqueous solution of iron(II) chloride oxidize magnesium metal. The net ionic equation is shown below



What's the reaction pattern?

- A) oxidation-reduction reaction
- B) displacement reaction
- C) exchange reaction
- D) metathesis reaction
- E) both A) and B)

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**10.** Which of the following metal will not be oxidized by  $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ?  
A) Zn      B) Cu      C) Fe      D) Co      E) Ba

**11.** Which of the following solutions is the most basic?  
A) 0.600 M NaCl      B) 0.150 M CsOH  
C) 0.100 M  $\text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2$       D) 0.200 M glucose ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ )

**12.** Which of the following statements is true?  
A) Sulfuric acid is a monoprotic acid.  
B) HCl is a weak acid.  
C) Methanol is a base.  
D)  $\text{NH}_3$  contains no  $\text{OH}^-$  ions, and yet its aqueous solutions are basic.  
E) HF is a strong acid.

**13.** Which of the following statements is true?  
A) If a substance is oxidized, there must be more oxygen in the substance.  
B) If a substance is oxidized, it must lose at least one electron and form an anion.  
C) Reduction occurs if the oxidation number of an element increases.  
D) Oxidation and reduction must occur together in a reaction.

**Part B: Short Answer** --Write legibly and show all work for all steps in the problem. ( 10 points)

**14.** Will precipitation occur when the following solutions are mixed? If so, write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction and indicate state for each substance. (a)  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  and  $\text{AgNO}_3$ , (b)  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  and  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3$ , (c)  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}$  and  $\text{FeCl}_3$ , (d)  $\text{FeSO}_4$  and  $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ .

**15.** What is the oxidation number of the boldfaced element in ((a)  $\text{SO}_3$ , (b)  $\text{Ag}\text{PF}_6$ , (c)  $\text{HNO}_3$ , (d)  $\text{OF}_2$ .

**16.** A sample of 70.5 mg of potassium phosphate is added to 15.0 mL of 0.0500 M silver nitrate, resulting in the formation of a precipitate. (a) What's the reaction type? (b) Write the molecular equation for the reaction. (c) What is the limiting reactant in the reaction? (d) Calculate the percent yield, if you obtain 84.2 mg of  $\text{Ag}_3\text{PO}_4$ .

## **Chapter 04 Homework Answer Sheet**

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Instructor: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

**Part A multiple choice (13 points)**

1-5: \_\_\_\_\_

6-10: \_\_\_\_\_

11-13: \_\_\_\_\_

**Part B short question (12 points)**

14 (4 points)

15 (4 points)

16 (4 points)