

聚类——认识FCM算法

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一、FCM概述

FCM算法是基于对目标函数的优化基础上的一种数据聚类方法。聚类结果是每一个数据点对聚类中心的隶属程度，该隶属程度用一个数值来表示。该算法允许同一数据属于多个不同的类。

FCM算法是一种无监督的模糊聚类方法，在算法实现过程中不需要人为的干预。

这种算法的不足之处:首先，算法中需要设定一些参数，若参数的初始化选取的不合适，可能影响聚类结果的正确性;其次，当数据样本集合较大并且特征数目较多时，算法的实时性不太好。

K-means也叫硬C均值聚类（HCM），而FCM是模糊C均值聚类，它是HCM的延伸与拓展，HCM与FCM最大的区别在于隶属函数（划分矩阵）的取值不同，HCM的隶属函数只取两个值：0和1，而FCM的隶属函数可以取[0,1]之间的任何数。K-means和FCM都需要事先给定聚类的类别数，而FCM还需要选取恰当的加权指数 α ， α 的选取对结果有一定的影响， α 属于 $[0,+\infty)$ 。

二、FCM算法

C是聚类数，N是样本个数。U是隶属度矩阵，V是聚类中心。

目标函数：

$$\min J_{FCM}(U,V) = \sum_{k=1}^C \sum_{i=1}^N u_{ki}^m \|x_i - v_k\|^2$$

$$s.t. \sum_{k=1}^C u_{ki} = 1, u_{ki} \in [0,1]$$

更新公式：

Let cluster centers V be fixed, $F(U)$ is minimized if

$$u_{ki} = \frac{\left(\|x_i - v_k\|^2\right)^{-\frac{1}{m-1}}}{\sum_{j=1}^C \left(\|x_i - v_j\|^2\right)^{-\frac{1}{m-1}}} \quad (1)$$

for $1 \leq i \leq N, \quad 1 \leq k \leq C$

Let membership degrees U be fixed, $F(V)$ is minimized if

$$v_k = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N u_{ki}^m x_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N u_{ki}^m} \quad (2)$$

for $1 \leq k \leq C$

三、算法流程

● Fuzzy c-means algorithm

1. Randomly initialize class centers $V^{(0)}$; Give fuzzification parameter m ; Set the maximum number of iterations t_{max} and threshold $\varepsilon > 0$;
2. Update the membership matrix U using Eq.(1)
3. Update the class centers V use Eq.(2)
4. If $\|U^{(t+1)} - U^{(t)}\| < \varepsilon$ or $t = t_{max}$, then terminate; else $t = t + 1$, go to step 2;

四、FCM改进算法汇总

Algorithm name	Abbreviation	Objective function	Update formula of degree of membership	Update formula of clustering center
Fuzzy C-Means [11]	FCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2, \quad s.t. \quad \sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij} = 1$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2}{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_k\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$
Possibilistic C-Means [12]	PCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n t_{ij}^m \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2 + \sum_{i=1}^c \lambda_i \sum_{j=1}^n (1 - t_{ij})^m, \quad \text{where}$ $\lambda_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$	$t_{ij} = \left(1 + \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2}{\gamma_i} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n t_{ij}^m \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n t_{ij}^m}$
Fuzzy-Possibilistic C-Means [14]	FPCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n (u_{ij}^m + t_{ij}^\theta) \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2, \quad s.t. \quad \sum_{j=1}^n t_{ij} = 1$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2}{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_k\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}, \quad t_{ij} = \left(\sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2}{\ \mathbf{x}_r - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{\theta-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n (u_{ij}^m + t_{ij}^\theta) \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n (u_{ij}^m + t_{ij}^\theta)}$
Possibilistic Fuzzy C-Means [15]	PFCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n (\alpha u_{ij}^m + \beta t_{ij}^\theta) \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2 + \sum_{i=1}^c \lambda_i \sum_{j=1}^n (1 - t_{ij})^\theta$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2}{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_k\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}, \quad t_{ij} = \left(1 + \left(\frac{\beta}{\gamma_i} \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{\theta-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n (\alpha u_{ij}^m + \beta t_{ij}^\theta) \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n (\alpha u_{ij}^m + \beta t_{ij}^\theta)}$
FCM with Spatial constraints [16]	FCM_S	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + \frac{\alpha}{N_R} \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \left(\sum_{r \in N_j} \ x_r - v_i\ ^2 \right)$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + \frac{\alpha}{N_R} \sum_{r \in N_j} \ x_r - v_i\ ^2}{\ x_j - v_k\ ^2 + \frac{\alpha}{N_R} \sum_{r \in N_j} \ x_r - v_k\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \left(x_j + \frac{\alpha}{N_R} \sum_{r \in N_j} x_r \right)}{(1 + \alpha) \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$

Two variants of FCM_S [17]	FCM_S1	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + \alpha \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \bar{x}_j - v_i\ ^2$		$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + \alpha \ \bar{x}_j - v_i\ ^2}{\ x_j - v_k\ ^2 + \alpha \ \bar{x}_j - v_k\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (x_j + \alpha \bar{x}_j)}{(1 + \alpha) \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$
	FCM_S2	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + \alpha \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \hat{x}_j - v_i\ ^2$		$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + \alpha \ \hat{x}_j - v_i\ ^2}{\ x_j - v_k\ ^2 + \alpha \ \hat{x}_j - v_k\ ^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (x_j + \alpha \hat{x}_j)}{(1 + \alpha) \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$
Enhanced FCM [18]	EnFCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^l \gamma_j u_{ij}^m (\xi_j - v_i)^2$	$\xi_j = \frac{1}{1 + \alpha} \left(x_j + \frac{\alpha}{N_R} \sum_{r \in N_j} x_r \right)$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\xi_j - v_i}{\xi_j - v_k} \right)^{\frac{2}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^q \gamma_j u_{ij}^m \xi_j}{\sum_{j=1}^q \gamma_j u_{ij}^m}$
Fast Generalized FCM [19]	FGFCM		$\xi_j = \frac{\sum_{r \in N_j} S_{jr} x_r}{\sum_{r \in N_j} S_{jr}}, \text{ where}$ $S_{jr} = \begin{cases} \frac{\frac{\max(\ p_j - p_r\ , \ q_j - q_r\)}{\lambda_s} \frac{\ x_j - x_r\ ^2}{\lambda_g \sigma_j^2}}{e}, & j \neq r, \\ 0, & j = r \end{cases}$ $\text{and } \sigma_j = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{r \in N_j} \ x_j - x_r\ ^2}{N_R}}$		

Fuzzy Weighted C-Means [20]	FWCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \mathbf{x}_j - M_{ij}\ ^2$	$M_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{r=1, r \neq j}^n \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_r\ ^{-1} u_{ir} \mathbf{x}_r}{\sum_{r=1, r \neq j}^n \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_r\ ^{-1} u_{ir}}$	$u_{ij} = \zeta_j^{1/(m-1)} \left(\ \mathbf{x}_j - M_{ij}\ ^2 m \sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij}^{m-1} \right)^{1/(1-m)}$, where $\zeta_j = \left(\sum_{i=1}^c \left(\ \mathbf{x}_j - M_{ij}\ ^2 m \sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij}^{m-1} \right)^{1/(1-m)} \right)^{1-m}$	
New Weighted Fuzzy C-Means [21]	NW_FCM		$M_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{r=1, r \neq j}^n \ \mathbf{x}_r - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^{-1} u_{ir} \mathbf{x}_r}{\sum_{r=1, r \neq j}^n \ \mathbf{x}_r - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^{-1} u_{ir}}$		$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$
Fuzzy Local Information C-Means [22]	FLICM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n \left(u_{ij}^m \ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + G_{ij} \right)$, where $G_{ij} = \sum_{\substack{r \in N_j \\ j \neq r}} \frac{1}{1 + d_{jr}} (1 - u_{ir})^m \ x_r - v_i\ ^2$		$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ x_j - v_i\ ^2 + G_{ij}}{\ x_j - v_k\ ^2 + G_{kj}} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m x_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$
Generalized FCM [23]	GFCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ _P^P$, s.t. $\sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij} = 1$		$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ _P^P}{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_k\ _P^P} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$
Generalized FCM with Improved Fuzzy Partition [24]	GIFP_FCM	$J_m = \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2 + \sum_{j=1}^n a_j \sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij} (1 - u_{ij}^{m-1})$, where $a_j = \alpha \cdot \min \left\{ \ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_k\ ^2 \mid k \in \{1, \dots, c\} \right\}$		$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_i\ ^2 - a_j}{\ \mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{v}_k\ ^2 - a_j} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$\mathbf{v}_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m \mathbf{x}_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m}$

Algorithm name	Abbreviation	Objective function	Update formula of degree of membership	Update formula of clustering center
Two Kernel variants of GIFP_FCM [27]	KGFCM_S1	$J_m = 2 \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (1 - K(x_j, v_i)) + \sum_{j=1}^n a_j \sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij} (1 - u_{ij}^{m-1}) + 2\beta \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (1 - K(\bar{x}_j, v_i))$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{2(1 - K(x_j, v_i)) - a_j + 2\beta(1 - K(\bar{x}_j, v_i))}{2(1 - K(x_j, v_k)) - a_j + 2\beta(1 - K(\bar{x}_j, v_k))} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (K(x_j, v_i) \cdot x_j + \beta K(\bar{x}_j, v_i) \cdot \bar{x}_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (K(x_j, v_i) + \beta K(\bar{x}_j, v_i))}$
	KGFCM_S2	$J_m = 2 \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (1 - K(x_j, v_i)) + \sum_{j=1}^n a_j \sum_{i=1}^c u_{ij} (1 - u_{ij}^{m-1}) + 2\beta \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (1 - K(\hat{x}_j, v_i))$	$u_{ij} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{2(1 - K(x_j, v_i)) - a_j + 2\beta(1 - K(\hat{x}_j, v_i))}{2(1 - K(x_j, v_k)) - a_j + 2\beta(1 - K(\hat{x}_j, v_k))} \right)^{\frac{1}{m-1}} \right)^{-1}$	$v_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (K(x_j, v_i) \cdot x_j + \beta K(\hat{x}_j, v_i) \cdot \hat{x}_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^n u_{ij}^m (K(x_j, v_i) + \beta K(\hat{x}_j, v_i))}$

推荐: [Clustering - Fuzzy C-means](#)

FCM改进版本汇总参考: J. Gu, L. Jiao, S. Yang and F. Liu, "[Fuzzy Double C-Means Clustering Based on Sparse Self-Representation](#)," in IEEE Transactions on Fuzzy Systems, vol. 26, no. 2, pp. 612-626, April 2018.