MATLAB三维作图——隐函数

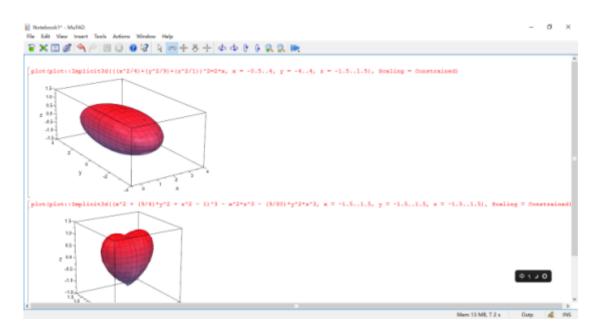
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对于三维隐函数,没有显式表达式,无法通过Matlab现成的3-D画图函数 surf 或 mesh画图。可以通过三种办法解决:

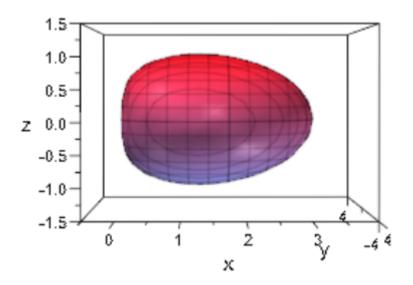
1. Mupad符号引擎里提供了三维隐函数画图函数

在matlab里开启Mupad的方法是:在command window 里输入 mupad 来启动一个notebook。

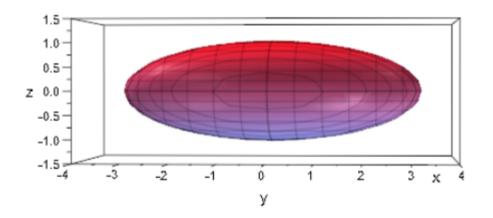


在启动的notebook里再输入如下代码:

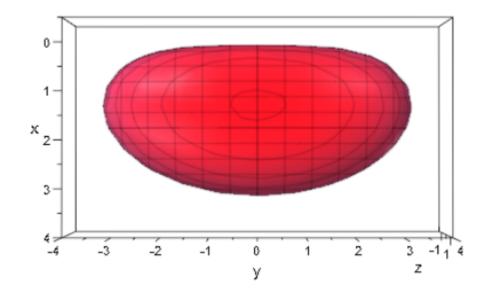
plot(plot::Implicit3d((($x^2/4$)+($y^2/9$)+($z^2/1$)) $^2=2*x$, x = -0.5..4, y = -4..4, z = -1.5..1.5), Scaling = Constrained) 从xoy面看:



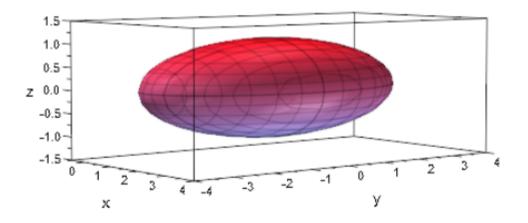
从yoz面看:



从xoy面看:

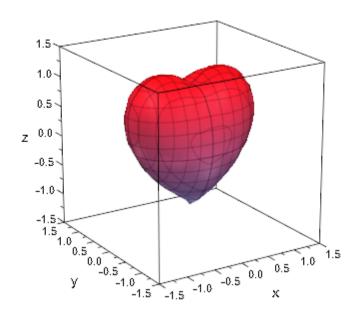


((x^2/4)+(y^2/9)+(z^2/1))^2=2*x的图像:



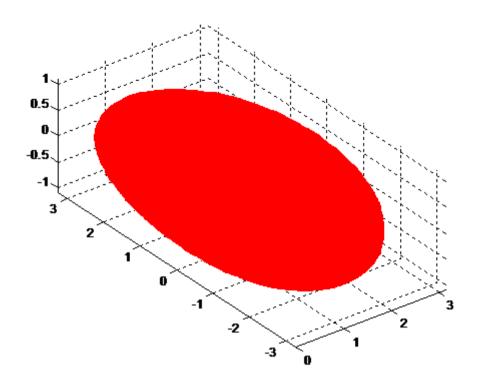
例2:

 $plot(plot::Implicit3d((x^2 + (9/4)*y^2 + z^2 - 1)^3 - x^2*z^3 - (9/80)*y^2*z^3, x = -1.5..1.5, y = -1.5..1.5, z = -1.5..1.5), Scaling = Constrained)$



2.再给一种只调用matlab的方法

```
figure  [x,y,z] = \mathsf{meshgrid}(-0.5:0.05:4,-4:0.05:4,-1.5:0.05:1.5); \\ v = ((x.^2/4) + (y.^2/9) + (z.^2/1)).^2 - 2.*x; \\ p = \mathsf{patch}(\mathsf{isosurface}(x,y,z,v,0), \mathsf{'FaceColor'}, \mathsf{'r'}, \mathsf{'EdgeColor'}, \mathsf{'none'}); \\ \mathsf{isonormals}(x,y,z,v,p) \\ view(3) \\ \mathsf{camlight} \\ \mathsf{lighting} \ \mathsf{gouraud} \\ \mathsf{axis} \ \mathsf{equal} \ \mathsf{tight} \\ \mathsf{grid} \ \mathsf{on}
```



3.先求解z,在画图

>> z=solve('(($x^2/4$)+($y^2/9$)+($z^2/1$))^2-2*x','z') ezmesh(z(1))

