

DATA 621 Assignment 1

Kai Lukowiak

2018-02-08

1. Data Exploration:

Describe the size and the variables in the moneyball training data set. Consider that too much detail will cause a manager to lose interest while too little detail will make the manager consider that you aren't doing your job. Some suggestions are given below. Please do NOT treat this as a check list of things to do to complete the assignment. You should have your own thoughts on what to tell the boss. These are just ideas.

- Mean / Standard Deviation / Median
- Bar Chart or Box Plot of the data
- Is the data correlated to the target variable (or to other variables?)
- Are any of the variables missing and need to be imputed "fixed"?

Loading the data:

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggthemes)
library(GGally)
```

```
dfT <- read_csv('moneyball-training-data.csv')
dfT <- dfT %>% select(-INDEX)
glimpse(dfT)
```

```
## Observations: 2,276
## Variables: 16
## $ TARGET_WINS      <int> 39, 70, 86, 70, 82, 75, 80, 85, 86, 76, 78, 6...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_H    <int> 1445, 1339, 1377, 1387, 1297, 1279, 1244, 127...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_2B   <int> 194, 219, 232, 209, 186, 200, 179, 171, 197, ...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_3B   <int> 39, 22, 35, 38, 27, 36, 54, 37, 40, 18, 27, 3...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_HR   <int> 13, 190, 137, 96, 102, 92, 122, 115, 114, 96,...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_BB   <int> 143, 685, 602, 451, 472, 443, 525, 456, 447, ...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_SO   <int> 842, 1075, 917, 922, 920, 973, 1062, 1027, 92...
## $ TEAM_BASERUN_SB   <int> NA, 37, 46, 43, 49, 107, 80, 40, 69, 72, 60, ...
## $ TEAM_BASERUN_CS   <int> NA, 28, 27, 30, 39, 59, 54, 36, 27, 34, 39, 7...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_HBP  <int> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, N...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_H   <int> 9364, 1347, 1377, 1396, 1297, 1279, 1244, 128...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_HR  <int> 84, 191, 137, 97, 102, 92, 122, 116, 114, 96,...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_BB  <int> 927, 689, 602, 454, 472, 443, 525, 459, 447, ...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_SO  <int> 5456, 1082, 917, 928, 920, 973, 1062, 1033, 9...
## $ TEAM_FIELDING_E   <int> 1011, 193, 175, 164, 138, 123, 136, 112, 127,...
## $ TEAM_FIELDING_DP  <int> NA, 155, 153, 156, 168, 149, 186, 136, 169, 1...
```

```
dfE <- read_csv('moneyball-evaluation-data.csv')
dfE <- dfE %>% select(-INDEX)
glimpse(dfE)
```

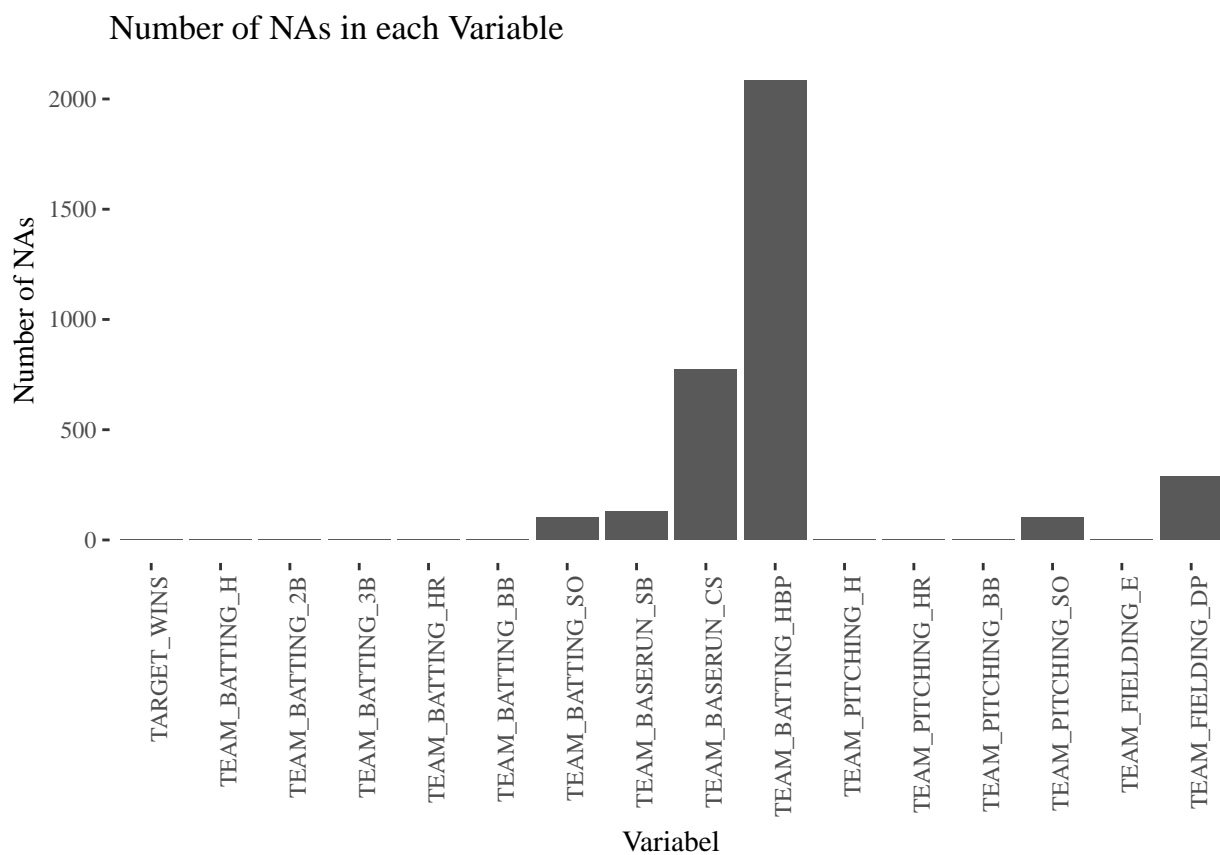
```
## Observations: 259
```

```
## Variables: 15
## $ TEAM_BATTING_H <int> 1209, 1221, 1395, 1539, 1445, 1431, 1430, 138...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_2B <int> 170, 151, 183, 309, 203, 236, 219, 158, 177, ...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_3B <int> 33, 29, 29, 29, 68, 53, 55, 42, 78, 42, 40, 5...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_HR <int> 83, 88, 93, 159, 5, 10, 37, 33, 23, 58, 50, 1...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_BB <int> 447, 516, 509, 486, 95, 215, 568, 356, 466, 4...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_SO <int> 1080, 929, 816, 914, 416, 377, 527, 609, 689,...
## $ TEAM_BASERUN_SB <int> 62, 54, 59, 148, NA, NA, 365, 185, 150, 52, 6...
## $ TEAM_BASERUN_CS <int> 50, 39, 47, 57, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, 2...
## $ TEAM_BATTING_HBP <int> NA, NA, NA, 42, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, N...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_H <int> 1209, 1221, 1395, 1539, 3902, 2793, 1544, 162...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_HR <int> 83, 88, 93, 159, 14, 20, 40, 39, 25, 62, 53, ...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_BB <int> 447, 516, 509, 486, 257, 420, 613, 418, 497, ...
## $ TEAM_PITCHING_SO <int> 1080, 929, 816, 914, 1123, 736, 569, 715, 734...
## $ TEAM_FIELDING_E <int> 140, 135, 156, 124, 616, 572, 490, 328, 226, ...
## $ TEAM_FIELDING_DP <int> 156, 164, 153, 154, 130, 105, NA, 104, 132, 1...
```

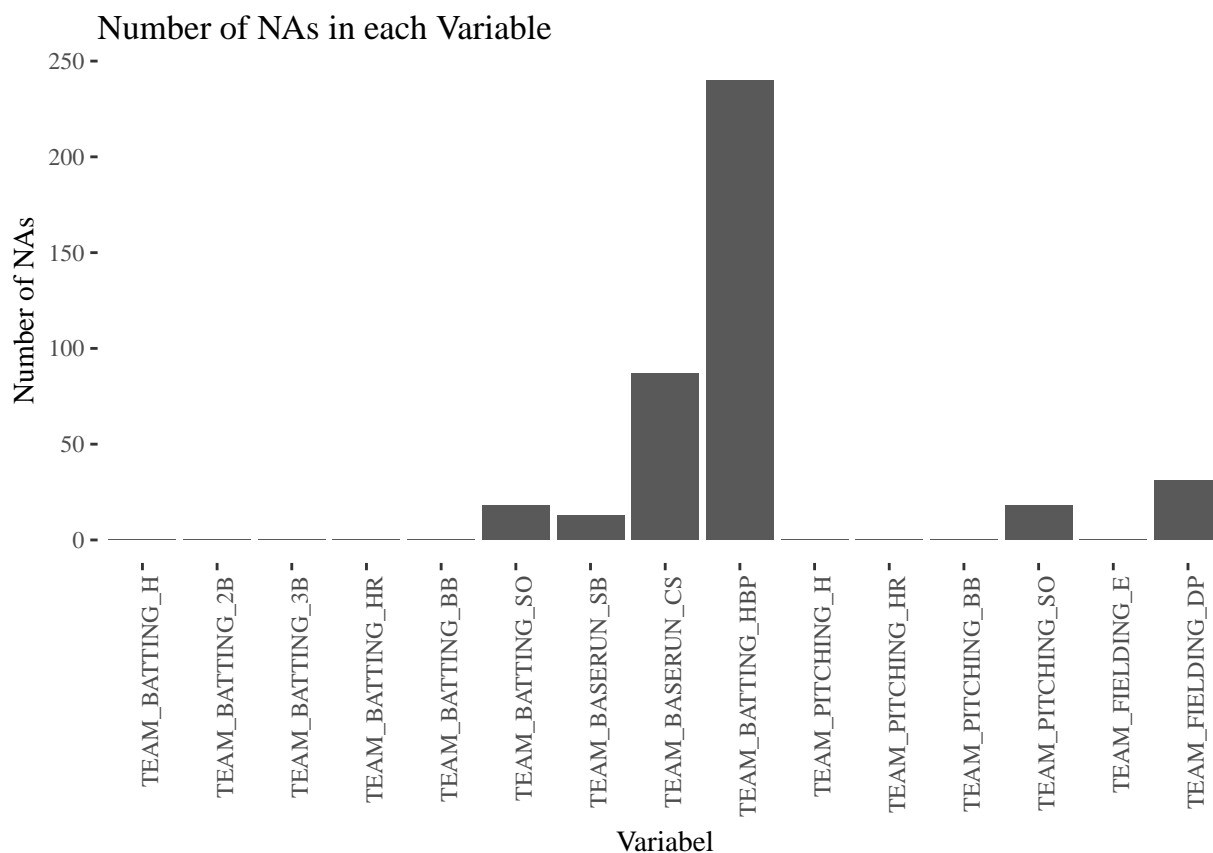
Initial Vizualizaton:

```
naByCol <- function(df){
  x = data.frame(varName = character(),
                 numNA = integer())
  for (i in colnames(df)) {
    y = sum(is.na(df[,i]))
    newrow = data.frame(varName = i, numNA = y)
    x <- rbind(x, newrow)
  }
  p = ggplot(x, aes(x = varName, y = numNA)) +
    geom_bar(stat = 'identity') +
    xlab("Variabel")+ ylab('Number of NAs')+
    ggtitle("Number of NAs in each Variable") +
    theme_tufte() +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))

  return(p)
}
naByCol(dfT)
```



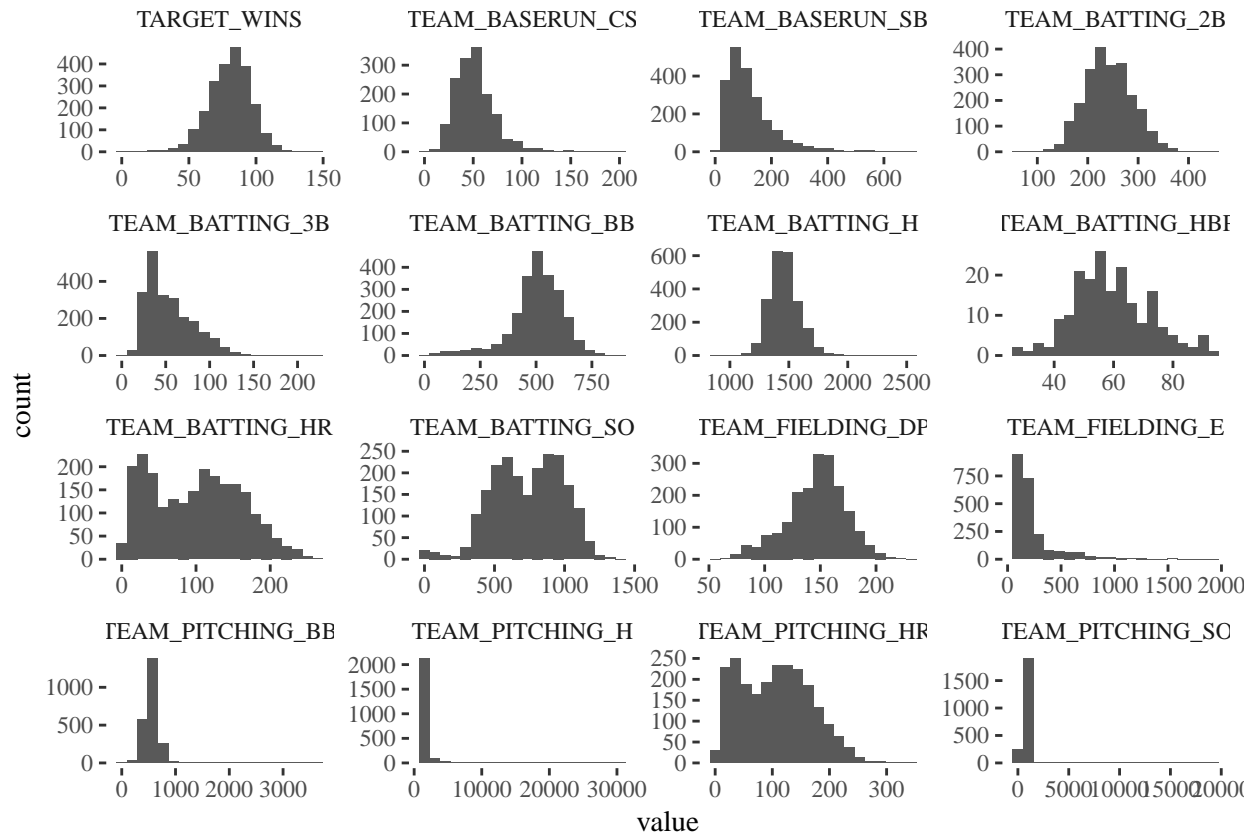
naByCol(dfE)



Special thanks to this Stack Overflow question

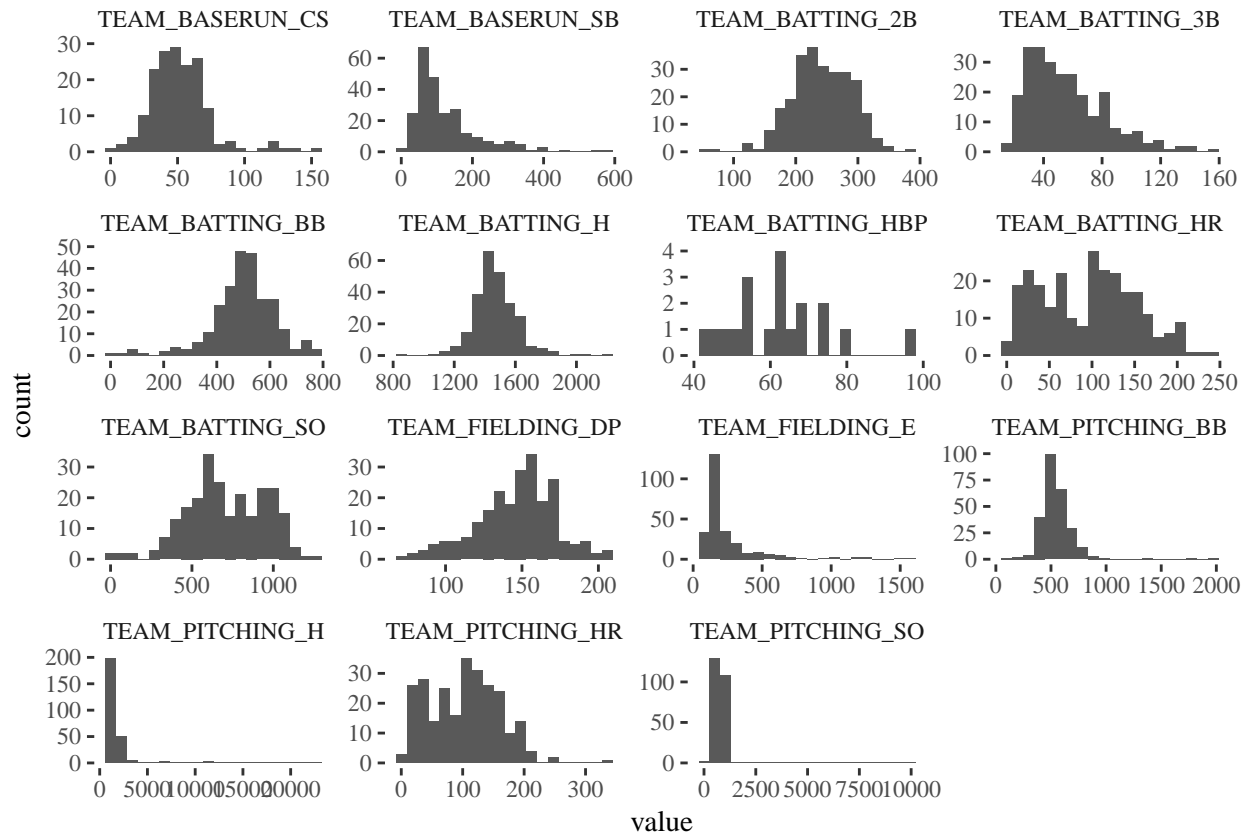
```
ggplot(data = gather(dfT), mapping = aes(x = value)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20) + facet_wrap(~key, scales = 'free') +
  theme_tufte()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3478 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```



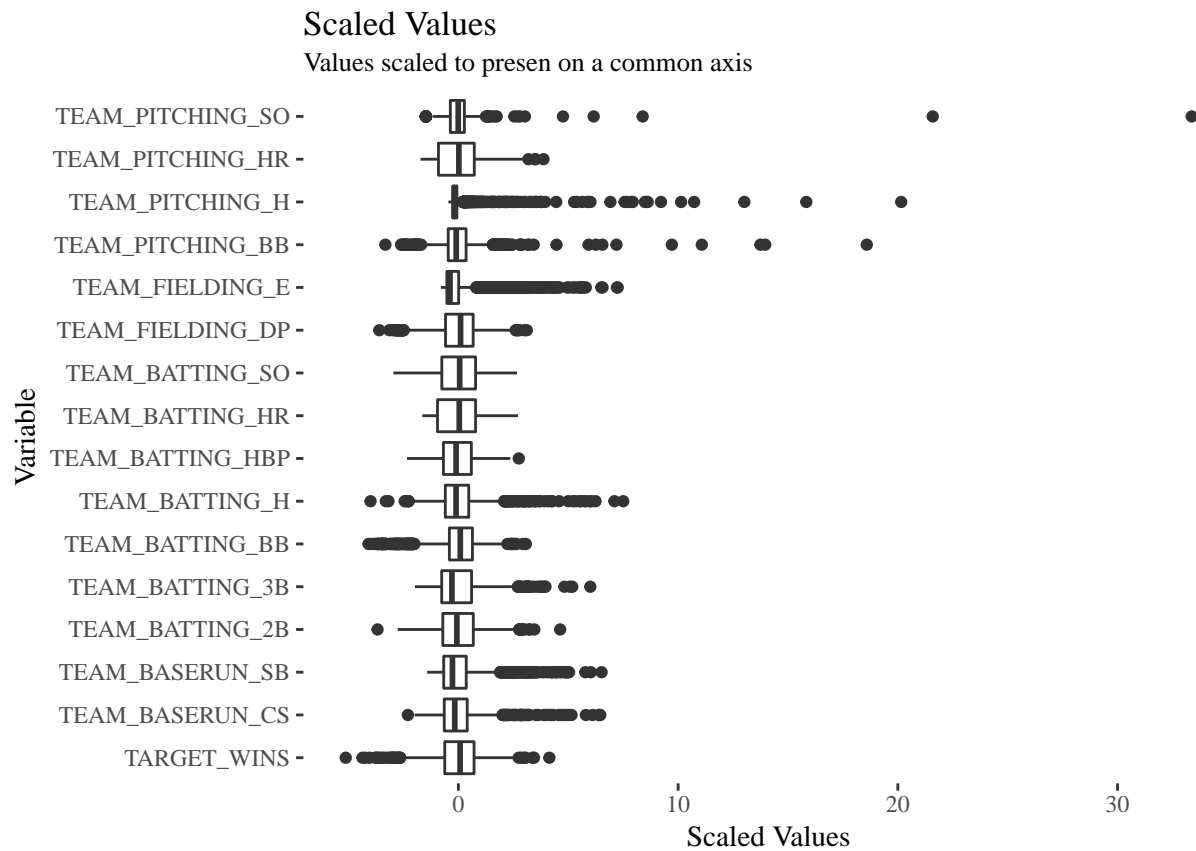
```
ggplot(data = gather(dfE), mapping = aes(x = value)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20) + facet_wrap(~key, scales = 'free') +
  theme_tufte()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 407 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```



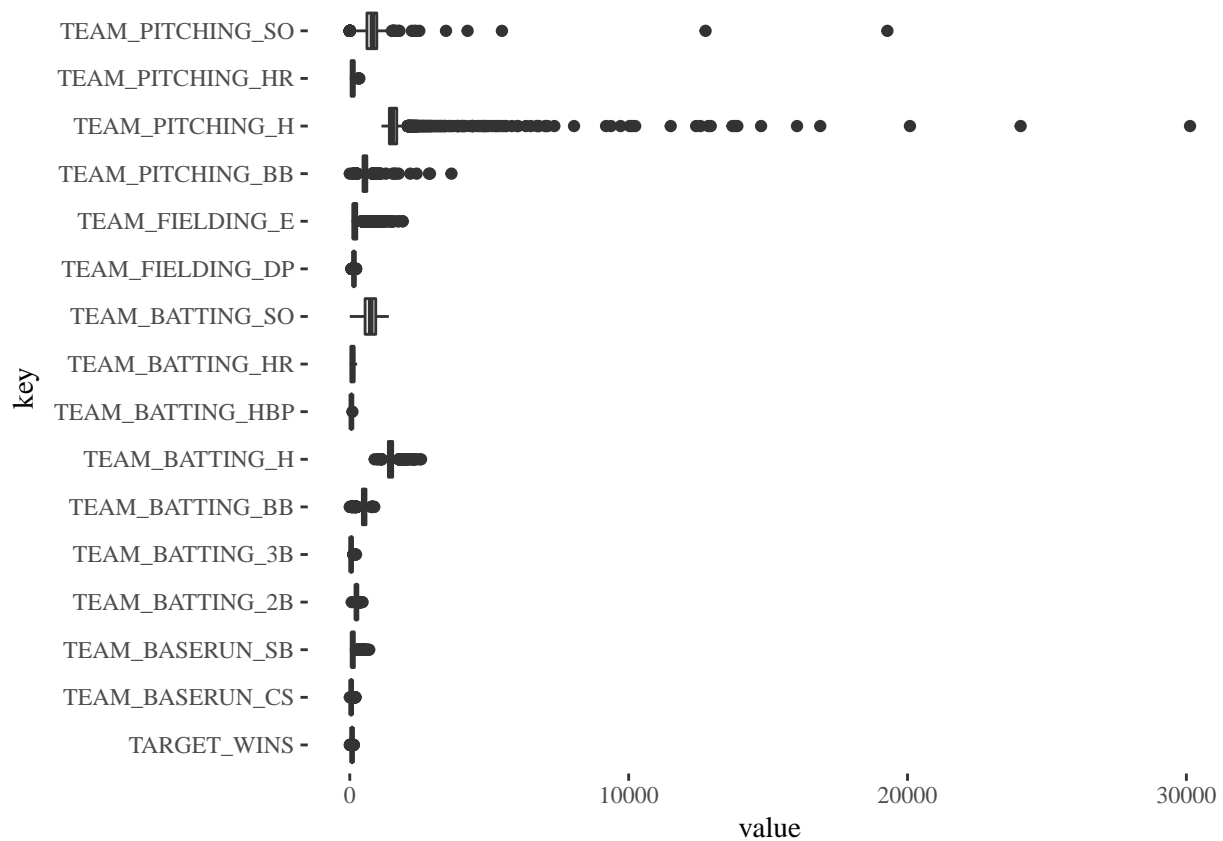
From these plots we can see that many variables are approximately normally distributed. Notable exceptions are TEAM_BATTING_3B, TEAM_BATTING_HR, TEAM_PITCHING_H.

```
dfT %>%
  scale() %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  gather() %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = key, y = value)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  theme_tufte() +
  #theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
  coord_flip() +
  ylab('Scaled Values') +
  xlab('Variable') +
  ggtitle('Scaled Values', subtitle = 'Values scaled to present on a common axis')
```



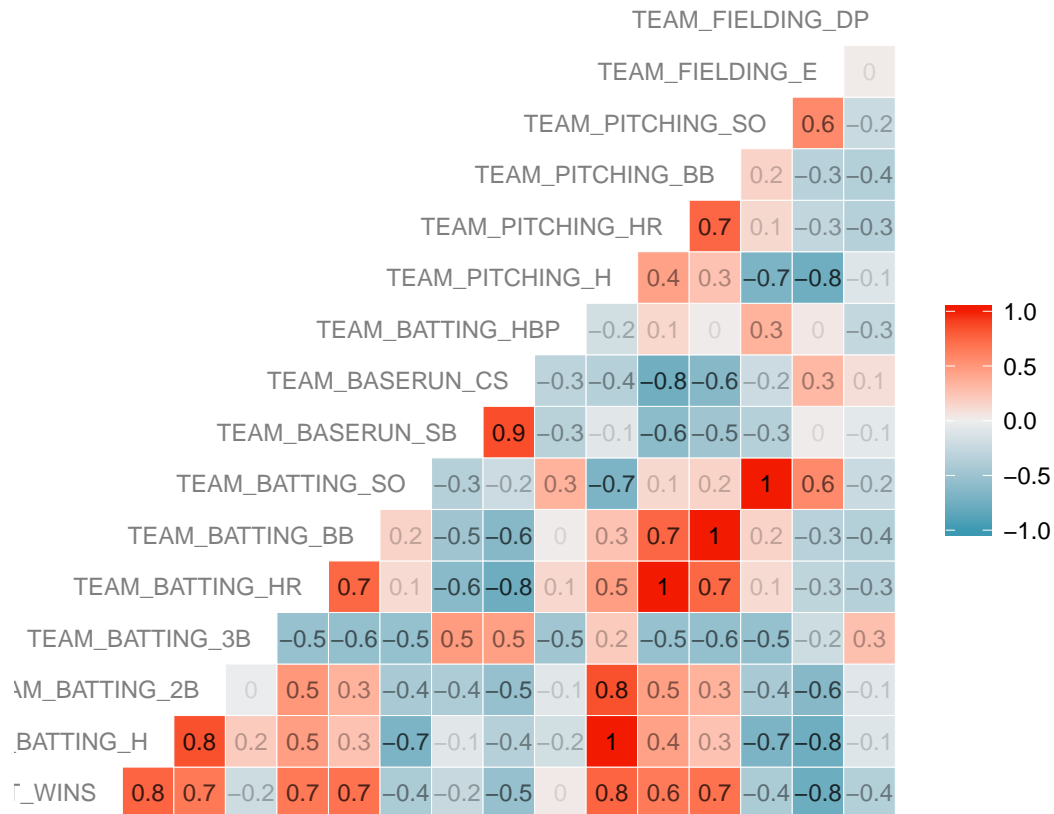
```
dfT %>%
  gather() %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = key, y = value)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  theme_tufte() +
  #theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
  coord_flip()
```

Warning: Removed 3478 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).



To explore these further: (Also, special thanks to this site)

```
corr <- round(corr(dfT, use = "complete.obs"), 1) # Complete obs b/c of all NAs
ggcorr(corr, hjust = 1, size = 3, color = "grey50",
        layout.exp = 1, label = TRUE, label_size = 3,
        label_alpha = TRUE)
```

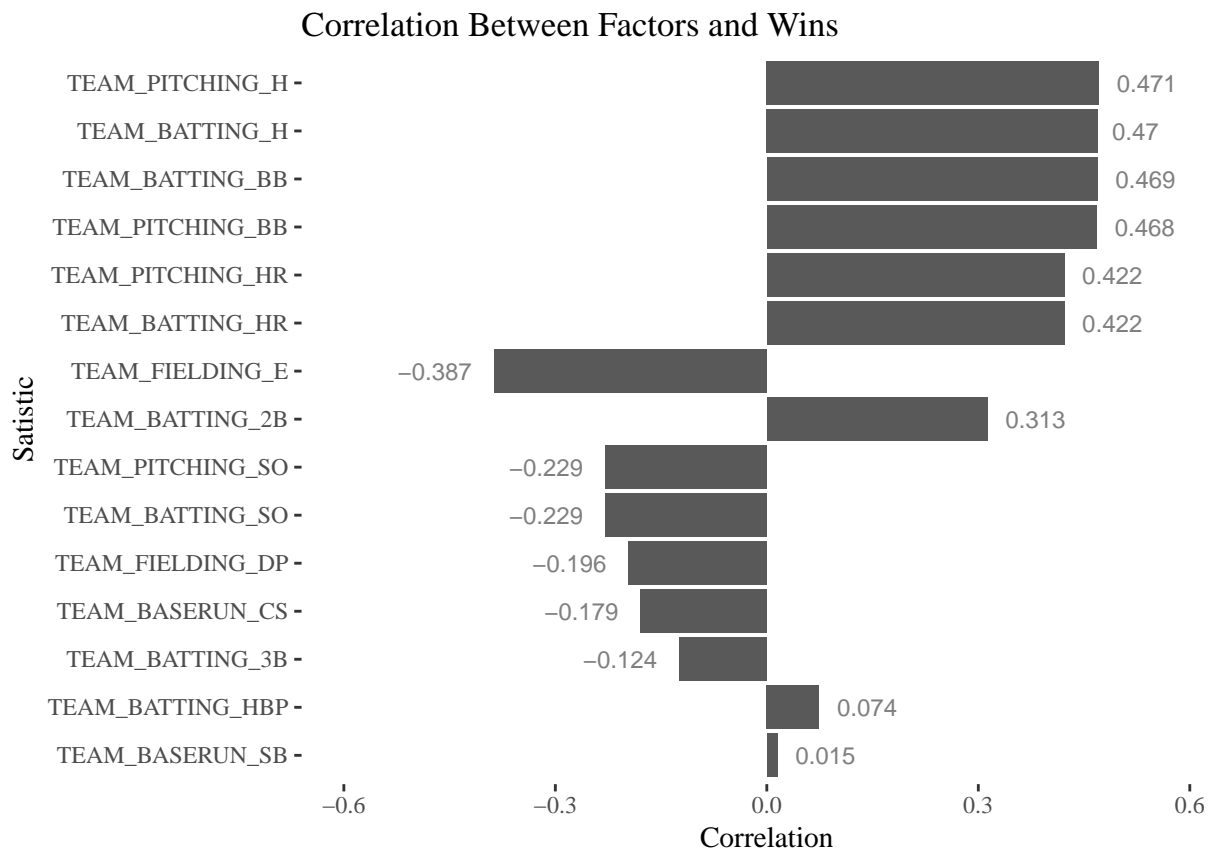
summary(dfT)

```
## TARGET_WINS TEAM_BATTING_H TEAM_BATTING_2B TEAM_BATTING_3B
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 891 Min. : 69.0 Min. : 0.00
## 1st Qu.: 71.00 1st Qu.:1383 1st Qu.:208.0 1st Qu.: 34.00
## Median : 82.00 Median :1454 Median :238.0 Median : 47.00
## Mean : 80.79 Mean :1469 Mean :241.2 Mean : 55.25
## 3rd Qu.: 92.00 3rd Qu.:1537 3rd Qu.:273.0 3rd Qu.: 72.00
## Max. :146.00 Max. :2554 Max. :458.0 Max. :223.00
##
## TEAM_BATTING_HR TEAM_BATTING_BB TEAM_BATTING_SO TEAM_BASERUN_SB
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 0.0
## 1st Qu.: 42.00 1st Qu.:451.0 1st Qu.: 548.0 1st Qu.: 66.0
## Median :102.00 Median :512.0 Median : 750.0 Median :101.0
## Mean : 99.61 Mean :501.6 Mean : 735.6 Mean :124.8
## 3rd Qu.:147.00 3rd Qu.:580.0 3rd Qu.: 930.0 3rd Qu.:156.0
## Max. :264.00 Max. :878.0 Max. :1399.0 Max. :697.0
## NA's :102 NA's :131
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS TEAM_BATTING_HBP TEAM_PITCHING_H TEAM_PITCHING_HR
## Min. : 0.0 Min. :29.00 Min. : 1137 Min. : 0.0
## 1st Qu.: 38.0 1st Qu.:50.50 1st Qu.: 1419 1st Qu.: 50.0
## Median : 49.0 Median :58.00 Median : 1518 Median :107.0
## Mean : 52.8 Mean :59.36 Mean : 1779 Mean :105.7
## 3rd Qu.: 62.0 3rd Qu.:67.00 3rd Qu.: 1682 3rd Qu.:150.0
## Max. :201.0 Max. :95.00 Max. :30132 Max. :343.0
## NA's :772 NA's :2085
## TEAM_PITCHING_BB TEAM_PITCHING_SO TEAM_FIELDING_E TEAM_FIELDING_DP
## Min. : 0.0 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 65.0 Min. : 52.0
```

```
## 1st Qu.: 476.0    1st Qu.: 615.0    1st Qu.: 127.0    1st Qu.:131.0
## Median : 536.5    Median : 813.5    Median : 159.0    Median :149.0
## Mean   : 553.0    Mean   : 817.7    Mean   : 246.5    Mean   :146.4
## 3rd Qu.: 611.0    3rd Qu.: 968.0    3rd Qu.: 249.2    3rd Qu.:164.0
## Max.   :3645.0    Max.   :19278.0    Max.   :1898.0    Max.   :228.0
##                               NA's   :102                NA's   :286
```

```
corr2 <- round(cor(dfT[, -1], dfT$TARGET_WINS, use = "complete.obs"), 3) # For target:
corr2 <- as.data.frame(corr2) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "Row_name") %>% as_tibble()
corr2 <- corr2 %>% rename(Correlation = V1)
```

```
corrPlotFunc <- function(corr2){
  ggplot(data = corr2,
    aes(x = reorder(Row_name, abs(Correlation)),
      y = Correlation))+
  geom_bar(stat = 'identity') +
  geom_text(aes(label=Correlation),
    hjust = ifelse(corr2$Correlation >= 0, -0.3, 1.3),
    size = 3, color = 'grey50') +
  coord_flip()+
  ylim(-.6, .6)+
  xlab("Statistic")+
  ggtitle("Correlation Between Factors and Wins")+
  theme_tufte()
}
corrPlotFunc(corr2)
```



We also should check if there is correlation between the rows that had tons of NA values:

```
dfMissing <- dfT %>% mutate(isMissing = ifelse(is.na(. $TEAM_BATTING_HBP), 1, 0))
corCoef <- cor(dfMissing$TARGET_WINS, dfMissing$isMissing)
corCoef
```

```
## [1] -0.002610647
```

We can see that the element with the highest missing values is not very correlated

```
t <- corCoef * sqrt((nrow(dfT) - 2) / (1 - corCoef ^2))
t
```

```
## [1] -0.124493
```

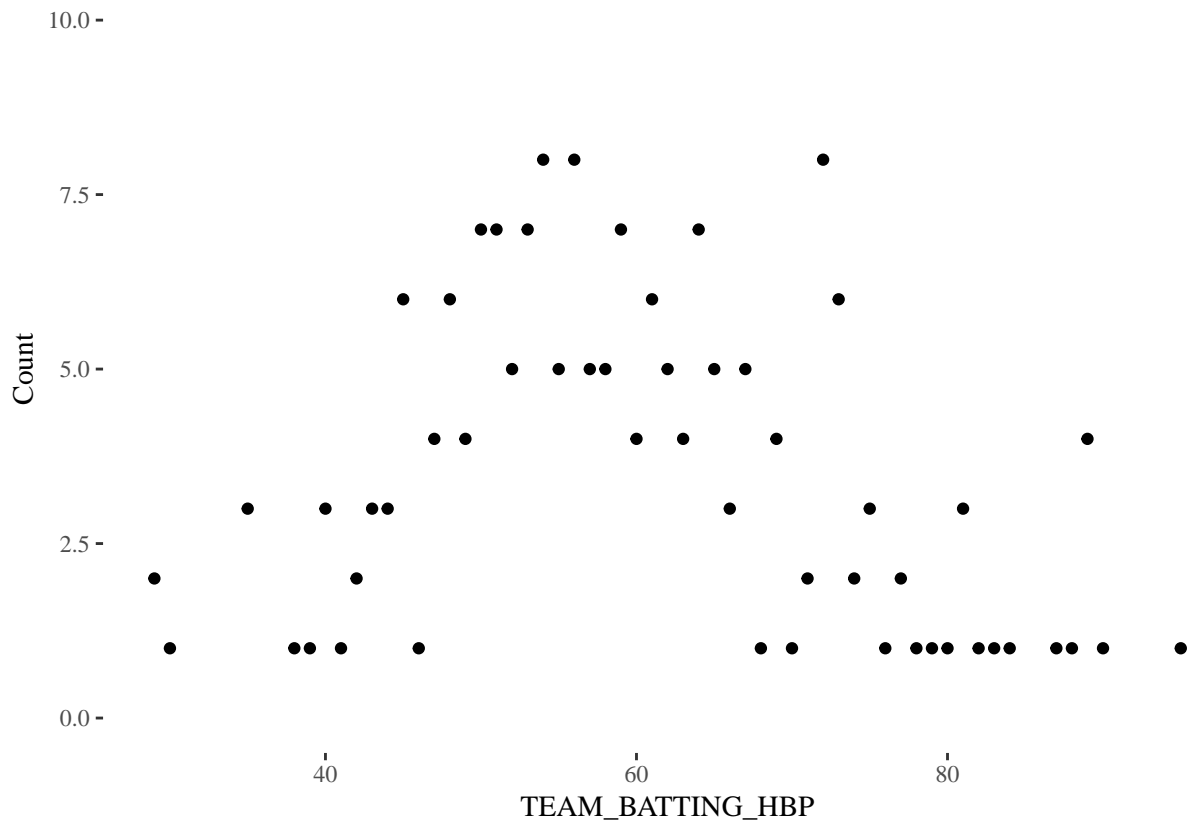
```
pt(q = t, df = nrow(dfT) - 2)
```

```
## [1] 0.450468
```

So we can see that it is not significant.

```
dfT %>% group_by(TEAM_BATTING_HBP) %>%
  summarise(Count = n()) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = TEAM_BATTING_HBP, y = Count))+
  geom_point()+
  ylim(0, 10) +
  theme_tufte()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



```
tVal <- corCoef * sqrt((nrow(dfMissing) - 2)) / (1 - corCoef^2))
tVal
```

```
## [1] -0.1245477
```

We see that the correlation is not significant and further, even if it was significant, the effect is so small it might be worth deleting the column instead.

2. DATA PREPARATION

Describe how you have transformed the data by changing the original variables or creating new variables. If you did transform the data or create new variables, discuss why you did this. Here are some possible transformations. a. Fix missing values (maybe with a Mean or Median value) b. Create flags to suggest if a variable was missing c. Transform data by putting it into buckets d. Mathematical transforms such as log or square root (or use Box-Cox) e. Combine variables (such as ratios or adding or multiplying) to create new variables

```
dfT <- dfT %>% select(-TEAM_BATTING_HBP)
dfE <- dfE %>% select(-TEAM_BATTING_HBP)
```

```
library(mice)
```

```
## Warning: package 'mice' was built under R version 3.4.2
```

```
tempData <- mice(dfT, m =5,maxit=50,meth='pmm',seed=500)
```

```
#imputed <- mice(dfT, m = 5, maxit = 50, meth = 'pmm', seed = 500)
```

```
summary(tempData)
```

```
## Multiply imputed data set
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## mice(data = dfT, m = 5, method = "pmm", maxit = 50, seed = 500)
```

```
## Number of multiple imputations: 5
```

```
## Missing cells per column:
```

```
##      TARGET_WINS  TEAM_BATTING_H  TEAM_BATTING_2B  TEAM_BATTING_3B
##           0           0           0           0
## TEAM_BATTING_HR  TEAM_BATTING_BB  TEAM_BATTING_SO  TEAM_BASERUN_SB
##           0           0          102          131
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS  TEAM_PITCHING_H  TEAM_PITCHING_HR  TEAM_PITCHING_BB
##          772           0           0           0
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO  TEAM_FIELDING_E  TEAM_FIELDING_DP
##          102           0          286
```

```
## Imputation methods:
```

```
##      TARGET_WINS  TEAM_BATTING_H  TEAM_BATTING_2B  TEAM_BATTING_3B
##      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"
## TEAM_BATTING_HR  TEAM_BATTING_BB  TEAM_BATTING_SO  TEAM_BASERUN_SB
##      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS  TEAM_PITCHING_H  TEAM_PITCHING_HR  TEAM_PITCHING_BB
##      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO  TEAM_FIELDING_E  TEAM_FIELDING_DP
##      "pmm"      "pmm"      "pmm"
```

```
## VisitSequence:
```

```
## TEAM_BATTING_SO  TEAM_BASERUN_SB  TEAM_BASERUN_CS  TEAM_PITCHING_SO
##           7           8           9           13
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP
##           15
```

```
## PredictorMatrix:
```

```
##      TARGET_WINS  TEAM_BATTING_H  TEAM_BATTING_2B
```

##	TARGET_WINS	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_2B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_3B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_BB	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_SO	1	1	1
##	TEAM_BASERUN_SB	1	1	1
##	TEAM_BASERUN_CS	1	1	1
##	TEAM_PITCHING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_BB	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_SO	1	1	1
##	TEAM_FIELDING_E	0	0	0
##	TEAM_FIELDING_DP	1	1	1
##	TEAM_BATTING_3B	TEAM_BATTING_HR	TEAM_BATTING_BB	
##	TARGET_WINS	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_2B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_3B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_BB	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_SO	1	1	1
##	TEAM_BASERUN_SB	1	1	1
##	TEAM_BASERUN_CS	1	1	1
##	TEAM_PITCHING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_BB	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_SO	1	1	1
##	TEAM_FIELDING_E	0	0	0
##	TEAM_FIELDING_DP	1	1	1
##	TEAM_BATTING_SO	TEAM_BASERUN_SB	TEAM_BASERUN_CS	
##	TARGET_WINS	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_2B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_3B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_BB	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_SO	0	1	1
##	TEAM_BASERUN_SB	1	0	1
##	TEAM_BASERUN_CS	1	1	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_BB	0	0	0
##	TEAM_PITCHING_SO	1	1	1
##	TEAM_FIELDING_E	0	0	0
##	TEAM_FIELDING_DP	1	1	1
##	TEAM_PITCHING_H	TEAM_PITCHING_HR	TEAM_PITCHING_BB	
##	TARGET_WINS	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_H	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_2B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_3B	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_HR	0	0	0
##	TEAM_BATTING_BB	0	0	0

```
## TEAM_BATTING_SO          1          1          1
## TEAM_BASERUN_SB          1          1          1
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS          1          1          1
## TEAM_PITCHING_H          0          0          0
## TEAM_PITCHING_HR         0          0          0
## TEAM_PITCHING_BB         0          0          0
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO         1          1          1
## TEAM_FIELDING_E          0          0          0
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP         1          1          1
##           TEAM_PITCHING_SO TEAM_FIELDING_E TEAM_FIELDING_DP
## TARGET_WINS              0              0              0
## TEAM_BATTING_H            0              0              0
## TEAM_BATTING_2B           0              0              0
## TEAM_BATTING_3B           0              0              0
## TEAM_BATTING_HR           0              0              0
## TEAM_BATTING_BB           0              0              0
## TEAM_BATTING_SO           1              1              1
## TEAM_BASERUN_SB           1              1              1
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS           1              1              1
## TEAM_PITCHING_H           0              0              0
## TEAM_PITCHING_HR           0              0              0
## TEAM_PITCHING_BB           0              0              0
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO           0              1              1
## TEAM_FIELDING_E           0              0              0
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP          1              1              0
## Random generator seed value: 500
```

3. BUILD MODELS

Using the training data set, build at least three different multiple linear regression models, using different variables (or the same variables with different transformations). Since we have not yet covered automated variable selection methods, you should select the variables manually (unless you previously learned Forward or Stepwise selection, etc.). Since you manually selected a variable for inclusion into the model or exclusion into the model, indicate why this was done. Discuss the coefficients in the models, do they make sense? For example, if a team hits a lot of Home Runs, it would be reasonably expected that such a team would win more games. However, if the coefficient is negative (suggesting that the team would lose more games), then that needs to be discussed. Are you keeping the model even though it is counter intuitive? Why? The boss needs to know.

4. SELECT MODELS

Decide on the criteria for selecting the best multiple linear regression model. Will you select a model with slightly worse performance if it makes more sense or is more parsimonious? Discuss why you selected your model. For the multiple linear regression model, will you use a metric such as Adjusted R², RMSE, etc.? Be sure to explain how you can make inferences from the model, discuss multi-collinearity issues (if any), and discuss other relevant model output. Using the training data set, evaluate the multiple linear regression model based on (a) mean squared error, (b) R², (c) F-statistic, and (d) residual plots. Make predictions using the evaluation data set

```
fitAll <- lm(TARGET_WINS ~ ., dfT)
summary(fitAll)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = TARGET_WINS ~ ., data = dfT)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -30.5627  -6.6932  -0.1328   6.5249  27.8525
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    57.912438   6.642839   8.718 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_H     0.015434   0.019626   0.786  0.4318
## TEAM_BATTING_2B   -0.070472   0.009369  -7.522 9.36e-14 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_3B    0.161551   0.022192   7.280 5.43e-13 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_HR    0.073952   0.085392   0.866  0.3866
## TEAM_BATTING_BB    0.043765   0.046454   0.942  0.3463
## TEAM_BATTING_SO    0.018250   0.023463   0.778  0.4368
## TEAM_BASERUN_SB    0.035880   0.008687   4.130 3.83e-05 ***
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS    0.052124   0.018227   2.860  0.0043 **
## TEAM_PITCHING_H    0.019044   0.018381   1.036  0.3003
## TEAM_PITCHING_HR   0.022997   0.082092   0.280  0.7794
## TEAM_PITCHING_BB  -0.004180   0.044692  -0.094  0.9255
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO  -0.038176   0.022447  -1.701  0.0892 .
## TEAM_FIELDING_E   -0.155876   0.009946 -15.672 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP  -0.112885   0.013137  -8.593 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 9.556 on 1471 degrees of freedom
## (790 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4386, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4333
## F-statistic: 82.1 on 14 and 1471 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
regressionDiagnostic <- function(fit){
  library(car) # Required
  print(outlierTest(fit))
  qqPlot(fit, main = 'QQ Plot')
  #av.Plots(fit)
  cutoff <- 4/((nrow(dfT)-length(fitAll$coefficients)-2))
  plot(fitAll, which=4, cook.levels=cutoff)
  # Influence Plot
  influencePlot(fitAll, id.method="identify", main="Influence Plot",
    sub="Circle size is proportional to Cook's Distance" )
  library(MASS)
  sresid <- studres(fit)
  hist(sresid, freq=FALSE,
    main="Distribution of Studentized Residuals")
  xfit<-seq(min(sresid),max(sresid),length=40)
  yfit<-dnorm(xfit)
  lines(xfit, yfit)
  ncvTest(fitAll)
  # plot studentized residuals vs. fitted values
  spreadLevelPlot(fit)
}
```

```
regressionDiagnostic(fitAll)
```

```
## Warning: package 'car' was built under R version 3.4.3
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'car'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      recode
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      some
```

```
##
```

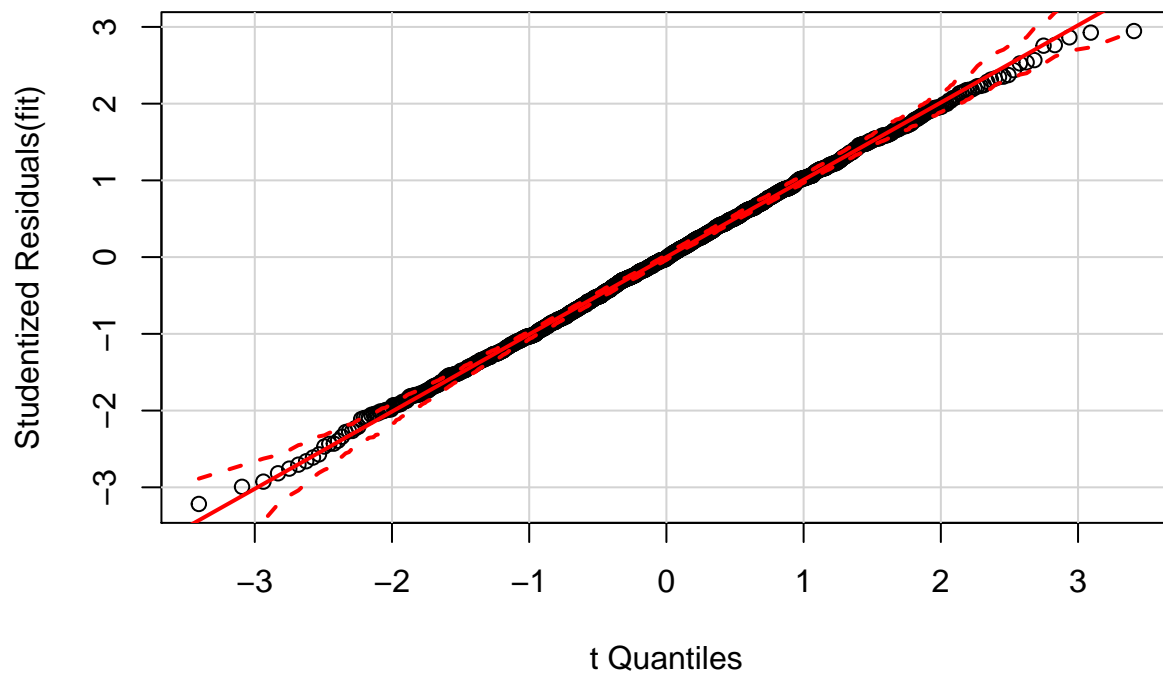
```
## No Studentized residuals with Bonferonni  $p < 0.05$ 
```

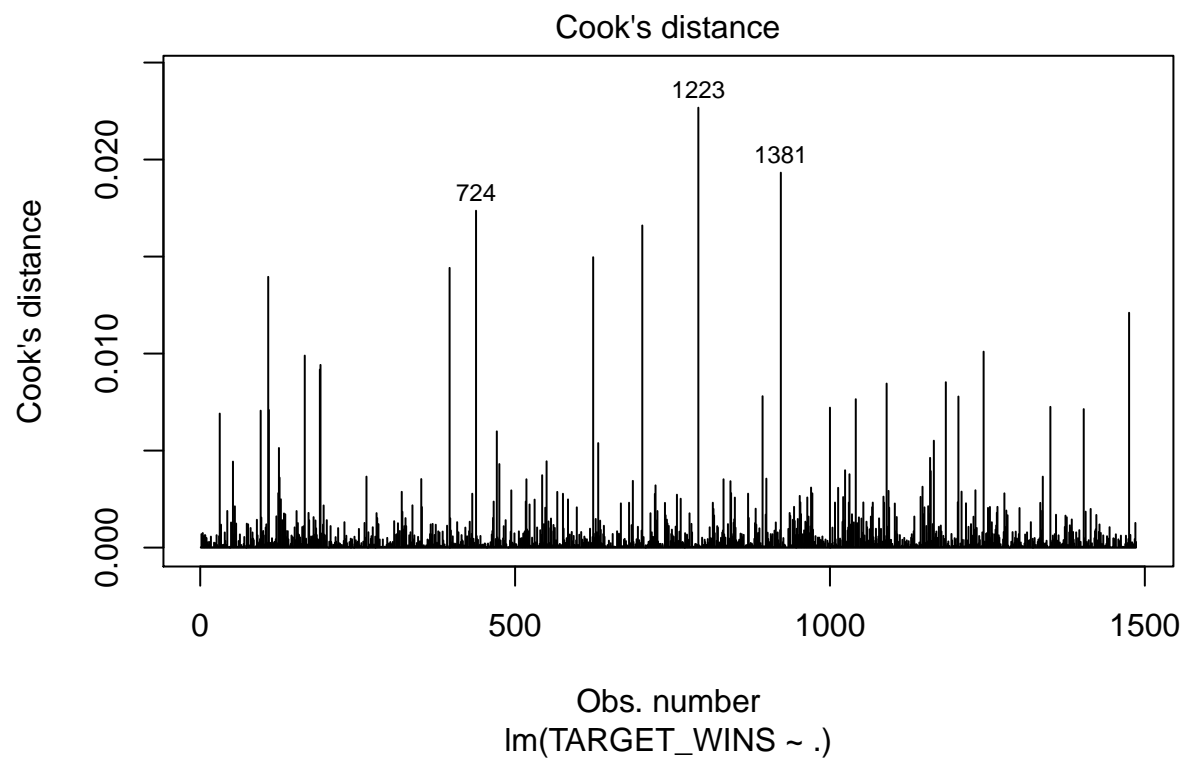
```
## Largest |rstudent|:
```

```
##      rstudent unadjusted p-value Bonferonni p
```

```
## 205 -3.216895      0.0013241      NA
```

QQ Plot





```
## Warning: package 'MASS' was built under R version 3.4.3
```

```
##
```

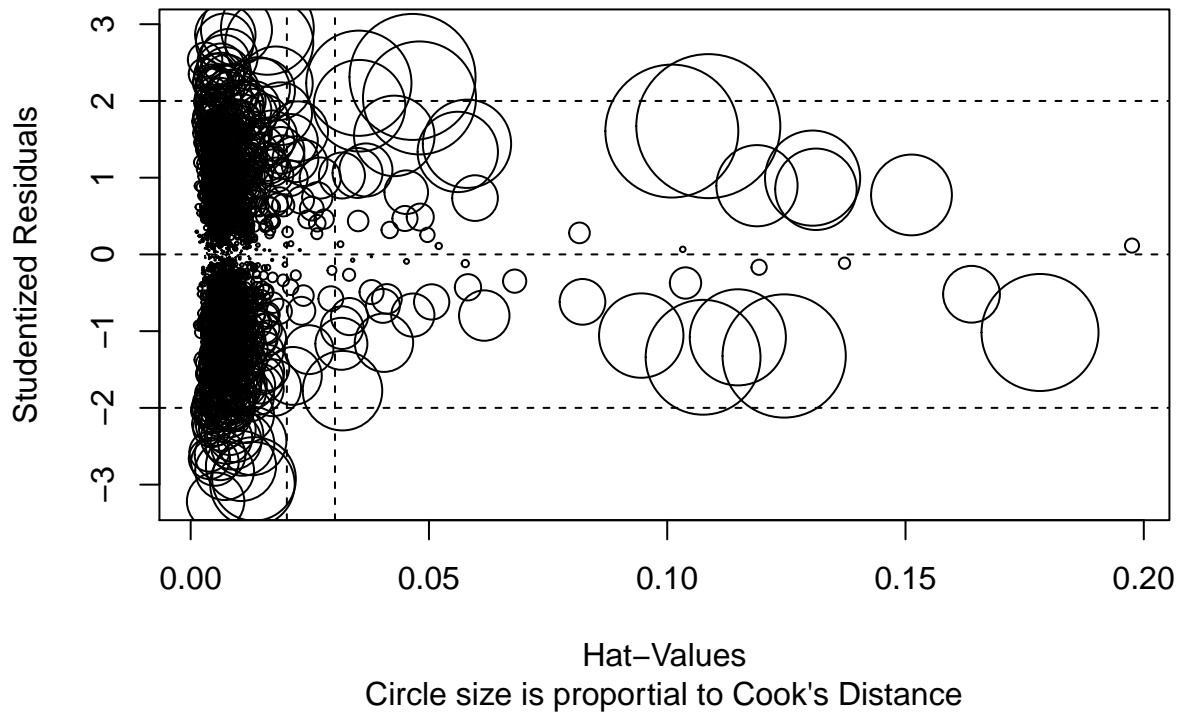
```
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

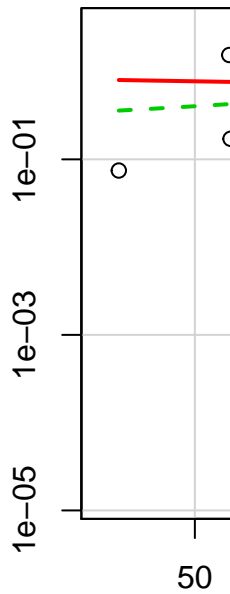
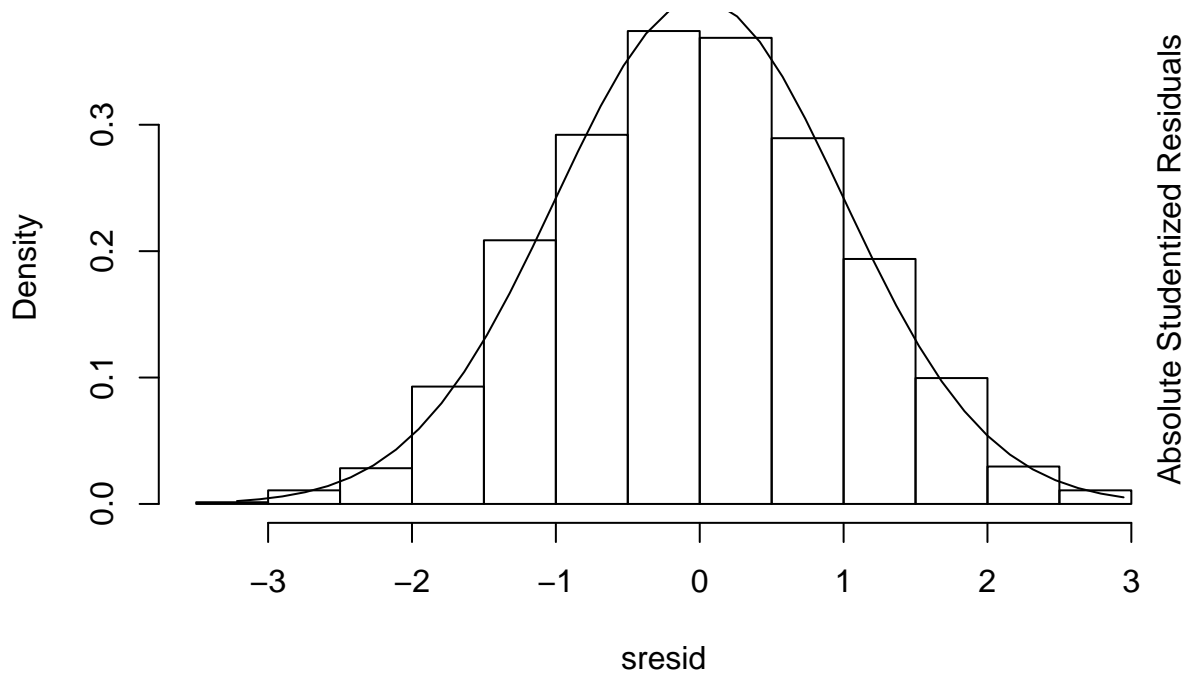
```
##
```

```
##      select
```

Influence Plot



Distribution of Studentized Residuals

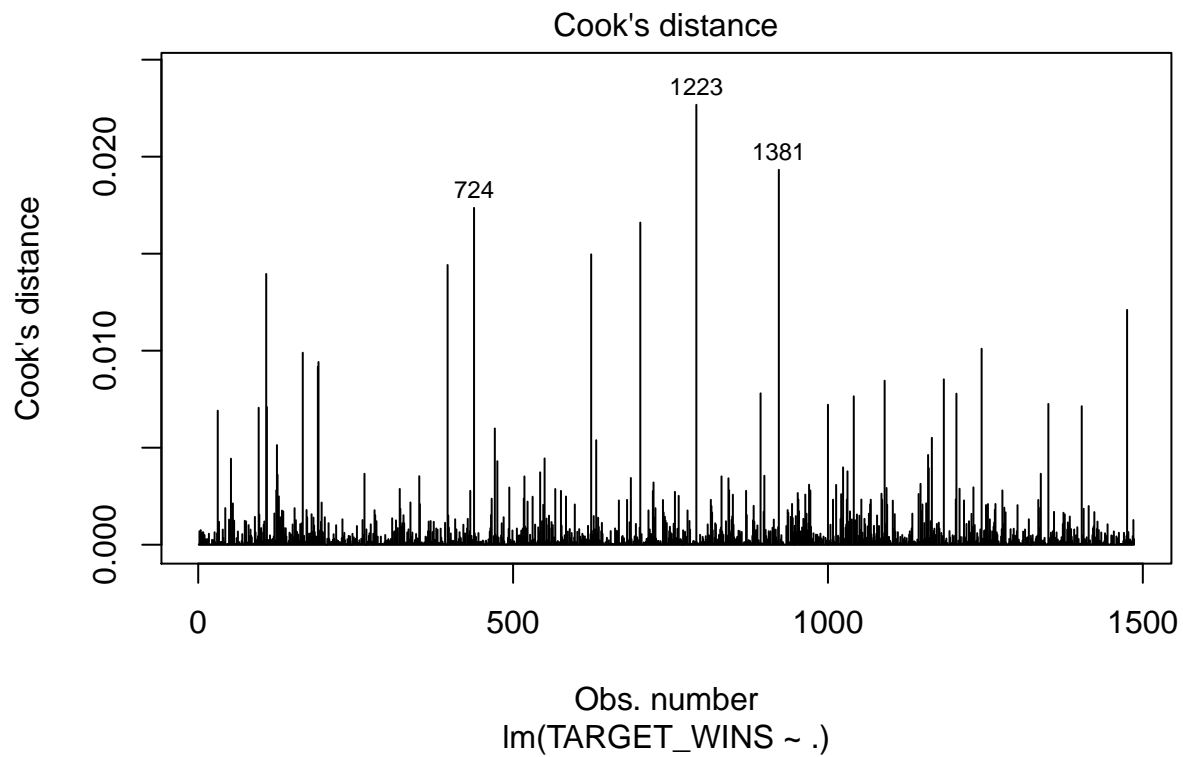


```
##
## Suggested power transformation:  1.491339
```

```

# Influential Observations
# added variable plots
# av.Plots(fitAll)
# Cook's D plot
# identify D values > 4/(n-k-1)
cutoff <- 4/((nrow(dfT)-length(fitAll$coefficients)-2))
plot(fitAll, which=4, cook.levels=cutoff)

```

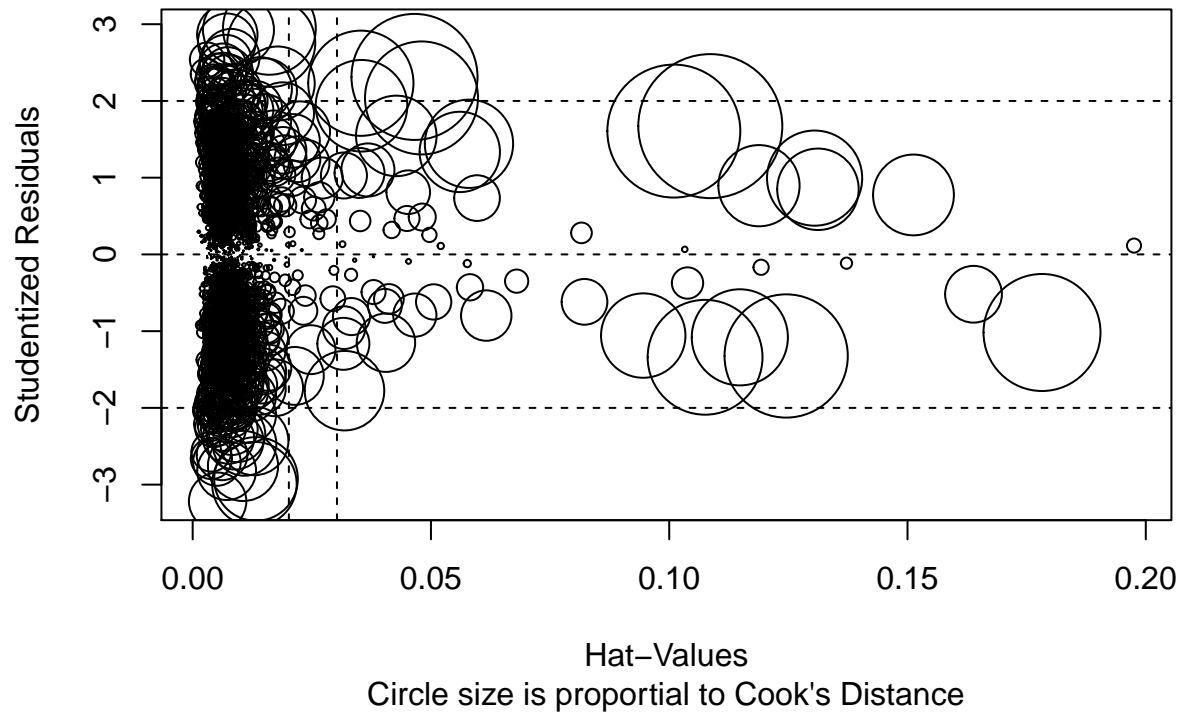


```

# Influence Plot
influencePlot(fitAll, id.method="identify", main="Influence Plot", sub="Circle size is proportional to (")

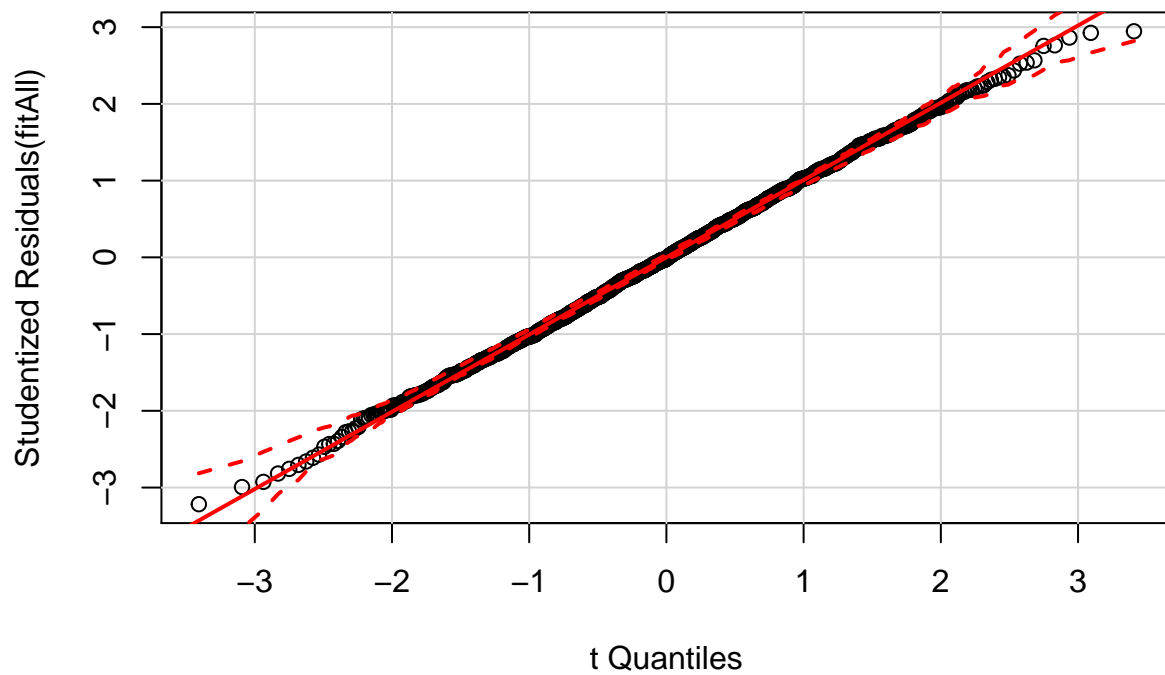
```

Influence Plot



```
# Normality of Residuals  
# qq plot for studentized resid  
qqPlot(fitAll, main="QQ Plot")
```

QQ Plot

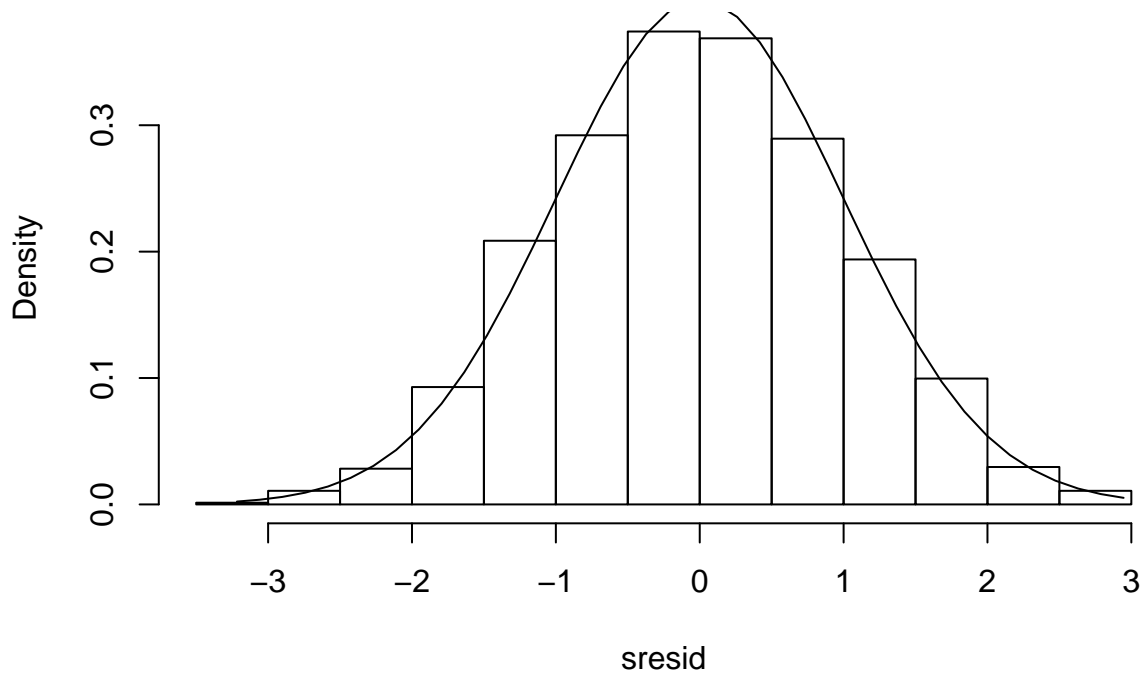


```

# distribution of studentized residuals
library(MASS)
sresid <- studres(fitAll)
hist(sresid, freq=FALSE,
     main="Distribution of Studentized Residuals")
xfit<-seq(min(sresid),max(sresid),length=40)
yfit<-dnorm(xfit)
lines(xfit, yfit)

```

Distribution of Studentized Residuals



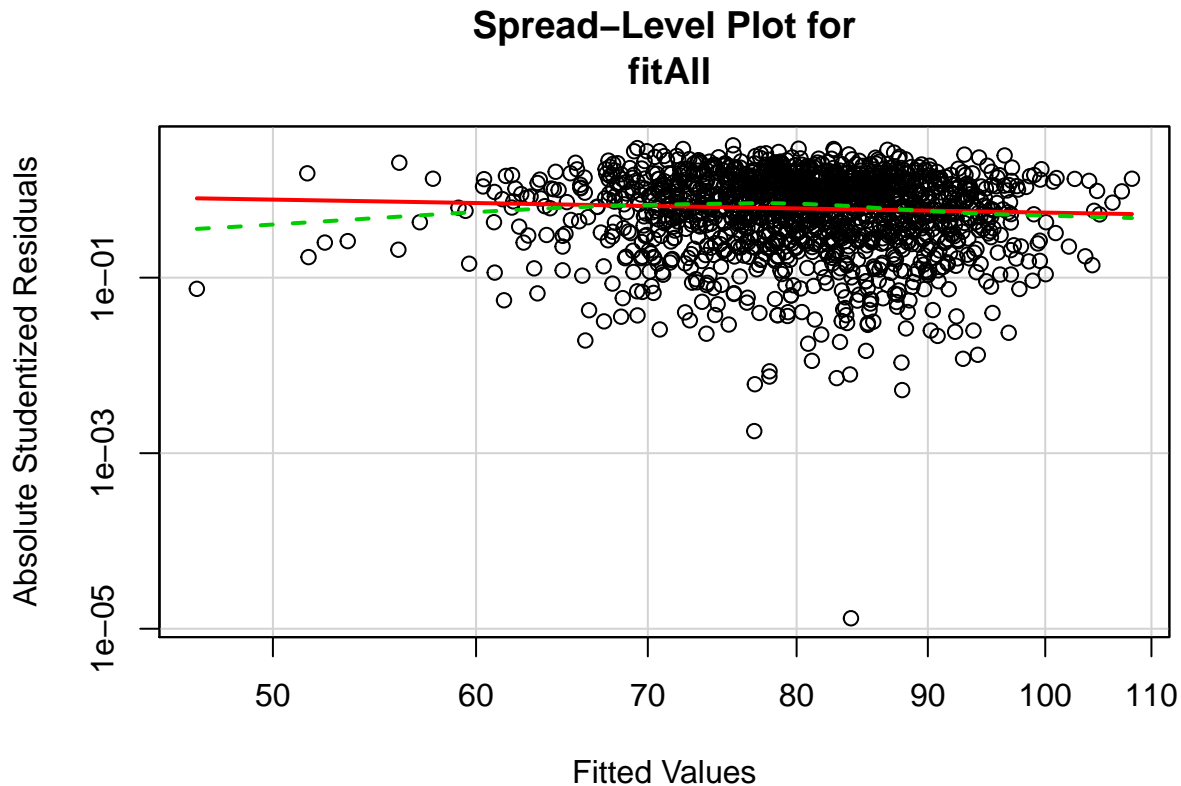
```

# Evaluate homoscedasticity
# non-constant error variance test
ncvTest(fitAll)

## Non-constant Variance Score Test
## Variance formula: ~ fitted.values
## Chisquare = 8.37572    Df = 1    p = 0.003802668

# plot studentized residuals vs. fitted values
spreadLevelPlot(fitAll)

```



```
##
## Suggested power transformation: 1.491339
fitSig <- lm(TARGET_WINS ~ TEAM_BATTING_2B + TEAM_BATTING_3B + TEAM_BASERUN_SB + TEAM_BASERUN_CS + TEAM_FIELDING_E + TEAM_FIELDING_DP, data = dfT)
summary(fitSig)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = TARGET_WINS ~ TEAM_BATTING_2B + TEAM_BATTING_3B + TEAM_BASERUN_SB + TEAM_BASERUN_CS + TEAM_FIELDING_E + TEAM_FIELDING_DP, data = dfT)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -34.687  -7.955  -0.154   8.008  37.873
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  92.152078   3.534132  26.075 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_2B  0.024128   0.007505   3.215  0.00133 **
## TEAM_BATTING_3B  0.269509   0.021720  12.408 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BASERUN_SB  0.019670   0.010031   1.961  0.05008 .
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS  0.002149   0.021423   0.100  0.92012
## TEAM_FIELDING_E -0.162860   0.011250 -14.477 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP -0.048528   0.015288  -3.174  0.00153 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 11.47 on 1479 degrees of freedom
```

```
## (790 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1875, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1842
## F-statistic: 56.89 on 6 and 1479 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

There is significant reduction in the R^2 if we only control for the significant values.

```
anova(fitSig, fitAll)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: TARGET_WINS ~ TEAM_BATTING_2B + TEAM_BATTING_3B + TEAM_BASERUN_SB +
##   TEAM_BASERUN_CS + TEAM_FIELDING_E + TEAM_FIELDING_DP
## Model 2: TARGET_WINS ~ TEAM_BATTING_H + TEAM_BATTING_2B + TEAM_BATTING_3B +
##   TEAM_BATTING_HR + TEAM_BATTING_BB + TEAM_BATTING_SO + TEAM_BASERUN_SB +
##   TEAM_BASERUN_CS + TEAM_PITCHING_H + TEAM_PITCHING_HR + TEAM_PITCHING_BB +
##   TEAM_PITCHING_SO + TEAM_FIELDING_E + TEAM_FIELDING_DP
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
## 1    1479 194409
## 2    1471 134323  8    60086 82.252 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

There is also significant difference between the models. Since the All model performs better WRT the R^2 it should be preferred.

```
fit1 <- lm(TARGET_WINS ~ ., complete(tempData, 1))
summary(fit1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = TARGET_WINS ~ ., data = complete(tempData, 1))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -52.848  -8.309   0.246   8.251  51.675
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  35.6354861   5.1859569   6.872 8.18e-12 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_H    0.0413444   0.0035570  11.624 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_2B  -0.0183100   0.0088341  -2.073 0.03832 *
## TEAM_BATTING_3B   0.0358669   0.0162591   2.206 0.02749 *
## TEAM_BATTING_HR   0.0587626   0.0262571   2.238 0.02532 *
## TEAM_BATTING_BB   0.0160631   0.0055989   2.869 0.00416 **
## TEAM_BATTING_SO  -0.0160197   0.0024420  -6.560 6.64e-11 ***
## TEAM_BASERUN_SB   0.0516263   0.0050743  10.174 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS   0.0103483   0.0103325   1.002 0.31668
## TEAM_PITCHING_H   0.0015642   0.0003795   4.121 3.91e-05 ***
## TEAM_PITCHING_HR  0.0263168   0.0233220   1.128 0.25927
## TEAM_PITCHING_BB  -0.0068071   0.0039788  -1.711 0.08725 .
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO  0.0020047   0.0008853   2.264 0.02364 *
## TEAM_FIELDING_E  -0.0431249   0.0026584 -16.222 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP -0.1134331   0.0128500  -8.827 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 12.52 on 2261 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.372, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3681
## F-statistic: 95.68 on 14 and 2261 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

fit2 <- lm(TARGET_WINS ~ ., complete(tempData, 2))
summary(fit2)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = TARGET_WINS ~ ., data = complete(tempData, 2))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -47.704  -8.411   0.207   8.347  50.797
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    36.5168974   5.1994373   7.023 2.86e-12 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_H     0.0418355   0.0035768  11.696 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BATTING_2B    -0.0179102   0.0088422  -2.026  0.0429 *
## TEAM_BATTING_3B     0.0257026   0.0164943   1.558  0.1193
## TEAM_BATTING_HR     0.0643211   0.0263547   2.441  0.0147 *
## TEAM_BATTING_BB     0.0123282   0.0055763   2.211  0.0271 *
## TEAM_BATTING_SO    -0.0169496   0.0024841  -6.823 1.14e-11 ***
## TEAM_BASERUN_SB     0.0532008   0.0051302  10.370 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_BASERUN_CS     0.0026719   0.0102632   0.260  0.7946
## TEAM_PITCHING_H     0.0015044   0.0003832   3.926 8.89e-05 ***
## TEAM_PITCHING_HR     0.0224096   0.0233940   0.958  0.3382
## TEAM_PITCHING_BB    -0.0034978   0.0039907  -0.877  0.3809
## TEAM_PITCHING_SO     0.0014350   0.0008874   1.617  0.1060
## TEAM_FIELDING_E     -0.0413860   0.0026344 -15.710 < 2e-16 ***
## TEAM_FIELDING_DP    -0.1130479   0.0127012  -8.901 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 12.57 on 2261 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3671, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3632
## F-statistic: 93.67 on 14 and 2261 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

library(glmnet)

## Warning: package 'glmnet' was built under R version 3.4.2
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Warning: package 'Matrix' was built under R version 3.4.2
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##     expand
##
## Loading required package: foreach
## Warning: package 'foreach' was built under R version 3.4.3
##
```



```
## Attaching package: 'foreach'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   accumulate, when

## Loaded glmnet 2.0-13
x <- dfT %>% na.omit()

x <- as.matrix(x[,-1])
y <- as.matrix(x[,1])
lassReg <- glmnet(x,y, alpha = 1, family="gaussian")
plot(lassReg, xvar = "lambda")

## Warning in plotCoef(x$beta, lambda = x$lambda, df = x$df, dev = x
## $dev.ratio, : 1 or less nonzero coefficients; glmnet plot is not meaningful
```

