

## Appendix: API of parallel patterns

### Task Queue (Queue.h):

1. ***tq newtq();*** : Create a new task queue.  
*Return:* An empty task queue.
2. ***void puttask(tq tq, void \* v);*** : Put a parameter into a queue  
*tq:* The task queue you want to put in the parameter.  
*v:* The value of the parameter
3. ***void \*gettask(tq tq);*** : Read a value from the queue.  
*tq:* The queue to be read.  
*Return:* The value read from the queue.

### Farm (parpat.h):

1. ***void \*createfarm(void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), int n, void \*p, int maxthread);*** : Create a farm whose workers use the same parameter.  
*Worker:* Worker function.  
*n:* Number of workers.  
*p:* The parameter used by all workers.  
*maxthread:* The maximum number of threads.  
*Return:* A task queue of output.
2. ***void \*createfarm\_queue(void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), tq tq1, int maxthread);*** : Create a farm with parameters passed by a task queue..  
*Worker:* Worker function.  
*tq1:* The task queue for passing parameters.  
*maxthread:* The maximum number of threads.  
*Return:* A task queue of output.
3. ***void \*createfarm\_array(void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), int n, void \*buf[], int maxthread);*** : Create a farm with parameters passed by an array..  
*Worker:* Worker function.  
*n:* Number of workers.  
*buf:* The array for passing parameters.  
*maxthread:* The maximum number of threads.  
*Return:* A task queue of output.

### Worker Queue (Queue.h):

Relation between worker queues and pipeline patterns is indicated in the report.

1. ***wq newwq(void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), int maxthread, void \*p, int count);*** : Create a worker queue for pipelines whose workers of the first stage use the same parameter.  
*Worker:* Worker function of the first stage;  
*maxthread:* The maximum number of threads in the first stage.  
*p:* The parameter used by all workers in the first stage.  
*count:* Number of workers in each sage of the pipeline  
*Return:* A worker queue with one node in it.
2. ***wq newwq\_queue(void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), int maxthread, tq tq1);*** : Create a worker

queue for pipelines conveying data by task queues between stages.

*Worker*: Worker function of the first stage;

*maxthread*: The maximum number of threads in the first stage.

*Tq1*: The task queue for passing parameters for the first stage.

Return: A worker queue with one node in it.

3. ***wq newwq\_array(void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), int maxthread, int count);*** : Create a worker queue for pipelines conveying data by arrays between stages.

*Worker*: Worker function of the first stage;

*maxthread*: The maximum number of threads in the first stage.

*count*: Number of workers in each stage of the pipeline.

Return: A worker queue with one node in it.

4. ***void putworker(wq wq, void \*(\*Worker)(void \*i), int maxthread);*** :Add a node to a worker queue, which also means add a stage to the pipeline.

*wq*: The worker queue where you want to add a node.

*Worker*: Worker function of added stage;

*maxthread*: The maximum number of threads in added stage.

#### **Pipeline (parpat.h):**

5. ***void \*createpipe(WorkerQueue wq);*** Create a pipeline pattern whose workers in the first stage use the same parameter.

*wq*: The worker queue with information of stages of the pipeline.

*Return*: A task queue of output of the final stage.

6. ***void \*createpipe\_queue(WorkerQueue wq);*** Create a pipeline pattern conveying data by task queues between stages.

*wq*: The worker queue with information of stages of the pipeline.

*Return*: A task queue of output of the final stage.

7. ***void \*createpipe\_array(WorkerQueue wq, void \*buf[]);*** Create a pipeline pattern conveying data by arrays between stages.

*wq*: The worker queue with information of stages of the pipeline.

*buf*: The input array of the first stage.

*Return*: A task queue of output of the final stage.

#### **Return Value (parpat.h):**

1. ***void send\_result(void \* r);*** Return a value.

*r*: The returned value.