Nome: Kaique Heinen
Trabalho de Inglês Unidade 4

The computers are construct of diffent pieces. The first piece very important is case.
This case is what the motherboard, hard drives, cd drives are mounted to make the complete computer.
A motherboard provides connectivity between the hardware components of a computer, like the processor (CPU), memory (RAM), hard drive, and video card.
A power supply is a component that supplies power to at least one electric load for computers.
RAM is the main memory in a computer, and it is much faster to read from and write to than other kinds of storage, such as a hard disk.

Learn activities:

Fill in the blanks with the simple present:
a)Mirna__reads__(read) his magazine every day.
b) Mathew__does__(do) her exercise at school.
c) Leanardo __learns__(learn) English at home.
d) Bernardo __washes__(wash) his car.
e) Charles__plays__ (play) guitar.
f) Maite __goes__ (go) to Manaus next Friday.

1- **Identify and circulate the verbs that appear in the simple present at third person:**

A computer scientist wants to sort the cards. First he wants to sort them out by color. Then he wants to order them by number(2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10, Jack, Queen, King and Ace).

Computer science uses special methods of doing things, and has its own special words. It is linked with electrical engineering, mathematics, and language science.

Computer science looks at the theoretical parts of computers. Computer engineering looks at the physical parts of computers(the parts that a person can touch), and software engineering looks at the use of computer programs and how to make them.

2- Transform the follow phrases into negative form:

a- A computers scientist wants to sort the cards.

A computers scientist doesn't want to sort the cards.

b- He wants to order them by number.

He doesn't want to order them by number.

c- Computers science uses special methods.

Computer science doesn't use special methods.

d- Computer science looks at the theoretical parts of computers.

Computer science doesn't look at the theoretical parts of computers.